

# Bacterial Chitin Hydrolysis in Two Lakes of Contrasting Trophic Status

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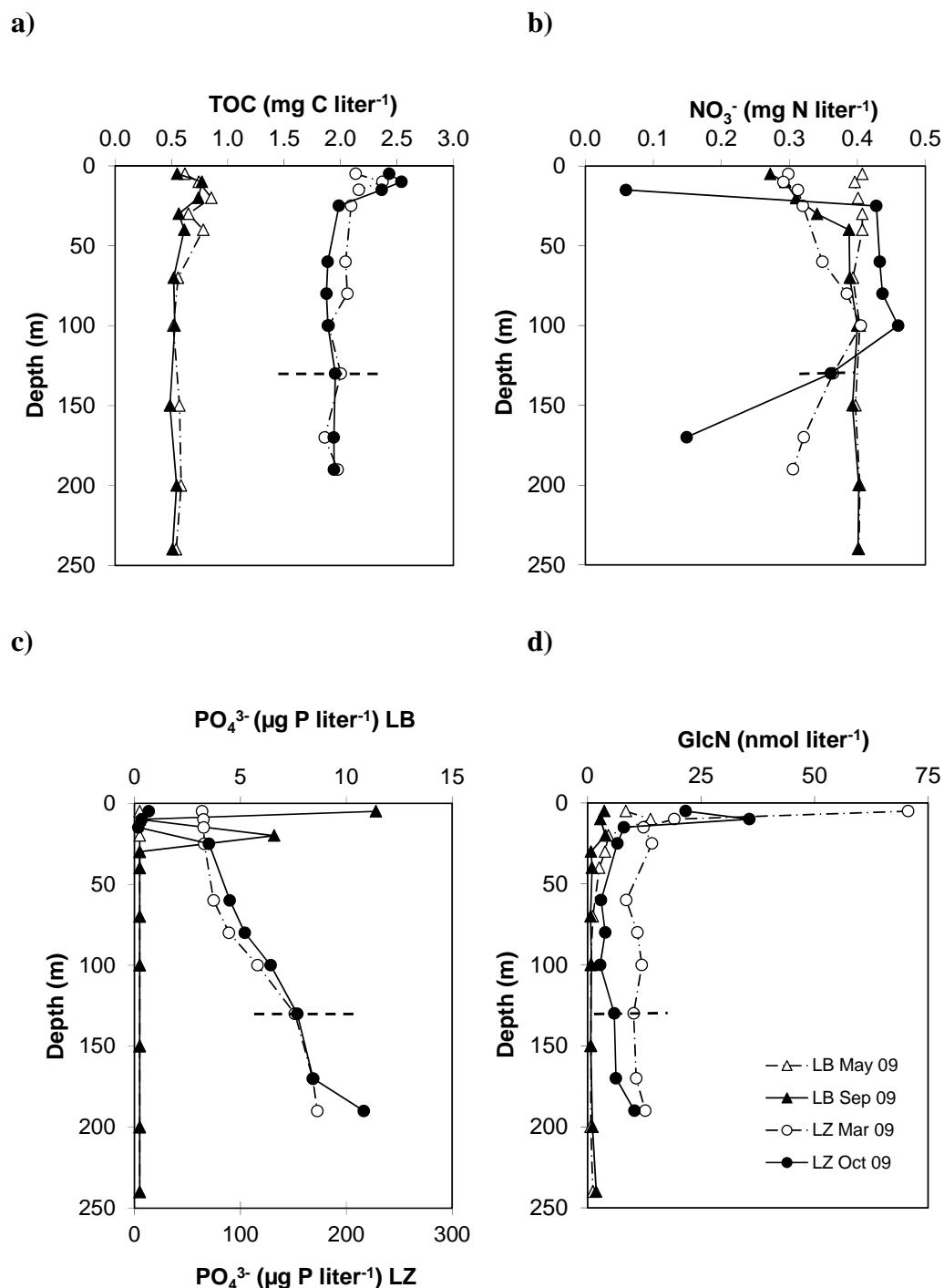


FIG. S1. Water column properties of Lake Brienz (LB) and of Lake Zug (LZ) sampled in spring and fall 2009 as a function of depth. (a) TOC  $\pm 0.2$  mg C liter $^{-1}$ , (b)  $NO_3^- \pm 0.02$  mg N liter $^{-1}$ , (c)  $PO_4^{3-} \pm 0.5$   $\mu$ g P liter $^{-1}$ , errors given are standard deviations of measurement, (d) particulate glucosamine (GlcN) in nmol liter $^{-1}$  of water. Standard deviation of GlcN measurement was below 10%. Bold dashed lines mark border between oxic and anoxic water body of LZ.

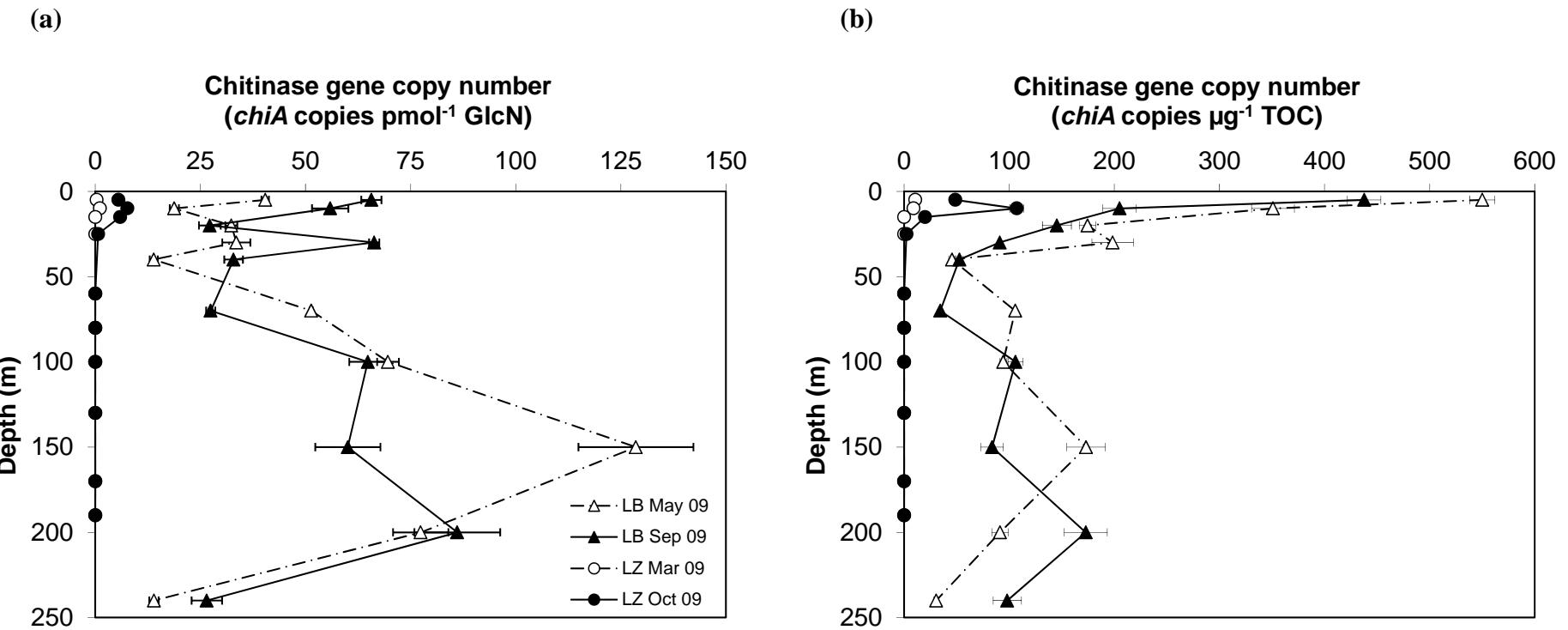


FIG. S2. *ChiA* gene copy number in the water columns of Lake Brienz (LB) and Lake Zug (LZ). (a) *chiA* copies per pmol glucosamine, (b) *chiA* copies per µg organic carbon. Error bars represent  $\pm$  standard deviation of triplicate measurements of one sample.

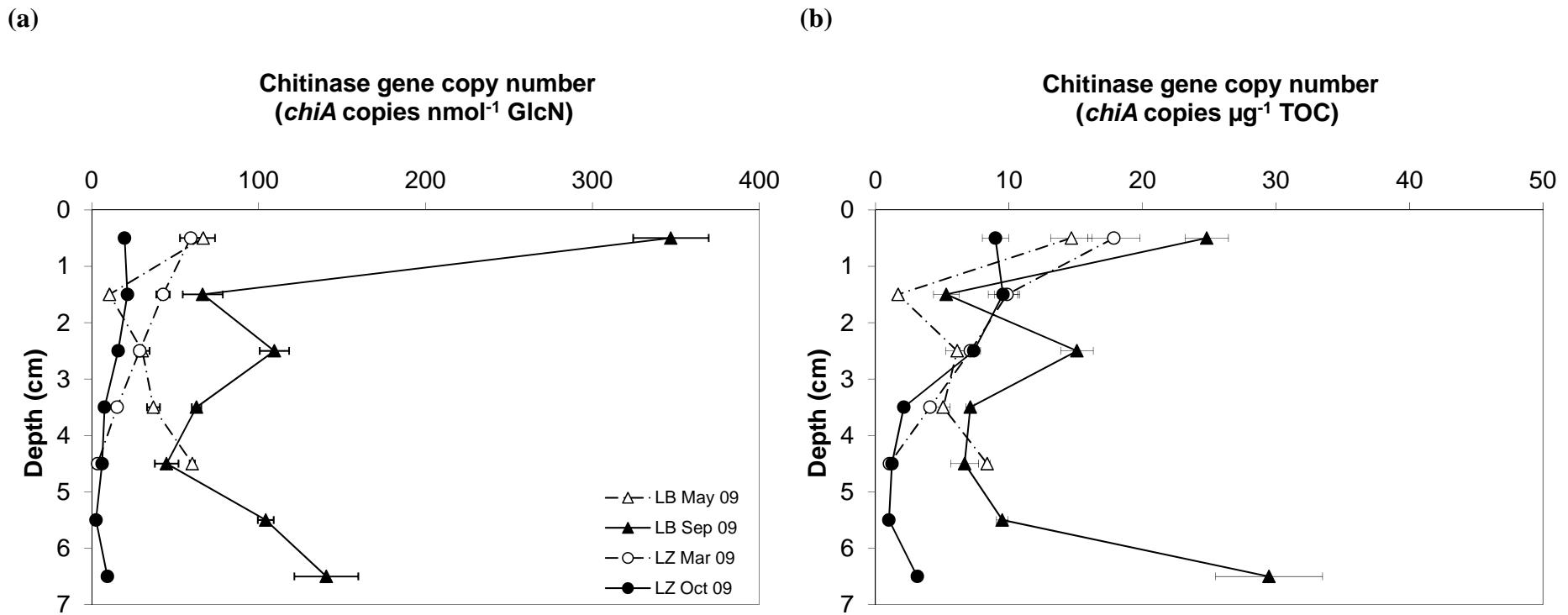


FIG. S3. *ChiA* concentration per nmol glucosamine (a) and per µg organic carbon (b) of Lake Brienz (LB) and Lake Zug (LZ). Error bars represent  $\pm$  standard deviation of triplicate measurements of one sample.