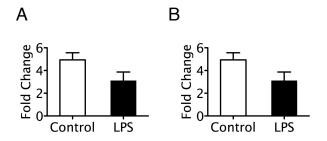
## **SUPPLEMENTAL DATA**

## MiRNA-127 Inhibits Lung Inflammation by Targeting IgG Fcy Receptor I

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## Supplemental Figures and figure legends





**Figure S1. LPS treatment appeared to down-regulate miR-127 in macrophages.** MiR-127 levels in MH.S cells (*A*) and RAW264.7 cells (*B*) treated with or without LPS overnight.

Fig. S2

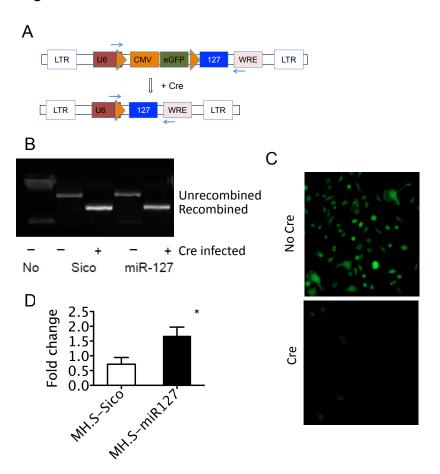
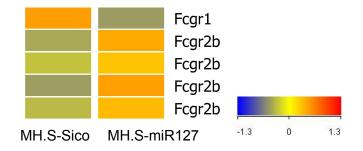


Figure S2. Establishment of Cre-regulated expression of miR-127 in MH.S cells. *A*. Lentiviral construct expressing miR-127 was constructed based on pSICO (1). *B*. MH.S cells infected with the indicated lentiviruses were sorted for GFP positivity and super-infected with Ad or Ad-Cre. Four days after infection, genomic DNA was extracted, and PCR was performed to amplify the recombined and unrecombined viral DNA. *C*. The cells were analyzed by epifluorescence microscopy to detect GFP. Similar cell density and identical exposure time was used for all images. *D*. Total RNA extracted from the above MH.S-miR127 and control cells was analyzed for miR-127 levels. RT-PCR shows miR-127 over-expression in MH.S-miR127 cells versus control cells. Values are presented as mean  $\pm$  SEM. n = 3-6, \**p* < 0.05. The experiments were repeated 3 times.

Fig. S3



**Figure S3. MiR-127 over-expression induced changes in FcyRI and FcyRII transcript expression**. Total RNA was isolated from MH.S-miR127 and control cells. cDNA microarray analysis was performed and the FcyRI and II transcript expressions are shown in the heatmap. Blue represents lower expression and red represents higher expression.

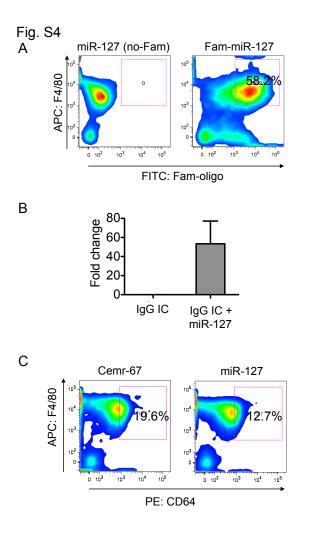


Figure S4. Intranasal administration of miR-127 into mouse lung. *A*. Mice were intranasally administered with synthetic 2'-OME- and cholesterol-modified, Fam-labeled, miR-127 or miR-127 without Fam-labeling. BAL cells were isolated 2 hours later and stained with F4/80-APC antibody. Flow cytometry was performed to determine the percentage of macrophages that ingested Fam-labeled miR-127 oligonucleotides. *B*. Mice received either PBS (20  $\mu$ l/mouse) or miR-127 probes (100  $\mu$ g/20  $\mu$ l/mouse) intranasally 2 h before onset of the IgG IC model (10  $\mu$ g/mouse anti-BSA in 40  $\mu$ l PBS intranasal instillation and 5 mg/kg BSA in 200  $\mu$ l PBS intravascular injection). At 4h after IgG IC onset, mice were sacrificed, and total RNA from lung tissues was isolated. RT-PCR was

performed to determine miR-127 levels in lung tissue. *C*. Mice were intranasally administered with synthetic 2'-OME- and cholesterol-modified miR-127 or control Cemr-67. BAL cells were isolated 2 hours later and stained with F4/80-APC and CD64-PE antibodies. Flow cytometry was performed to determine CD64 expression on BAL macrophages between miR-127 and control oligonucleotides treated.