

Supplementary Note 1: BAC selection strategy and assembly of the rhesus MSY sequence

The CHORI-250 BAC library had been fingerprinted and assembled into fingerprint contigs at the Michael Smith Genome Sciences Centre (<http://www.bcgsc.ca/downloads/rhesusmap.tar.gz>). We identified Y chromosome fingerprint contigs by searching for contigs containing multiple BACs with end sequences that did not match the female whole-genome shotgun sequence. We then verified the male-specificity of these contigs using +/- PCR assays on male and female genomic DNA and selected tiling paths of clones for sequencing. We used high-density filter hybridization with pools of overgo probes to identify clones from the CHORI-250 and RMAEX libraries to fill gaps.

The assembled rhesus MSY sequence spans 11.0 megabases (Mb) in three contigs (Supplementary File 1). The largest contig (7.9 Mb) is anchored by the pseudoautosomal region, which was confirmed to be located at the distal end of the chromosome by extended metaphase fluorescence in situ hybridization (EM-FISH) (Supplementary Fig. 2). The smallest contig (1.1 Mb) is bounded by the centromere. The rhesus Y is acrocentric, as determined by EM-FISH (Supplementary Fig. 3). Therefore, the third contig (1.9 Mb) is located between the 7.9 Mb and 1.1 Mb contigs. We determined the orientation of the 1.9 Mb contig by EM-FISH (Supplementary Fig. 4) and radiation hybrid mapping (Supplementary Fig. 5 and Supplementary File 2). We conclude that our assembled sequence is nearly complete based on the small size of the gaps between the three contigs as determined by interphase FISH (Supplementary Fig. 6).

Supplementary Note 2: Determination of X-Y ancestral gene content within strata 1-5.

For this analysis, we used the human X-linked protein-coding gene set from Ensembl. We ordered the genes according to their position on the human X chromosome, which is an approximation of the gene order on the ancestral chromosome, and divided the genes into strata according to boundaries given in Lahn and Page¹ and Ross, *et al.*². We then determined whether each gene was present in the X-Y common ancestor or added to the X chromosome after X-Y differentiation according to the following criteria (see Supplementary Table 4):

1. From Bellott *et al.*³: Autosomal progenitors of the human X and Y chromosomes are represented in chicken chromosomes 1 and 4, so a gene with a homolog in a syntenic location within one of these chicken chromosomes is ancestral. (Note: all strata 4 and 5 genes have homologs on chicken 4).
2. From Bellott *et al.*³ If a gene is absent from chicken 1 or 4, it may have been added to the X or lost in chicken. If such a gene is present in a syntenic location in at least one outgroup species (*Xenopus tropicalis* or *Anolis carolinensis*), it is ancestral.
3. The remaining genes were presumably added to the X sometime during mammalian evolution. We determined the approximate timing of introduction to the X by searching for syntenic loci in various other mammalian X chromosome sequences: rhesus, marmoset, mouse, rat, dog, bovine and opossum. Specifically, we used TBLASTX to search for hits for each gene in question as well as its two neighboring genes. (Note: All other X chromosome assemblies, with the exception of mouse, are draft sequences, so some genes will be absent because of missing data.) For strata 1 and 2, which formed prior to the eutherian (placental mammals) – metatherian (marsupial mammals) split, a gene was considered ancestral only if it was found in opossum. For stratum 3, which was formed prior to the eutherian radiation, a gene was considered ancestral if it was found in at least two non-primate species.

Each MSY gene and pseudogene was in turn considered ancestral if its X-linked counterpart was classified as ancestral. All but two MSY genes, *TSPY* and *AMELY*, have X-linked counterparts with homologs on chicken 1 and 4. A homolog of *TSPYL2*, which is the X counterpart of *TSPY*, is present in *Xenopus tropicalis* in the same

sequence contig as homologs of two syntenic genes: *KDM5C* and *GPR173*. A homolog of *AMELX* is present in *Xenopus tropicalis* in the same sequence contig as homologs of two syntenic genes: *ARHGAP6* and *CXorf22*.

Supplementary Note 3: Human/chimpanzee/rhesus ancestral MSY gene content.

We deduce that within strata 1-4, the MSY of the human/chimpanzee/rhesus common ancestor had the same set of ancestral genes as that of the present-day rhesus and human MSY's and, therefore, there has been no gene loss in either species within these strata. While it is formally possible that the human/chimpanzee/rhesus common ancestor had additional ancestral genes and the same ancestral genes were lost independently in each lineage, we believe that this is highly unlikely for the following reason: The X-degenerate regions of the three species are composed of the same segments of X-homologous sequence (Supplementary Figs. 8 and 9), implying that the deletion events that removed all but the remaining few X-homologous genes occurred in the common ancestor of these species. The likelihood of the alternative scenario – that the same exact series of deletion events occurred independently in each lineage – is extremely low.

Supplementary Note 4: Discussion of dN/dS values for ancestral genes.

The dN/dS ratios for the ancestral genes were calculated from alignments of rhesus and human homologs and are given in Supplementary Table 3. These values range widely, from 0.09 for *NLGN4Y* to 1.33 for *AMELY*. Of the 19 ancestral genes, 12 display evidence for purifying selection, with dN/dS ratios of 0.33 or less and statistically significant deviation from neutrality by Fisher's exact test. Of the remaining 7 genes, only *AMELY* has a dN/dS ratio greater than 0.7. This gene is one of the smallest ancestral genes so the confidence intervals for this calculation are large (0.61-2.98). Therefore, we would not conclude that this gene has experienced the effects of positive selection or relaxed constraint. We also calculated dN/dS for *MXRA5Y*, which is intact in rhesus but a pseudogene in human. As expected, the dN/dS ratio at this locus is high (0.99) reflecting its neutral evolution in the human lineage. We performed sliding window dN/dS analyses to determine if selection was operating differently at distinct locations with each gene, and the results are shown in Supplementary Figure 16. In

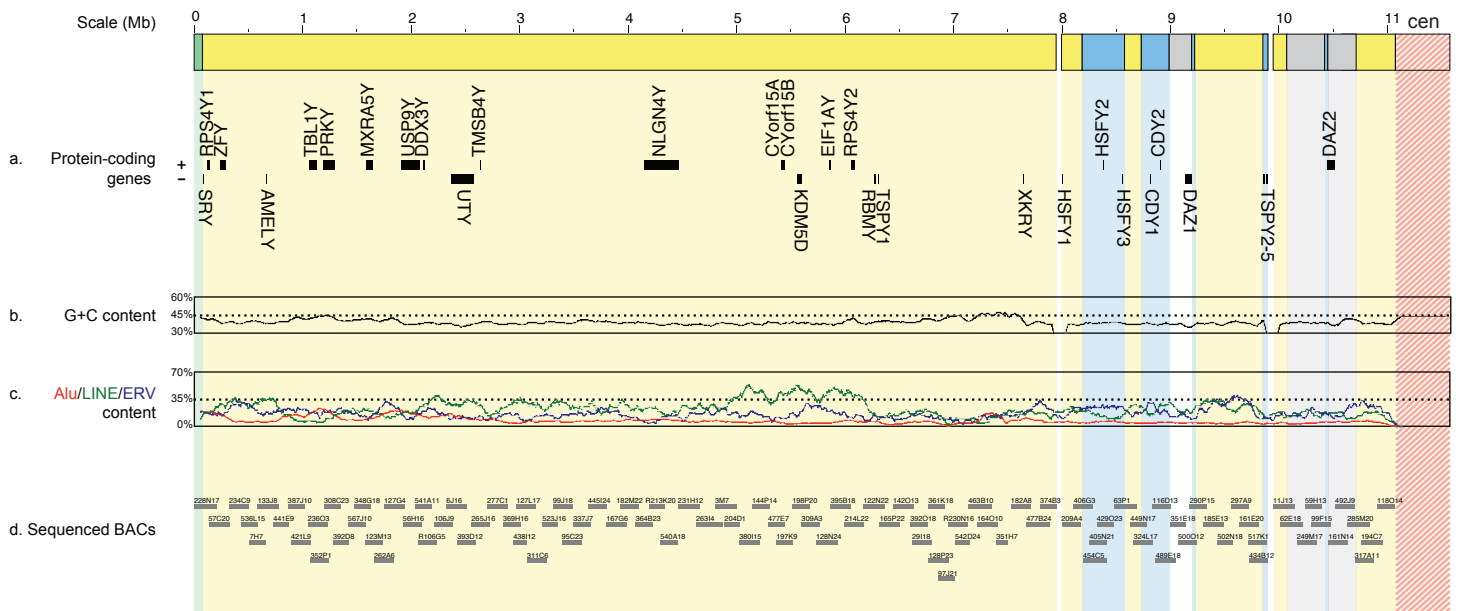
most cases, the dN/dS value varies along the length of the gene. However, most genes also have an extended region that displays a very low dN/dS value, confirming the operation of purifying selection on these genes.

Supplementary Note 5: Determining time of pseudogene inactivation.

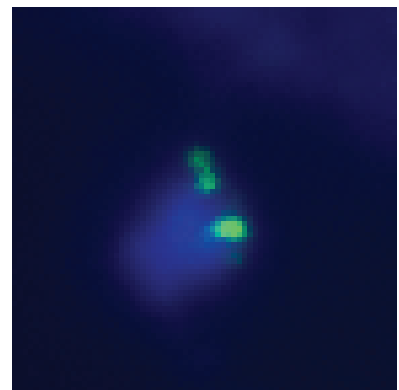
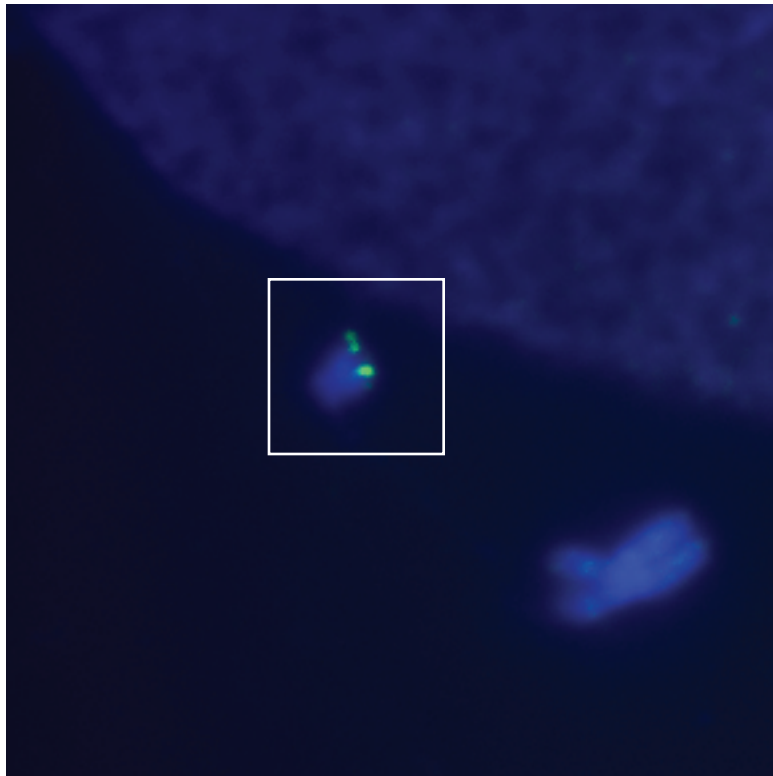
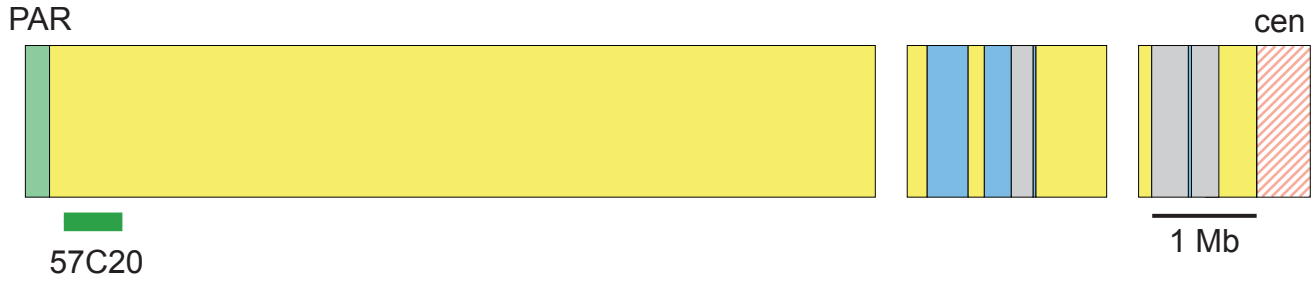
Within the older strata, five of six pseudogenes display at least one inactivating mutation shared between rhesus, human and chimpanzee, so their inactivation predates the OWM-ape split (see Supplementary Fig. 15). We cannot date with certainty the inactivation of the four pseudogenes within stratum 5 or the sixth pseudogene in the older strata, however, because these loci have been deleted outright in rhesus. All five of these pseudogenes are located within a single 280-kb region in human, so they were likely removed by one large deletion in the rhesus lineage.

LITERATURE CITED

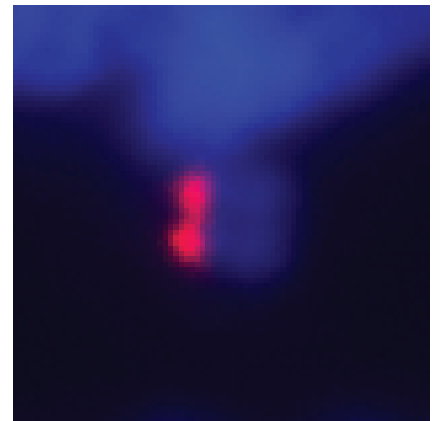
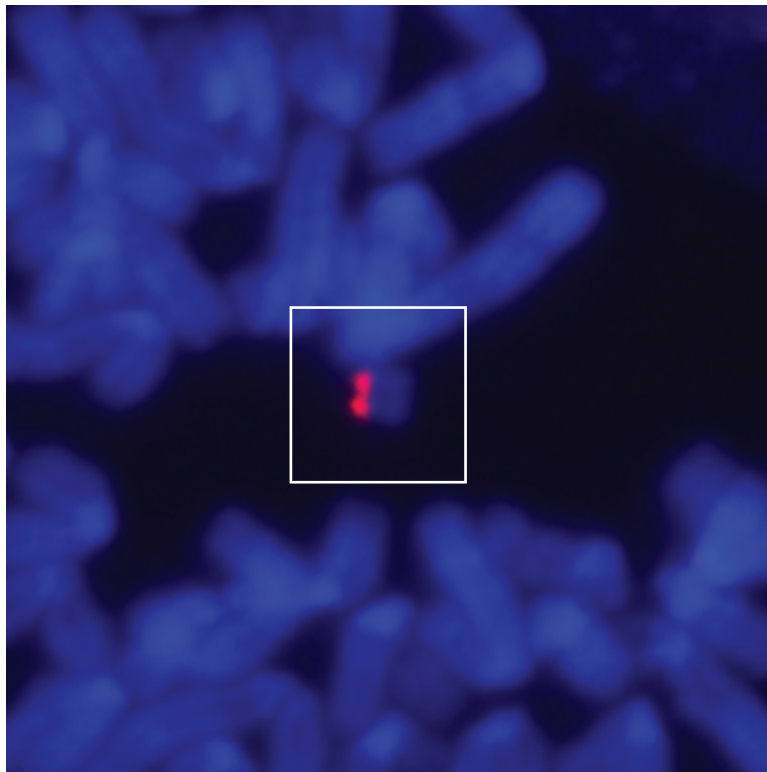
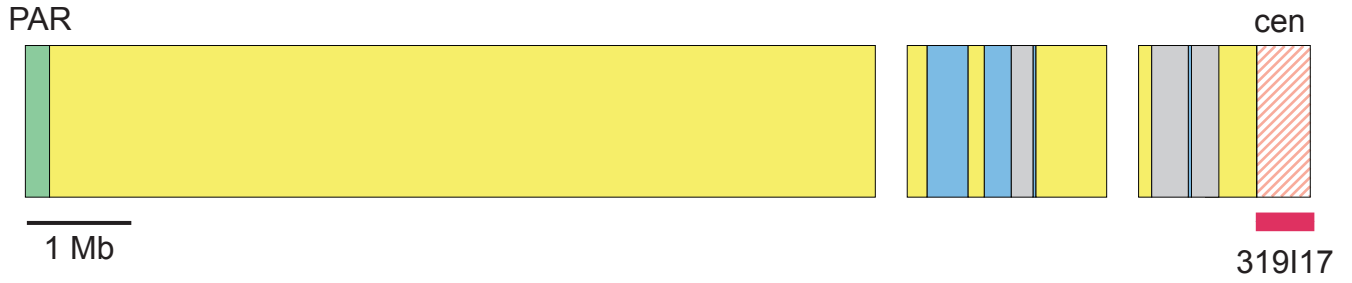
- ¹ Lahn, B. T. & Page, D. C. Four evolutionary strata on the human X chromosome. *Science* **286**, 964-967 (1999).
- ² Ross, M. T. *et al.* The DNA sequence of the human X chromosome. *Nature* **434**, 325-337 (2005).
- ³ Bellott, D. W. *et al.* Convergent evolution of chicken Z and human X chromosomes by expansion and gene acquisition. *Nature* **466**, 612-616 (2010).



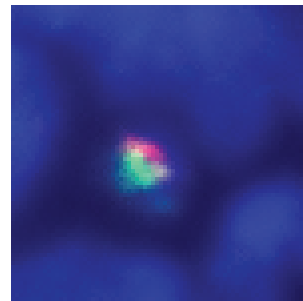
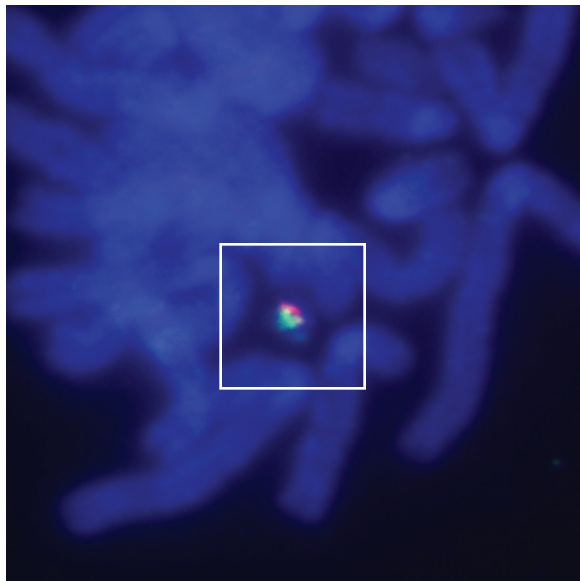
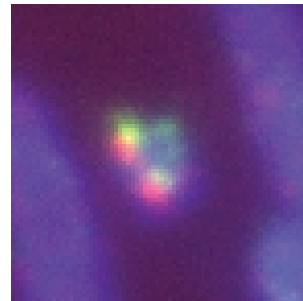
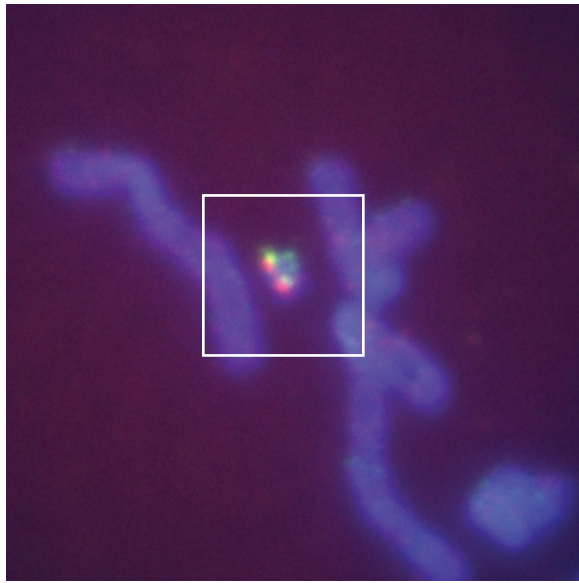
Supplementary Figure 1 Annotated sequence of rhesus MSY. Background colors represent five different sequence classes: pseudoautosomal (green); X-degenerate (yellow); ampliconic (blue); other (gray); and heterochromatic (pink stripes). Gaps shown in white. All sequence features and BACs drawn to scale. a. Positions of all intact, actively transcribed genes. Plus (+) strand above, minus (-) strand below. b. G+C content (%) calculated in a 100-kb sliding window with 1-kb steps. c. Alu, LINE, and endogenous retrovirus (ERV) densities, expressed as percentage of nucleotides, calculated in a 200-kb sliding window with 1-kb steps. d. Sequenced MSY BACs. Each bar represents the size and position of one BAC clone, labeled with the library identifier. BAC clones with no prefix are from the CHORI-250 library. BAC clones with prefix “R” are from the RMAEX library.



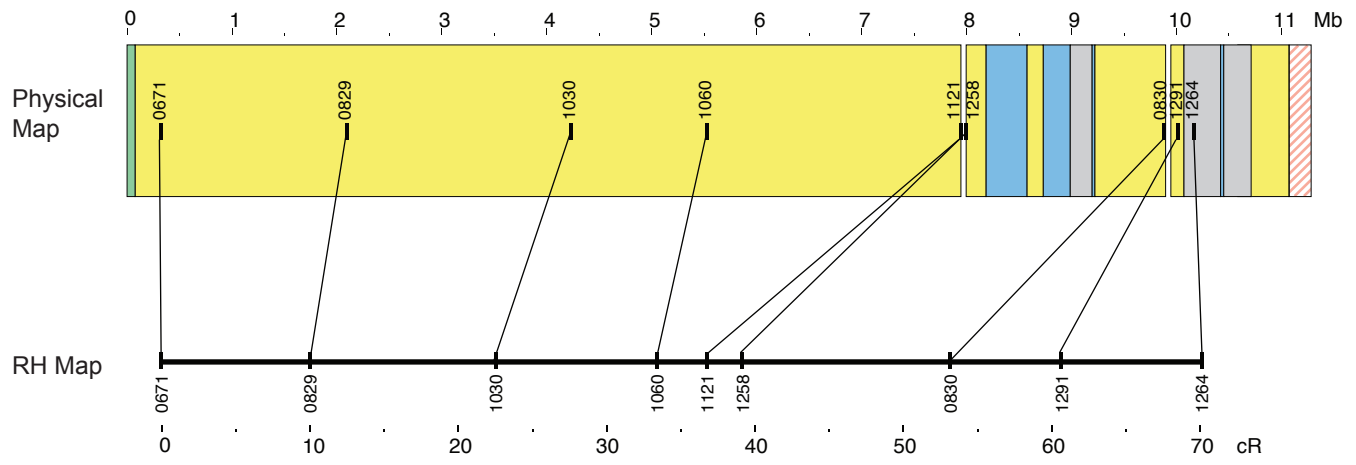
Supplementary Figure 2 Extended metaphase FISH analysis of pseudoautosomal boundary (PAB). Confirms that PAB is located at one end of rhesus Y chromosome. Probe 57C20 (not drawn to scale) is a BAC clone from rhesus CHORI-250 library. PAR = pseudoautosomal region; cen = centromere.



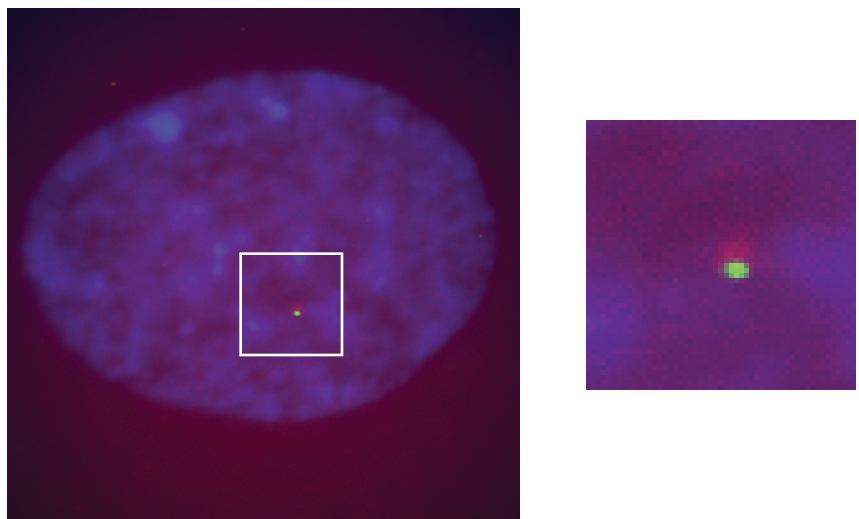
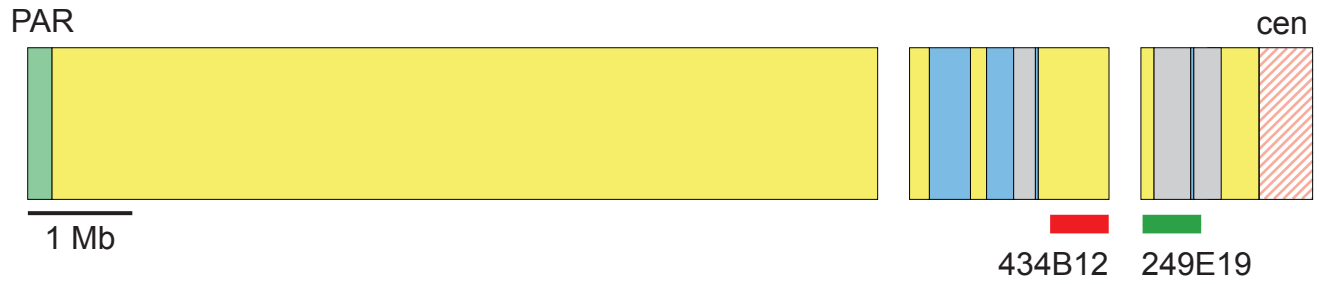
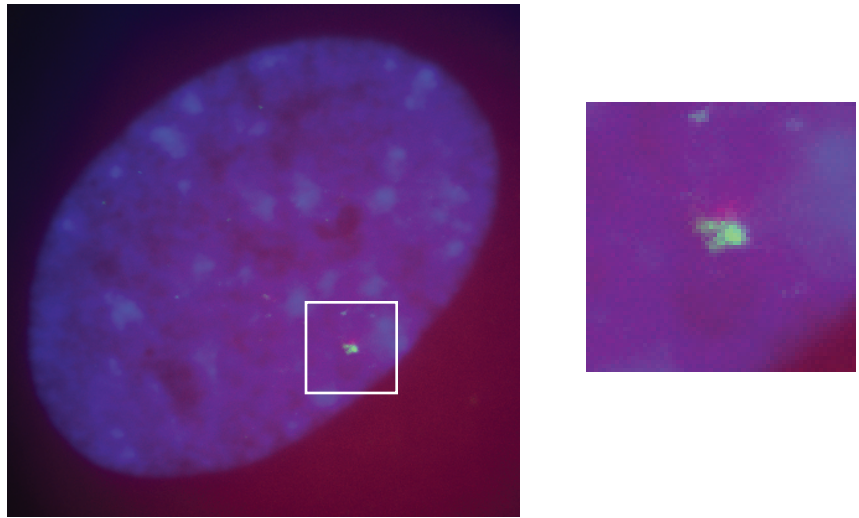
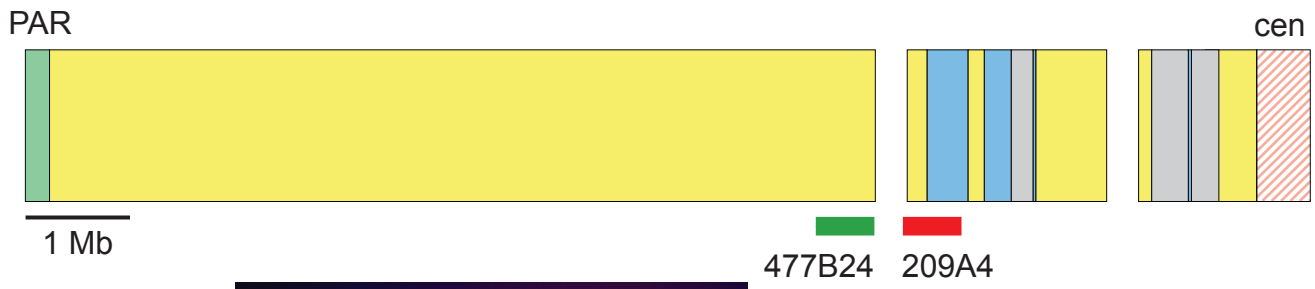
Supplementary Figure 3 Extended metaphase FISH analysis of centromere. Confirms that centromere is located at one end of rhesus Y chromosome. Probe 319I17 (not drawn to scale) is a BAC clone from rhesus CHORI-250 library. PAR = pseudoautosomal region; cen = centromere.



Supplementary Figure 4 Extended metaphase FISH analysis reveals orientation of middle contig. Probes 57C20, 209A4 and 434B12 (not drawn to scale) are BAC clones from rhesus CHORI-250 library. PAR = pseudoautosomal region; cen = centromere.

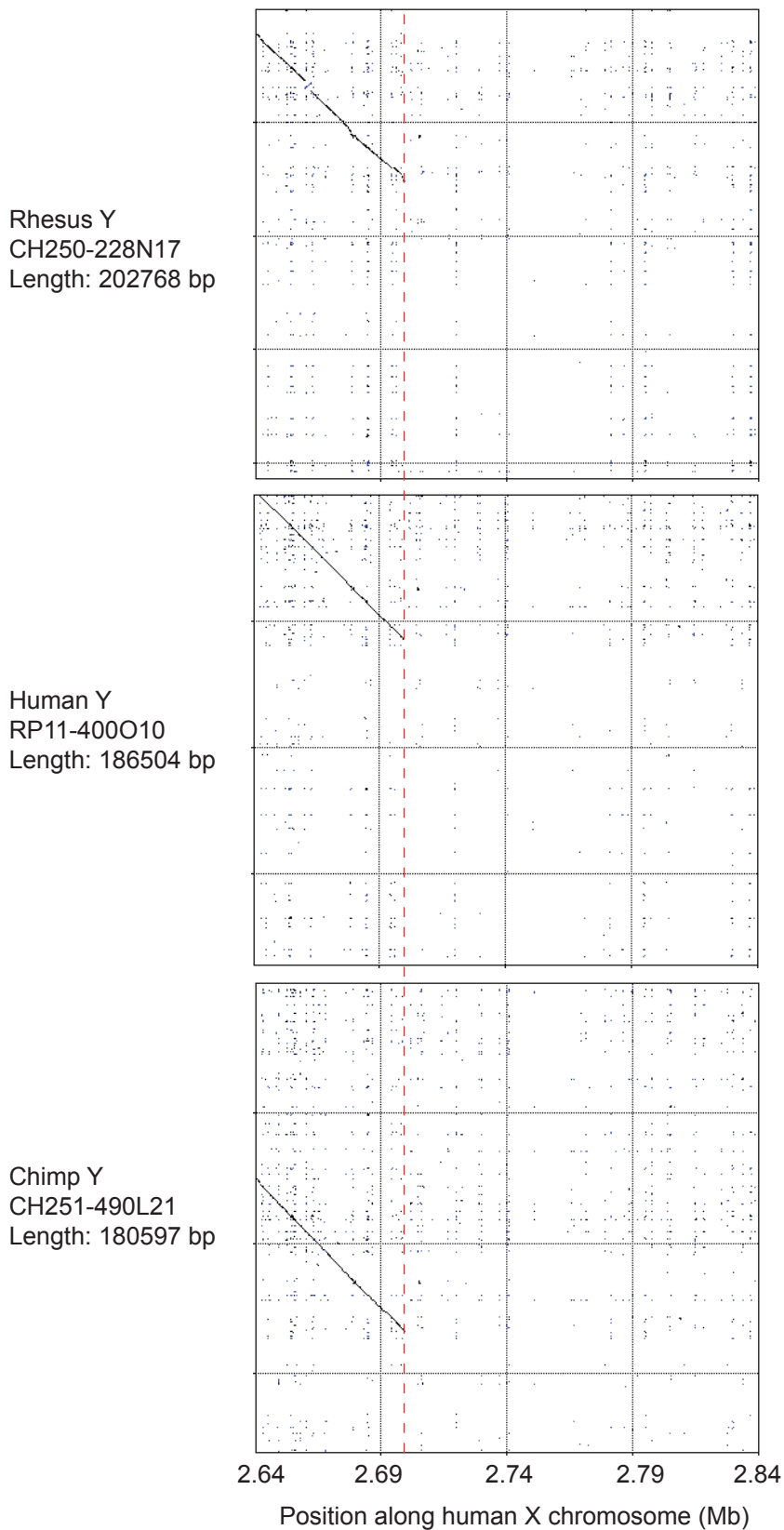


Supplementary Figure 5 Comparison of radiation hybrid (RH) and physical maps of rhesus MSY. Locations of nine RH markers on physical map are shown on schematic representation of chromosome at top. Raw data vectors are given in Supplementary File 2. Scale is shown with distances in megabases (Mb). RH map of nine markers (listed in Supplementary Table 7) is shown at bottom. Scale is shown with distances in centirays (cR). 1 cR = 1% recombination frequency.



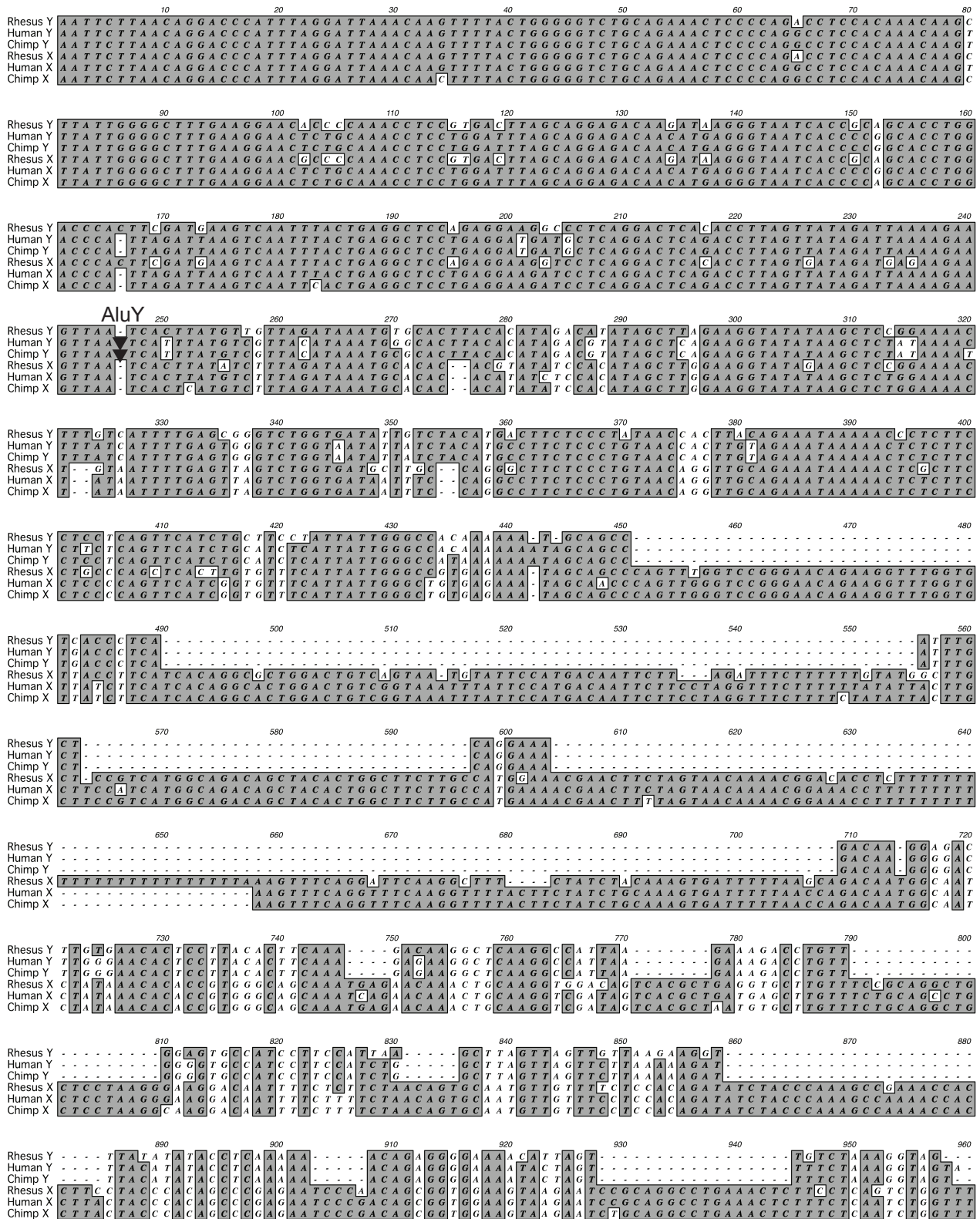
Supplementary Figure 6 Interphase FISH analysis of gaps. Probes 477B24, 209A4, 434B12, and 249E19 (not drawn to scale) are BAC clones from rhesus CHORI-250 library. PAR = pseudoautosomal region; cen = centromere.

a.

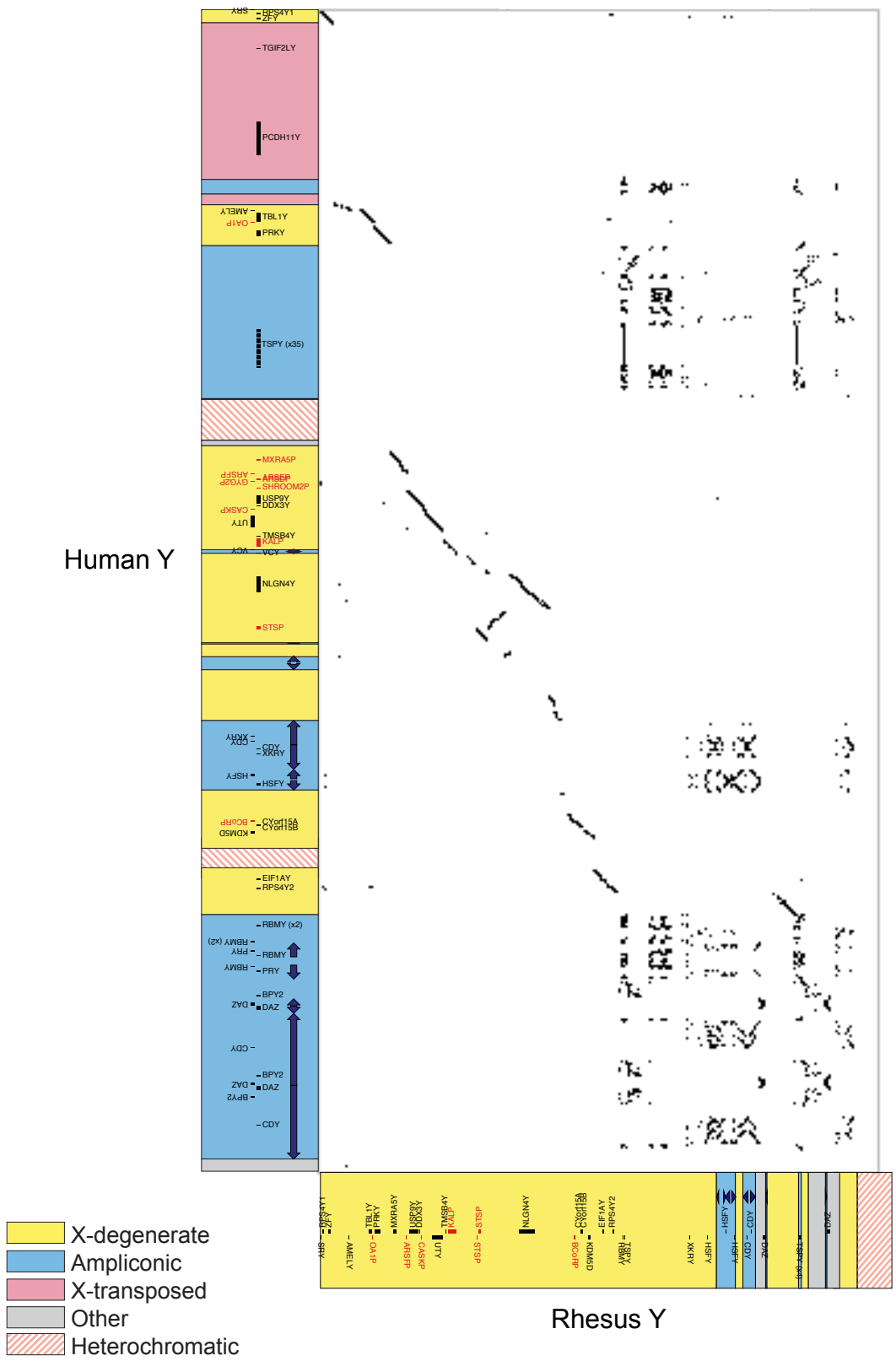


Supplementary Figure 7a Comparison of pseudoautosomal boundaries (PABs) in rhesus, human and chimpanzee. Dot plot analyses to demonstrate that position of PAB is identical in all three species. 200-kb sequence spanning PAB of human X chromosome is represented on each X axis. Each Y axis represents sequence from a BAC spanning the Y chromosome PAB in human (top), chimpanzee (middle), and rhesus (bottom). Red dotted line shows position of PAB relative to human X sequence. Each dot plot was constructed in MacVector using a 100-bp window and 85% identity.

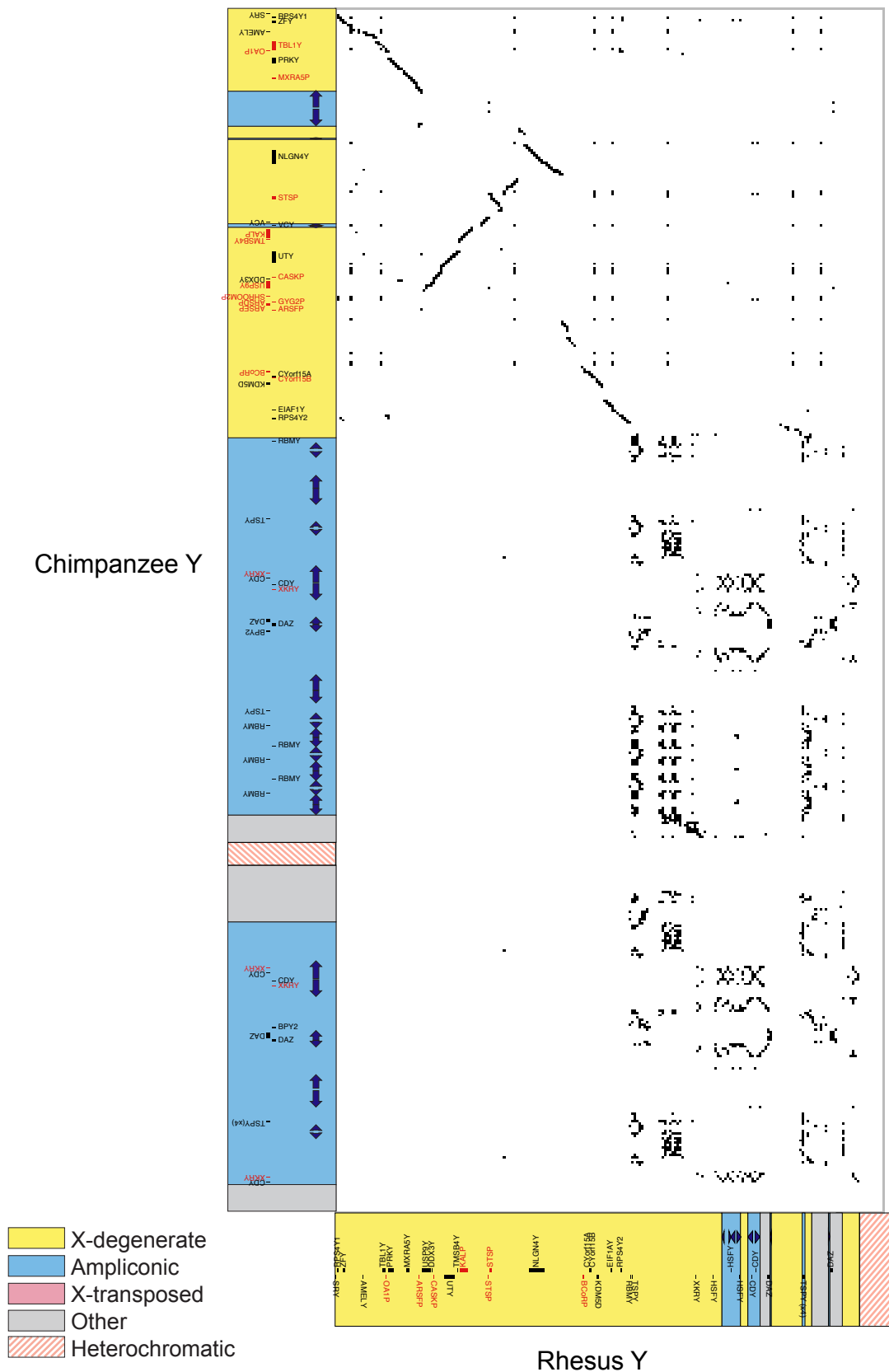
b.



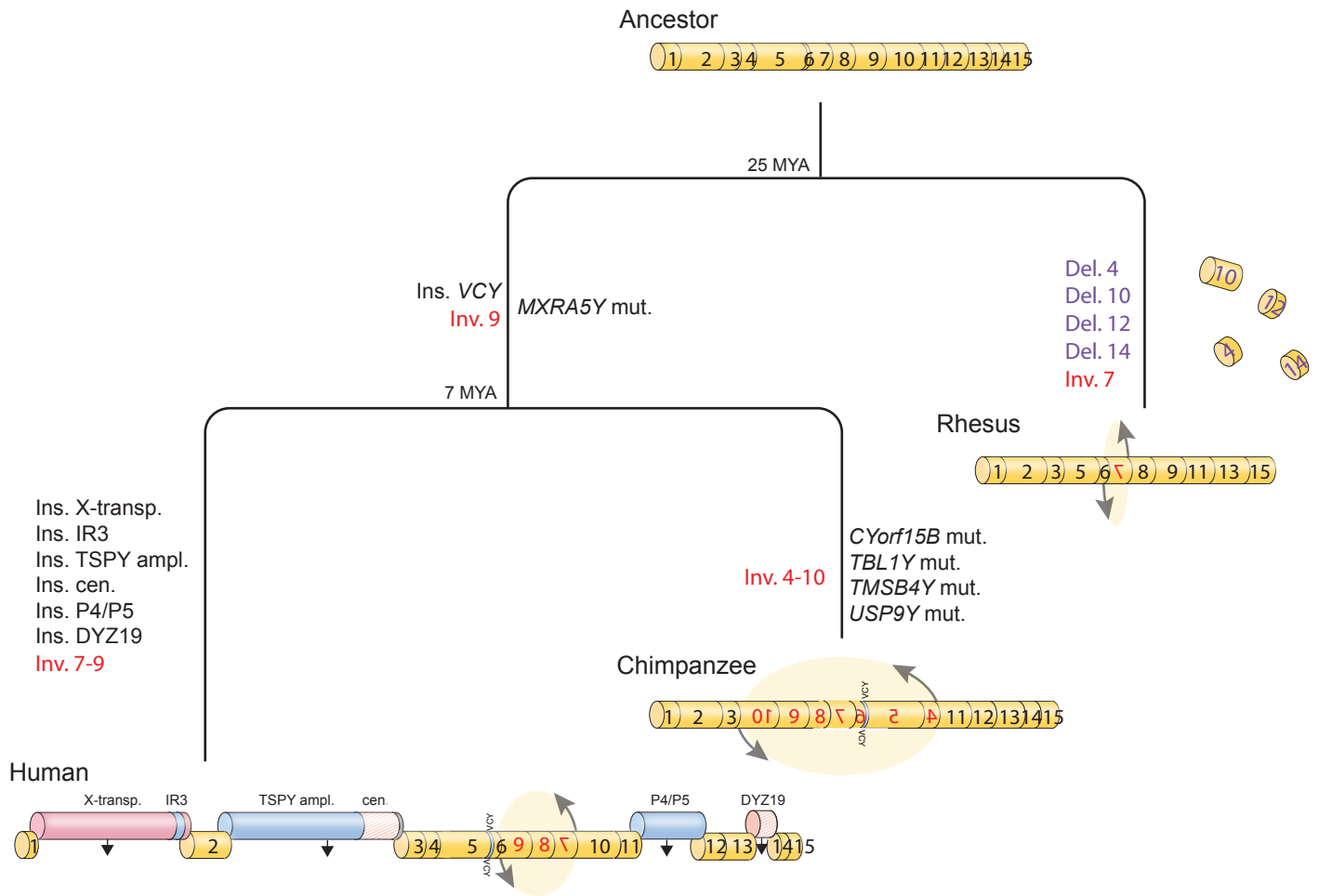
Supplementary Figure 7b Comparison of pseudoautosomal boundaries (PABs) in rhesus, human and chimpanzee. Alignment of PAB region of X and Y chromosomes of all three species. Alignment was generated in MacVector using ClustalW. Identical nucleotides are shaded in gray. Position of Alu insertion in human and chimpanzee Y sequences, which marks the location of the PAB, is shown (position 246 in the alignment). Accession numbers for sequences are as follows: Human Y - AC006040; Chimp Y - AC146189; Rhesus Y - AC217136; Human X - NT_167197; Chimp X - NW_001251668; Rhesus X - NW_001218091.



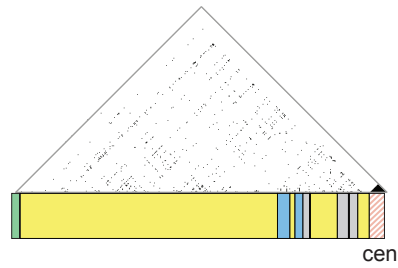
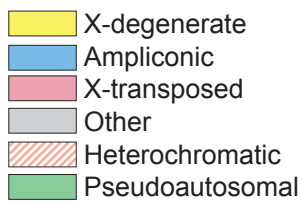
Supplementary Figure 8 Dot-plot comparison of rhesus and human MSYs. Major features of chromosomes are shown schematically along the axes. Intact genes are in black and pseudogenes are in red. Rhesus sequence was masked prior to analysis using RepeatMasker (www.repeatmasker.org) with default parameters. Each dot on the plot represents 100% identity within a 40-bp window.



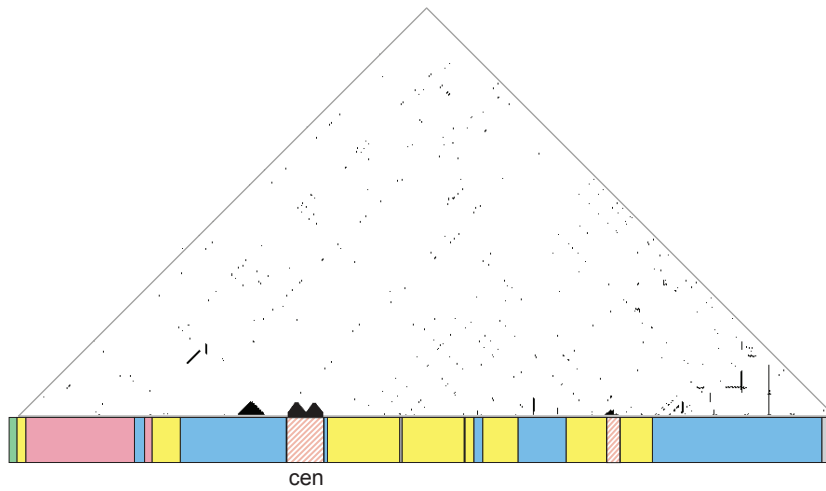
Supplementary Figure 9 Dot-plot comparison of rhesus and chimpanzee MSYs. Major features of chromosomes are shown schematically along the axes. Intact genes are in black and pseudogenes are in red. Rhesus sequence was masked prior to analysis using RepeatMasker (www.repeatmasker.org) with default parameters. Each dot on the plot represents 100% identity within a 40-bp window.



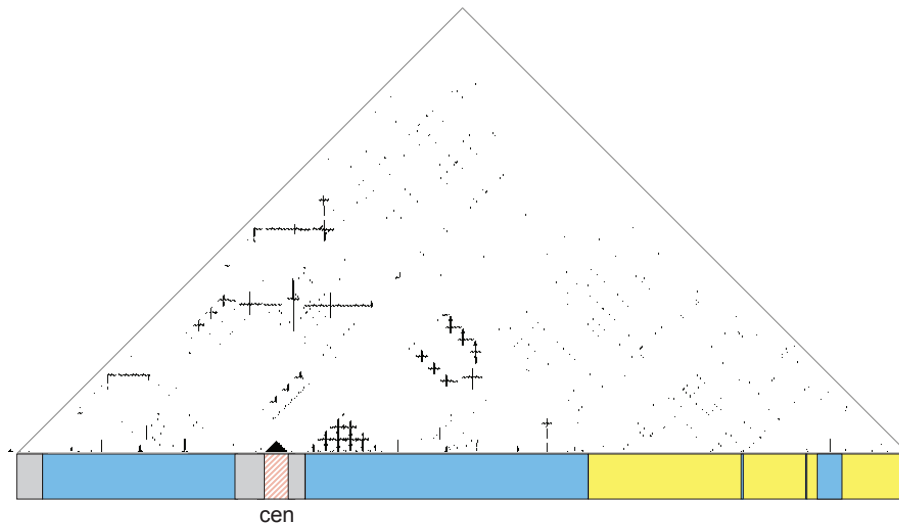
Supplementary Figure 10 Rearrangements during evolution of rhesus, human and chimpanzee Y chromosomes. Dot-plot analyses (Supplementary Figs 8 & 9) revealed large-scale rearrangement events that occurred in each lineage, enabling the reconstruction of a hypothetical ancestral chromosome. Sequence in ancestral chromosome is divided into 15 syntenic blocks, each > 200 kb in size, which are labeled in each species. Bracketed lines (not to scale) show evolutionary relationships between three extant species and common ancestor. Approximate divergence times are indicated at intersections. Observed large-scale rearrangements (left) and gene changes (right) are indicated on each vertical line. Insertions and deletions < 200 kb in size are not depicted.



Rhesus Y

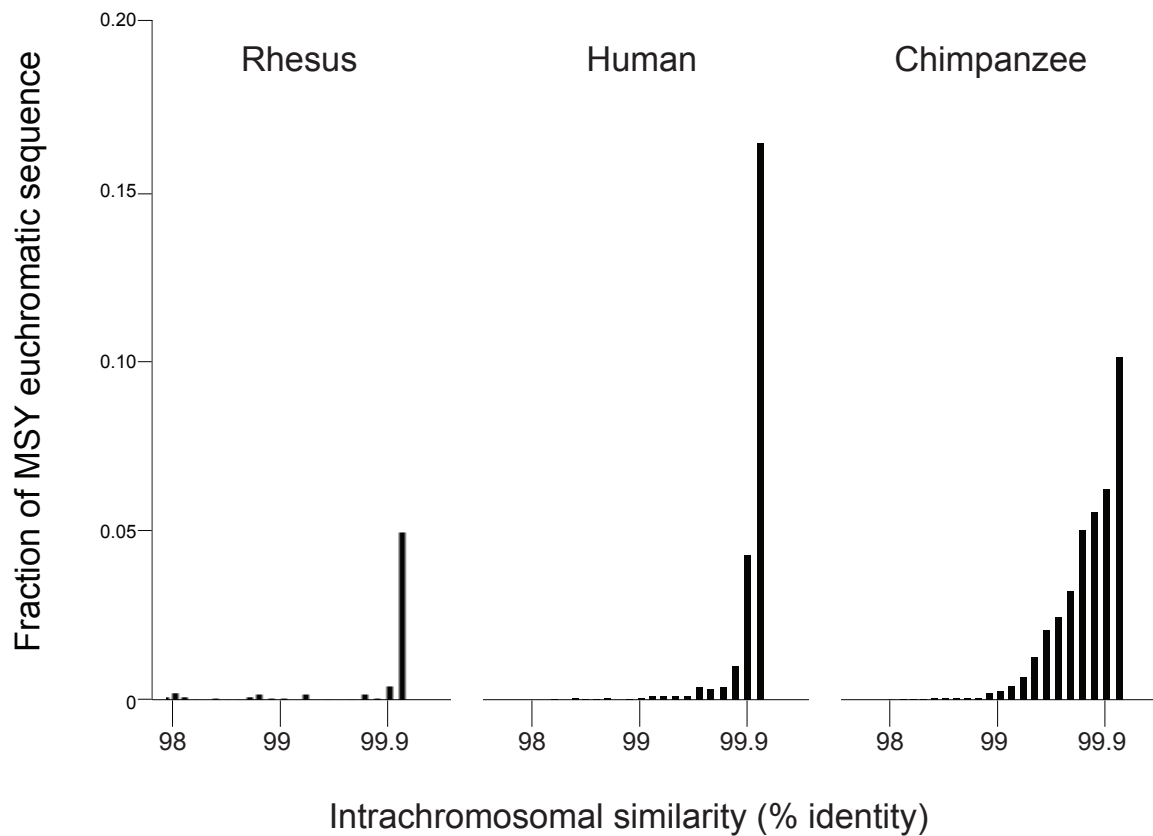


Human Y

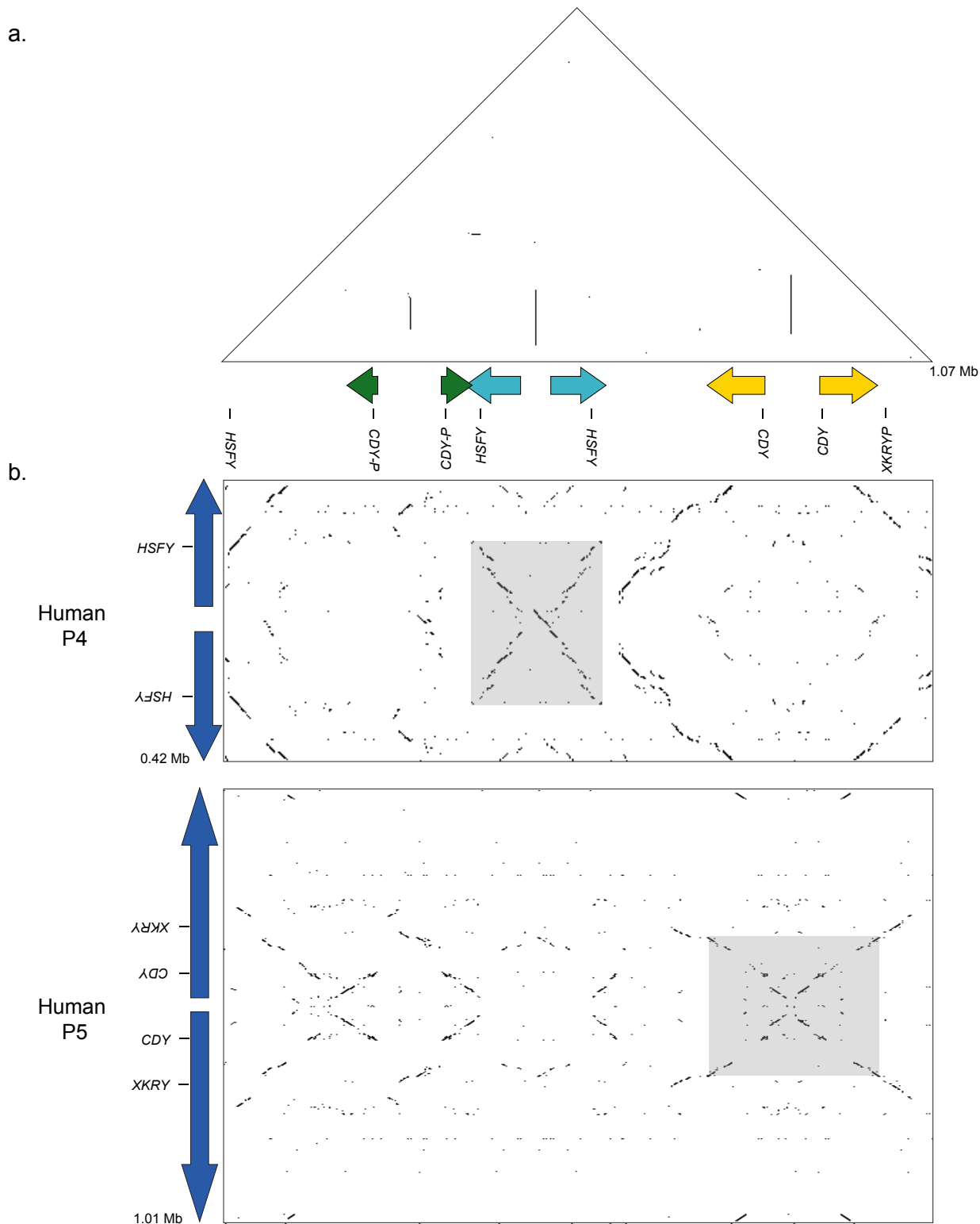


Chimpanzee Y

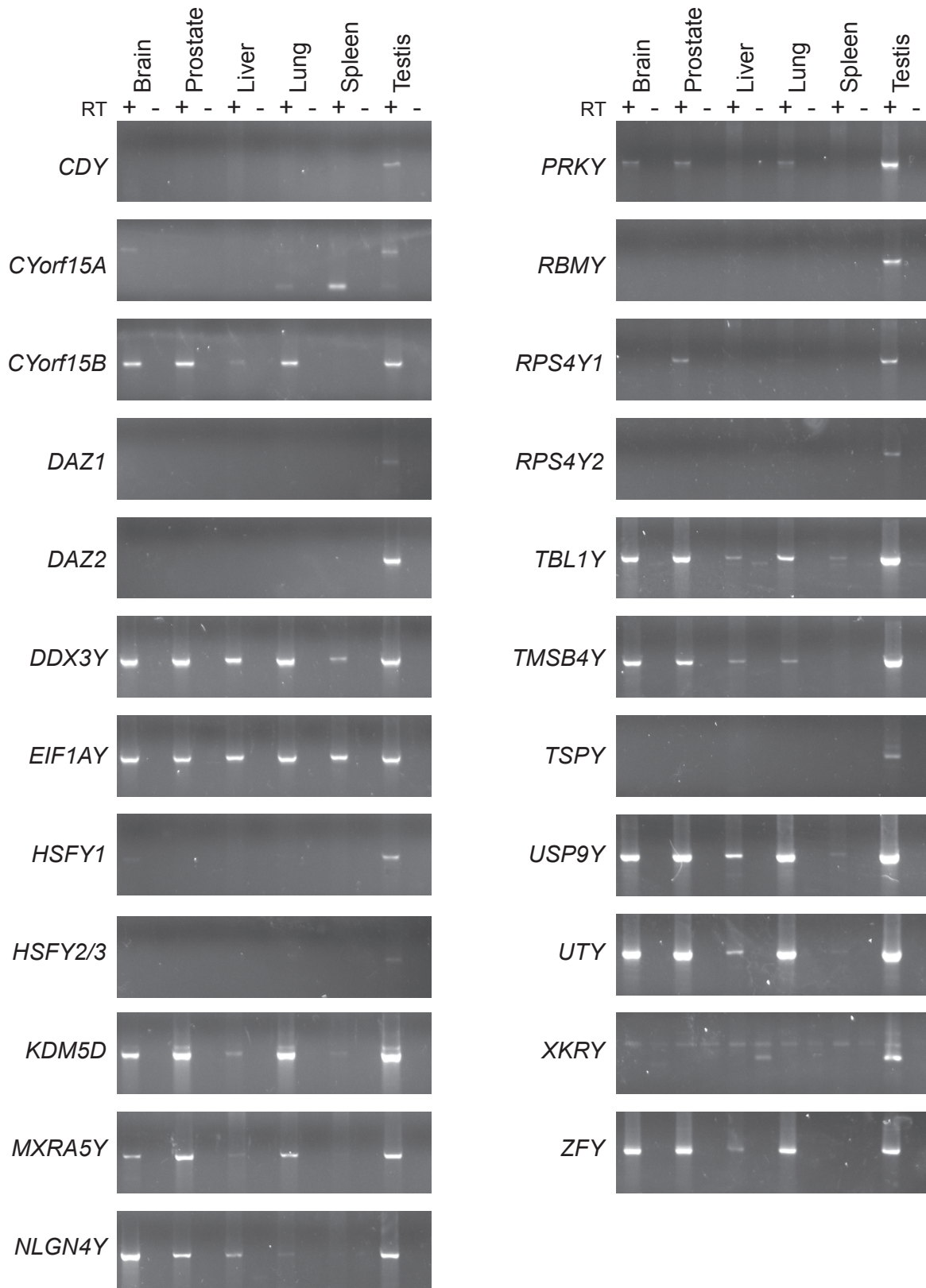
Supplementary Figure 11 Triangular dot plots of DNA sequence identities within the rhesus, human, and chimpanzee MSYs. Each dot represents 100% identity within a 200-bp window. Direct repeats appear as horizontal lines, inverted repeats as vertical lines, and palindromes as vertical lines that nearly intersect the baseline. Immediately below the plots are schematic depictions of the MSY sequences, with colors representing MSY sequence classes. cen = centromere.



Supplementary Figure 12 Electronic fractionation of rhesus, human and chimpanzee MSY sequences according to intrachromosomal similarity. Percent identity to other MSY sequences is plotted on a logarithmic scale. Values < 98% are not shown. Analyses were performed using custom Perl code that used BLAST to compare all 5-kb sequence segments, in 2-kb steps, to the entire remainder of the MSY sequence.

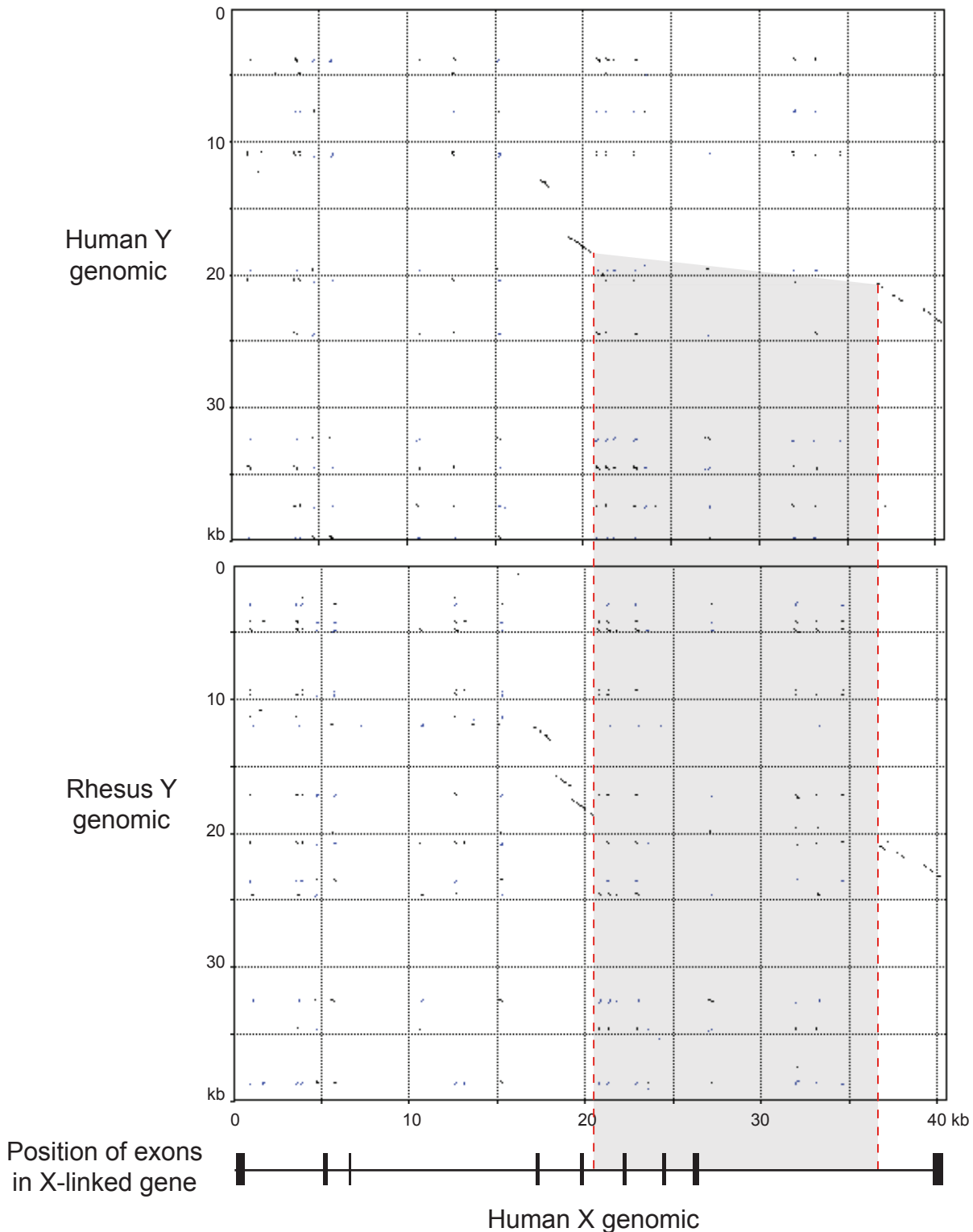


Supplementary Figure 13 a. Triangular dot plot of DNA sequence identities within major rhesus ampliconic region. The region represented corresponds to the first 1.07 Mb of the middle contig (Supplementary Figure 1). Each dot represents 100% identity within a 200-bp window. Direct repeats appear as horizontal lines and palindromes as vertical lines that nearly intersect the baseline. Immediately below the plot is a schematic depiction of the organization of palindromes. Positions of genes are shown below palindromes; “P” after gene name indicates pseudogene. b. Dot plot comparisons of same 1.07 Mb region of rhesus sequence from part a to orthologous palindromes P4 and P5 in human. Human sequence was masked with RepeatMasker prior to analyses. Each dot represents 100% identity within a 20-bp window. Gray shading indicates regions of homology between rhesus and human palindromes, indicative of the shared ancestry of these structures.



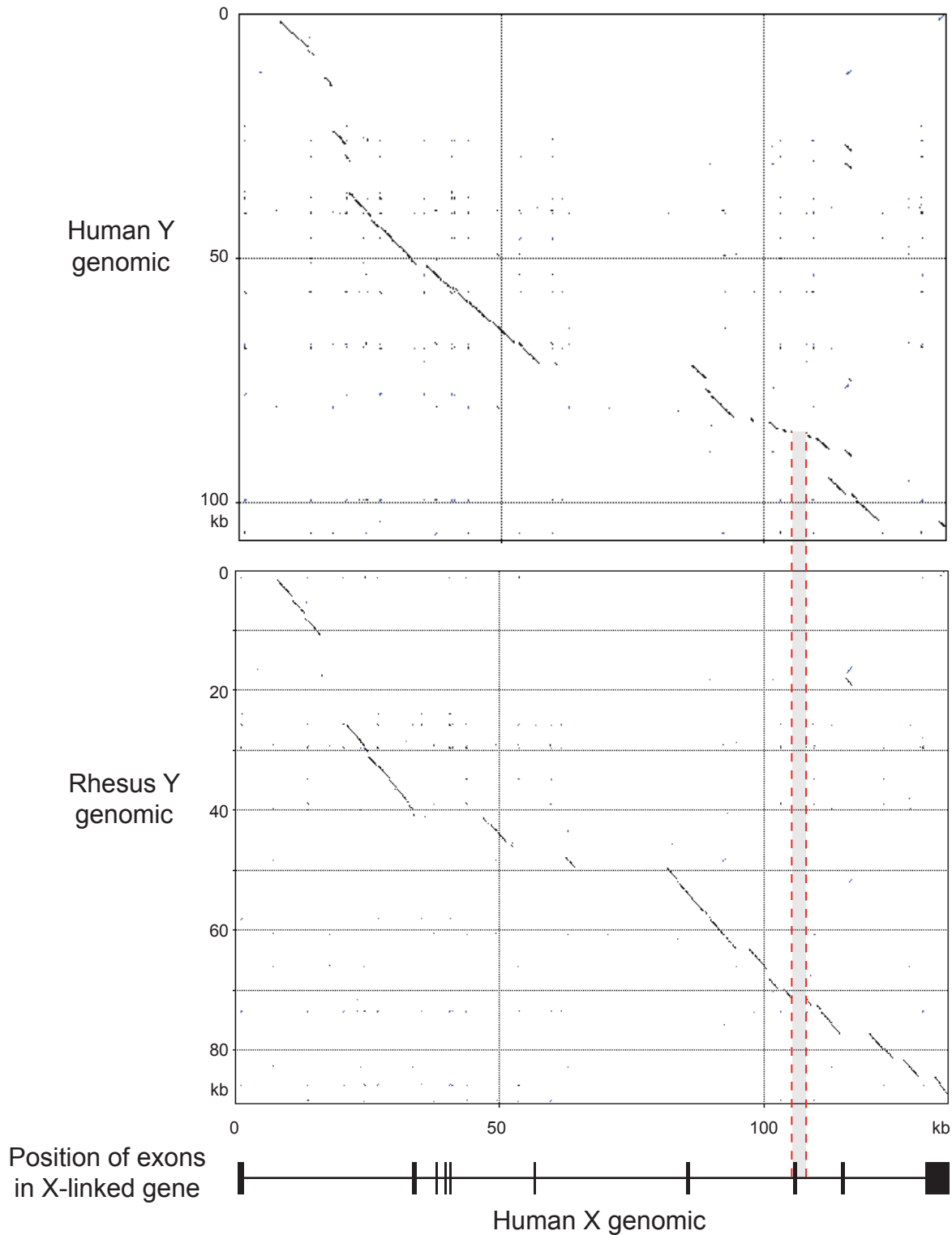
Supplementary Figure 14 RT-PCR analysis of rhesus MSY genes. Rhesus tissues were used to isolate RNA for cDNA generation: reactions were performed in parallel in the presence or absence of reverse transcriptase (RT). PCR products were sequenced to confirm their identity. Primer sequences and product sizes are listed in Supplementary Table 8. We were not able to detect transcription of *AMELY* and *SRY* in the tissues tested. Expression of these genes in human is restricted to tooth enamel and embryonic testes, respectively.

GPR143 vs. *GPR143P* (Stratum 4)



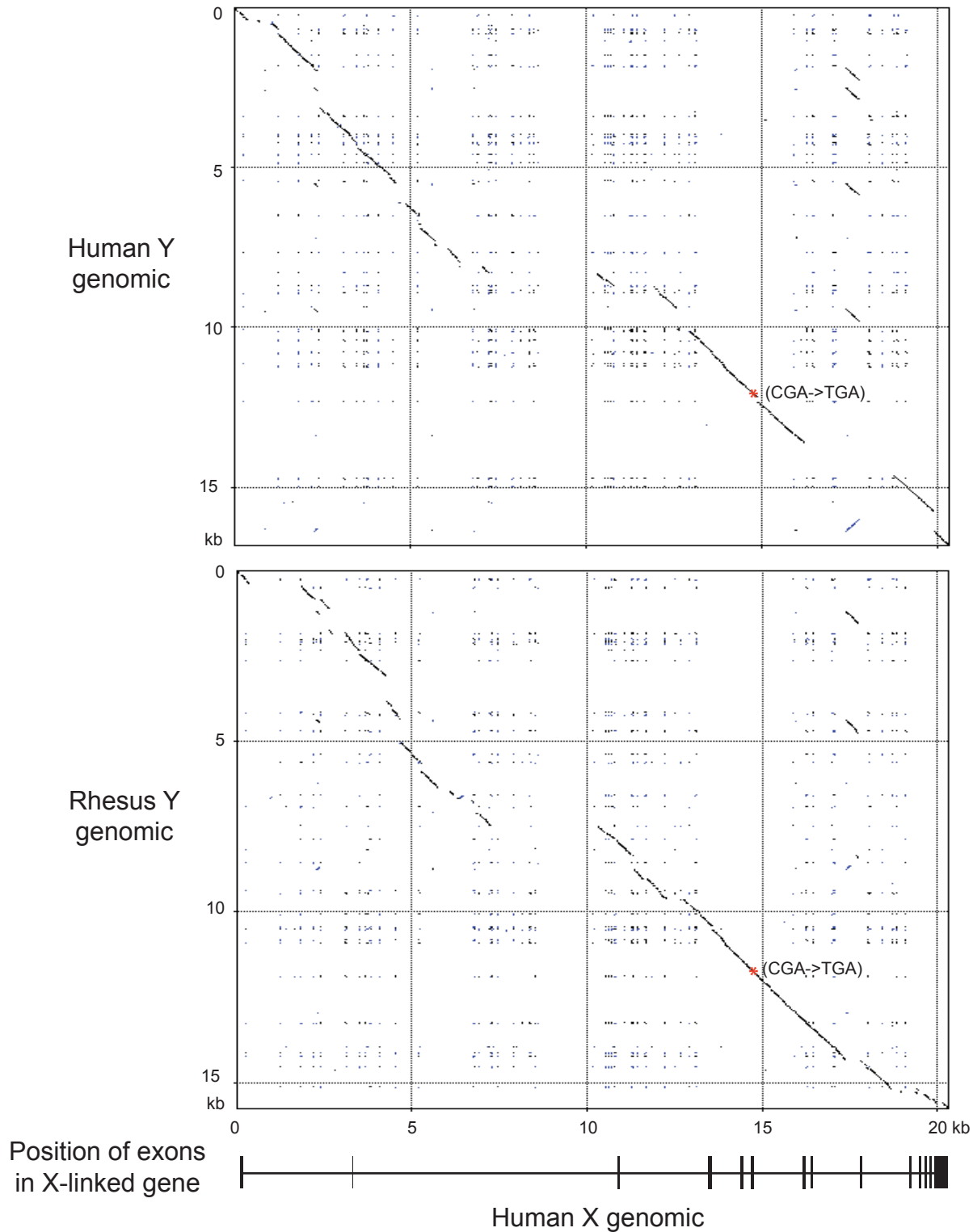
Supplementary Figure 15a Analysis of MSY ancestral pseudogenes in rhesus and human. Y-linked *GPR143P* vs. X-linked *GPR143* dot-plot analyses. On X-axis, human *GPR143* genomic sequence. Exon-intron structure of gene is depicted below. On Y-axes, genomic Y sequence from human (top) and rhesus (bottom). For each plot, a dot represents 70% identity within a 100-bp window. *GPR143P* is a stratum 4 pseudogene. One large deletion removing exons 6-8 is common in human and rhesus (deleted region shaded, boundaries indicated by red-dotted lines), indicating inactivation prior to OWM-ape split. Pattern in chimpanzee is nearly identical to that in human (not shown).

STS vs. STSP (Stratum 4)



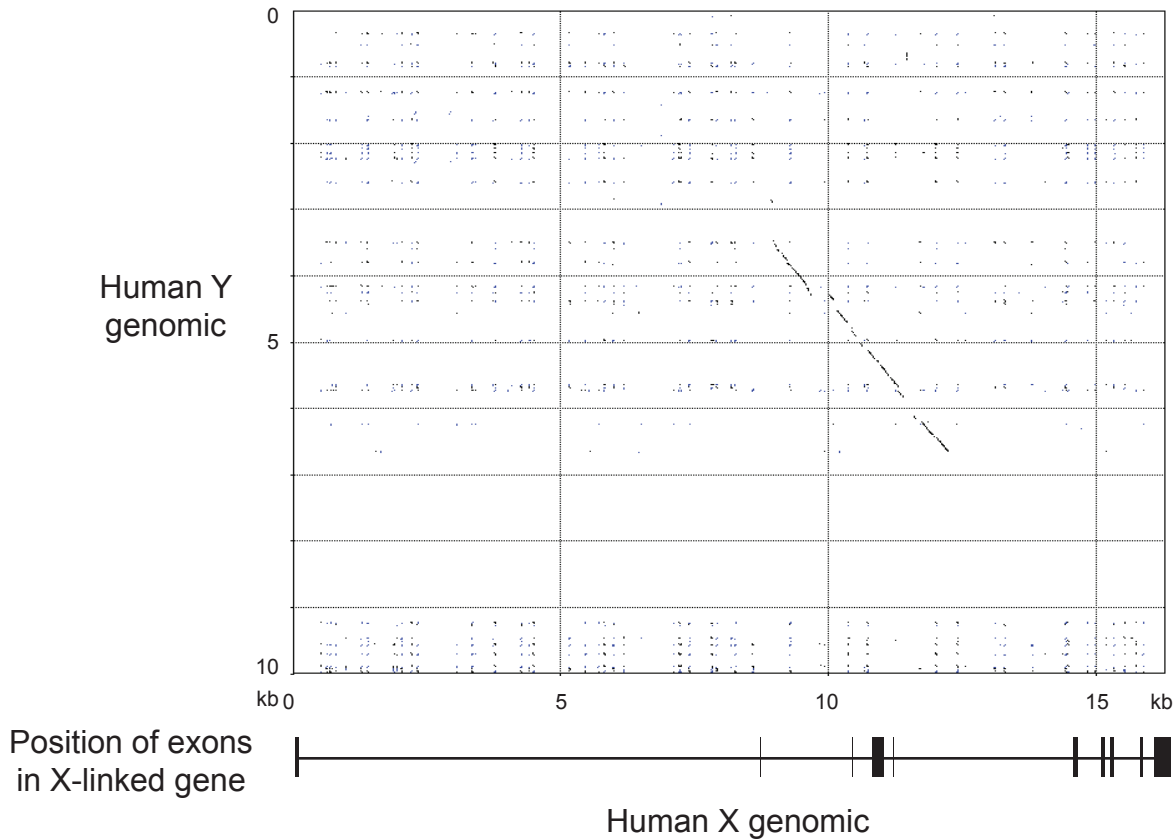
Supplementary Figure 15b Analysis of MSY ancestral pseudogenes in rhesus and human. Y-linked *STSP* vs. X-linked *STS* dot-plot analyses. On X-axis, human *STS* genomic sequence. Exon-intron structure of gene is depicted below. On Y-axes, genomic Y sequence from human (top) and rhesus (bottom). For each plot, a dot represents 70% identity within a 100-bp window. *STSP* is a stratum 4 pseudogene. One deletion removing exon 8 (causing a frameshift and truncation of >200 amino acids in encoded protein) is common in human and rhesus (deleted region shaded, boundaries indicated by red dotted lines), indicating inactivation prior to OWM-ape split. Pattern in chimpanzee is nearly identical to that in human (not shown).

KAL vs. *KALP* (Stratum 4)



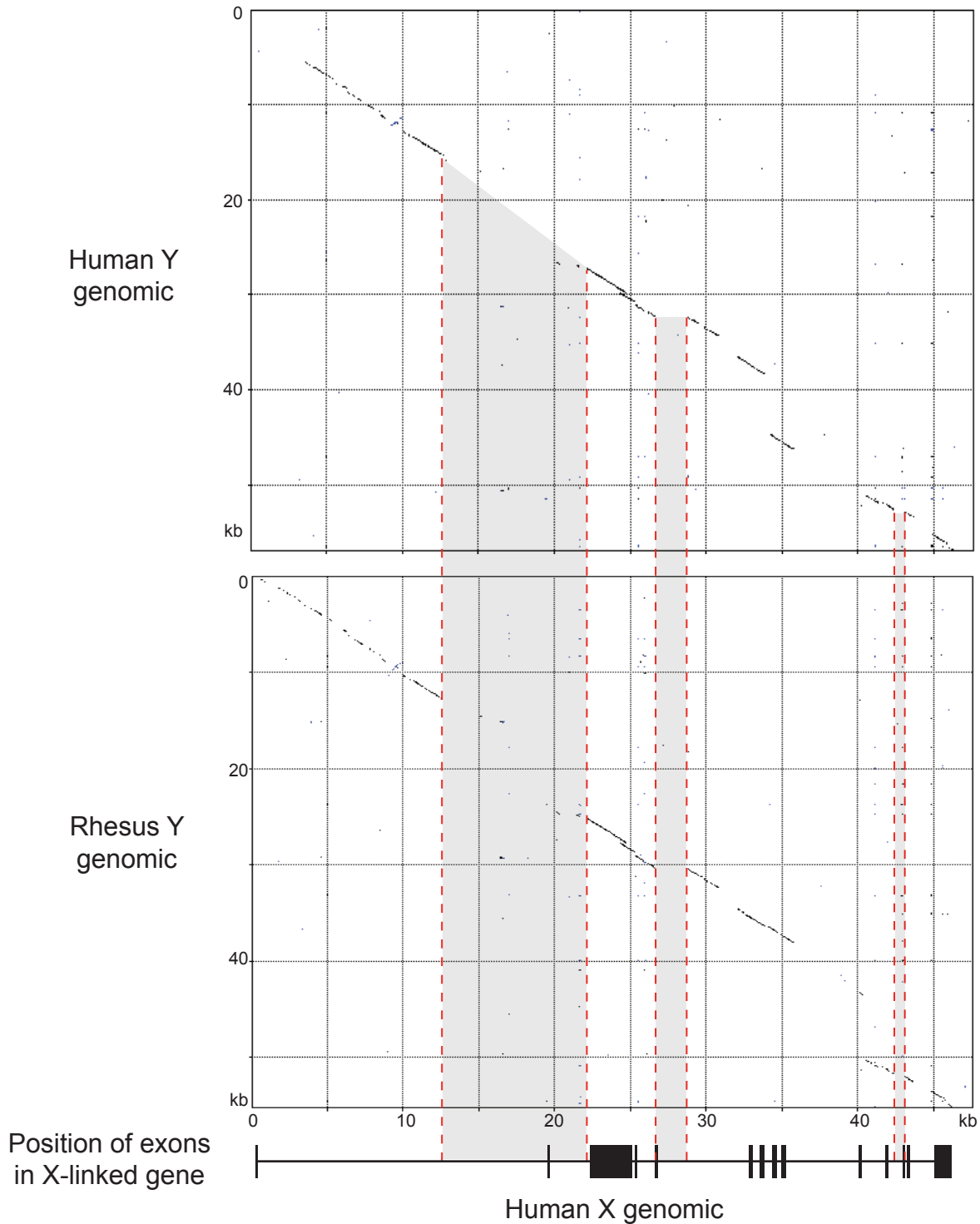
Supplementary Figure 15c Analysis of MSY ancestral pseudogenes in rhesus and human. Y-linked *KALP* vs. X-linked *KAL* dot-plot analyses. On X-axis, human *KAL* genomic sequence. Exon-intron structure of gene is depicted below. On Y-axes, genomic Y sequence from human (top) and rhesus (bottom). For each plot, a dot represents 70% identity within a 100-bp window. *KALP* is a stratum 4 pseudogene. One premature stop mutation (truncates encoded protein by >400 amino acids) is common in human and rhesus (position indicated by red asterisk), indicating inactivation prior to OWM-ape split. Pattern in chimpanzee is nearly identical to that in human (not shown).

SHROOM2 vs. *SHROOM2P* (Stratum 4)

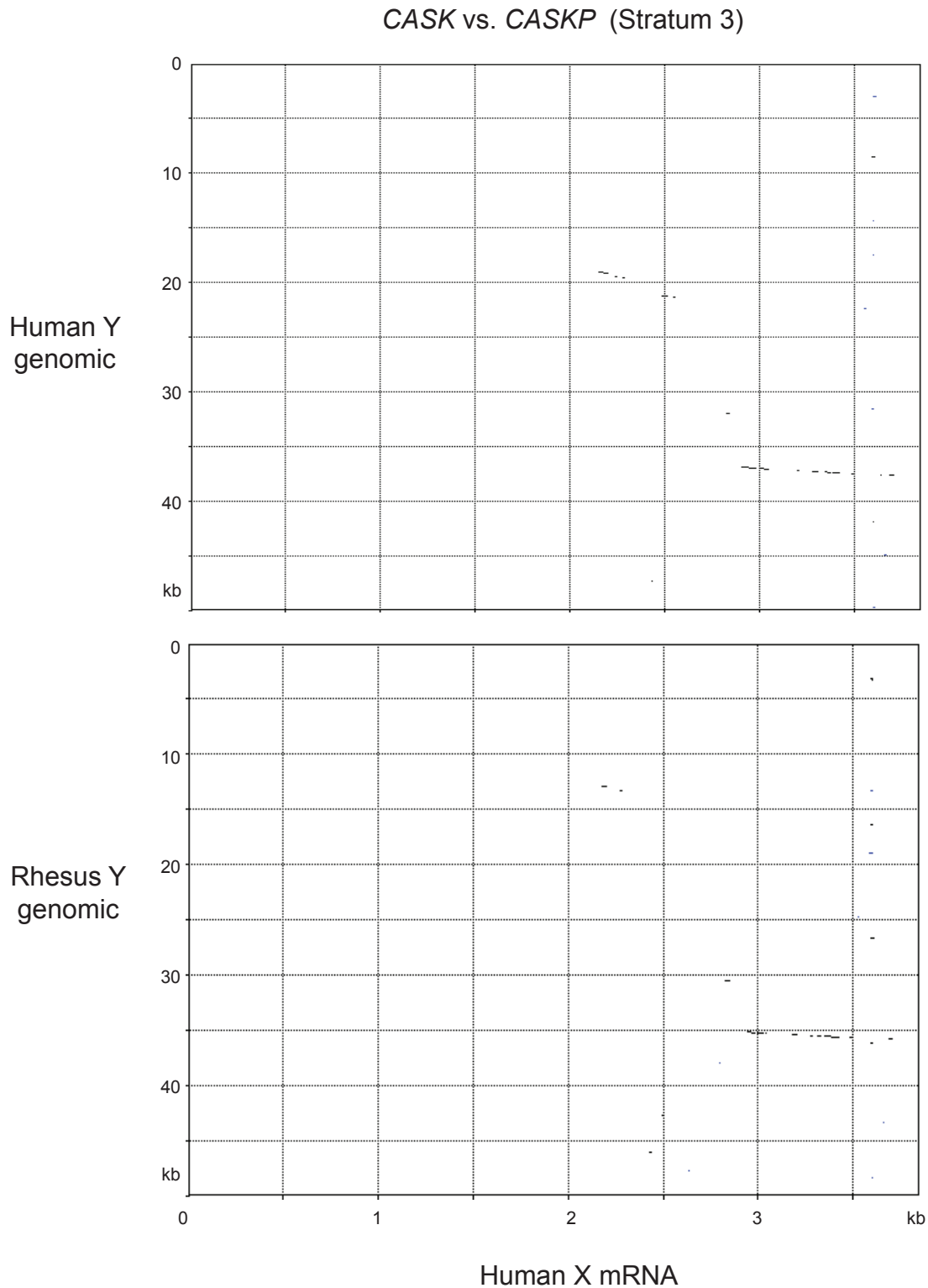


Supplementary Figure 15d Analysis of MSY ancestral pseudogenes in human. Y-linked *SHROOM2P* vs. X-linked *SHROOM2* dot-plot analysis. On X-axis, human *SHROOM2* genomic sequence. Exon-intron structure of gene is depicted below. On Y-axis, genomic Y sequence from human (pseudogene is deleted in rhesus). A dot represents 70% identity within a 100-bp window. *SHROOM2P* is a stratum 4 pseudogene, and is highly degenerated compared to its X homolog (to an even greater extent than other Stratum 4 pseudogenes -- Supplementary Figures 15a-c), indicating that inactivation likely occurred prior to OWM-ape split. Pattern in chimpanzee is nearly identical to that in human (not shown).

BCOR vs. *BCORP* (Stratum 3)



Supplementary Figure 15e Analysis of MSY ancestral pseudogenes in rhesus and human. Y-linked *BCORP* vs. X-linked *BCOR* dot-plot analyses. On X-axis, human *BCOR* genomic sequence. Exon-intron structure of gene is depicted below. On Y-axes, genomic Y sequence from human (top) and rhesus (bottom). For each plot, a dot represents 30% identity within a 60-bp window. *BCORP* is a highly diverged stratum 3 pseudogene. Several deletions removing or disrupting exons are common in human and rhesus (deleted regions shaded, boundaries indicated by red-dotted lines), indicating inactivation prior to OWM-ape split. Pattern in chimpanzee is nearly identical to that in human (not shown).

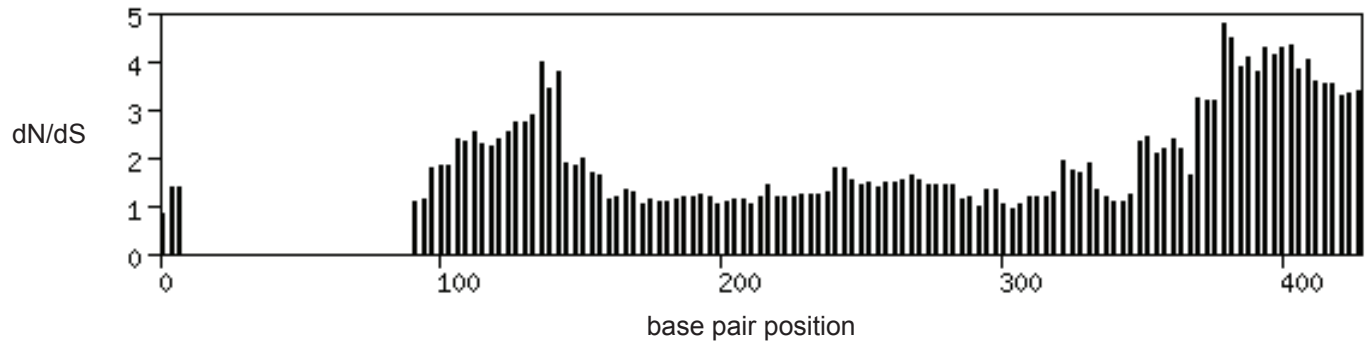


Supplementary Figure 15f Analysis of MSY ancestral pseudogenes in rhesus and human. Y-linked *CASKP* vs. X-linked *CASK* dot-plot analyses. On X-axis, human *CASK* mRNA sequence (if genomic sequence is used, X-Y identities are very difficult to visualize). On Y-axes, genomic Y sequence from human (top) and rhesus (bottom). For each plot, a dot represents 30% identity within a 60-bp window. *CASKP* is a highly diverged stratum 3 pseudogene. Overall divergence patterns in human and rhesus are similar, indicating inactivation prior to OWM-ape split. Pattern in chimpanzee is nearly identical to that in human (not shown).

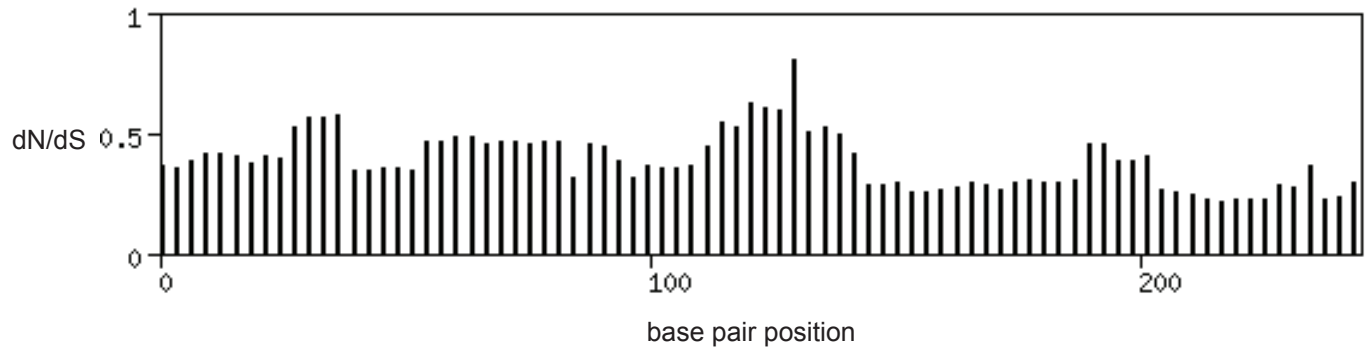
Supplementary Figure 16 Sliding-window analyses for rhesus-human ancestral gene pairs. For each ancestral gene, translated ORF sequences for rhesus and human were aligned using stretcher (<http://emboss.sourceforge.net>) with gap-open penalty of 20 and gap-extend penalty of 1. Resulting amino-acid alignments were used to convert corresponding rhesus and human mRNA sequences into codon alignments using PAL2NAL (<http://www.bork.embl.de/pal2nal>). A custom perl code was used to implement the CODEML program in PAML to calculate dN/dS ratios over a sliding window with a 3-bp step. Coding sequence (CDS) length determined window size: if CDS < 500 bp, window size = 150 bp; if CDS > 500 bp, window size = 300 bp. dN/dS values for each gene as a whole are given in Supplementary Table 3.

Supplementary Figure 16

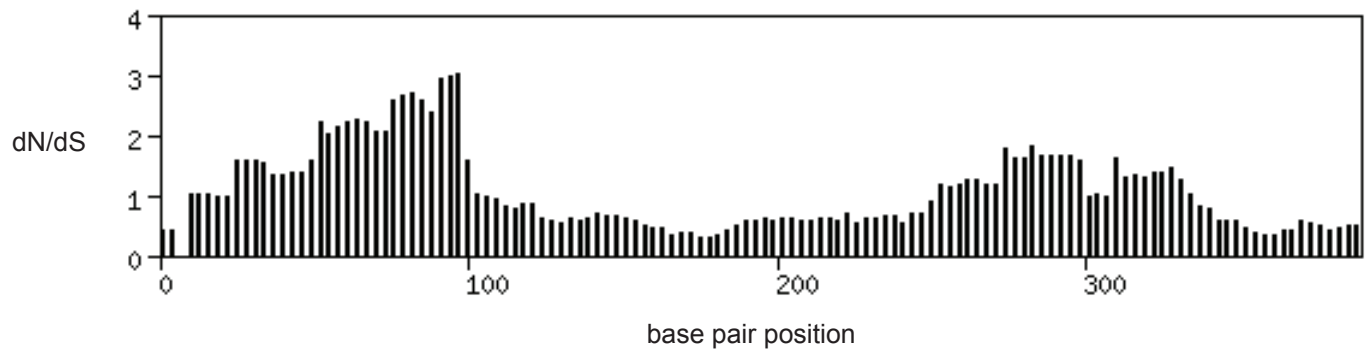
AMELY window size = 150 bp



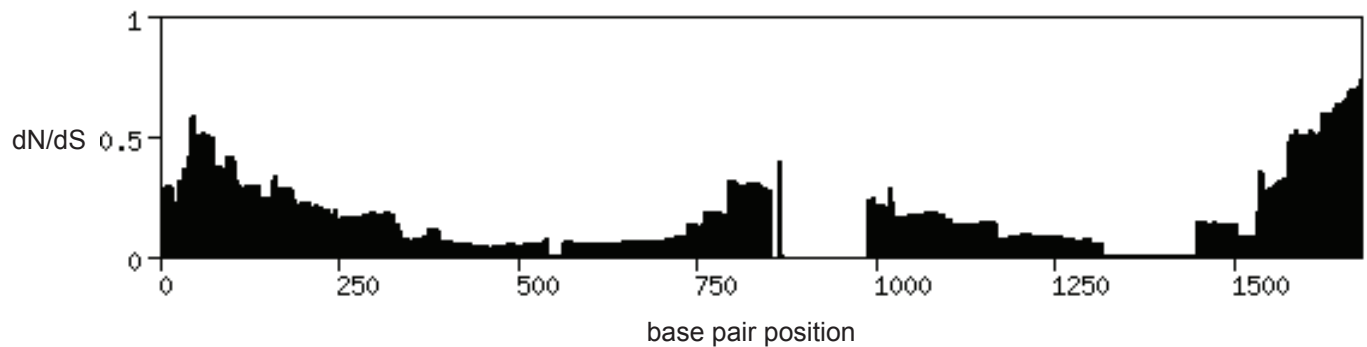
CYorf15a window size = 150 bp



CYorf15b window size = 150 bp

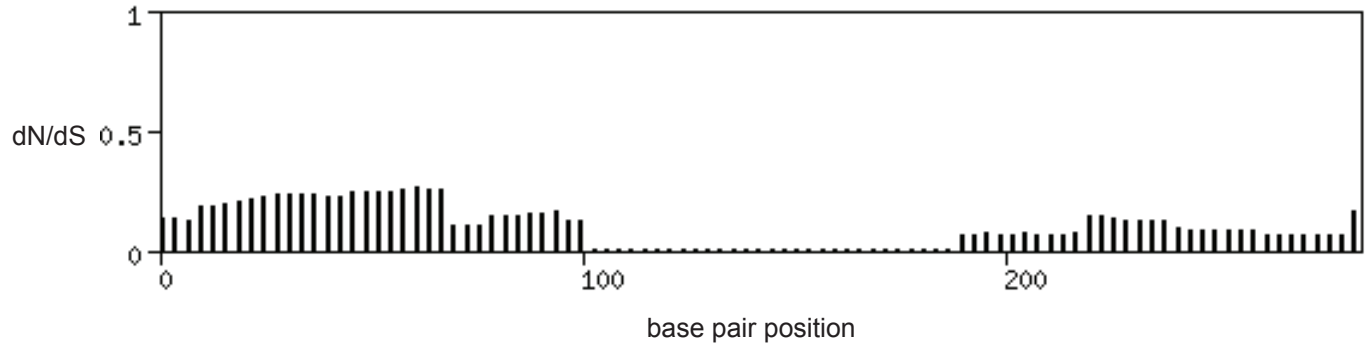


DDX3Y window size = 300 bp

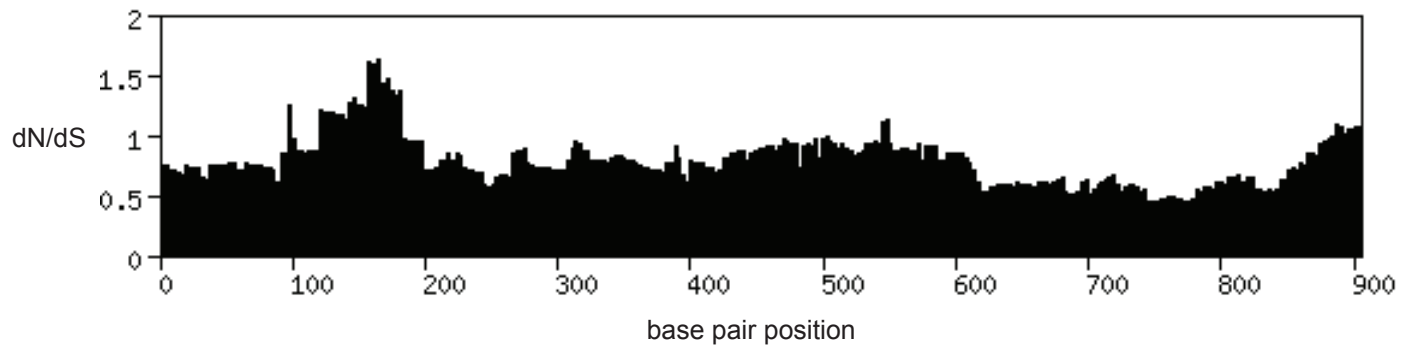


Supplementary Figure 16

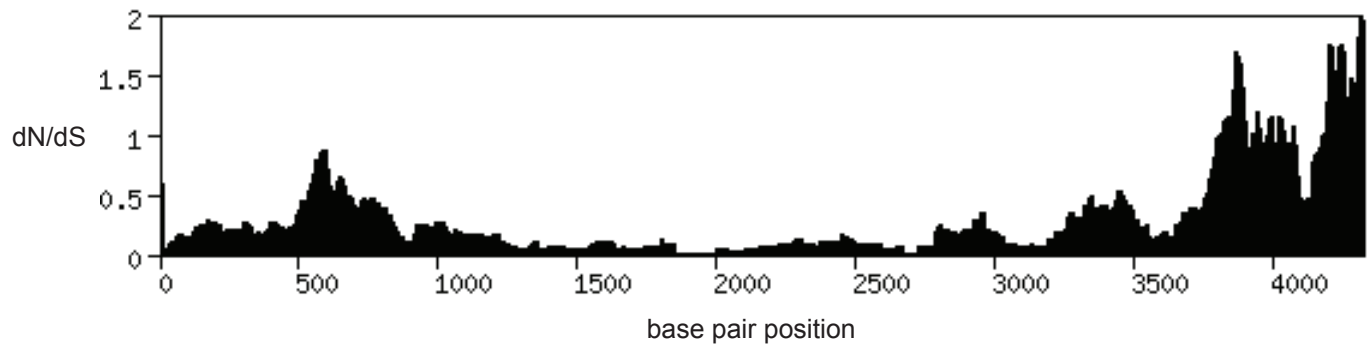
EIF1AY window size = 150 bp



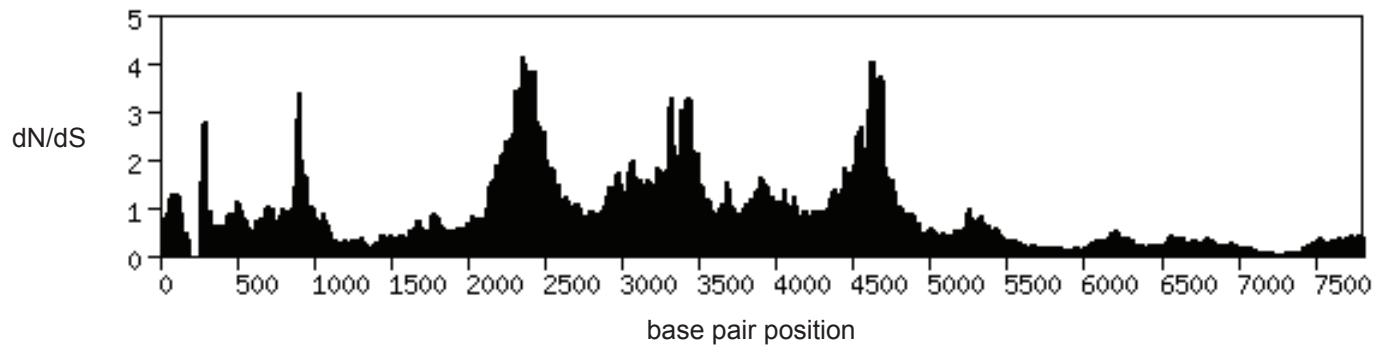
HSFY window size = 300 bp



KDM5D window size = 300 bp

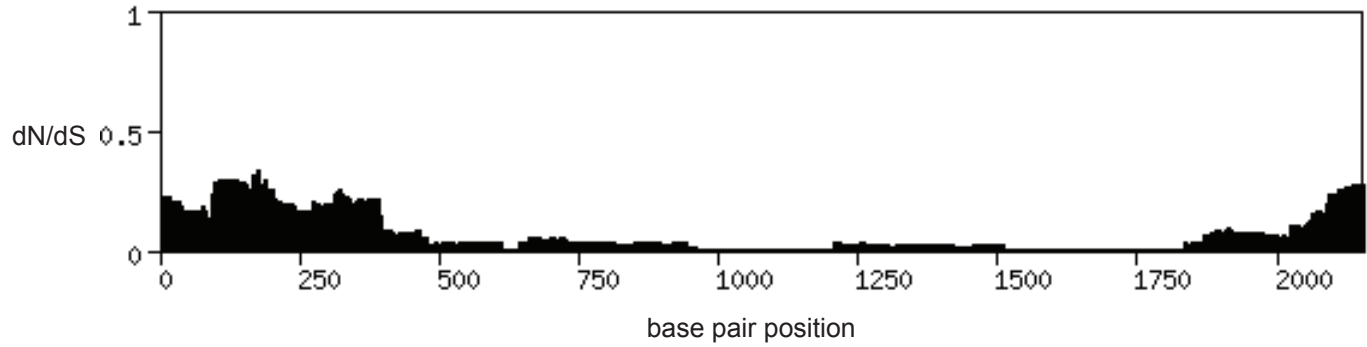


MXRA5Y window size = 300 bp

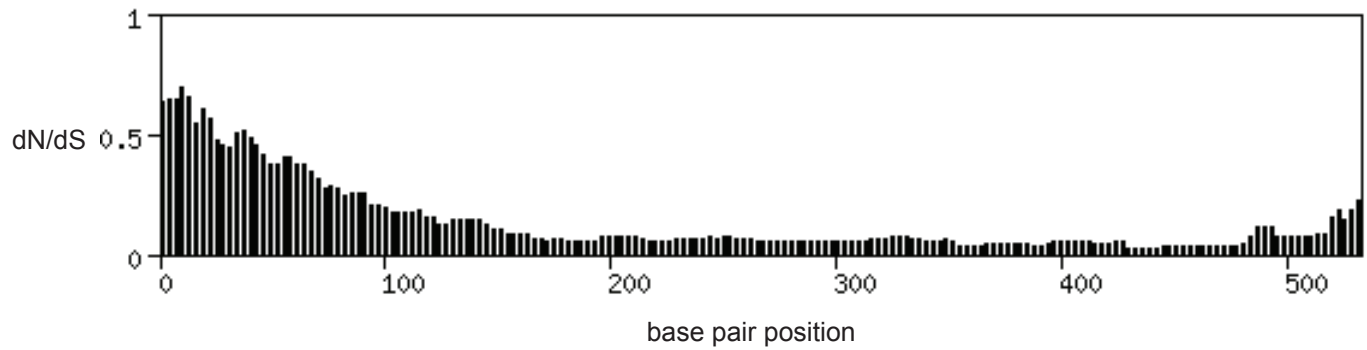


Supplementary Figure 16

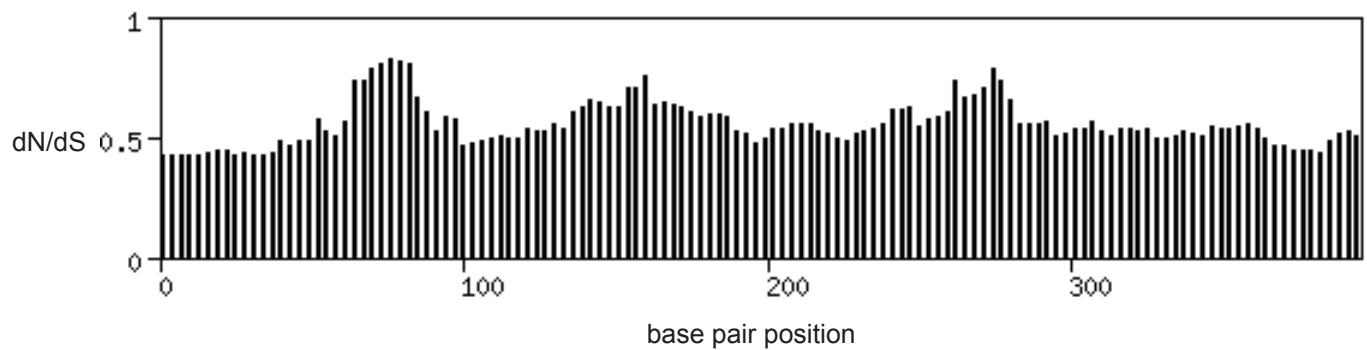
NLGN4Y window size = 300 bp



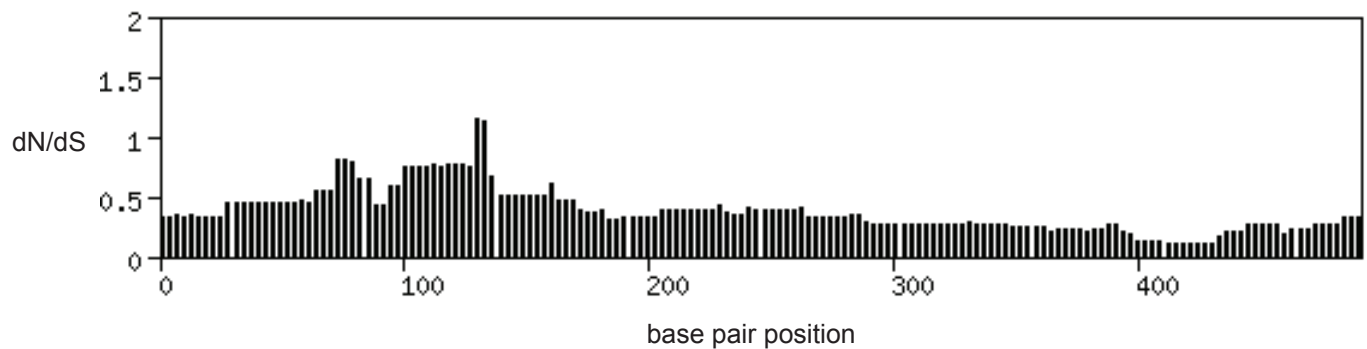
PRKY window size = 300 bp



RBMV window size = 300 bp

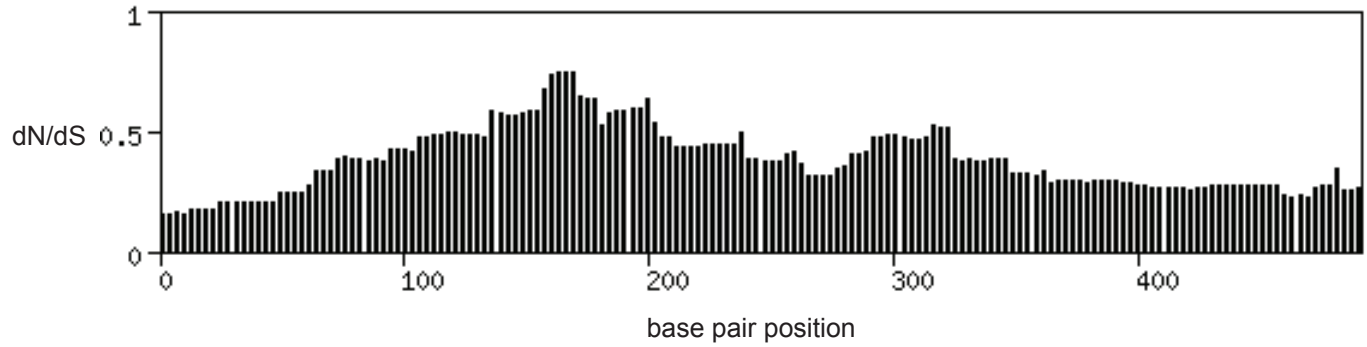


RPS4Y1 window size = 300 bp

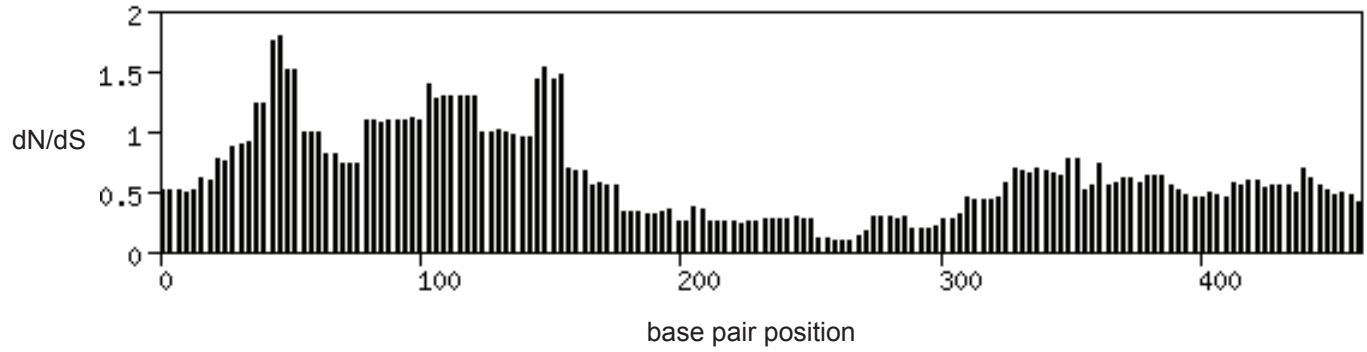


Supplementary Figure 16

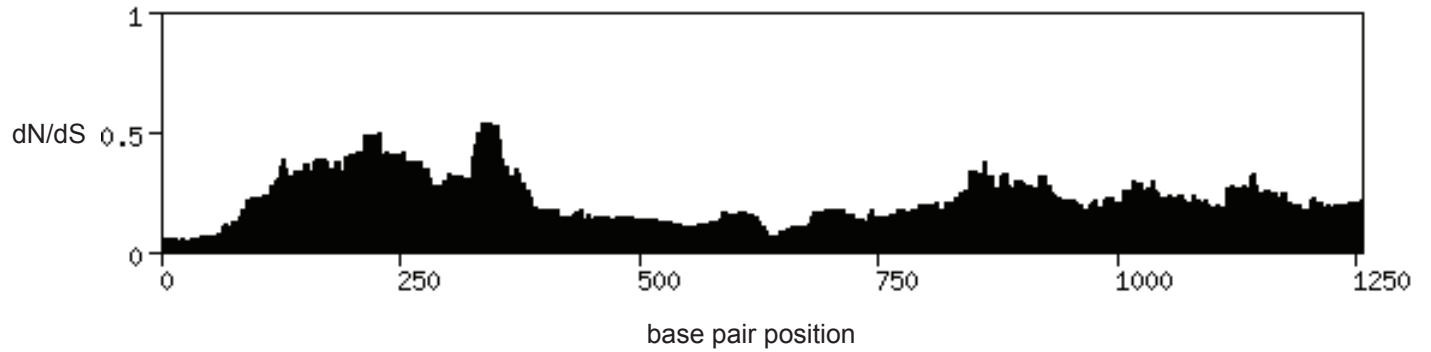
RPS4Y2 window size = 300 bp



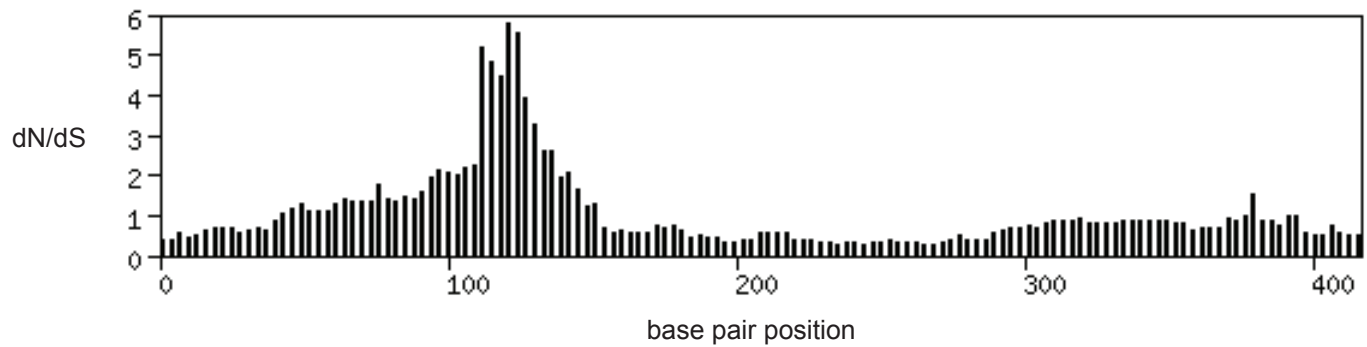
SRY window size = 150 bp



TBL1Y window size = 300 bp

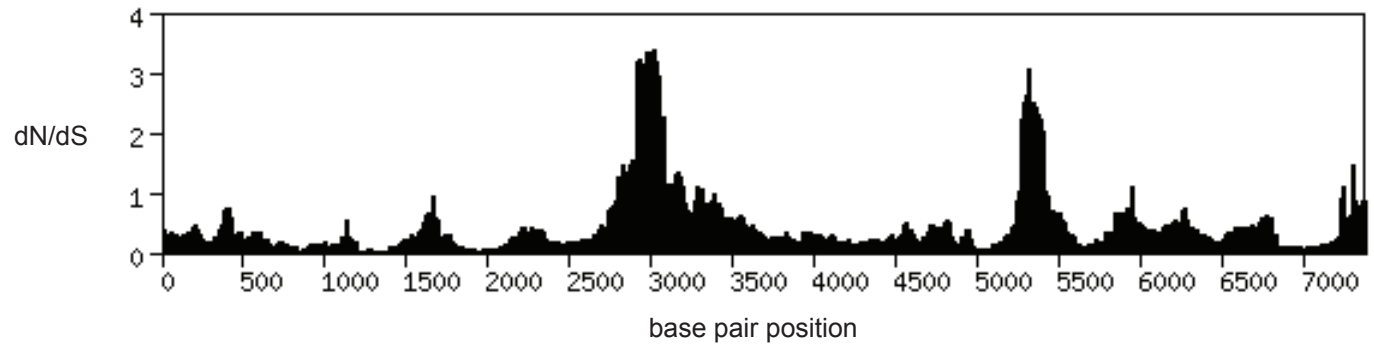


TSPY window size = 150 bp

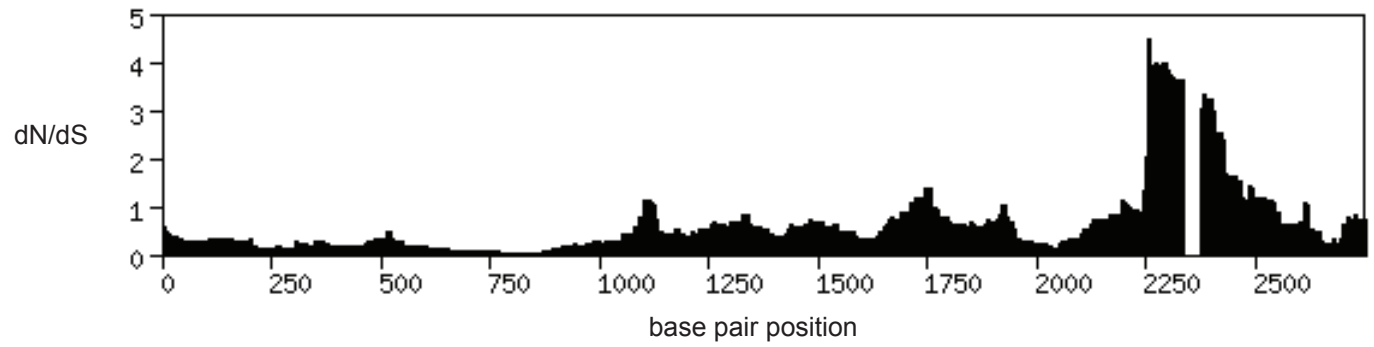


Supplementary Figure 16

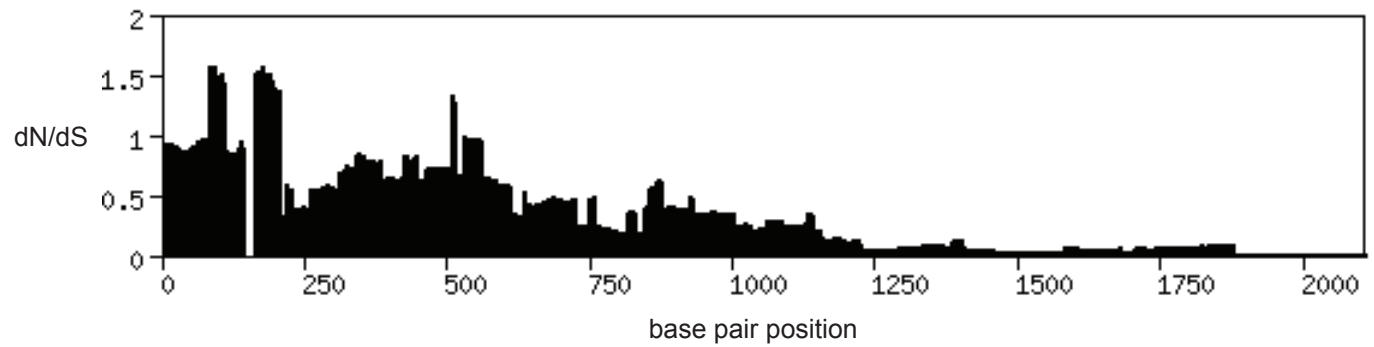
USP9Y window size = 300 bp



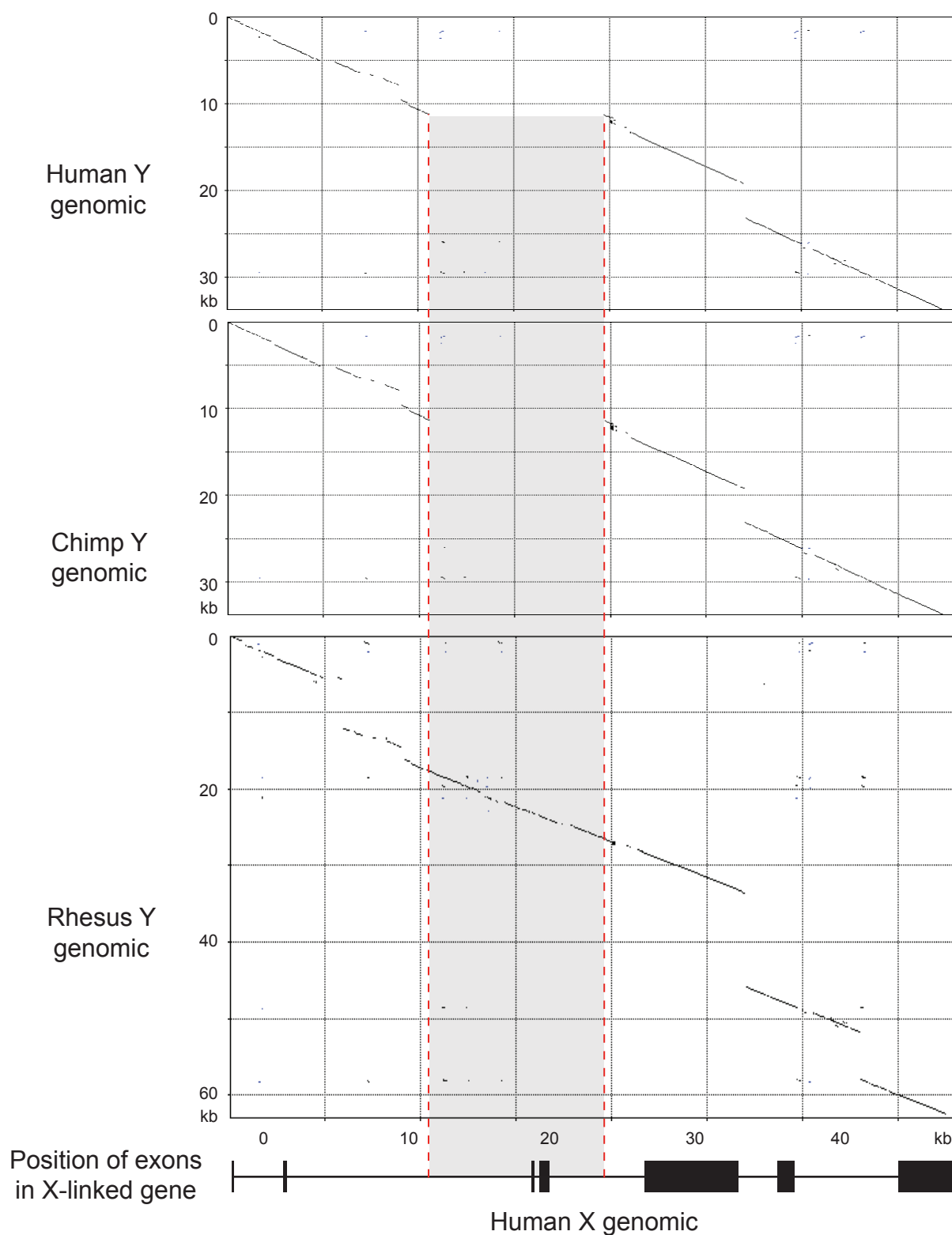
UTY window size = 300 bp



ZFY window size = 300 bp



MXRA5P/Y (Stratum 5)

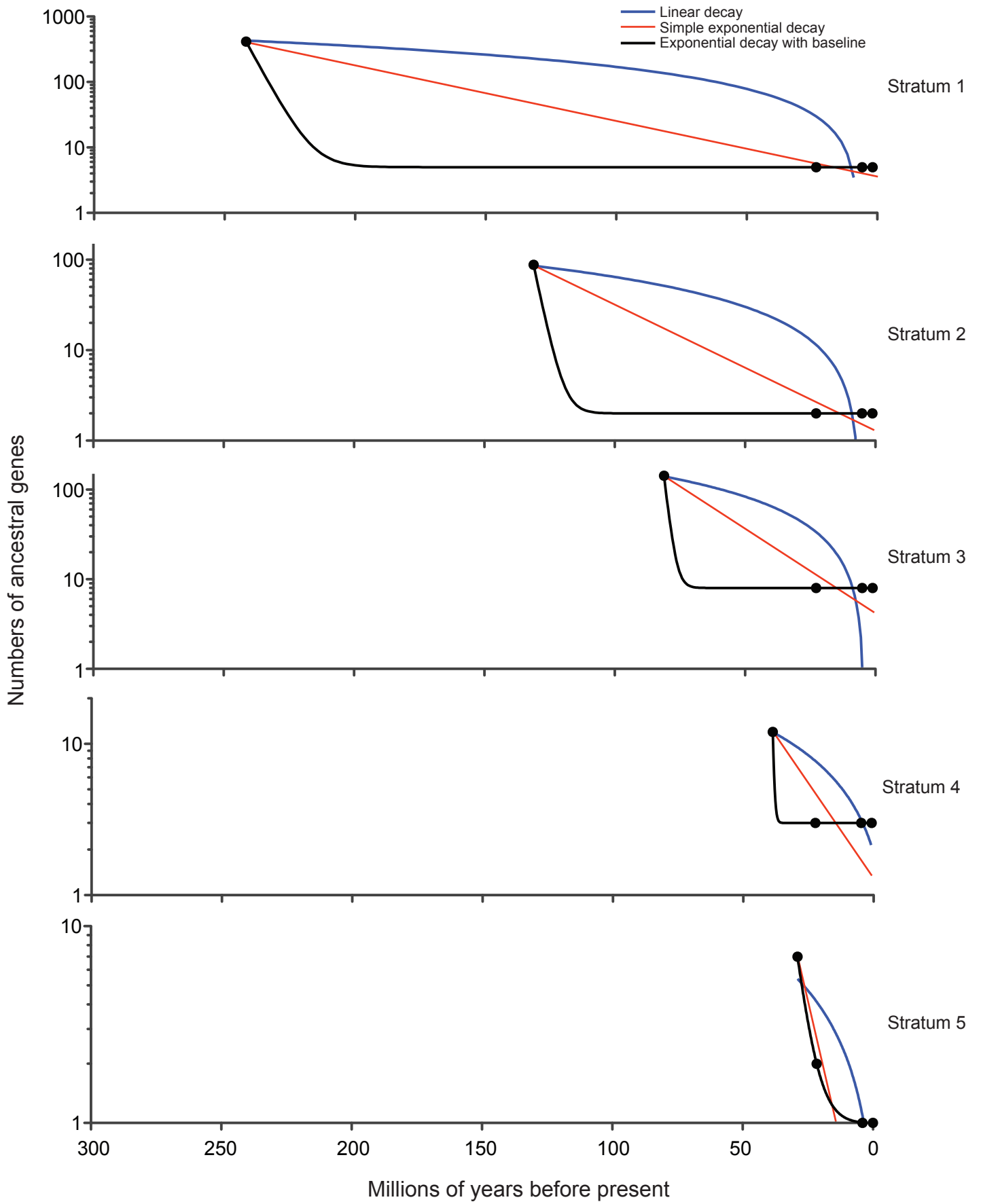


Supplementary Figure 17 Y-linked *MXRA5P/Y* vs. X-linked *MXRA5* dot-plot analyses in rhesus, human and chimpanzee. On X-axis, human *MXRA5* genomic sequence. Exon-intron structure of gene is depicted below. On Y-axes, genomic Y sequence from human (top), chimpanzee (middle), and rhesus (bottom). For each plot, a dot represents 70% identity within a 100-bp window. One deletion removing exons 4 and 5 (causing a truncation of >160 amino acids in the encoded protein) is common in human and chimpanzee (deleted region shaded, boundaries indicated by red dotted lines), but corresponding region is intact in rhesus MSY, indicating inactivation after OWM-ape split but prior to human-chimpanzee split.

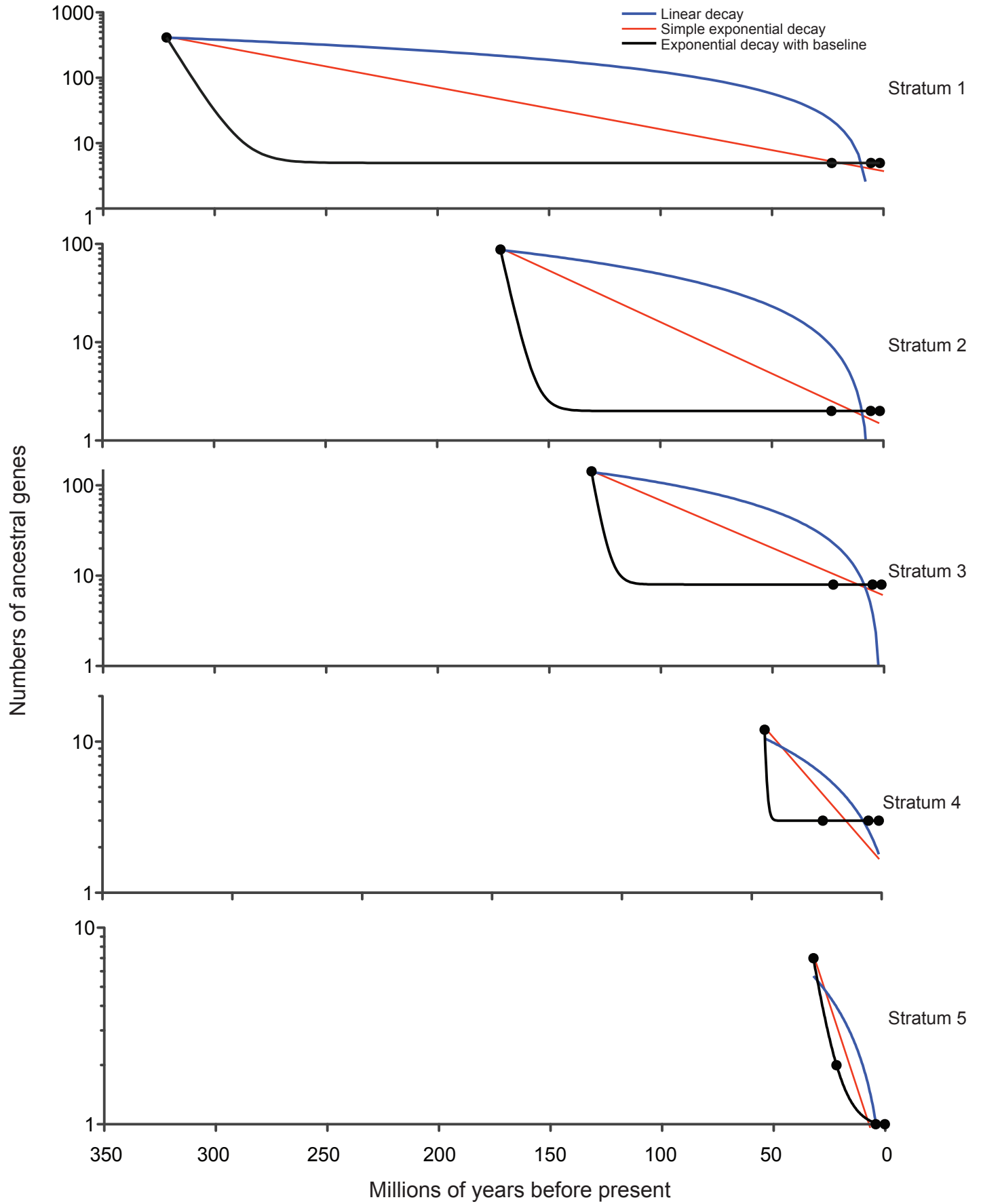
Supplementary Figure 18 Gene decay plots using alternative dates. Minimum (a) and maximum (b) estimations for strata formation dates and lineage divergence dates (given in table below) were used to fit curves using the same method as in Figure 3. Strata date ranges are from main text references 2 and 3. Lineage divergence date ranges are from <http://www.timetree.org>.

	Minimum date (millions of years ago)	Maximum date (millions of years ago)
Stratum 1 formation	240	320
Stratum 2 formation	130	170
Stratum 3 formation	80	130
Stratum 4 formation	38	44
Stratum 5 formation	29	32
Rhesus/human/chimp ancestor	21.6	38.1
Human/chimp ancestor	4	8.4

Supplementary Figure 18a



Supplementary Figure 18b



Supplementary Table 1. BAC clones, GenBank accession numbers and nucleotide positions in rhesus MSY sequence assembly

BAC name	GenBank accession number	Start position	End position
CH250-228N17	AC217136	1	207268
CH250-57C20	AC217135	133076	325216
CH250-234C9	AC218138	322828	501380
CH250-536L15	AC209790	431875	584730
CH250-7H7	AC225167	512927	663373
CH250-133J8	AC208953	586819	782238
CH250-441E9	AC207029	730115	876799
CH250-387J10	AC233579	864994	1013294
CH250-421L9	AC209415	892911	1069757
CH250-236O3	AC215551	1046643	1230612
CH250-352P1	AC209450	1076356	1242918
CH250-308C23	AC209448	1197004	1352770
CH250-392D8	AC232277	1280648	1422345
CH250-567J10	AC232812	1418007	1578821
CH250-348G18	AC225626	1477163	1632288
CH250-123M13	AC214072	1579682	1743196
CH250-262A6	AC213330	1658191	1842010
CH250-127G4	AC206102	1752845	1943979
CH250-56H16	AC206891	1925142	2091810
CH250-541A11	AC213321	2035026	2191714
RMAEX-106G5	AC237431	2068941	2238849
CH250-106J9	AC213381	2215041	2384793
CH250-6J16	AC212894	2324975	2515799
CH250-393D12	AC212004	2427003	2593199
CH250-265J16	AC217134	2557979	2729056
CH250-277C1	AC212744	2702320	2894742
CH250-369H16	AC217132	2847613	3006214
CH250-438I12	AC212027	2943049	3067481
CH250-127L17	AC212387	2970977	3146470
CH250-311C6	AC218137	3070618	3248221
CH250-523J16	AC233736	3209673	3350882
CH250-99J18	AC205186	3308293	3487624
CH250-95C23	AC213328	3390177	3567856
CH250-337J7	AC206885	3495927	3653839
CH250-445I24	AC207030	3632981	3806382
CH250-167G6	AC215694	3801429	3987257
CH250-182M22	AC206433	3927771	4100401
CH250-364B23	AC207035	4071824	4230386
RMAEX-213K20	AC237222	4194948	4340225
CH250-540A18	AC209796	4299833	4462069
CH250-231H12	AC229687	4460022	4656116
CH250-263I4	AC217137	4628633	4869929
CH250-3M7	AC207616	4802760	4999152

BAC name	GenBank accession number	Start position	End position
CH250-204D1	AC225831	4890266	5034651
CH250-380I15	AC217133	5026232	5211571
CH250-144P14	AC205194	5143525	5303607
CH250-477E7	AC225635	5291502	5442191
CH250-197K9	AC225612	5368446	5523328
CH250-198P20	AC215644	5515066	5672573
CH250-309A3	AC215643	5600065	5770585
CH250-128N24	AC215552	5733408	5930884
CH250-395B18	AC215642	5868056	6054638
CH250-214L22	AC217166	5998274	6175965
CH250-122N22	AC215550	6169834	6366283
CH250-165P22	AC206800	6320200	6506534
CH250-142O13-2	AC207049	6444445	6629531
CH250-392O18	AC215553	6604213	6767217
CH250-29I18	AC215641	6619972	6795425
CH250-361K18	AC215549	6769616	6921226
CH250-128P23	AC215640	6771158	6960166
CH250-97J21	AC231831	6859263	7014682
RMAEX-230N16	AC237223	6949034	7126320
CH250-542D24	AC209262	7016219	7146999
CH250-463B10	AC208130	7138967	7354612
CH250-164O10	AC208133	7218549	7411027
CH250-351H7	AC212790	7396859	7505560
CH250-182A8	AC209264	7529592	7712304
CH250-477B24	AC213057	7672571	7888031
CH250-374B3	AC225627	7797384	7945558
CH250-209A4	AC232762	7995862	8170559
CH250-406G3	AC217131	8107991	8283493
CH250-405N21	AC217130	8252767	8417927
CH250-429O23	AC234330	8321309	8475535
CH250-454C5	AC234329	8220669	8390741
CH250-63P1	AC231654	8477122	8686768
CH250-449N17	AC217129	8632679	8786585
CH250-324L17	AC217105	8661406	8838469
CH250-116D13	AC232761	8835736	9002807
CH250-489E18	AC225837	8864514	9051478
CH250-351E18	AC225636	9002180	9141063
CH250-500O12	AC209263	9072191	9243731
CH250-290P15	AC208132	9178269	9338264
CH250-185E13	AC208134	9303517	9488431
CH250-502N18	AC208128	9434149	9579023
CH250-297A9	AC211243	9556265	9716395
CH250-161E20	AC208131	9631825	9811209
CH250-517K1	AC208129	9715405	9885628
CH250-434B12	AC240711	9800240	9961034
CH250-11J13	AC240710	10126901	10322331
CH250-62E18	AC234913	10191476	10395727

BAC name	GenBank accession number	Start position	End position
CH250-249M17	AC233735	10343539	10527567
CH250-59H13	AC212028	10421737	10571823
CH250-99F15	AC212487	10480478	10664291
CH250-161N14	AC217138	10638430	10814598
CH250-492J9	AC208955	10699854	10878866
CH250-285M20	AC212789	10812514	11021146
CH250-317A11	AC209447	10879191	11053172
CH250-194C7	AC209446	10938528	11137503
CH250-118O14	AC219066	11091848	11253688

Supplementary Table 2. Palindromes in rhesus, human and chimpanzee MSYs

	Number of palindromes	Average arm length (kb)	Total arm length (kb)	% of total euchromatic sequence	Total # of genes in palindromes
Rhesus	3	73	437	3.9	4
Human	8	344	5507	24.2	20
Chimpanzee	19	198	7516	29.2	15

Supplementary Table 3. Comparative analysis of rhesus and human MSY genes

Stratum	Ancestral genes	Nucleotide position in rhesus MSY assembly			Coding sequence		% divergence (rhesus - human)			Detecting purifying selection			
		Start	End	Strand	ORF length	% of human ORF length	mRNA	Coding	Introns	dN/dS ¹	Fisher's exact test		
											95% C.I.	p-value	
1	<i>SRY</i>	81482	82385	R	611	100	6.60	6.04	n/a	0.55	0.29	0.98	0.06
	<i>RBMY</i>	6271571	6284071	R	695	47	11.32	9.04	12.21	0.54	0.32	0.99	0.07
	<i>RPS4Y1</i>	122092	147116	F	791	100	3.90	3.04	8.74	0.31	0.14	0.70	0.005
	<i>RPS4Y2</i>	6055088	6082902	F	791	100	5.31	4.55	9.58	0.26	0.13	0.48	<0.0001
	<i>HSFY1</i>	8006371	8008261	R	1205	100	7.76	7.79	10.55	0.62	0.42	0.91	0.02
	<i>HSFY2</i>	8384853	8386745	F	1205	100	9.16	8.70	12.11	0.81	0.55	1.19	0.3
	<i>HSFY3</i>	8553282	8555173	R	1205	100	9.29	8.78	12.11	0.77	0.53	1.15	0.2
2	<i>KDM5D</i>	5560125	5599597	R	4619	100	5.09	4.31	9.11	0.26	0.20	0.35	<0.0001
	<i>TSPY1</i>	6307721	6309591	R	566	61	11.27	9.48	15.54	0.77	0.41	1.26	0.3
	<i>TSPY2</i>	9880248	9881875	R	821	89	11.69	9.76	15.67	0.69	0.50	1.25	0.3
	<i>TSPY3</i>	9896624	9898258	R	821	89	11.69	9.76	15.67	0.69	0.50	1.25	0.3
	<i>TSPY4</i>	9913025	9914659	R	821	89	11.69	9.76	15.67	0.69	0.50	1.25	0.3
	<i>TSPY5</i>	9929422	9931056	R	821	89	11.69	9.76	15.67	0.69	0.50	1.25	0.3
3	<i>ZFY</i>	239742	287462	F	2405	100	3.71	2.08	7.63	0.17	0.09	0.30	<0.0001
	<i>DDX3Y</i>	2107890	2124485	F	1979	100	3.52	2.28	9.01	0.19	0.11	0.34	<0.0001
	<i>UTY</i>	2366565	2577315	R	4043	100	4.38	3.49	8.19	0.33	0.25	0.46	<0.0001
	<i>EIF1AY</i>	5853306	5870788	F	434	100	7.85	2.75	8.55	0.10	0.03	0.40	0.0003
	<i>CYorf15A</i>	5408162	5432524	F	395	100	6.74	5.79	9.10	0.33	0.15	0.69	0.005
	<i>CYorf15B</i>	5434583	5448447	F	539	99	6.26	5.74	8.61	0.54	0.27	1.05	0.07
	<i>USP9Y</i>	1904430	2077520	F	7682	100	3.67	3.02	8.22	0.29	0.23	0.37	<0.0001
	<i>TMSB4Y</i>	2640014	2642403	F	134	100	10.22	10.29	9.57	0.47	0.17	1.12	0.1
4	<i>AMELY</i>	659259	667900	R	578	100	4.89	5.00	7.19	1.33	0.61	2.98	0.5
	<i>NLGN4Y</i>	4143178	4465183	F	2510	102	6.90	4.04	9.95	0.09	0.05	0.13	<0.0001
	<i>TBL1Y</i>	1058868	1127299	F	1562	100	6.78	6.14	9.10	0.18	0.12	0.26	<0.0001

Stratum	Ancestral genes	Nucleotide position in rhesus MSY assembly			Coding sequence		% divergence (rhesus - human)			Detecting purifying selection			
		Start	End	Strand	ORF length	% of human ORF length	mRNA	Coding	Introns	Fisher's exact test			
										dN/dS*	95% C.I.	p-value	
5	<i>PRKY</i>	1189854	1297038	F	1076	129	8.28	6.31	9.64	0.28	0.16	0.46	<0.0001
	<i>MXRA5Y</i>	1583565	1646589	F	8405	642	7.17	7.35	8.67	0.99	0.80	1.24	1.0
	Average^{2,3} (ancestral):						6.55	5.32	9.47	0.30	0.27	0.34	<0.0001
	Average³ (ancestral; single-copy in rhesus and human only):						5.88	4.68	8.81	0.26	0.23	0.29	<0.0001
	Added genes												
	<i>DAZ1</i>	9133192	9195151	R	1796	80	9.24	7.53	11.00	0.92	0.53	1.59	0.75
	<i>DAZ2</i>	10630299	10698472	R	1742	78	9.53	11.03	11.27	0.62	0.40	0.96	0.06
	<i>CDY1</i>	8812938	8815149	R	1626	100	10.92	10.22	n/a	0.41	0.31	0.53	<0.0001
	<i>CDY2</i>	8902500	8904710	F	1625	100	10.87	10.16	n/a	0.41	0.32	0.54	<0.0001
	<i>XKRY</i>	7641603	7643120	R	749	212	16.06	14.40	n/a	1.08	0.75	1.57	0.7
	Average² (added):						11.44	10.79	11.13	0.60	0.50	0.72	<0.0001

¹dN/dS = Ratio of # of non-synonymous substitutions per non-synonymous site (dN) to # of synonymous substitutions per synonymous site (dS)

(Calculated using the CODEML program in the PAML package: Yang Z (1998) Mol Biol Evol 15:568-573)

(Fisher's exact test used to detect deviation of dN/dS ratio from neutrality or deviation from dN/dS = 1)

²Averages calculated using only one member of multicopy gene families with >99% identity

³Ancestral average does not include *MXKRA5Y*, which is a pseudogene in human

Supplementary Table 4. List of human X genes, organized by stratum, and conserved synteny in other vertebrates.

	<u>Ensembl gene ID</u>	<u>Gene symbol</u>	<u>Human X Position</u>	<u>Syntenic chicken homolog</u>	<u>Most distant conserved synteny of genes without chicken syntenic homologs</u>			
					<u>Anolis or Xenopus</u>	<u>Metatherians</u>	<u>Eutherians</u>	
Pseudo-autosomal region 1	ENSG00000182378	PLCXD1	132989					
	ENSG00000178605	GTPBP6	160025					
	ENSG00000178605	GTPBP6	168295					
	ENSG00000167393	PPP2R3B	214970					
	ENSG00000185960	SHOX	505079					
	ENSG00000205755	CRLF2	1274885					
	ENSG00000198223	CSF2RA	1347693					
	ENSG00000185291	IL3RA	1415509					
	ENSG00000169100	SLC25A6	1465144					
	ENSG00000169093	ASMTL	1482032					
	ENSG00000182162	P2RY8	1541468					
	ENSG00000197976	SFRS17A	1670486					
	ENSG00000196433	ASMT	1694024					
	ENSG00000169084	DHRX	2147557					
	ENSG00000214717	ZBED1	2414455					
	ENSG00000002586	CD99	2619228					
	ENSG00000124343	XG	2680115					
	Stratum 5	ENSG00000056998	GYG2	2756859				
		ENSG00000006756	ARSD	2832011				
ENSG00000157399		ARSE	2862673					
ENSG00000205667		ARSH	2934654					
ENSG00000062096		ARSF	2969512					
ENSG00000101825		MXRA5	3236606					
ENSG00000183943		PRKX	3532415					
Stratum 4	ENSG00000146938	NLGN4X	5818085					
	ENSG00000130021	HDHD1A	6976961					
	ENSG00000101846	STS	7147472					
	ENSG00000006757	PNPLA4	7826804					
	ENSG00000011201	KAL1	8456915					

Stratum 4	ENSG00000183304	FAM9A	8718836				
	ENSG00000101849	TBL1X	9391352				
	ENSG00000101850	GPR143	9653454				
	ENSG00000146950	SHROOM2	9714496				
	ENSG00000047644	WWC3	9943795				
	ENSG00000073464	CLCN4	10084985				
	ENSG00000101871	MID1	10373596				
Stratum 3	ENSG00000004961	HCCS	11039342				
	ENSG00000047648	ARHGAP6	11065584				
	ENSG00000125363	AMELX	11221454				
	ENSG00000005302	MSL3	11686199				
	ENSG00000169933	FRMPD4	12066506				
	ENSG00000101911	PRPS2	12719414				
	ENSG00000196664	TLR7	12795123				
	ENSG00000101916	TLR8	12834679				
	ENSG00000205542	TMSL2	12903150				
	ENSG00000198759	EGFL6	13497645				
	ENSG00000176896	TCEANC	13581146				
	ENSG00000123595	RAB9A	13617262				
	ENSG00000196459	TRAPPC2	13640282				
	ENSG00000046651	OFD1	13662785				
	ENSG00000046653	GPM6B	13698983				
	ENSG00000046647	GEMIN8	13934766				
	ENSG00000101958	GLRA2	14457565				
	ENSG00000181544	FANCB	14771450				
	ENSG00000130150	MOSPD2	14801484				
	ENSG00000102048	ASB9	15172030				
	ENSG00000165192	ASB11	15209759				
	ENSG00000165195	PIGA	15247503				
	ENSG00000165197	FIGF	15273640				
	ENSG00000087842	PIR	15312847				
	ENSG00000102010	BMX	15392290				
	ENSG00000130234	ACE2	15489077				
	ENSG00000147003	TMEM27	15555372				
	ENSG00000186312	CA5BP	15602976				

Stratum 3

ENSG00000102172	LOC646347	21868754			
ENSG00000102174	PHEX	21960842			
ENSG00000175809	ZNF645	22200986			
ENSG00000165186	PTCHD1	23262906			
ENSG00000123131	PRDX4	23592300			
ENSG00000123130	ACOT9	23631698			
ENSG00000130066	SAT1	23711211			
ENSG00000184831	APOO	23761402			
ENSG00000165182	CXORF58	23836044			
ENSG00000174010	KLHL15	23915884			
ENSG00000130741	EIF2S3	23982986			
ENSG00000180574	AC068775	23999592			
ENSG00000005889	ZFX	24077783			
ENSG00000067992	PDK3	24393475			
ENSG00000102230	PCYT1B	24486125			
ENSG00000101868	POLA1	24621957			
ENSG00000004848	ARX	24932213			
ENSG00000176774	MAGEB18	26066381			
ENSG00000176746	MAGEB6	26120478			
ENSG00000188408	MAGEB5	26145340			
ENSG00000177689	MAGEB10	27736028			
ENSG00000189186	DCAF8L1	27907570			
ENSG00000169306	IL1RAPL1	28515437			
ENSG00000099399	MAGEB2	30143601			
ENSG00000198798	MAGEB3	30158474			
ENSG00000120289	MAGEB4	30170090			
ENSG00000214107	MAGEB1	30171769			
ENSG00000169297	NR0B1	30232507			
ENSG00000120280	CXORF21	30486862			
ENSG00000178556	CKS1BP6	30545410			
ENSG00000198814	GK	30581397			
ENSG00000196475	GK2	30648889			
ENSG00000157625	TAB3	30755480			
ENSG00000132446	FTHL17	30999279			
ENSG00000198947	DMD	31042729			

Stratum 3	ENSG00000069509	FUNDC1	44267847				
	ENSG00000189037	DUSP21	44588194				
	ENSG00000147050	KDM6A	44617415				
	ENSG00000147113	CXORF36	44892563				
	ENSG00000175176	ZNF674	46243490				
	ENSG00000147119	CHST7	46318136				
	ENSG00000065923	SLC9A7	46351081				
	ENSG00000102218	RP2	46581319				
	ENSG00000102221	PHF16	46656680				
	ENSG00000130988	RGN	46822719				
Stratum 2	ENSG00000147123	NDUFB11	46886559				
	ENSG00000182872	RBM10	46889575				
	ENSG00000130985	UBA1	46935204				
	ENSG00000102225	CDK16	46962576				
	ENSG00000102226	USP11	46977258				
	ENSG00000147117	ZNF157	47114943				
	ENSG00000147124	ZNF41	47191352				
	ENSG00000078061	ARAF	47305522				
	ENSG00000008056	SYN1	47316244				
	ENSG00000102265	TIMP1	47326634				
	ENSG00000126759	CFP	47368557				
	ENSG00000126767	ELK1	47379864				
	ENSG00000126756	UXT	47396140				
	ENSG00000187893	CXXC1P1	47467857				
	ENSG00000188459	WASF4	47541297				
	ENSG00000197779	ZNF81	47581245				
	ENSG00000147118	ZNF182	47719195				
	ENSG00000171489	SPACA5B	47748678				
	ENSG00000221994	ZNF630	47802547				
	ENSG00000171478	SPACA5B	47875014				
	ENSG00000165583	SSX5	47930600				
	ENSG00000017483	SLC38A5	48201866				
	ENSG00000068438	FTSJ1	48219493				
	ENSG00000102312	PORCN	48252307				
	ENSG00000147155	EBP	48265177				

Stratum 2

ENSG00000147082	CCNB3	49856156			
ENSG00000204466	DGKK	50128637			
ENSG00000158352	SHROOM4	50351387			
ENSG00000130385	BMP15	50670475			
ENSG00000122824	NUDT10	51091823			
ENSG00000187690	CXORF67	51166507			
ENSG00000196368	NUDT11	51249603			
ENSG00000189369	GSPT2	51503267			
ENSG00000179222	MAGED1	51562895			
ENSG00000187243	MAGED4	51821663			
ENSG00000154545	MAGED4	51944659			
ENSG00000184194	GPR173	53095231			
ENSG00000184205	TSPYL2	53128274			
ENSG00000126012	KDM5C	53237381			
ENSG00000124313	IQSEC2	53278784			
ENSG00000072501	SMC1A	53417795			
ENSG00000158423	RIBC1	53466575			
ENSG00000072506	HSD17B10	53474931			
ENSG00000086758	HUWE1	53575782			
ENSG00000172943	PHF8	53979834			
ENSG00000184083	FAM120C	54111482			
ENSG00000196632	WNK3	54239580			
ENSG00000158526	TSR2	54483578			
ENSG00000102302	FGD1	54488614			
ENSG00000130119	GNL3L	54570464			
ENSG00000102313	ITIH5L	54792341			
ENSG00000102316	MAGED2	54850757			
ENSG00000067445	TRO	54963969			
ENSG00000158571	PFKFB1	54976315			
ENSG00000169188	APEX2	55043505			
ENSG00000158578	ALAS2	55052213			
ENSG00000187601	MAGEH1	55495263			
ENSG00000185295	USP51	55529687			
ENSG00000189299	FOXR2	55666558			
ENSG00000083750	RRAGB	55760897			

Stratum 2	ENSG00000102349	KLF8	56275632				
	ENSG00000188021	UBQLN2	56606797				
	ENSG00000204271	SPIN3	57033990				
	ENSG00000186787	SPIN2B	57162840				
	ENSG00000147059	SPIN2A	57177688				
	ENSG00000165591	FAAH2	57329864				
	ENSG00000198205	ZXDA	57949867				
Stratum 1	ENSG00000186767	SPIN4	62483832				
	ENSG00000131089	ARHGEF9	62771572				
	ENSG00000184675	FAM123B	63321722				
	ENSG00000198881	ASB12	63360801				
	ENSG00000102043	MTMR8	63404687				
	ENSG00000126970	ZC4H2	64052987				
	ENSG00000102053	ZC3H12B	64625431				
	ENSG00000001497	LAS1L	64649188				
	ENSG00000147065	MSN	64804283				
	ENSG00000155659	VSIG4	65158307				
	ENSG00000089472	HEPH	65299388				
	ENSG00000089472	HEPH	65403953				
	ENSG00000131080	EDA2R	65732204				
	ENSG00000169083	AR	66680599				
	ENSG00000079482	OPHN1	67179440				
	ENSG00000181704	YIPF6	67635611				
	ENSG00000130052	STARD8	67784229				
	ENSG00000090776	EFNB1	67965556				
	ENSG00000181191	PJA1	68297422				
	ENSG00000215162	CXORF62	68316125				
	ENSG00000130054	FAM155B	68641803				
	ENSG00000158813	EDA	68752636				
	ENSG00000147160	AWAT2	69177117				
	ENSG00000189401	OTUD6A	69199066				
	ENSG00000089289	IGBP1	69270043				
	ENSG00000184210	DGAT2L6	69314061				
	ENSG00000204195	AWAT1	69371271				
	ENSG00000186912	P2RY4	69394745				

Stratum 1

ENSG00000147138	GPR174	78313125			
ENSG00000078596	ITM2A	78502541			
ENSG00000122145	TBX22	79156911			
ENSG00000215104	RP11-217H19	79414226			
ENSG00000174016	FAM46D	79562602			
ENSG00000183665	TRMT12	79580677			
ENSG00000165288	BRWD3	79818351			
ENSG00000198157	HMG5	80255856			
ENSG00000198157	HMG5	80263772			
ENSG00000131171	SH3BGRL	80344278			
ENSG00000196767	POU3F4	82649941			
ENSG00000183035	CYLC1	83002826			
ENSG00000072133	RPS6KA6	83205640			
ENSG00000165259	HDX	83459541			
ENSG00000155008	APOOL	84145559			
ENSG00000184788	SATL1	84222096			
ENSG00000147180	ZNF711	84385653			
ENSG00000124429	POF1B	84419058			
ENSG00000188419	CHM	85002841			
ENSG00000203668	CHML	85098025			
ENSG00000126733	DACH2	85290118			
ENSG00000102271	KLHL4	86659425			
ENSG00000153779	TGIF2LX	89063537			
ENSG00000174740	PABPC5	90576250			
ENSG00000102290	PCDH11X	90920960			
ENSG00000186310	NAP1L3	92812585			
ENSG00000179083	FAM133A	92815861			
ENSG00000147202	DIAPH2	95826365			
ENSG00000204086	RPA4	96025668			
ENSG00000165194	PCDH19	99433300			
ENSG00000000005	TNMD	99726446			
ENSG00000000003	TSPAN6	99770451			
ENSG00000102359	SRPX2	99785819			
ENSG00000102362	SYTL4	99816144			
ENSG00000101811	CSTF2	99962004			

Stratum 1

ENSG00000177613	CSTF2T	99963894				
ENSG00000007952	NOX1	99984969				
ENSG00000182489	XKRX	100055090				
ENSG00000174225	ARL13A	100111356				
ENSG00000188917	TRMT2B	100150992				
ENSG00000126950	TMEM35	100220519				
ENSG00000102384	CENPI	100239827				
ENSG00000102385	DRP2	100361414				
ENSG00000102387	TAF7L	100409898				
ENSG00000178913	TAF7	100425228				
ENSG00000126953	TIMM8A	100487308				
ENSG00000010671	BTK	100491091				
ENSG00000126945	RPL36AP37	100532633				
ENSG00000102393	GLA	100539435				
ENSG00000126945	RPL36AP37	100553941				
ENSG00000196440	ARMCX4	100627118				
ENSG00000126947	ARMCX1	100692170				
ENSG00000204072	ARMCX6	100739145				
ENSG00000198960	ARMCX6	100756772				
ENSG00000102401	ARMCX3	100764776				
ENSG00000184867	ARMCX2	100796923				
ENSG00000126952	NXF5	100973741				
ENSG00000166432	ZMAT1	101023918				
ENSG00000184905	TCEAL2	101267316				
ENSG00000204071	TCEAL6	101281589				
ENSG00000184515	BEX5	101295340				
ENSG00000185554	NXF2	101356936				
ENSG00000215046	LLOXNC01-19[101356936				
ENSG00000158164	TMSB15B	101655266				
ENSG00000196970	NXF4	101691549				
ENSG00000125962	ARMCX5	101740752				
ENSG00000198932	GPRASP1	101792950				
ENSG00000158301	GPRASP2	101853760				
ENSG00000198908	BHLHB9	101862310				
ENSG00000102128	RAB40AL	102078856				

Stratum 1

ENSG00000147246	HTR2C	113724807			
ENSG00000165502	RPL36AL	113730376			
ENSG00000123496	IL13RA2	114144794			
ENSG00000130224	LRCH2	114251441			
ENSG00000170748	RBMXL2	114330261			
ENSG00000213516	CCBL2	114330261			
ENSG00000102024	PLS3	114701740			
ENSG00000180772	AGTR2	115215986			
ENSG00000087916	SLC6A14	115481818			
ENSG00000003096	KLHL13	116915804			
ENSG00000198642	KLHL9	116928087			
ENSG00000131725	WDR44	117364070			
ENSG00000147251	DOCK11	117513900			
ENSG00000131724	IL13RA1	117745587			
ENSG00000174460	ZCCHC12	117841774			
ENSG00000175556	LONRF3	117992609			
ENSG00000175553	KIAA1210	118096627			
ENSG00000101856	PGRMC1	118254279			
ENSG00000214992	AC004835.2	118270637			
ENSG00000077713	SLC25A43	118397679			
ENSG00000005022	SLC25A5P8	118486436			
ENSG00000018610	CXORF56	118556140			
ENSG00000077721	UBE2A	118592527			
ENSG00000186416	NKRF	118606328			
ENSG00000125354	SEPT6	118633715			
ENSG00000187808	ANKRD58	118776604			
ENSG00000198918	RPL39	118804497			
ENSG00000214289	RPL39P5	118808002			
ENSG00000125351	UPF3B	118852017			
ENSG00000125352	RNF113A	118888466			
ENSG00000125356	NDUFA1	118889762			
ENSG00000186471	AKAP14	118913828			
ENSG00000101882	NKAP	118943052			
ENSG00000189134	NKAPL	118943390			
ENSG00000177485	ZBTB33	119268635			

Stratum 1

ENSG0000022267	FHL1	135057346			
ENSG00000129680	MAP7D3	135123047			
ENSG00000156920	GPR112	135210788			
ENSG00000102239	BRS3	135397791			
ENSG00000102241	HTATSF1	135407337			
ENSG00000102243	VGLL1	135441977			
ENSG00000102245	CD40LG	135558002			
ENSG00000129675	ARHGEF6	135575372			
ENSG00000147274	RBMX	135783288			
ENSG00000165370	GPR101	135939973			
ENSG00000156925	ZIC3	136476012			
ENSG00000129682	FGF13	137541401			
ENSG00000101981	F9	138440561			
ENSG00000101977	MCF2	138491596			
ENSG00000101974	ATP11C	138636171			
ENSG00000203933	CXORF66	138865550			
ENSG00000134595	SOX3	139412818			
ENSG00000184258	CDR1	139692236			
ENSG00000182195	LDOC1	140097596			
ENSG00000165509	MAGEC3	140753768			
ENSG00000155495	MAGEC1	140819346			
ENSG00000046774	MAGEC2	141117797			
ENSG00000179542	SLITRK4	142543610			
ENSG00000102069	UBE2NL	142794839			
ENSG00000185985	LOC10012909	144707381			
ENSG00000221870	CXORF1	144716888			
ENSG00000102081	FMR1	146801173			
ENSG00000176988	FMR1NB	146870541			
ENSG00000155966	AFF2	147389831			
ENSG00000010404	IDS	148368206			
ENSG00000176289	IDSP1	148414420			
ENSG00000197620	CXORF40A	148430463			
ENSG00000123584	MAGEA9B	148471105			
ENSG00000171129	HSFX2	148481974			
ENSG00000155984	TMEM185A	148486016			

Stratum 1

	ENSG00000013563	DNASE1L1	153282773				
	ENSG000000102125	TAZ	153293071				
	ENSG000000071553	ATP6AP1	153310172				
	ENSG000000203879	GDI1	153318705				
	ENSG000000071859	FAM50A	153325698				
	ENSG000000130827	PLXNA3	153339817				
	ENSG000000196976	LAGE3	153358435				
	ENSG000000102178	UBL4A	153365254				
	ENSG000000126903	SLC10A3	153368842				
	ENSG000000071889	FAM3A	153387696				
	ENSG000000160211	G6PD	153412800				
	ENSG000000073009	IKBKG	153423672				
	ENSG000000160219	GAB3	153556725				
	ENSG000000130826	DKC1	153637340				
	ENSG000000100721	TCL1A	153646932				
	ENSG000000130830	MPP1	153660162				
	ENSG000000185010	F8	153717257				
	ENSG000000198082	H2AFB1	153766511				
	ENSG000000197932	F8A1	153767829				
	ENSG000000165775	FUNDC2	153908258				
	ENSG000000165775	FUNDC2	153938384				
	ENSG000000182712	MTCP1	153943091				
	ENSG000000214827	MTCP1	153943098				
	ENSG000000185515	BRCC3	153952889				
	ENSG000000155959	VBP1	154097744				
	ENSG000000155961	RAB39B	154140721				
	ENSG000000155962	CLIC2	154158720				
	ENSG000000198307	H2AFB2	154263622				
	ENSG000000185978	H2AFB2	154342270				
	ENSG000000185973	TMLHE	154372967				
Pseudo-autosomal	ENSG000000168939	SPRY3	154650645				
region 2	ENSG000000124333	VAMP7	154764207				
	ENSG000000182484	WASH6P	154903161				

Supplementary Table 5. Copy numbers of rhesus, human, and chimpanzee MSY genes

Origin	Stratum	Gene	Copy number of gene in indicated species			
			Rhesus	Human ¹	Chimpanzee ²	
Ancestral	1	<i>SRY</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>RBMV</i>	1	6	6	
		<i>RPS4Y1</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>RPS4Y2</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>HSFY</i>	3	2	0	
	2	<i>KDM5D</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>TSPY</i>	5	35	6	
	3	<i>ZFY</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>DDX3Y</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>UTY</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>EIF1AY</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>CYorf15A</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>CYorf15B</i>	1	1	0	
		<i>USP9Y</i>	1	1	0	
		<i>TMSB4Y</i>	1	1	0	
		4	<i>AMELY</i>	1	1	1
			<i>NLGN4Y</i>	1	1	1
	<i>TBL1Y</i>		1	1	0	
	5	<i>PRKY</i>	1	1	1	
		<i>MXRA5Y</i>	1	0	0	
	Total:			26	59	24
	Added		<i>DAZ</i>	2	4	4
			<i>CDY</i>	2	4	5
			<i>XKRY</i>	1	2	0
		<i>VCY</i>	0	2	2	
		<i>BPY2</i>	0	3	2	
		<i>PRY</i>	0	2	0	
		<i>PCDH11Y</i>	0	1	0	
		<i>TGIF2LY</i>	0	1	0	
Total:			5	19	13	
Grand Total:			31	78	37	

¹Gene numbers for human from Skaletsky *et al.*, 2003, Nature 423:825-37

²Gene numbers for chimpanzee from Hughes, *et al.* 2010, Nature 463:536-9

Supplementary Table 6. Parameters of one-phase exponential decay models of gene numbers in MSY strata

Stratum	N_0	K (my^{-1})	Half-life (my)	Baseline	R squared
1	414	0.144	4.8	5	1.00
2	88	0.288	2.4	2	1.00
3	143	0.433	1.6	8	1.00
4	12	2.020	0.34	3	1.00
5	7	0.325	2.1	1	1.00

N_0 Starting number of genes

K Decay constant

my Millions of years

Supplementary Table 7. PCR primers for radiation hybrid mapping

Marker	BAC location of marker	Product size (bp)	Left primer	Right primer
0671	CH250-57C20	200	CATGAATGTTACTGAATCTTCAACG	GGAATTAGAAGTGCCTGCGA
0829	CH250-56H16	253	TCTGAACAAAGGACTGACAGGA	CTTGAGGCTTGCAACTTGAT
1030	CH250-364B23	327	CTTTGTCCCTCACTGGTGGT	AGTCAAGGGGTGTTGGACTG
1060	CH250-198P20	337	GCTCTCAGTGACTGCTTCCA	TCTGCACATGTACCCCAGAA
1121	CH250-374B3	325	GCCATTGTCAAGAGAGCACA	ACACTTGCTGTCAGGGGAAA
1258	CH250-209A4	341	CTGTGAGCAGTTGTAGGCCA	ACTTTCTCCCGCTTTCCTTC
0830	CH250-517K1	345	GGAATTCTCCAGCAAACACG	CCCACATCTCTCTCACACC
1291	CH250-62E18	263	CCTTCCAGGGAGAGATTTCA	AGGGGGAGTTGTAACCAAGG
1264	CH250-249M17	311	TTTGGATGCAGTGTGGAA	TCAAACCACAACATGTGCAG

Supplementary Table 8. Primers for RT-PCR analysis of rhesus MSY genes

Gene	Product size (bp)	Left primer	Right primer
<i>CDY</i>	736	AACAACACGGATCCAAAAGC	TCAAGACCGCAACAAAACAC
<i>CYorf15A</i>	595	GAAGTAGGGAAAAGAGGTAATACCCA	CAAAGGCTGGTAGGGTTTCC
<i>CYorf15B</i>	495	TGCTTCTAGGCTACTTTTTCTCC	TTCTCTCAGCCATTTGCAG
<i>DAZ1</i>	782	CCAAATCCACCAGGTGCA	CAGATTTCCCTTTTGCTCCC
<i>DAZ2</i>	677	GGTCCGCTTTTAGAGGCTCT	GTTATAGGATTCAGCGCGACTC
<i>DDX3Y</i>	661	GCCACCTCATTCTTTAATGAAAAA	CGAACGATCCTCAGTCACAA
<i>EIF1AY</i>	690	TGAGGCATCTTAGGTCAGCC	GGGTCATCAGCTTCCAAAGA
<i>HSFY1/2</i>	687	CCACCTTTCTGGCTGAAGAG	GCCTGAAAAGAGGGCTAGAT
<i>HSFY3</i>	604	TGAAGATTTCAACAGGAAGCA	TGGTACTCTTTAATGGAAGATCAG
<i>JARID1D</i>	617	CACTGACACCATCCCTCATG	CGGCAACAGTGAGGACAGTA
<i>MXRA5Y</i>	827	TGAGCACAAGGAGGAGAGCA	GCGCCATGCATACTAGCTCA
<i>NLGN4Y</i>	739	GTACCCGCCGATCTCCTG	TGCCAATGAGAAGTGTCTGC
<i>PRKY</i>	988	AAGCTCACGGACTTTGGATTT	TGTTGTCCCCAAGAGAAGAAAA
<i>RBMV</i>	666	TGCATACGACCTGAGGACTG	GAAGAGGTCGGCTCTCTGTG
<i>RPS4Y1</i>	963	TTCCAGGCTGTGAACTCTATAGC	GGCAAAGAAAAAAGATACACTGC
<i>RPS4Y2</i>	917	CGGATTACGACCACAGAGTACG	GAAACAGGAATTCACTGTTTATTTGT
<i>TBL1Y</i>	704	TGTTGAAATTCACCCAACA	CCTGAAGATTGTGAACGCAT
<i>TMSB4Y</i>	665	ATTCGCAGTGGTCAATTTCC	ATTCACTGCCATCCCCTC
<i>TSPY</i>	458	GCAAACCACCCTCAGATGTC	TCAGCTCTGATCACTCCATCA
<i>USP9Y</i>	675	TCCCTCATCCGAGTGCATA	AGGTGGCCTTCCAGTATCAG
<i>UTY</i>	559	CAATTAGGTCACTTCAACCTATTGC	CAGAATTAGGATCTGCCTCCAGT
<i>XKRY</i>	333	TGTGTACCATTGTTGGCACC	GATGAGCTGCATGGCAATTA
<i>ZFY</i>	572	ATCATTACTGATCCTCTGACCAGT	ACGAAGGTTTTCATTTTCATCC