

Nucleotide sequence of the *Sesbania rostrata* leghemoglobin (*Srglb3*) gene

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Sesbania rostrata is a tropical leguminous shrub, which can be nodulated on the stem, as well as the root by its nitrogen fixing symbiont Azorhizobium caulinodans ORS 571 (1, 2). Using a heterologous lb gene probe from soybean (lbc3), we isolated a lb cDNA and subsequently two genomic lb loci from S. rostrata (3). The nucleotide and deduced amino acid sequence of one of these lb loci (Srglb3) is shown in Fig. 1. The first 25 amino acids of GLb3 and GLb2 (3) are identical to those determined for S. rostrata LbVI and VII by protein sequencing (4). Inspection of the amino acid differences between GLb3 and 2 and their chromatographic properties (4) suggests that Srglb2 encodes LbVI and Srglb3 LbVII.

-388	GAATTCACTTATTACTAGAATTAACACAGGTTCACTAAATAATAGTTTTTATAAAAAGATATTGCTTCCTTGAAAAAAAGATGTTTGAAAAA	-289
-288	-TTTTAGAATAATTACATTAATTAAAACCTTAAATTTGGAGGTTCCTCAATAATTITTAATTAAATTAAATTAAATTAAATTAAATTAAATTAA	-189
-188	ATTATTCCTCTTAAATAATGTCATAAGCCACCTTCAGAGGCCAACAGTTCTTCATGACATCACAGGAATCACTCCATCTTGCACITCTC	-89
-88	ACCTCTCATATAAACAAAGTATTGGATGGAAAATTACCTACATCGGAGAATAAAACACAAAAGTAAACAAAAGCAAAATAAATGCTTTTCACA	12
		G F T
13	GAGAAACAGGAGGTTTAGTGAATGCTTCATCGAACGATTTAACGAAACCTTCCTCGAACAGTGTCTGTTACGGCTT GTAACTTTCTCTCTC	111
E K Q	E A L V N S P Y F	
112	AATATATATGTTATTATTTGTTTGTTGGATAATAGAGATGGTTAATGTATCTCTTGGTTTTGGTTAATTTAAATAAGTATATTGGAGA	211
		I L E K
212	AAGCACACQACCAAAGGOCATGTTCTTTCTAAAGGACTTGTGATGAGTGGCCAAAATAATCCCGAGTCCTCCAGGCCATOCCTGAAAAGGTTTGG	311
A P A	A K G M F S P L K D F D E V P Q N N P S L Q A H A E K V F G	
312	ACTGGTAAGTCACATTGATGACCTTCTATGCACTCTCTTAAATCATAAAAAAATGTTAAATTCTCACAACAAATAACTTATCTTAAT	411
L		
412	CTATCGAGCTAGTGGAAAAATAAAAAAAATAAAAGTATTTAAGTATTTAAGTATTTAAGTAAATTAGATAATTGTTCTCATAAAAGTATTAAAGGAGATT	511
512	TAATATTTCTAATATATATATTCATATTGAGATAATTGTAATATAATGAGTTCTTCAATTATCTTATATCTTATATCTTATATCTTATATCTTAT	611
612	AATCTCATGATATTATATTATTTGAGATTATGAGTGGCTGATGCCCGCTCAACTCCGAGCAACCGAGATGTTGGTATTAGCAGATGCAAGTTT	711
	V R D S T R A T G V R A T G V W V L A D S L	
712	AGGTTCTGTCATGTCACAAAAGGAGTCTTGTACTTGTGTTGATGACATTAAATTGAGTGTATACAGGTTGACTCTTAAATTTCATATGTT	811
G S	H V Q K G V L D P H F V	
812	TAATGATCACTTTTTCTAATTGGTAATGCAATAAGTATATAAATACATTATAAATTCTTATGACACACATATAAAGACATAAAAATTTA	911
912	ATAATATATAGGCCCTATTGGATACACTCTGCGAGAACCTCTGAGGAGATAAAATAGATGAATTAAAGAGGTCATGAATTAACTTCTCCA	1011
1012	TAATGTTGAAATTAGTACTTGTGGAGAGTTAATGAGCTTTGGAGTAGGTGACTCACAGAACTTTCACCTTACCTTACCTTACCTTACAT	1111
1112	TTCAGTCTCTGATTATTCTCTCTTACCTAGAGACTTTGAGAAATTTCAGTCCAACTTGCGCTTACAGTCACTTACCTTACCTTACAT	1211
1212	AAATAACGCTGAAAGACGGCTCAACACTAAATGTCATGATCACTTTGTAGGTGTTAAAGAGCATTGTTGAAAACACTAAAGGAAGCCAG	1311
	V V K E A G G	
1312	GGGCCACTTGGAGCCGATGAGTGGACCAATGCTTGGAGATGAGCTTATGTAATTGTCAGCTCAATTAAAGAGCAATGAGTAAATATTATCCGAC	1411
A T W S D E V S N A W E V A Y D E L S A A I K K A M S		
1412	AAATAAAAAACTTATAAAACTACTACAAGTTAACACTTGTAAACAAAGTCTGTAAATAAAACTGTATAAATGATA	1485

Fig. 1: Nucleotide sequence of the Srglb3 locus. Start and stop codons are highlighted in black. CAAT- and TATA-boxes are underlined. Major transcriptional start site (3) is indicated by a highlighted T. The single base pair gap at the end of the first exon indicates Phe codon (TT T) disruption by the intron. Base pairs highlighted in grey indicate single base pair differences between the glb2 and 3 loci in the coding regions.

References: 1. Dreyfus, B and Dommergues, Y. (1981), FEMS Micr. Lett. 10: 313-317; 2. Dreyfus, B. et al. (1988), Int. J. Syst. Bact. 38:89-98; 3. Metz, B. et al. (1988), Mol. Gen. Genet., 214: 181-191; 4. Bogusz, D. et al. (1987), Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 254:263-271.