Supplementary material for Nakanishi et al. (April 10, 2001) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 10.1073/pnas.081510898

Table 1. Quantitative analysis of cell infiltration and mucus production in lungs from mice treated with sense or antisense gob-5 construct

Treatment*		Total cells [†] ,	Eosinophils [†] ,	Airway epithelium [‡] ,	PAS-stained area [‡] ,
		cells/mm ²	cells/mm ²	μm²/mm basal lamina	μm²/mm basal lamina
Ad-wt	Day 3	$3,959 \pm 683$	303 ± 89	$6,210 \pm 268$	147 ± 67
Ad-gob-5-S	Day 3	$6,633 \pm 537**$	1,600 ± 154***	$7,862 \pm 411***$	$2,387 \pm 438***$
Ad-wt	Day 6	$7,927 \pm 385$	$2,051 \pm 129$	$13,048 \pm 987$	$3,926 \pm 611$
Ad-gob-5-AS	Day 6	$7,057\pm257$	1,385 ± 203**	9,996 ± 396**	$893 \pm 208***$

Significant differences from control adenovirus-treated mice; **, P < 0.05; ***, P < 0.01.

^{*}OVA-sensitized mice were administered either adenovirus-expressing sense gob-5 (Ad-gob-5-S) or adenovirus expressing antisense gob-5 (Ad-gob-5-AS), or control adenovirus (Ad-wt) as described in *Materials and Methods*.

[†]Total infiltrated cells and eosinophils around pulmonary blood vessels and bronchi were enumerated as described in *Materials and Methods*.

[‡]Total areas of airway epithelium and PAS-stained area of epithelium were measured by computerized image analysis system as described in *Materials and Methods*.