Supplementary Data

Supplementary Materials and Methods

Animal Studies

For pIpC injections, baseline labs were drawn when mice reached 6 weeks of age. Treatment with pIpC (1 mg/mL in PBS; Amersham/Pharmacia) was initiated on 7 week-old mice. Mice were treated every other day with a total of 5 intraperitoneal injections (20mg/kg). At 16 weeks post-treatment, mice were sacrificed. Peripheral blood, spleen, thymus, and bone marrow were harvested and analyzed. PCR genotyping of Taspase1 has been described. MMTV-neu and MMTV-wnt mice were treated intravenously with NSC48300 or vehicle (30% propylene glycol and 5% Tween-80 in D5W, pH 4.65). Tumors were measured in two dimensions and volume was calculated as described (1). U251 glioblastoma cells transduced with GPF-luciferase expressing retroviruses were selected for 3 days in puromycin (1.5µg/mL). Cells were then harvested and resuspended in RPMI 1640 in a 2:1 ratio with growth factor reduced Matrigel (BD Biosciences, San Jose, CA). One million cells were engrafted into each flank of male NOD-*scid IL2R* $\gamma^{-/}$ mice (Jackson Lab) between 6-8 weeks of age. NSC48300 was administered every other day starting 1 day after implantation.

Compounds

The NCI Diversity Set was kindly provided by the NCI DTP. NSC48300 analogues were provided by the NCI DTP. The Ac-ISQLD-cmk and Ac-ISQLD-aldehyde were generated by the Peptides International (Louisville, KY) and Anaspec (Freemont, CA), respectively. All compounds were dissolved in DMSO. Arsenic acid sodium salt was purchased from MP Biomedicals (Solon, OH).

IVTT-based and FRET-based in vitro cleavage assays

The IVTT-based in vitro cleavage assays were performed as previously described (2). To assess the enzymatic activity of Taspase1, a FRET-based proteolytic reporter (FRPR) was generated (Tufts University Core Facility, Boston, MA). Reactions were conducted in reaction buffer (100mM HEPES, pH 7.9, 10% sucrose, 1mM DTT). To study inhibitors, rTaspase1 was preincubated with the indicated compounds for 30 minutes at room temperature. To initiate cleavage reaction, FRPR was added (final concentration at 15 μ M). Taspase1 activity was monitored by recording the accumulated, emitted fluorescence signal ($\lambda_{excitation} = 328$ nm, slit = 10nm and $\lambda_{emission} = 393$ nm, slit = 10nm) over time. Assays were performed with an LS55 (Perkin Elmer, Inc., Waltham, MA) fluorescence spectrometer in a 96-well plate format. Steady state rates were determined for each reaction. K_M and K_I were determined using Prism software (GraphPad Software, Inc., La Jolla, CA), assuming Michaelis-Menten kinetics.

Toxicity studies

Male C57/Bl6 mice, 6-8 weeks old, were treated with vehicle or NSC48300 at 2.5mg/kg every other day for a total of 5 intravenous doses. Mice were sacrificed for tissue and blood harvest one day after the last treatment. Tissues were subjected histological examination. CBC and serum chemistry were analyzed by Hemavet and Research Animal Diagnostic Lab (Washington University School of Medicine), respectively.

References:

^{1.} Chen DY, Liu H, Takeda S, Tu HC, Sasagawa S, Van Tine BA, et al. Taspase1 functions as a non-oncogene addiction protease that coordinates cancer cell proliferation and apoptosis. Cancer Res. 2010;70:5358-67.

^{2.} Hsieh JJ, Cheng EH, Korsmeyer SJ. Taspase1: a threonine aspartase required for cleavage of MLL and proper HOX gene expression. Cell. 2003;115:293-303.

Supplementary Figures and Tables

Figure S1. The inhibition of Taspase1 by ISQLD peptidomimetics and Bortezomib. A, Ac-KISQLD-aldehyde and Ac-ISQLD-cmk have minimal activity against Taspase1. rTaspase1 was incubated with the indicated concentrations of either Ac-KISQLD-aldehyde (top) or Ac-ISQLD-cmk (bottom) for 30 minutes at room temperature. The IVTT, ³⁵S-methionine labeled, p75MLL cleavage reporter was then added to the enzyme (5ng rTaspase1)/inhibitor mix for 30 minutes at 30°C. The resulting cleavage of p75MLL was resolved by SDS-PAGE and monitored by autoradiography. B, Bortezomib has no activity against Taspase1. rTaspase1 was incubated with the indicated concentrations of Bortezomib for 30 minutes at room temperature. The IVTT, ³⁵S methionine labeled, p75MLL cleavage reporter was then added to the enzyme (5ng rTaspase1)/Bortezomib mix for 30 minutes at 30°C. The resulting cleavage of Bortezomib for 30 minutes at room temperature. The IVTT, ³⁵S methionine labeled, p75MLL cleavage reporter was then added to the enzyme (5ng rTaspase1)/Bortezomib mix for 30 minutes at 30°C. The resulting cleavage was analyzed as described in A.



Figure S1

Figure S2. Optimization of rCaspase8-mediated in vitro cleavage of p22Bid. The indicated amounts of rCaspase8 were incubated with IVTT, ³⁵S-methionine labeled, p22Bid cleavage reporter for the indicated periods of time at 30°C. The resulting cleavage of p22Bid was resolved by SDS-PAGE and monitored by autoradiography.



Figure S3. HTI-9 (ISQLAGVDD) is a competitive inhibitor of Taspase1. A, rTaspase1 was incubated with the indicated concentrations of HTI-9 for 30 minutes at room temperature. The IVTT, 35 S-methionine labeled, p75MLL cleavage reporter was then added to the enzyme (5ng rTaspase1)/HTI-9 mix for 30 minutes at 30°C. The resulting cleavage of p75MLL was resolved by SDS-PAGE and monitored by autoradiography. B, Increasing concentration of FRPR was incubated with 100 nM of rTaspase1 that was pretreated with the indicated concentrations of HTI-9 for 30 minutes at room temperature. The enzymatic cleavage was performed at 30°C and activity monitored by an LS55 spectrofluorometer. Data presented are mean \pm SD of three independent experiments.



Figure S4. Precursor Taspase1 undergoes intramolecular but not intermolecular autoproteolysis to generate mature enzyme. IVTT, ³⁵S-methionine labeled, precursor Taspase1 ($p50T1\alpha$ - β) was incubated with the indicated amounts of rTaspase1 for 30 minutes at 30°C. The resulting cleavage was resolved by SDS-PAGE and monitored by autoradiography.





Figure S5. Histological examination of the indicated organs after treatment of NSC48300. Mice were treated with 2.5mg/kg of NSC48300 every other day through intravenous injections for a total of 5 doses. Organs were harvested one day after the last treatment, formalin-fixed, paraffinembedded, sectioned, and stained by H&E. Scale bar equals 200µm.



Figure S5

Figure S6. Hematological profiles after treatment with NSC48300. Mice were subjected to the same treatment as outlined in Figure S5. Blood was collected one day after last treatment and subjected to analysis using HEMAVET. Data are mean \pm SD of three animals in each arm. *, *P* < 0.05. NSC denotes NSC48300.



Figure S7. Knockdown of Taspase1 in the indicated breast cancer cell lines. The protein levels were determined by Western blots using the indicated antibodies.



	PLATEKEY	PLATE	SUFFIX	WELLID	WELLNBR	NSC
#1	3847048	3847	48	G07	79	7215
#2	3855048	3855	48	A08	8	339585
#3	3859048	3859	48	G02	74	163443
#4	3860059	3860	59	A02	2	48300
#5	3863048	3863	48	G11	83	118176
#6	3865048	3865	48	B05	17	172033
#7	3865048	3865	48	H08	92	402959

Table S1. Identities of compounds #1-#7 tested in Figure 3.

Table S1

Table S2. Summary of Taspase1 protein expression and the NSC48300 sensitivity based on published and publically available databases.

	CD2000 T4/A atim	NSC48300 10-09				
Cell line	GD2006 T1/Actin	log GI50	log TGI log LC50			
BR:HS578T	1.05	-5.876	-4.908	-4		
BR:BT 549	1.35	-5.928	-5.51	-5.092		
BR:MDA MB 231	1.39	-5.996	-5.639	-5.297		
BR:T47D	4.58	-6.506	-5.727	-4 625		
BR:MCE7	5.72	-6 546	-5.925	-5 443		
CNS-SE 295	1.30	-5.556	-5.073	-4 443		
CNS:SF_255	1.50	-0.000	5 732	-4.445		
CNS:SF_200	1.09	-0.304 5.974	-5.752	-5.192		
CN3.5NB_75	1.77	-5.074	-5.507	-5.159		
CNS.SF_539	2.34	-0.715	-0.200	-5.795		
CNS:SNB_19	3.97	-5.939	-5.578	-5.210		
CN5:0251	4.38	-0.431	-5.82	-5.407		
CO:HCI_15	3.37	-5.932	-5.54	-5.103		
CO:KM12	4.13	-5.719	-5.264	-4.619		
CO:COLO205	4.34	-6.21	-5.722	-5.359		
CO:SW_620	4.38	-6.569	-5.662	-4.169		
CO:HT29	4.45	-6.109	-5.623	-5.19		
CO:HCT_116	6.41	-6.048	-5.671	-5.335		
CO:HCC_2998	7.50	-5.719	-5.434	-5.149		
LE:K_562	0.20	-6.576	-5.434	-4		
LE:SR	0.91	-6.57	-5.967	-4		
LE:CCRF_CEM	1.96	-7.09	-5.978	-4		
LE:HL_60	4.34	-5.963	-5.4	-4		
LE:RPM_8226	5.23	-6.546	-6.007	-4		
LE:MOLT_4	6.07	-6.34	-5.371	-4		
ME:LOXIMVI	3.23	-6.474	-5.85	-5.373		
ME:UACC_257	3.61	-6.199	-5.887	-5.431		
ME:MDA_MB_435	4.00	-5.892	-5.625	-5.099		
ME:MALME_3M	4.46	-5.922	-5.582	-5.242		
ME:SK_MEL_5	5.50	-5.878	-5.724	-5.352		
ME:M14	6.99	-5.975	-5.609	-5.268		
ME:UACC_62	9.37	-6.302	-5.581	-5.28		
ME:SK_MEL_28	9.86	-5.871	-5.535	-5.191		
ME:SK_MEL_2	15.35	-6.239	-5.542	-5.213		
ME:MDA_N		-6.376	-5.783	-5.328		
LC:NCI_H226	1.29	-5.422	-5.114	-4.591		
LC:HOP_92	1.71	-5.823	-5.535	-5.246		
LC:NCI_H23	2.66	-6.113	-5.646	-5.241		
LC:NCI_H522	3.46	-6.378	-5.841	-5.346		
LC:HOP_62	4.47	-5.883	-5.444	-4.99		
LC:EKVX	5.00	-5.946	-5.541	-5.163		
LC:NCI_H322M	7.48	-5.531	-5.022	-4.51		
LC:A549	8.05	-5.742	-5.419	-5.096		
LC:NCI_H460	8.41	-6.041	-5.614	-5.239		
OV:IGROV1	1.72	-6.16	-5.711	-5.309		
OV:NCI_ADR_RE	2.03	-5.831	-5.168	-4		
OV:OVCAR_5	2.41	-5.631	-5.332	-5.02		
OV:SK_OV_3	2.42	-5.668	-5.208	-4.789		
OV:OVCAR 8	3.49	-6.446	-5.871	-5.397		
OV:OVCAR 4	6.49	-5.722	-5.127	-4.358		
OV:OVCAR 3	6,70	-6.076	-5.578	-5.107		
PR:DU 145	3.80	-6.474	-5.932	-5.396		
PR:PC 3	4.04	-6.263	-5.755	-5.376		
RE:A 498	2.84	-5.674	-5.402	-5.131		
RE:786_0	3.25	-6.449	-5.889	-5.442		
RE RXF 393	3.48	-6.384	-5.815	-5.327		
RE'SN12C	4 25	-6 104	-5.681	-5.238		
REUO 31	4.25	-5.007	-5.58	-5.250		
RECAKL1	4.40	-6.02	-5.56	-5.254		
RETK 10	5.08	-0.02	-5.805	-5.463		
	5.20	-0.202	-0.080	-5.403		
REAGHN	5.90	-5.986	-5.636	-5.318		

Table S2

Table S3. Serum chemistry of mice post-NSC48300 treatment. Mice were subjected to the same treatment as outlined in Figure S5. Serum was collected one day after last treatment and subjected to analysis. Data are mean and (SD) of three animals from each arm. NSC denotes NSC48300.

	GLU	BUN	CREAT	LDH	AMYL	ALP	ALT	AST	T. BILI
	mg/dL	mg/dL	mg/dL	U/L	U/L	U/L	U/L	U/L	mg/dL
Control	464.0 (110.9)	24.0 (5.3)	0.23 (0.1)	2470.0 (887.6)	4280.5 (1034.5)	199.3 (70.0)	79.3 (24.3)	213.3 (35.9)	0.9 (0.3)
2.5mg/kg (NSC)	408.7 (58.1)	25.0 (7.2)	0.30 (0)	1145.0 (367.0)	4645.7 (1033.9)	228.7 (37.6)	109.67 (51.4)	157.67 (94.0)	1.0 (0.1)
p-value	0.508	0.885	0.184	0.048	0.816	0.355	0.201	0.522	0.580
	Na+	K+	CI-						
	mmol/L	m m ol/L	mmol/L						
Control	148.7 (8.6)	11.4 (3.4)	117.3 (2.5)						
2.5mg/kg (NSC)	131.3 (5.1)	8.0 (0.8)	103.7 (4.0)						
p-value	0.156	0.187	0.053						

Table S3