Supporting Information

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SI Materials and Methods

MNase Analysis. MNase analysis of bulk chromatin from yeast cells were performed as described (1). Briefly, cells were grown in 50 mL of YPD media to the cell density of 10^7 cells/mL. Sphenoroplasting was done with 1 mg/mL zymolyase 100T (US Biological) at 30 °C for 5~10 min. To digest chromatin from 2×10^6 cells per mL, 1, 2, 4, or 8 U of MNase (Worthington) was used in 200 µL of digestion buffer (10 mM Hepes-Na at pH 7.5, 0.5 mM MgCl₂, and 0.05 mM CaCl₂) at 37 °C for 5 min. The reaction was then stopped by 25 µL of stop buffer containing 5 mg/mL of proteinase K, 1 mM EGTA, and 5% (wt/vol) SDS.

- Zhang Z, Reese JC (2006) Isolation of yeast nuclei and micrococcal nuclease mapping of nucleosome positioning. *Methods Mol Biol* 313:245–255.
- Morse RH (2009) Analysis of DNA topology in yeast chromatin. *Methods Mol Biol* 523: 93–108.

Superhelical Density Analysis. Plasmid DNA was extracted from 10 mL of culture in YPD, the density of which was 10^7 cells per mL, as described in the literature (2). Twenty micrograms of extracted DNA was run on 0.8% of agarose gel in 1× TPE buffer containing 10 µg/mL chloroquine and was subject to Southern blot analysis by using a probe specific to *URA3* on the plasmid.

Flow Cytometry Analysis. Cells were prepared as described in *Current Protocols in Cytometry* (3). DNA content stained with propodium iodie was analyzed by FACSCalibur (BD Biosciences).

3. Lloyd D (2001) Flow cytometry of yeasts. Curr Protoc Cytom, 10.1002/0471142956. cy1110s09.



Fig. 51. (*A*) Immunoblots for core histones in wild-type and histone tail deletion strains. Whole-cell extracts from the histone tail deletes and wild-type cells were subjected to immunoblot analyses with indicated antibodies. (*B*) Viability of histone shuffle strains. Cells on the SD-ura, Leu plate carry mutant histone genes: wild-type H2A/H2B/H3/H4 (WT) (*a*), empty vector alone (vec) (*b*), tH2A/H2B/H3/tH4 (tH2A:tH4) (*c*), tH2A/H2B/H3/tH4 in pR5426 [tH2A:tH4 (H]] (*d*) as well as their wild-type counterparts in separate plasmids. Cells on the 5-FOA plate lacking wild-type histone genes in the *URA3* plasmid were marked with *a'*–*d'*. (*C*) Viability of histone shuffle strains containing tailless histones: empty vector (vec) (*a*), wild-type H2A/H2B/H3/H4 genes (WT) (*b*), H2A-3KR (K4,7,13R)/H2B/H3/H4 (H2A-3KR) (*c*), H2A/H2B/H3/H4 (tH4) (*d*), H2A/H2B/H3/H4-3KR (K5,8,12R) (H4-3KR) (*e*), H2A-3KR (H2A-3KR:H4-3KR) (*f*), H2A-3KR/H2B/H3/H4 (H2A-3KR:H4) (*g*) as well as their wild-type counterparts in separate plasmids. Cells on the 5-FOA plate lacking wild-type H2A/H2B/H3/H4 genes (WT) (*b*), H2A-3KR (K4,7,13R)/H2B/H3/H4 (H2A-3KR) (*c*), H2A/H2B/H3/H4 (H4) (*d*), H2A/H2B/H3/H4-3KR (K5,8,12R) (H4-3KR) (*e*), H2A-3KR/H2B/H3/H4-3KR (H2A-3KR:H4-3KR) (*f*), H2A-3KR/H2B/H3/H4 (H2A-3KR:H4) (*g*) as well as their wild-type counterparts in separate plasmids. Cells on the 5-FOA plate lacking wild-type histone genes in the *URA3* plasmid were marked with *a'*–*g'*.



Fig. S2. (A) Growth of mutant strains at 30 °C and at 37 °C was tested by spotting 10-fold serially diluted cultures on YPD plates. (B) Cell cycle profiles of histone tail deletion mutants and wild-type cells were measured by cytometry. Note that the <1C DNA content in the tH2A:tH3 mutant did not consistently appear in independent experiments.



Fig. S3. (A) Spotting assays of mutant cells with tailles H2A (tH2A) and serially truncated H3 (tH3d5: Δ 1-5, tH3d10: Δ 1-10, tH3d15: Δ 1-15, tH3d20: Δ 1-20, tH3d25: Δ 1-25) was done as described in Fig. 2. (B) Superhelical analysis of 2 μ M plasmid (ectopically introduced pRS426) in histone tail deletes (tH2A, tH3, tH2A: tH3, tH2A:tH3d5) and wild-type cells. N, plasmids and the distributed topoisomers of the plasmids were marked with a bracket. The midpoint of topoisomer distribution in each lane is marked with an open circle. (C) tH2A mutant cells were treated with 100 mM HU or 0.2% MMS for 2 h. Whole-cell extracts from the mutant cells were then subjected to immnoblot analyses with the indicated antibodies against Rad53 and H2A.

H2A residues				es		
К4	K7	K13	К5	K8	K12	Viability
R	R	R	R	R	R	Inviable
R	R	_	R	R	R	Viable
_	R	R	R	R	R	Viable
R	—	R	R	R	R	Viable
R	R	R	R	R	_	Viable
R	R	R		R	R	Viable
R	R	R	R		R	Viable

Table S1. Combinatory mutations on lysine residues within the H2A and H4 N-tails tested for the effect on cell viability

Individual lysine residues substituted to arginines are marked with R in boxes.

Strain	Time, min
WT	110
tH2A	119
tH2B	100
tH3	150
tH4	217
tH2A:tH3	341
tH2B:tH3	150
tH2B:tH4	207

Table S2. Doubling time of histone tail delete-mutants in YPD media at 30 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Overnight culture of each strain was transferred to liquid YPD media in a density of 1×10^6 cells/mL. Cell numbers in individual cultures were counted with hemicytometer in every 15 min for 6 h.

Table S3. Redundant roles for histone N-tails in pairs

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	Viability	Temperatures, °C								
N-tail deletion		16	30	37	Benomyl	6-AU	HU	Phleomycin	UV	Ref.
H2A/H2B	х	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	(1)
H3/H4	х	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	(2)
H2A/H3		х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	This study
H2A/H4	х	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	This study
H2B/H3						х	х			This study
H2B/H4							х	x	x	This study

nd, not determined phenotypes; x, synergistic defective phenotypes detected. Blank cells indicate that no phenotypic defect was observed.

1. Schuster T, Han M, Grunstein M (1986) Yeast histone H2A and H2B amino termini have interchangeable functions. Cell 45:445-451.

2. Ling X, Harkness TA, Schultz MC, Fisher-Adams G, Grunstein M (1996) Yeast histone H3 and H4 amino termini are important for nucleosome assembly in vivo and in vitro: Redundant and position-independent functions in assembly but not in gene regulation. *Genes Dev* 10:686–699.

Table S4. Yeast strains used in this study

PNAS PNAS

Strain name	Genotypes	Used in
YJK341	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-HHF2] p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-HHF2]	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> and <i>D</i> , and S1 <i>B</i> and C
YJK346	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT pICEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-HHF2] pICEN LEU2]	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> and <i>D</i> , and S1 <i>B</i> and C
YJK342	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN_URA3_HTA1-HTB1_HHT2-HHF2] o[CEN_LEU2_hta14(1-20)-HTB1-HHT2-HHF2]	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> , S2, and S3
YJK343	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN_URA3_HTA1-HTB1_HHT2-HHF2] p[CEN_LEU2_HTA1-htb14(1-32)-HHT2-HHF2]	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> and S2
YJK344	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> and S2
YJK363	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1 HHT2-HHF2] p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-hhf2a(1-16)]	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> , S1C, and S2
YJK367	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT pICEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1 HHT2-HHF21 pICEN LEU2 hta14(1-20)-HTB1-hht24(1-30)-HHF21	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> and S2
YJK364	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hht1::KAN hht-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1 HHT2-HHF2] p[CEN LEU2 hta14(1-20)-HTB1-HHT2-hht24(1-16)]	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> and <i>D</i> , S1 <i>B</i> and S2
YJK345	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1 HHT2-HHF2] p[CEN LEU2 HTA1- htb1Δ(1-32)- hht2Δ(1-30)-HHF2]	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> and S2
YJK365	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT pICEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1 HHT2-HHF2 pICEN LEU2 HTA1- htb14(1-32)-HHT2-hhf24(1-16)]	Figs. 1 <i>B</i> and S2
YJK544	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT	Fig. S1C
YJK545	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hht1::KAN hht-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN_URA3_HTA1-HTB1_HHT2-HHF2] p[CEN_LEU2_HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-hht2K5.8.12R]	Fig. S1C
YJK546	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT pICEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1 HHT2-HHF2] pICEN LEU2 hta1K4.7.13R-HTB1-HHT2-hhf2K5.8.12R]	Fig. S1C
YJK551	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT pICEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1 HHT2-HHF2] pICEN LEU2 hta1K4.7.13R-HTB1-HHT2-hhf2K5.8.12R]	Fig. S1C
YJK540	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT pICEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1 HHT2-HHF2] pICEN LEU2 hvb::hta1-HTB1-HHT2-hhf2K5.8.12HHF2]	Fig. 1 <i>D</i>
YJK541	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT pICEN URA3 HTA1-HTB1 HHT2-HHF21 pICEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-htb::HHF21	Fig. 1 <i>D</i>
YJK542	MATa his3Δ1 leu2Δ0 met15Δ0 ura3Δ0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN_URA3_HTA1-HTB1_HHT2-HHF2] p[CEN_LEU2_hvb::HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-hvb::HHF2]	Fig. 1 <i>D</i>
CDAY251	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-HHF2]	Ref. 1 figures 2–4
YJK347	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1_(1-20)-HTB1-HHT2-HHF2]	Figs. 2–4
YJK348	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-htb1_2(1-32)-HHT2-HHF2]	Figs. 2 and 3
YJK349	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-hht2∆(1-30)-HHT2-HHF2]	Figs. 2 and 3
YJK357	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-hhf2 Δ(1-16)]	Figs. 2 and 3
YJK368	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1Δ(1-20)-HTB1- hht2 Δ(1-30)-HHF2]	Figs. 2–4
YJK350	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 HTA1- htb1Δ(1-32)- hht2Δ(1-30)-HHF2]	Figs. 2 and 3
YJK369	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 HTA1- htb1\alpha(1-32)-HHT2-hhf2\alpha(1-16)]	Figs. 2 and 3
YJK389	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1Δ(1-20)-HTB1-hht2Δ(1-5)-HHF2]	Fig. 4
YJK390	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1∆(1-20)-HTB1-hht2∆ (1-10)-HHF2]	Fig. S3
YJK391	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1Δ(1-20)-HTB1-hht2Δ(1-15)-HHF2]	Fig. S3
YJK392	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1_1(1-20)-HTB1-hht2_1(1-20)-HHF2]	Fig. S3
YJK393	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1_1(1-20)-HTB1-hht2_1(1-25)-HHF2]	Fig. S3
YJK402	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-hht2∆(1-5)-HHF2]	Fig. 4

Table S4. Cont.

PNAS PNAS

Strain name	Genotypes	Used in
ҮЈК411	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1∆(1-20)-HTB1-hht2S1A-HHF2]	Fig. 4
YJK412	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1∆(1-20)-HTB1-hht2K4A-HHF2]	Fig. 4
YJK413	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 h ht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1∆(1-20)-HTB1-hht2Q5A-HHF2]	Fig. 4
YJK556	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1∆(1-20)-HTB1-hht2R2A-HHF2]	Fig. 4
YJK557	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 hta1∆(1-20)-HTB1-hht2T3A-HHF2]	Fig. 4
YJK463	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT set1∆::URA3 p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-HHT2-HHF2]	Fig. 4
YJK558	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-hht2K4A-HHF2]	Fig. 4
YJK468	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT set14::URA3 p[CEN LEU2 HTA1-HTB1-hht2K4A-HHF2]	Fig. 4
YJK559	MATa his3-1 leu2-0 met15-0 ura3-0 hht1-hhf1::KAN hhf-2hht2::NAT hta1-htb1::HPH hta2-htb2::NAT set14::URA3 p[CEN LEU2 hta14(1-20)-HTB1-hht2K4A-HHF2]	Fig. 4

1. Ahn SH, et al. (2005) Sterile 20 kinase phosphorylates histone H2B at serine 10 during hydrogen peroxide-induced apoptosis in S. cerevisiae. Cell 120:25–36.