| ID | RRI | RRp | RBI | RBp | ROI | P_{init} | < <i>MW</i> > |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|---------------|
| 47 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1.00 | 0.39 |
| 48 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1.00 | 0.49 |
| 82 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1.00 | 0.44 |
| 51 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1.00 | 0.43 |
| 85 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1.00 | 0.44 |
| 54 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1.00 | 0.40 |
| 88 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1.00 | 0.45 |

Table S4. Adhesion Scenarios Prone to Early Type 3 CNV (0.35 < MW < 0.65) if CNV initiates. 0.35 < MW < 0.65 indicates that stalk cells come into contact with both BrM and the POS. Most adhesion scenarios have severely impaired RPE-RPE labile adhesion, normal RPE-POS labile adhesion and either severely or moderately impaired RPE-BrM labile adhesion ($RBl \le 2$). RPE-RPE and RPE-BrM plastic coupling have little effect on the mean MW and CNV initiation probability. For example, adhesion scenarios ID: 82 (RRp = 3), 85 (RRp = 2) and 88 (RRp = 1) have similar mean MW and CNV initiation probability regardless of the RPE-RPE plastic coupling strength (RRp). The CNV initiation probability ranges from 0.7 to 1. Key: ID: adhesion scenario ID. RRl: RPE-RPE labile adhesion strength, RRp: RPE-RPE plastic coupling strength, RBl: RPE-BrM labile adhesion strength, RBp: RPE-BrM plastic coupling strength, ROl: RPE-POS labile adhesion strength. P_{init} : CNV initiation probability. < MW>: mean morphometric weight. Both < MW> and P_{init} are calculated from 10 simulation replicas for each adhesion scenario. Scaled adhesion strengths: 3: normal (green), 2: moderately impaired (yellow), 1: severely impaired (weak) (red). Adhesion scenarios sequentially sorted largest to smallest in order by RRl, then by RRp, then by RRp, then by RRp and then by ROl.