

Supplementary material for Wilf *et al.* (May 15, 2001) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*,  
10.1073/pnas.111069498

**Table 6.** Summary data for early Eocene insect damage, all specimens

Host	#Lvs.	%Dam.	#DT	DT1	DT2	DT3	DT4	DT5	DT6	DT9	DT11	DT12	DT13	DT14	DT15	DT16	DT17	DT20	DT29	DT32	DT33	DT34	DT41	DT43	DT44	DT46
All	792	34.8	23	32	87	8	1	56	1	11	1	88	2	5	5	7	1	1	5	14	1	1	4	2	1	1
<i>Allophylus</i>	24	45.8	4	1	8	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Alnus</i>	286	45.8	19	18	24	3	0	28	1	6	1	49	1	3	3	5	1	1	3	10	1	0	4	1	0	0
Apocynaceae sp.	223	17.5	9	5	13	2	0	0	0	2	0	12	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
<i>Cinnamomophyllum</i>	20	65.0	6	4	5	0	0	2	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
" <i>Dombeya</i> "	22	36.4	6	1	3	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
aff. Fagaceae	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Hovenia</i>	63	41.3	7	1	16	1	1	8	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lauraceae sp. 2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cf. Magnoliales	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Platycarya</i>	9	55.6	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Populus wyomingiana</i>	37	35.1	8	1	5	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
cf. <i>Schoepfia</i>	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Sloanea</i>	58	24.1	5	1	5	0	0	6	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Stillingia</i>	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Syzygioides</i>	3	33.3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
"Dicot XXXVI"	6	50.0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
RR31	2	50.0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RR37	14	14.3	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RR57	12	58.3	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RR63	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RR88	3	33.3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RR95	2	50.0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Damage type (DT) numbers correspond to Table 4. #Lvs., number of leaves; %Dam., percent of leaves with insect damage; #DT, number of damage types. The damage type columns show the numbers of leaves bearing individual damage types. Individual leaves often bore more than one insect damage type, so that row totals do not correspond precisely to the percentages in the third column.