Supporting Information

Stereoselective Assembly of Complex Oligosaccharides Using Anomeric Sulfonium Ions as Glycosyl Donors

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1. Preparations and characterizations of prepared compounds

Reagents and General Procedures. Reagents were obtained from commercial sources and used as purchase. Dichloromethane (DCM) was freshly distilled using standard procedures. Other organic solvents were purchased anhydrous and used without further purification. Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out at room temperature in oven-dried glassware with magnetic stirring. Molecular sieves were flame dried in vacuo prior to use. Organic solutions were concentrated under diminished pressure with bath temperature < 40 °C. Flash column chromatography was carried out on silica gel G60 (Silicycle, 60-200 µm, 60 Å). Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on Silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ (EMD Chemicals Inc.) and detection was performed by UV absorption (254 nm) where applicable, and by spraying with 20% sulfuric acid in ethanol followed by charring at ~150 °C, or by spraving with a solution of (NH₄)₆Mo₇O₂₄H₂O (25 g/L) in 10% sulfuric acid in ethanol followed by charring at ~150 °C. Optical rotations were measured by ATAGO POLAX-2L with 1 ml (5 cm) micro observation tube at 589 nm. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Inova-300 (300/75 MHz), a Varian Inova-500 (500 MHz) and a Varian Inova-600 (600/150 MHz) spectrometer equipped with sun workstations. Multiplicities are quoted as singlet (s), doublet (d), doublet of doublets (dd), triplet (t), or multiplet (m). All NMR signals were assigned on the basis of 1H NMR, 13C NMR, gCOSY, and gHSQC experiments. All chemical shifts are quoted on the δ -scale in parts per million (ppm). Signals marked with a superscript Roman numeral I were the reducing end, whereas II and III were the second and the third sugar from the reducing end, and IV is the branching sugar. Residual solvent signals were used as an internal reference. Mass spectra were recorded on an Applied Biosystems 5800 MALDI-TOF

mass spectrometer. The matrix used was 2,5-dihydroxy-benzoic acid (DHB). Reverse-Phase HPLC was performed on an Aglient 1200 series system equipped with an auto-sampler, fraction-collector, UV-detector, and eclipse XDB-C18 column (5 μ m, 4.6 \times 250 mm or 9.4 \times 250 mm).

2-(S)-Phenyl-(1,2-dideoxy-ß-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-*e***]-1,4-oxathiane (2)**. Compound **1** (11 g, 35 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous CH₃CN (400 mL) and hexamethyldisiloxane (TMS₂O) (44 mL, 0.21 mol) and TMSOTf (6.6 mL, 37 mmol) were added. After 30 min, Et₃SiH (46 mL, 0.29 mol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for another 4 h before quenching by the addition of MeOH (50 mL) and Et₃N (10 mL). The solution was concentrated *in vacuo* and the resulting yellow oil was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (toluene/acetone, $3/1 \rightarrow 1/1$, v/v) to give **2** (7.7 g, 74%). Proton chemical shifts are identical to reported data.^{[1] 1}H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 – 7.09 (m, 5H, Ar*H*), 4.67 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.35 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.84 – 3.71 (m, 2H, H-6_{a,b}), 3.70 – 3.43 (m, 3H, H-2, H-3, H-4), 3.43 – 3.29 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.00 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 10.8 Hz, 2H, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.69 (d, *J* = 12.4 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh).

2-(S)-Phenyl-(4,6-O-benzylidene-1,2-dideoxy-B-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4-

oxathiane (3). Compound **2** (3.3 g, 11 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (60 mL) and benzaldehyde dimethyl acetal (2.5 mL, 17 mmol) and camphorsulfonic acid (40 mg, 0.17 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was heated at 50 °C under reduced pressure (~15 mm Hg) for 16 h after which it was quenched by adding Et_3N (0.5 mL). The mixture was diluted with DCM (300 mL) and the organic solution was washed with water (2 × 200 mL) and brine (150 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the

filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting yellow oil was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $1/5 \rightarrow 1/2$, v/v) to give **3** (3.7 g, 87 %). R_f = 0.26 (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +157.1 (c = 0.7 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.64 – 7.27 (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 5.56 (s, 1H, PhC*H*<), 4.73 (dd, J = 10.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.54 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.37 (dd, J = 10.3, 4.6 Hz, 1H, H-6_a), 3.91 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 3.85 – 3.56 (m, 4H, H-4, H-5, H-2, H-6_b), 3.09 (dd, J = 14.1, 10.8 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.77 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 140.20, 137.09, 129.49, 128.86, 128.60, 128.54, 126.56, 126.20, 102.28, 84.67, 81.15, 80.89, 77.69, 77.26, 76.84, 76.47, 72.34, 72.04, 68.64, 35.98; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₁H₂₂O₅S [M+Na]⁺: 409.1086; found: 409.1097.

2-(*S*)-Phenyl-(3-*O*-acetyl-4,6-*O*-benzylidene-1,2-dideoxy-ß-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2*e*]-1,4-oxathiane (4). Compound 3 (1.35 g, 3.50 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (10 mL) and acetic anhydride (5 mL) was added. After stirring for 16 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM (120 mL) and washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (2 × 100 mL) and brine (90 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting yellow oil was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/Toluene, 1/16→1/8, v/v) to give 4 (1.47 g, 98%). R_f = 0.53 (EtOAc/Toluene, 1/8, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +40.0 (*c* = 0.5 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.53 – 7.16 (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 5.53 (s, 1H, PhC*H*<), 5.42 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.72 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.62 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.39 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 4.1 Hz, 1H, H-6_a), 3.87 – 3.65 (m, 4H, H-2, H-4, H-5, H-6_b), 3.02 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 10.6 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.84 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh), 2.04 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ170.29, 140.18, 137.03, 129.34, 128.72, 128.47, 128.09, 126.36, 125.52, 101.84, 82.67, 80.10, 79.38, 77.66, 77.24, 76.93, 76.82, 72.48, 71.80, 68.61, 36.10, 21.17; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₄O₆S [M+Na]⁺: 451.1192; found: 451.1201.

2-(S)-Phenyl-(3-O-acetyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-1,2-dideoxy-B-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2e]-1,4-oxathiane (5). Levulinic (464)μL, 4.56 acid mmol), N,N'dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC) (940 mg, 4.56 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (44 mg, 0.36 mmol) were added to a stirred solution of **3** (440 mg, 1.14 mmol) in DCM (8 mL). After stirring for 16 h, the reaction mixture was filtered and the organic layer was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting oil was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (toluene/acetone, $15/1 \rightarrow 5/1$, v/v) to give 5 (436 mg, 79%). $R_f = 0.5$ (toluene/acetone, 6/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +66.7 (c = 1.2 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.52 – 7.16 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.53 (s, 1H, PhCH<), 5.38 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.71 (dd, J = 10.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.61 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 14.0, 10.6 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.83 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.71 -2.45 (m, 4H, $2 \times CH_2$ Lev), 1.99 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 206.24, 172.27, 140.12, 137.01, 129.29, 128.68, 128.44, 128.11, 126.37, 125.61, 101.78, 82.67, 80.13, 79.31, 77.67, 77.25, 76.86, 76.83, 72.47, 72.11, 68.59, 38.45, 36.00, 29.82, 28.39.; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₁H₂₁O₄S [M+Na]⁺: 392.1059; found: 392.1051.

2-(S)-Phenyl-(3-O-allyloxycarbonyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-1,2-dideoxyl-B-D-

glucopyranoso)[1,2-*e*]-1,4-oxathiane (6). Allyl chloroformate (274 μ L, 2.56 mmol), tetramethylethylenediamine (TMEDA) (200 μ L, 1.22 mmol) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (DMAP) (50 mg, 0.41 mmol) were added to a stirred solution of

3 (470 mg, 1.22 mmol) in DCM (10 mL). After stirring for 16 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM (100 mL) and washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (2×100 mL), brine (90 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting yellow oil was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (toluene/acetone, $20/1 \rightarrow 8/1$, v/v) to give 6 (500 mg, 87%). $R_f = 0.56$ (toluene/acetone, 8/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +53.8 (c = 1.3 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.54 – 7.19 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.91 – 5.70 (m, 1H, CH alloc), 5.53 (s, 1H, PhCH<), 5.28 – 5.13 (m, 2H, CHH alloc, H-3), 5.08 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H, CHH alloc), 4.72 (dd, J = 10.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.63 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.57 (d, J =5.7 Hz, 1H, CH_2 alloc), 4.40 (dd, J = 10.0, 4.1 Hz, 1H, H-6_a), 3.90 - 3.65 (m, 4H, H-2, H-4, H-5, H-6_b), 3.05 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.7 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.83 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ154.59, 140.05, 136.94, 131.41, 129.35, 128.62, 128.43, 128.13, 126.42, 125.70, 119.03, 101.89, 82.57, 80.18, 79.16, 77.66, 77.44, 77.24, 76.82, 76.73, 76.03, 72.35, 68.92, 68.56, 35.98; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₅H₂₆O₇S [M+Na]⁺: 493.1297; found: 493.1288.

2-(S)-Phenyl-(3-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-1,2-dideoxy-ß-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2e]-1,4-oxathiane (7). Benzyl bromide (246 µL, 2.08 mmol) and sodium hydride (124 mg, 3.12 mmol) were added to a stirred solution of **3** (400 mg, 1.04 mmol) in DMF (5 mL). After stirring for 16 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH (2 mL), diluted with DCM (100 mL) and washed with 1 M HCl solution (100 mL), saturated NaHCO₃ (100 mL), and brine (90 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting yellow oil was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $1/4 \rightarrow 1/2$, v/v) to give **7** (390 mg, 79%). $R_f = 0.28$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +54.5 (c = 1.1 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.56 – 7.16 (m, 15H, Ar*H*), 5.60 (s, 1H, PhC*H*<), 4.85 (s, 2H, C*H*₂Ph), 4.78 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.53 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.37 (dd, J = 10.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.88 – 3.72 (m, 4H, H-2, H-3, H-6_{a,b}), 3.61 (td, J = 9.5, 4.9 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.06 (dd, J = 13.9, 10.9 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.81 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 140.55, 138.58, 137.42, 129.22, 128.68, 128.46, 128.40, 128.23, 127.76, 126.28, 125.91, 101.65, 84.99, 81.71, 80.40, 78.79, 77.66, 77.24, 76.99, 76.82, 74.83, 72.37, 68.68, 36.09; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₈H₂₈O₅S [M+Na]⁺: 499.1555; found: 499.1562.

2-(*S*)-Phenyl-(3,4-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-*B*-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-*e*]-1,4-oxathiane (9). A mixture of 4 (550 mg, 1.29 mmol) and activated molecular sieves (4Å) in DCM (5 mL) was stirred for 1 h under an atmosphere of argon. After cooling to -78 °C, triethylsilane (408 µL, 2.58 mmol) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (171 µL, 1.94 mmol) were added. After 1 h, the reaction was quenched by the addition of MeOH (1 mL) and Et₃N (0.5 mL). The mixture was diluted with DCM (10 mL), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was redissolved in pyridine (5 mL) and acetic anhydride (5 mL) was added. After stirring for 16 h, the solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $1/6 \rightarrow 1/2$, v/v) to afford 9 (516 mg, 85%). R_f = 0.37 (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +141.7 (*c* = 1.2 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.43 – 7.18 (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 5.34 – 5.10 (m, 2H, H-3, H-4), 4.69 (dd, *J* = 10.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.58 – 4.44 (m, 3H, C*H*₂Ph, H-1), 3.86 – 3.66 (m, 2H, H-5, H-2), 3.62 – 3.50 (m, 2H, H-6_{a,b}), 2.97 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 10.6 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 14.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃):
δ 170.65, 169.83, 140.32, 137.84, 128.69, 128.61, 128.22, 128.07, 128.00, 125.57, 81.30,
79.75, 78.81, 77.71, 77.29, 76.86, 76.01, 73.84, 73.38, 69.62, 68.89, 35.86, 21.03, 20.89;
HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₅H₂₈O₇S [M+Na]⁺: 495.1454; found: 495.1463.

2-(S)-Phenyl-(3-O-acetyl-4,6-di-O-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-B-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-

1,4-oxathiane (10). A mixture of 4 (430 mg, 1.00 mmol) and activated molecular sieves (4 Å) in DCM (5 mL) was stirred for 1 h under an atmosphere of argon. After cooling to -78 °C, triethylsilane (316 µL, 2.00 mmol) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (132 µL, 1.50 mmol) were added. After 1 h, the reaction was quenched by the addition of MeOH (1 mL) and Et₃N (0.5 mL). The mixture was diluted with DCM (10 mL), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was loaded onto a small plug of silica gel and product fractions were collected and concentrated. The residue was redissolved in DMF (5 mL) followed by the addition of benzyl bromide (356 μ L, 3.00 mmol) and Ag₂O (1.2 g, 5.2 mmol). After stirring for 16 h, the reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $1/6 \rightarrow 1/3$, v/v) to afford 10 (287 mg, 55%). $R_f = 0.45$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +66.7 (c = 0.3) in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.45 – 7.09 (m, 15H, ArH), 5.30 (dd, J = 11.0, 7.9 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.72 - 4.50 (m, 5H, $2 \times CH_2$ Ph, SCH₂CHPh), 4.46 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.83 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.76 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 2H, H-6_{a,b}), 3.72 - 3.55 (m, 2H, H-2, H-5), 2.95 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.5 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.79 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh) 1.93 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ170.34, 140.49, 138.13, 137.99, 128.65, 128.21, 128.10, 128.06, 127.98, 127.91, 125.49, 81.77, 80.59, 79.57, 77.66, 77.24, 76.81, 76.18, 75.93, 75.27, 74.84, 73.85, 68.59, 35.86, 21.21; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₃₀H₃₂O₆S [M+Na]⁺: 543.1818; found: 543.1824.

2-(S)-Phenyl-{3-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-4-O-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-1,2dideoxy-B-D-glucopyranoso [1,2-e]-1,4-oxathiane (11). A mixture of 4 (1.05 g, 2.45 mmol) and activated molecular sieves (4 Å) in DCM (10 mL) was stirred for 1 h under an atmosphere of argon. After cooling to -78 °C, triethylsilane (0.78 mL, 4.90 mmol) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (323 µL, 3.68 mmol) were added. After 1 h, the reaction was quenched by the addition of MeOH (1 mL) and Et₃N (0.5 mL). The resulting mixture was diluted with DCM (10 mL), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was redissolved in a mixture of pyridine and DCM (10 mL, 1/1, v/v) and FmocCl (0.95 g, 3.70 mmol) was added. After stirring for 16 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM (50 mL), poured into an aqueous 1 M HCl solution (100 mL) and washed with H₂O (100 mL) and brine (100 mL). The organic layer dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $1/6 \rightarrow 1/3$, v/v) to afford 11 (1.06 g, 66%). $R_f = 0.47$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +47.5 (c = 0.6 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR $(300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3)$: δ 7.88 – 7.08 (m, 18H), 5.40 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.07 (t, J = 9.7Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.70 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.64 – 4.45 (m, 3H, H-1, CH₂Ph), 4.45 – 4.08 (m, 3H, CH Fmoc, CH₂ Fmoc), 3.98 – 3.83 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.83 – 3.61 (m, 3H, H-2, H-6_{a,b}), 2.98 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.7 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.81 (dd, J = 13.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 1.95 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ171.85, 140.45, 137.87, 128.73, 128.70, 128.12, 128.07, 125.61, 81.28, 80.01, 79.73, 77.77, 77.35, 76.92, 76.03, 75.98, 74.02, 70.95, 70.06, 35.85, 21.29; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for

 $C_{38}H_{36}O_8S [M+Na]^+: 675.2029; found: 675.2017.$

2-(S)-Phenyl-(3,6-di-O-acetyl-4-O-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-ß-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-

1,4-oxathiane (13). A mixture of 4 (610 mg, 1.43 mmol) and activated molecular sieves (4Å) in DCM (8 mL) was stirred for 1 h under an atmosphere of argon. After cooling to -78 °C, triethylsilane (451 µL, 2.86 mmol) and dichlorophenylborane (280 µL, 2.15 mmol) were added. After 30 min, the reaction was quenched by the addition of MeOH (1 mL) and Et₃N (0.5 mL). The resulting mixture was diluted with DCM (10 mL), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was redissolved in pyridine (5 mL) and acetic anhydride (5 mL) was added. After stirring for 16 h, the mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and the resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $1/4 \rightarrow 1/3$, v/v) to afford 13 (525 mg, 78%). $R_f = 0.43$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $\left[\alpha\right]_{26}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +80.0 (c = 0.3 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR $(300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3)$: δ 7.43 – 7.18 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.36 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 4.73 - 4.53 (m, 10H, 20H)3H, SCH₂CHPh, PHCH₂), 4.48 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.38 (dd, J = 12.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H, $H-6_a$, 4.22 (dd, J = 12.1, 4.6 Hz, 1H, $H-6_b$), 3.81 – 3.54 (m, 3H, H-5, H-4, H-2), 2.95 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.5 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.80 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.08 (s, 3H), 1.98 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.85, 170.20, 140.34, 137.44, 128.80, 128.69, 128.37, 128.27, 128.00, 125.46, 81.70, 79.62, 78.46, 77.70, 77.28, 76.86, 76.17, 75.80, 75.24, 74.91, 63.18, 35.80, 21.23, 21.12; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₅H₂₈O₇S [M+Na]⁺: 495.1454; found: 495.1447.

2-(S)-Phenyl-(4-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-3-O-levulinoyl-1,2-dideoxy-ß-D-

glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4-oxathiane (14). A mixture of 5 (300 mg, 0.62 mmol) and activated molecular sieves (4 Å) in DCM (5 mL) was stirred for 1 h under an atmosphere

of argon. After cooling to -78 °C, triethylsilane (196 µL, 1.24 mmol) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (82 µL, 0.93 mmol) were added. After 1 h, the reaction was quenched by the addition of MeOH (1 mL) and Et₃N (0.5 mL). The resulting mixture was diluted with DCM (10 mL), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was redissolved in pyridine (5 mL) and acetic anhydride (5 mL) was added. After stirring for 16 h, the mixture was removed in vacuo. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $1/4 \rightarrow 1/2$, v/v) to afford 14 (259 mg, 79%). $R_f = 0.29$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +105.3 (c = 1.9 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.43 – 7.18 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.23 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.17 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.67 (dd, J = 10.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.63 – 4.43 (m, 3H, CH₂Ph, H-1), 3.86 – 3.66 (m, 2H, H-2, H-5), 3.61 – 3.48 (m, 2H, H- 6_{ab}), 2.96 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.6 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.79 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.76 – 2.31 (m, 4H, $2 \times CH_2$ Lev), 2.07 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ206.19, 172.23, 170.06, 140.28, 137.86, 128.66, 128.60, 128.21, 128.06, 127.98, 125.60, 81.39, 79.74, 78.93, 77.69, 77.26, 76.84, 75.94, 73.85, 73.38, 69.20, 68.95, 38.10, 35.80, 29.80, 28.25, 20.92; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₅O₅S [M+Na]⁺: 436.1321; found: 436.1329.

2-(S)-Phenyl-(4-O-acetyl-3-O-allyloxycarbonyl-6-O-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-B-D-

glucopyranoso)[1,2-*e*]-1,4-oxathiane (15). A mixture of **6** (300 mg, 0.64 mmol) and activated molecular sieves (4 Å) in DCM (5 mL) was stirred for 1 h under an atmosphere of argon. After cooling to -78 °C, triethylsilane (202 μ L, 1.28 mmol) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (85 μ L, 0.96 mmol) were added. After 1 h, the reaction was quenched by the addition of MeOH (1 mL) and Et₃N (0.5 mL), diluted by DCM (10 mL)

and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was redissolved in pyridine (5 mL) and acetic anhydride (5 mL) was added. After stirring for 16 h, the solvent was removed. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $1/8 \rightarrow 1/2$, v/v) to afford **15** (302 mg, 92%). $R_f = 0.58$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +94.4 (c = 3.6 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.42 – 7.17 (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 5.79 (ddd, J = 22.7, 10.8, 5.6 Hz, 1H, C*H* alloc), 5.29 – 4.99 (m, 4H, H-3, H-4, C*H*₂ alloc), 4.69 (dd, J = 10.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.64 – 4.45 (m, 5H, C*H*₂Ph, C*H*₂ alloc, H-1), 3.89 – 3.71 (m, 2H, H-2, H-5), 3.61 – 3.51 (m, 2H, H-6_{a,b}), 2.99 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.6 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.80 (dd, J =14.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh), 1.93 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.69, 154.84, 140.19, 137.83, 131.45, 128.61, 128.60, 128.21, 128.10, 128.00, 125.77, 125.73, 118.89, 81.32, 79.79, 78.84, 77.70, 77.46, 77.28, 76.85, 75.80, 73.88, 69.45, 69.10, 68.84, 35.72, 20.90; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₇H₃₀O₈S [M+Na]⁺: 537.1559; found; 537.1551.

2-(S)-Phenyl-(4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-3-*O*-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-ß-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-*e*]-1,4-oxathiane (16). TsOH·H₂O (80 mg, 0.42 mmol) and EtSH (31 µL, 0.42 mmol) were added to a stirred solution of 7 (200 mg, 0.42 mmol) in DCM (5 mL). After stirring for 2 h, the solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was redissolved in pyridine (5 mL) and acetic anhydride (5 mL). After stirring for 16 h, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $1/5 \rightarrow 1/4$, v/v) to afford 16 (167 mg, 84%). $R_f = 0.21$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/4, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +80.0 (*c* = 0.4 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta 7.50 - 7.09$ (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 5.11 (t, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.80 (t, J = 12.2 Hz, 2H, CHHPh, SCH₂CHPh), 4.63 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.44 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.25 – 4.04 (m, 2H, H-6_{a,b}), 3.84 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.75 – 3.55 (m, 2H, H-5, H-3), 3.05 (dd, J = 13.9, 10.7 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.81 (dd, J = 13.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.08 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.00, 169.67, 140.51, 138.40, 128.74, 128.49, 128.28, 128.14, 127.87, 125.82, 84.59, 80.05, 79.98, 77.65, 77.55, 77.23, 76.80, 75.92, 74.87, 69.62, 62.68, 35.67, 21.03, 21.00; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₅H28O7S [M+Na]⁺: 495.1454; found: 495.1463.

2-(S)-phenyl-(3,4-di-O-acetyl-6-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-β-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4oxathiane (R,S)-S-oxide (17). Compound 17 (1.4 g, 92 %, R/S = 1.3/1) was prepared according to the general procedure for the preparation of sulfoxide donors starting from 9 (1.5 g, 3.2 mmol) and using *m*-CPBA (0.79 g, \leq 77%, 3.5 mmol). 17S: $R_f = 0.24$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.48 – 7.19 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.55 - 5.30 (m, 2H, H-3, SCH₂CHPh), 5.05 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.59 - 4.45 (m, 3H, CH_2Ph , H-2), 4.14 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.96 – 3.81 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.73 – 3.52 (m, 2H, H-6_{a.b}), 3.21 (dd, J = 14.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H, SCH_{eq}HCHPh), 2.71 (dd, J = 14.4, 11.3 Hz, 1H, SCHH_{ax}CHPh), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.94 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ170.59, 169.72, 138.87, 137.72, 128.94, 128.65, 128.38, 128.22, 128.07, 125.70, 85.41, 79.27, 77.68, 77.26, 76.83, 73.98, 73.37, 69.40, 69.33, 69.16, 68.51, 53.01, 21.01, 20.82; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₅H₂₈O₈S [M+Na]⁺: 511.1403; found: 511.1397. **17***R*: $R_f = 0.18$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.48 – 7.19 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.47 - 5.20 (m, 2H, H-3, H-4), 4.70 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.62 (d, J = 12.0Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.48 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh) 4.31 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.84

- 3.54 (m, 5H, H-2, H-5, H-6_{a,b}, SCH_{eq}HCHPh), 3.05 (dd, J = 12.7, 11.8 Hz, 1H, SCHH_{ax}CHPh), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.91 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ170.32, 169.60, 138.03, 137.69, 129.08, 128.94, 128.81, 128.62, 128.29, 128.21, 128.04, 125.69, 125.60, 95.26, 78.74, 77.65, 77.23, 76.81, 75.74, 75.45, 73.95, 73.47, 68.60, 67.92, 57.81, 20.96, 20.81; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₅H₂₈O₈S [M+Na]⁺: 511.1403; found: 511.1404.

2-(S)-Phenyl-(3-O-acetyl-4,6-di-O-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-ß-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-**1,4-oxathiane**(R_{s})-S-oxide (18). Compound 18 (0.17 g, 96 %, R/S = 1.1/1) was prepared according to the general procedure for the preparation of sulfoxide donors starting from 10 (0.17 g, 0.33 mmol) and using *m*-CPBA (0.82 g, \leq 77%, 0.36 mmol). **18S**: $R_f = 0.24$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +48.0 (c = 0.6 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.43 – 7.13 (m, 15H, ArH), 5.45 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.35 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.66 – 4.49 (m, 4H, 2×CH₂Ph), 4.42 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.11 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.80 – 3.64 (m, 4H, H-4, H-5, H-6_{ab}), $3.20 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H, SCH_{eq}HCHPh), 2.70 (dd, J = 14.3, 11.4 Hz, 1H, SCHH_{ax}CHPh),$ 1.96 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.11, 138.87, 137.81, 137.40, 128.69, 128.49, 128.43, 128.02, 128.00, 127.78, 125.38, 85.27, 80.83, 77.23, 77.01, 76.80, 75.47, 75.15, 74.81, 73.72, 69.53, 68.60, 68.00, 52.80, 20.98.; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{30}H_{32}O_7S$ [M+Na]⁺: 559.1767; found: 559.1779. **18R**: $R_f = 0.21$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +80.0 (c = 0.5 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.45 – 7.12 (m, 15H, Ar*H*), 5.41 (t, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.77 – 4.44 (m, 5H, $2 \times CH_2Ph$, SCH_2CHPh), 4.28 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.95 - 3.81 (m, 3H, H-4, H-6_{a,b}), 3.64 (dd, J = 19.2, 11.4 Hz, 2H, H-5, SCH_{eq}HCHPh), 3.52 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.02

(t, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*_{ax}CHPh), 1.90 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.72, 137.96, 137.59, 128.79, 128.76, 128.45, 128.44, 128.40, 128.29, 128.05, 128.01, 127.89, 127.86, 125.24, 125.21, 95.05, 80.39, 77.19, 76.98, 76.77, 75.73, 75.26, 74.92, 74.84, 74.73, 73.81, 67.65, 57.46, 20.85; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₃₀H₃₂O₇S [M+Na]⁺: 559.1767; found: 559.1759.

2-(S)-Phenyl-{3-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-4-O-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-1,2dideoxy-B-D-glucopyranoso [1,2-e]-1,4-oxathiane(R,S)-S-oxide (19). Compound 19 (1.9 g, 98 %, R/S = 1/1) was prepared according to the general procedure for the preparation of sulfoxide donors starting from 11 (1.9 g, 2.9 mmol) and using *m*-CPBA (712 mg, \leq 77%, 3.2 mmol). **19S**: $R_f = 0.18$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.81 – 7.08 (m, 18H, ArH), 5.47 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.30 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.86 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.60 – 4.38 (m, 3H, H-2, CH₂Ph), 4.36 – 4.02 (m, 4H, CH Fmoc, CH₂ Fmoc, H-1), 3.98 – 3.81 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.70 -3.52 (m, 2H, H-6_{a,b}), 3.15 (d, J = 14.1 Hz, 1H, SCH_{ed}HCHPh), 2.64 (dd, J = 14.4, 11.3 Hz, 1H, SCHH_{ax}CHPh), 1.89 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ170.44, 154.34, 143.38, 143.24, 141.51, 141.49, 138.84, 137.77, 128.97, 128.63, 128.39, 128.24, 128.22, 128.05, 128.03, 127.52, 127.47, 125.69, 125.37, 125.31, 120.36, 120.33, 85.34, 78.88, 77.76, 77.33, 76.91, 74.00, 73.28, 73.11, 70.65, 69.42, 69.37, 68.50, 52.93, 46.77, 21.05; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₃₈H₃₆O₉S [M+Na]⁺: 691.1978; found: 691.1971. **19R**: $R_f = 0.15$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.88 – 7.18 (m, 18H), 5.51 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.16 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.71 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.55 (dd, J = 28.1, 12.1 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.45 – 4.10 (m, 4H, H-1, CH Fmoc, CH_2 Fmoc), 3.96 - 3.86 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.86 - 3.55 (m, 4H, H-6_{a,b}, H-2,

SC H_{eq} HCHPh), 3.06 (dd, J = 12.4, 12.0 Hz, 1H, SCH H_{ax} CHPh), 1.94 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.89, 154.01, 143.15, 143.03, 141.27, 137.79, 137.52, 128.87, 128.59, 128.36, 127.99, 127.96, 127.84, 127.75, 127.29, 127.24, 125.34, 125.11, 120.10, 95.02, 78.25, 77.44, 77.22, 77.01, 76.59, 75.52, 75.29, 73.80, 72.93, 72.37, 70.45, 67.85, 57.63, 53.80, 46.51, 30.93, 29.71, 29.28, 20.74; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₃₈H₃₆O₉S [M+Na]⁺: 691.1978; found: 691.1973.

2-(S)-phenyl-(3,6-di-O-acetyl-4-benzyl-2-dideoxy-β-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4oxathiane (R,S)-S-oxide (20). Compound 20 (245 mg, 93 %, R/S = 1/1) was prepared according to the general procedure for the preparation of sulfoxide donors starting from **13** (250 mg, 0.54 mmol) and using *m*-CPBA (133 mg, \leq 77%, 0.60 mmol). **20S**: $R_f = 0.15$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +60.0 (c = 0.5 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR $(300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3)$: δ 7.45 – 7.20 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.49 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.35 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.65 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.58 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.47 - 4.37 (m, 2H, H-2, H-6_a), 4.21 (dd, J = 12.2, 5.5 Hz, 1H, H-6_b), 4.14 (d, J= 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.82 (ddd, J = 9.8, 5.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.65 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.22 (dd, J = 14.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H, SCH_{eq}HCHPh), 2.71 (dd, J = 14.4, 11.3 Hz, 1H, SCHH_{ax}CHPh), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.00 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.82, 170.23, 138.94, 137.17, 128.95, 128.85, 128.48, 128.34, 128.28, 125.56, 85.36, 78.79, 77.67, 77.24, 76.82, 75.52, 75.36, 75.14, 69.67, 68.25, 63.12, 52.98, 21.21, 21.08; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₅H₂₈O₈S [M+Na]⁺: 511.1403; found: 511.1408. **20***R*: $R_f = 0.12$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +26.7 (c = 0.4 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR $(300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3)$: δ 7.52 – 7.10 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.48 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.69 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.60 (q, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.43 (dd, J = 12.4, 1.9 Hz, 1H, H-6_a), 4.31 (dd, J = 13.0, 3.4 Hz, 2H, H-6_b, H-1), 3.85 – 3.73 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.73 – 3.59 (m, 2H, H-4, SCH_{eq}HCHPh), 3.52 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-2), 3.12 – 2.96 (m, 1H, SCHH_{ax}CHPh), 2.08 (s, 3H), 1.97 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.73, 169.82, 138.08, 137.15, 129.08, 128.85, 128.72, 128.50, 128.29, 125.46, 94.99, 78.47, 77.67, 77.25, 76.82, 75.85, 75.62, 75.34, 75.11, 75.07, 62.67, 57.74, 21.13, 21.07; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₅H₂₈O₈S [M+Na]⁺: 511.1403; found: 511.1411.

2-(S)-phenyl-(4-O-acetyl-6-benzyl-3-levulinoyl-1,2-dideoxy-β-D-

glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4-oxathiane (R,S)-S-oxide (21). Compound 21 (0.41 g, 98 %, R/S = 1.3/1) was prepared according to the general procedure for the preparation of sulfoxide donors using *m*-CPBA (0.24 g, \leq 77%, 1.1 mmol) and starting from 14 (0.4 g, 0.97 mmol). **21S**: $R_f = 0.19$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +87.5 $(c = 0.6 \text{ in CHCl}_3)$; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.48 – 7.17 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.42 (t, J) = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.36 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 5.06 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.60 - 4.41 (m, 3H, H-2, CH₂Ph), 4.14 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.97 - 3.79 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.66 (dd, J = 11.0, 6.0 Hz, 1H, H-6_a), 3.57 (dd, J = 11.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-6_b), 3.21 (d, J =13.5 Hz, 1H, SCH_{eq}HCHPh), 2.83 – 2.36 (m, 5H, SCHH_{ax}CHPh, 2×CH₂ Lev), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 206.04, 171.97, 169.81, 138.01, 137.72, 129.04, 128.77, 128.61, 128.28, 128.02, 125.63, 95.22, 78.85, 77.66, 77.24, 76.81, 75.68, 75.56, 73.96, 73.47, 68.19, 68.01, 57.73, 37.97, 29.79, 28.14, 20.86; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₅O₆S [M+Na]⁺: 452.1270; found: 452.1277. **21***R*: $R_f = 0.18$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +56.0 (c = 0.7 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.47 – 7.17 (m, 10H, ArH), 5.38 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.29 (t, J= 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.70 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.61 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H,

CHHPh), 4.49 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.31 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.83 – 3.75 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.72 (dd, J = 11.1, 2.9 Hz, 1H, H-6_a), 3.69 – 3.53 (m, 3H, H-6_b, H-2, SCH_{eq}HCHPh), 3.05 (dd, J = 12.8, 11.8 Hz, 1H, SCHH_{ax}CHPh), 2.78 – 2.37 (m, 4H, 2×CH₂ Lev), 2.08 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 206.12, 172.12, 170.01, 138.84, 137.74, 128.92, 128.64, 128.36, 128.21, 128.06, 125.71, 85.39, 79.41, 77.66, 77.44, 77.23, 76.81, 73.99, 73.35, 69.43, 68.71, 68.46, 52.98, 38.01, 29.79, 28.22, 20.87; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₃H₂₅O₆S [M+Na]⁺: 452.1270; found: 452.1268.

2-(S)-phenyl-(3-allyoxycarbonyl-4-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-1,2-dideoxyl-β-D-

glucopyranoso)[1,2-*e*]-1,4-oxathiane (*R*,*S*)-*S*-oxide (22). Compound 22 (0.42 g, 82 %, *R/S* = 1.5/1) was prepared according to the general procedure for the preparation of sulfoxide donors using *m*-CPBA (0.24 g, \leq 77%, 0.97 mmol) and starting from 15 (0.50 g, 0.97 mmol). 22*S*: *R_f* = 0.33 (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +78.0 (*c* = 4.1 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.46 – 7.21 (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 5.92 – 5.64 (m, 1H, CH alloc), 5.37 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 5.30 – 5.17 (m, 2H, H-3, C*H*H alloc), 5.17 – 5.00 (m, 2H, H-4, CH*H* alloc), 4.63 – 4.48 (m, 5H, H-2, C*H*₂ alloc, C*H*₂Ph), 4.15 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.97 – 3.81 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.73 – 3.47 (m, 2H, H-6_{a,b}), 3.21 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H, SCH_{eq}HCHPh), 2.72 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 11.3 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*_{ax}CHPh), 1.95 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.60, 154.76, 138.75, 137.72, 131.35, 128.86, 128.65, 128.40, 128.22, 128.08, 125.86, 119.01, 85.23, 79.27, 77.73, 77.60, 77.31, 76.89, 73.99, 69.52, 69.40, 69.01, 68.95, 68.57, 52.87, 20.84.; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₇H₃₀O₉S [M+Na]⁺: 553.1509; found: 553.1500. 22*R*: *R_f* = 0.31 (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); [*a*]^d₂₇ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +81.3 (*c* = 1.6 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.49 – 7.19 (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 5.90 – 5.68 (m, 1H, C*H* alloc), 5.42 – 5.05 (m, 4H, C*H*₂ alloc, H-3, H-4), 4.71 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.66 – 4.43 (m, C*H*₂ alloc, C*H*₂Ph), 4.32 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.87 – 3.49 (m, 4H, H-5, H-6, H-2, SC*H*_{eq}HCHPh), 3.07 (t, *J* = 12.0 Hz 1H, SCH*H*_{ax}CHPh), 1.93 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.45, 154.56, 137.93, 137.69, 131.29, 128.99, 128.83, 128.62, 128.28, 128.04, 125.76, 119.07, 95.07, 78.72, 77.69, 77.62, 77.26, 76.84, 75.81, 75.44, 73.97, 69.01, 68.48, 68.15, 57.71, 20.83; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₇H₃₀O₉S [M+Na]⁺: 553.1509; found: 553.1514.

2-(S)-phenyl-(4,6-di-*O*-**acetyl-3**-*O*-**benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-β-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-***e***]-1,4-oxathiane (***R***,S)**-*S*-**oxide (23)**. Compound **23** (142 mg, 96 %, *R*/*S* = 1.7/1) was prepared as an inseparable mixture of diastereomers according to the general procedure for the preparation of sulfoxide donors using *m*-CPBA (75 mg, \leq 77%, 0.33 mmol) and starting from **16** (140 mg, 0.30 mmol). *R_f* = 0.27 (EtOAc/hexanes, 2/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.51 – 7.12 (m, 20H, Ar*H*), 5.43 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph^{*S*}), 5.12 (t, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^{*R*}), 5.08 (t, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^{*S*}), 4.85 – 4.74 (m, 3H, SCH₂C*H*Ph^{*R*}, 2×C*H*HPh), 4.68 – 4.57 (m, 3H, H-2^{*S*}, 2×CH*H*Ph), 4.35 – 4.13 (m, 5H, H-1^{*R*}, 2×H-6_{a,b}) 4.10 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-1^{*S*}), 3.85 – 3.62 (m, 6H, H-3^{*S*}, H-3^{*R*}, H-2^{*R*}, H-5^{*S*}, H-5^{*R*}, SC*H*HCHPh^{*R*}), 3.20 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh^{*S*}), 2.13 – 2.02 (2×s, 6H), 1.99 – 1.86 (2×s, 6H); selected ¹³C NMR (gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 94.98 (C-1^{*R*}), 85.40 (C-1^{*S*}), 79.91, 78.33, 77.58, 75.90, 75.08, 74.42, 68.84, 68.41, 62.66, 61.84, 57.34, 52.51; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₅H₂₈O₈S [M+Na]⁺: 511.1403; found: 511.1411. Scheme S1. Preparation of 28



Reagents and conditions: (a) NaH, NapBr, DMF (95%); (b) HgBr (cat.), TolSH, DCE, 60 °C, 16 h (81%); (c) NaOMe, MeOH (quantitive).

p-toluene 3,4,6-tri-*O*-(2-naphthyl)- α -thiomannoside (28): $R_f = 0.53$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +141.5 (c = 1.6 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 – 6.89 (m, 25H, Ar*H*), 5.58 (s, 1H, H-1), 5.00 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, NapC*H*H), 4.90 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H, NapC*H*H), 4.84 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H, NapC*HH*), 4.78 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H, NapC*H*H), 4.67 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, NapC*HH*), 4.59 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H, NapC*HH*), 4.37 (dd, J = 9.1, 2.8 Hz, 1H, H-5), 4.32 (s, 1H, H-2), 4.10 – 3.94 (m, 2H, H-3, H-4), 3.87 (dd, J = 10.9, 4.5 Hz, 1H, H-6_a), 3.75 (dd, J = 10.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-6_b), 2.25 (s, 3H, Me); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.90, 135.91, 135.87, 135.30, 133.49, 133.46, 133.43, 133.32, 133.21, 133.14, 132.44, 130.16, 130.04, 128.67, 128.32, 128.24, 128.21, 128.14, 127.95, 127.91, 127.84, 127.05, 126.91, 126.60, 126.47, 126.33, 126.27, 126.25, 126.19, 126.05, 126.03, 126.01, 87.96, 80.60, 77.68, 77.26, 76.83, 75.41, 74.84, 73.73, 72.51, 72.43, 70.11, 69.07, 21.29; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₆H₄₂O₅S [M+Na]⁺: 729.2651; found: 729.2638.

Methyl 3,4-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1*S*)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl-α-

D-glucopyranoside (29). Compound 29 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 17 (45 mg, 0.09 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 24 (39 mg, 0.08 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound **29** (80 mg, 91%). $R_f = 0.45$ (acetone/toluene, 1/9, v/v); $\left[\alpha\right]_{27}^d$ (deg $\text{cm}^3 \text{g}^{-1} \text{dm}^{-1}$ = +86.7 (c = 3.0 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.10 – 6.98 (m, 25H, ArH), 6.18 (t, J = 9 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 6.04 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.51 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.44 (t, J = 9 Hz, 1H, H-4^I), 5.38 (t, J = 9 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.30 – 5.16 (m, 2H, H-1^I, H-2^I), 4.99 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.66 – 4.36 (m, 4H, CH₂Ph, H-5^I, SCH₂CHPh), 4.30 – 4.08 (m, 2H, H-5^{II}), 4.03 - 3.91 (m, 2H, H-6^I_{a,b}), 3.81 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.74 (s, 6H, $2 \times OMe$), 3.66 - 3.37 (m, 6H, OMe, H-2^{II}, H-6^{II}_{a,b}), 2.99 - 2.71 (m, 2H, SCH₂CHPh), 1.83 (s, 3H), 1.40 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.26, 169.79, 165.89, 165.67, 165.54, 161.68, 161.60, 142.02, 137.88, 133.29, 133.14, 132.97, 129.95, 129.79, 129.64, 129.34, 129.15, 128.74, 128.39, 128.32, 128.22, 128.15, 127.94, 127.61, 127.41, 126.20, 101.82, 97.36, 96.50, 90.89, 84.33, 78.82, 77.44, 77.22, 77.02, 76.60, 73.39, 72.42, 72.04, 70.67, 69.86, 69.47, 68.83, 68.30, 67.98, 67.08, 55.89, 55.47, 55.34, 43.33, 20.68, 20.32; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₆₂H₆₄O₁₉S [M+Na]⁺: 1167.3660; found: 1167.3655.

Methyl 3,4-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1*S*)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-

trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2,3-di-*O*-acetyl-*O*benzyl- α -D-glucopyranoside (30). Compound 30 was prepared according to the general procedure using glycosyl donor 17 (50 mg, 0.10 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 25 (31 mg, 0.083 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 30 (52 mg, 62%). $R_f = 0.34$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +75.0 (c = 1.6 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.55 – 6.87 (m, 15H, ArH), 6.12 (s, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.77 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.72 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 5.23 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.04 – 4.79 (m, 3H, H-1^I, H-2^I, H-4^{II}), 4.61 (s, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.48 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, C*H*HPh), 4.33 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.27 – 4.12 (m, 2H, H-4^I, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.12 – 3.90 (m, 3H, H-5^I, H-5^{II}, H-6^I_a), 3.84 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.79 (s, 7H, 2 × OMe, H-6^I_b), 3.66 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 3.41 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.39 – 3.29 (m, 2H, H-6^{II}_a, H-6^{II}_b), 3.02 (dd, J = 13.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.77 (dd, J = 14.0, 8.7 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.84 (s, 3H), 1.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCI₃): δ 170.70, 170.30, 170.16, 170.08, 162.11, 162.01, 142.30, 138.46, 138.07, 128.53, 128.50, 128.39, 128.22, 128.06, 127.83, 127.64, 127.53, 127.49, 126.22, 100.99, 96.97, 96.90, 91.16, 84.30, 79.90, 77.70, 77.48, 77.27, 76.85, 74.29, 73.61, 73.58, 72.33, 72.16, 71.17, 69.97, 69.72, 69.25, 68.94, 68.43, 56.21, 55.59, 55.49, 42.99, 21.67, 21.11, 20.94, 20.31; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₅₂H₆₂O₁₈S [M+Na]⁺: 1029.3555; found: 1029.3541.

N^α-(9-Fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-*O*-{3,4-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1*S*)phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-α-D-glucopyranosyl}-*L*-threonine benzyl ester (31). Compound 31 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 17 (35 mg, 0.070 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 26 (26 mg, 0.060 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 31 (57 mg, 89%). $R_f = 0.23$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +53.3 (c = 1.9 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.82 – 6.97 (m, 23H, Ar*H*), 6.25 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H, N*H*Fmoc), 6.15 (s, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.70 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.34 (t, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.27 (s, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.95 (t, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.58 – 4.17 (m, 8H, CH₂Ph, 2 × CH^{Thr}, CH₂^{Fmoc}, CH^{Fmoc}, SCH₂CHPh), 4.07 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.85 – 3.81 (2s, 10H, 3 × OMe, H-2), 3.64 – 3.39 (m, 2H, H-6_a, H-6_b), 3.09 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.6 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.86 (dd, J = 14.0, 9.6 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 1.87 (s, 3H), 1.40 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H, CH_3^{Thr}), 1.18 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.25, 170.07, 169.87, 161.95, 161.79, 156.78, 144.05, 143.91, 142.38, 141.19, 141.15, 137.84, 135.49, 128.50, 128.41, 128.31, 128.23, 127.80, 127.65, 127.55, 127.18, 125.66, 125.41, 125.33, 119.81, 100.97, 98.93, 91.01, 84.72, 80.40, 77.44, 77.22, 77.02, 76.59, 75.93, 73.45, 72.67, 69.59, 69.08, 68.27, 67.61, 67.41, 59.44, 55.96, 55.37, 47.09, 43.20, 30.13, 20.69, 19.93, 19.35; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₆₀H₆₃NO₁₅S [M+Na]⁺: 1092.3816; found: 1092.3808.

p-Methylphenyl 3,4-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1*S*)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-*a*-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→4)- 2,3-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*benzyl-1-thio-*B*-D-glucopyranoside (32). Compound 32 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 17 (45 mg, 0.090 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 27 (35 mg, 0.080 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 32 (63 mg, 75%). R_f = 0.25 (acetone/toluene, 1/9, v/v); [α]^d₂₇ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +68.6 (*c* = 0.9 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.51 − 6.96 (m, 19H, Ar*H*), 6.12 (s, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.64 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.43 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 5.18 (t, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 4.92 (t, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H, H-2^I, H-4^{II}), 4.68 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 4.56 (s, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.45 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.30 (d, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.19 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 4.2 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.10 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-4^I), 4.03 − 3.87 (m, 2H, H-5^I, H-5^{II}), 3.82 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.78 (s, 6H, 2 × OMe), 3.74 − 3.56 (m, 3H, H-2^{II}, H-6^I_a, H-6^I_b), 3.32 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_a), 3.25 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_b), 2.99 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 4.1 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 8.3 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh), 2.31 (s, 3H, C*H*₃), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.82 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.16, 169.99, 169.76, 169.67, 161.91, 161.78, 141.96, 138.42, 138.31, 137.81, 133.57, 129.65, 128.27, 128.23, 128.13, 128.02, 127.86, 127.60, 127.44, 127.39, 127.31, 126.10, 116.18, 100.98, 96.79, 91.03, 85.36, 83.75, 79.16, 79.11, 77.44, 77.22, 77.02, 76.59, 75.26, 73.39, 73.34, 73.18, 72.05, 71.12, 69.34, 69.06, 68.93, 68.05, 56.02, 55.37, 42.76, 30.15, 21.40, 21.16, 20.89, 20.67, 20.14.; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₅₈H₆₆O₁₇S₂ [M+Na]⁺: 1121.3639; found: 1121.3630.

 $p-Methylphenyl 3,4-di-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-\alpha-D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-3,4,6-tri-O-(2-1)-2-3,4,7-2-3,5-$

ethylnaphthyl)-1-thio-α-D-mannopyranoside (33). Compound 33 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 17 (56 mg, 0.11 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 28 (68 mg, 0.10 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 33 (93 mg, 72%). $R_f = 0.23$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/3, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +100 (c = 0.5 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.09 – 6.83 (m, 35H, Ar*H*), 6.05 (s, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.88 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.83 (s, 1H, H-1^I), 5.47 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.22 – 5.06 (m, 2H, CHHNap, CHHNap), 4.96 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.82 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Nap), 4.72 (dd, J = 16.6, 11.8 Hz, 2H, CH*H*Nap, C*H*HNap), 4.67 – 4.55 (m, 2H, H-2^I, CH*H*Nap), 4.47 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H, C*H*HPh), 4.42 – 4.26 (m, 4H, CH*H*Ph, SCH₂C*H*Ph^{II}, H-5^{II}, H-5^{II}), 4.23 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.12 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 3.91 – 3.64 (m, 12H, H-2^{II}, H-6^I_a, H-6^{I_b}, 3 ×OMe), 3.48 – 3.33 (m, 2H, H-6^{II}_a, H-6^{II}_b), 3.01 (dd, J = 13.8, 4.0 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh^{II}), 2.76 (dd, J = 13.7, 8.7 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh^{II}), 2.23 (s, 3H),

1.69 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.44, 170.17, 161.97, 161.88, 142.31, 138.19, 137.63, 136.29, 136.26, 136.20, 133.59, 133.49, 133.20, 133.16, 133.10, 132.77, 132.37, 130.94, 130.01, 129.95, 128.54, 128.48, 128.36, 128.28, 128.23, 128.21, 128.13, 128.09, 128.04, 127.87, 127.76, 127.74, 127.45, 126.80, 126.77, 126.59, 126.44, 126.36, 126.20, 126.13, 126.05, 125.98, 125.89, 125.86, 125.82, 101.69, 99.23, 91.20, 87.52, 84.36, 79.77, 79.44, 77.68, 77.50, 77.25, 76.83, 75.33, 73.38, 72.92, 72.88, 71.24, 69.81, 69.58, 69.03, 68.22, 56.17, 55.55, 43.45, 30.35, 21.27, 20.81, 20.38; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₈₀H₈₀O₁₅S₂ [M+Na]⁺: 1367.4836; found: 1367.4829.

3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-α-D-

glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 6)$ -1,2:3,4-di-*O*-isopropylidene- α -D-galactopyranose (38).

Compound **38** was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor **34** (55 mg, 0.13 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor **36** (27 mg, 0.10 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound **38** (71 mg, 80%). $R_f = 0.14$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +36.4 (c = 2.2 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.41 – 7.01 (m, 5H, Ar*H*), 6.14 (s, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.58 – 5.47 (m, 2H, H-1^T, H-1^{II}), 5.33 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 4.94 – 4.76 (m, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.64 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 4.45 – 3.94 (m, 8H, H-4^I, H-2^I, SCH₂C*H*Ph, H-5^I, H-5^{II}, H-6_{a,b}^{II}, H-6_a^{II}), 3.94 – 3.74 (m, 10H, 3×OMe, H-6_b^{II}), 3.62 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-2^{III}), 3.01 (dd, J = 13.8, 4.4 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.90 (dd, J = 13.8, 8.2 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.94, 170.31, 170.13, 161.96, 161.89, 142.09, 128.34, 127.67, 126.49, 109.48, 108.92, 101.77, 98.63, 96.51, 91.21, 84.38, 79.21, 77.68, 77.25, 76.83, 72.28, 71.33, 70.91, 70.88, 69.15, 68.98, 67.38, 67.22, 62.46, 56.16, 55.60,

42.91, 26.41, 26.24, 25.25, 24.71, 20.98, 20.88, 20.44; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₆H₅₈O₁₆S [M+Na]⁺: 873.2979; found: 873.2991.

3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-Methyl ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 6)$ -2,3,4-tri-O-benzoyl- α -D-glucopyranoside (39). Compound **39** was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 34 (50 mg, 0.11 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 24 (48 mg, 0.095 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 39 (62 mg, 59%). $R_f = 0.12$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +50.0 (c = 1.0 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.09 – 6.97 (m, 20H), 6.19 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H, H- 2^{I}), 6.07 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.56 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H, H- 1^{II}), 5.45 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H- 3^{I}), 5.40 $(t, J = 9.7 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H}-3^{\text{II}}), 5.32 - 5.20 \text{ (m, 2H, H}-1^{\text{I}}, \text{H}-2^{\text{I}}), 4.83 \text{ (t, } J = 9.7 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H}-4^{\text{II}}),$ 4.57 - 4.46 (m, 1H, H-5^I), 4.36 - 4.16 (m, 3H, SCH₂CHPh, H-5^{II}, H-6^{II}), 4.08 (d, J =12.0 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_b, 4.01 – 3.90 (m, 2H, H-6^I_{ab}), 3.84 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.77 (s, 6H, 2×OMe), 3.64 – 3.51 (m, 4H, OMe, H-2^{II}), 2.96 – 2.79 (m, 2H, SCH₂CHPh), 2.09 (s, 3H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.38 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 184.56, 184.53, 184.51, 184.50, 184.48, 175.63, 175.04, 174.88, 170.81, 170.62, 170.51, 166.61, 166.58, 146.93, 138.25, 138.14, 137.94, 134.89, 134.74, 134.58, 134.22, 134.05, 133.61, 133.34, 133.20, 133.17, 133.14, 132.41, 131.07, 109.95, 106.66, 102.28, 101.97, 101.47, 95.84, 89.59, 84.03, 82.95, 82.94, 82.16, 81.95, 81.74, 77.28, 76.64, 75.53, 74.76, 73.97, 73.74, 72.21, 72.17, 67.23, 60.81, 60.43, 60.31, 48.31, 34.64, 25.74, 25.60, 25.17; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₅₇H₆₀O₂₀S [M+Na]⁺: 1119.3296; found: 1119.3288.

Methyl3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranoside(40).

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Compound 40 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 34 (68 mg, 0.15 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 37 (60 mg, 0.13 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 40 (65 mg, 48%). $R_f = 0.32$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +35.0 (c = 0.3 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.47 – 6.80 (m, 20H, ArH), 6.19 – 6.05 (m, 3H, ArH, H-1^{II}), 5.35 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.06 (s, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.80 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.70 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.64 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 4.63 – 4.54 (m, 3H, CH₂Ph, CHHPh), 4.29 - 4.08 (m, 4H, H-3^I, H-4^I, H-5^{II}, SCHHCHPh), 4.03 (dd, J =10.7, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H- 6_{a}^{I}), 3.98 (dd, J = 12.2, 3.3 Hz, 2H, H- 5_{a}^{I} , H- 6_{a}^{II}), 3.90 – 3.71 (m, 11H, $3 \times OMe, H-6_{b}^{I}, H-6_{b}^{II}), 3.67 - 3.53 (m, 2H, H-2^{I}, H-2^{II}), 3.40 (s, 3H, OMe), 2.90 (dd, J = 100)$ 13.9, 4.0 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.77 (dd, J = 13.9, 8.7 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.91 (s, 3H), 1.24 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.38, 170.13, 169.79, 161.89, 161.77, 142.08, 139.55, 138.21, 138.16, 128.40, 128.27, 128.12, 128.10, 127.84, 127.40, 127.23, 126.86, 126.74, 126.08, 101.15, 97.77, 95.91, 90.98, 84.39, 80.60, 80.10, 79.78, 77.68, 77.23, 77.02, 76.80, 74.18, 73.87, 73.47, 73.27, 71.91, 69.54, 69.21, 69.12, 67.55, 62.04, 55.85, 55.35, 42.77, 20.67, 20.64, 19.97; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₅₇H₆₆O₁₇S [M+Na]⁺: 1077.3918; found: 1077.3926.

3,6-di-*O*-acetyl-4-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1*S*)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- α -D-galactopyranose (41). Compound 41 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 20 (60 mg, 0.12 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 36 (27 mg, 0.10 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 41 (79 mg, 84%). R_f = 0.25 (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.34 – 7.06 (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 6.10 (s, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.52 – 5.44 (m, 2H, H-1^I, H-3^{II}), 5.37 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.62 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 4.54 – 4.40 (m, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.37 (dd, J =7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H, H-4^I), 4.35 – 4.20 (m, 4H, H-2^I, H-6^{II}_a, H-6^{II}_b, SCH₂C*H*), 4.16 (dd, J =10.1, 2.9 Hz, 1H, H-5^{II}), 4.06 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H, H-5^I), 3.97 – 3.92 (m, 1H, H-6^I_a), 3.88 – 3.79 (m, 10H, 3×OMe, H-6^I_b), 3.51 – 3.34 (m, 2H, H-2^{II}, H-4^{II}), 3.01 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H, SCH₂CH), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 3H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl3): δ 170.91, 170.01, 161.89, 161.79, 141.83, 137.81, 128.61, 128.25, 128.22, 128.04, 127.75, 126.91, 109.41, 108.92, 101.95, 98.24, 96.51, 91.15, 83.80, 79.03, 77.67, 77.45, 77.24, 76.82, 76.38, 73.25, 73.08, 71.23, 70.91, 70.88, 68.46, 68.02, 67.12, 63.39, 56.16, 55.59, 42.30, 30.37, 26.40, 26.26, 25.21, 24.72, 21.12, 20.92; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₆H₅₈O₁₆S [M+Na]⁺: 921.3343; found: 921.3337.

Methyl 3,6-di-*O*-acetyl-4-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1*S*)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-

trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranoside (42). Compound 42 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 20 (40 mg, 0.082 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 37 (32 mg, 0.069 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 42 (45 mg, 59%). $R_f = 0.2$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{27}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +23.0 (c = 0.3 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.58 – 6.80 (m, 25H, ArH), 6.07 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.94 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.46 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.01 (s, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.70 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.63 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.60 – 4.52 (m, 3H, CHHPh, CH₂Ph), 4.43 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.36 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.18 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.14 – 3.89 (m, 7H, H-3^I, H-5^{II}, H-5^{II}, H-5^{II}, H-6^{II}, H-6^{II}), 3.79 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.77 – 3.68 (m, 7H, 2×OMe, H-6^{II}),

3.62 – 3.54 (m, 1H, H-2^I), 3.40 (dd, J = 10.1, 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 3.38 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.36 – 3.31 (m, 1H, H-4^{II}), 2.94 (dd, J = 13.7, 7.4 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.87 (dd, J = 13.6, 5.8 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.41 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.38, 169.74, 161.78, 161.60, 141.50, 139.59, 138.19, 138.13, 137.54, 128.44, 128.38, 128.17, 128.13, 128.09, 128.06, 128.01, 127.99, 127.93, 127.85, 127.81, 127.76, 127.43, 127.30, 127.28, 126.86, 126.80, 126.68, 101.35, 97.77, 95.86, 90.83, 83.63, 80.83, 80.34, 79.03, 77.23, 77.02, 76.80, 76.42, 74.06, 74.04, 73.31, 73.29, 73.15, 69.56, 69.03, 68.69, 62.87, 55.81, 55.31, 55.23, 42.10, 20.82, 20.56; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₆₂H₇₀O₁₆S [M+Na]⁺: 1125.4282; found: 1125.4275.

3,4-di-*O*-**acetyl-***6*-*O*-**benzyl-***2*-*O*-**[(15)**-**phenyl-***2*-**(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)ethyl]**-*a*-**D**-**glucopyranosyl-(1**→6)-1,2:3,4-di-*O*-**isopropylidene**-*a*-**D**-**galactopyranose (43)**. Compound **43** was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor **17** (70 mg, 0.14 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor **36** (31 mg, 0.12 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound **43** (101 mg, 94%). $R_f = 0.33$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]^{d}_{27}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +62.5 (*c* = 1.6 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.47 – 7.01 (m, 10H, Ar*H*), 6.21 – 6.01 (m, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.52 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H, H-1¹), 5.45 (d, *J* = 3 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 5.31 (t, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 4.98 (t, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.63 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 4.57 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, C*H*HPh), 4.45 – 4.38 (m, 2H, C*H*HPh, H-4^I), 4.31 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 4.27 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 4.9 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.19 – 4.00 (m, 2H, H-5^{II}, H-5^{II}), 3.99 – 3.86 (m, 2H, H-6^{II}_a), 3.83 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.81 (s, 6H, 2 × OMe), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 10.1, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 3.56 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_a), 3.46 (dd, *J* = 10.8, 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_b), 3.02 (dd, *J* = 13.7, 4.8 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.91 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 7.9 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh), 1.84 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.48 – 1.21 (4s, 12H).; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.29, 169.83, 161.73, 161.62, 141.85, 137.93, 128.27, 128.05, 127.91, 127.56, 127.40, 126.37, 116.19, 109.20, 108.67, 101.53, 98.34, 96.30, 90.94, 83.76, 78.64, 77.45, 77.23, 77.03, 76.60, 73.38, 72.39, 70.97, 70.80, 70.62, 69.52, 68.22, 68.08, 67.99, 66.83, 55.96, 55.36, 42.47, 30.16, 26.24, 26.05, 25.04, 24.53, 20.70, 20.31; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₆H₅₈O₁₆S [M+Na]⁺: 921.3343; found: 921.3351.

Methyl 3,4-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1*S*)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-

trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranoside (44). Compound 44 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 17 (45 mg, 0.09 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor **37** (36 mg, 0.08 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 44 (57 mg, 67%). $R_f = 0.43$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg $\text{cm}^3 \text{g}^{-1} \text{dm}^{-1}$ = +50.0 (c = 0.8 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.53 – 6.78 (m, 25H, ArH), 6.07 (s, 3H, ArH, H-1^{II}), 5.33 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.05 (s, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.96 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.78 – 4.49 (m, 5H, 2 × CH₂Ph, H-1^I), 4.41 – 4.32 (m, 2H, CH_2Ph), 4.22 - 4.11 (m, 3H, SCH₂CHPh, H-3^I, H-4^I), 4.10 - 3.85 (m, 3H, H-5^I, H-5^{II}, H- 6_{a}^{I}), 3.80 (s, 1H, OMe), 3.76 – 3.69 (m, 7H, 2 × OMe, H- 6_{b}^{I}), 3.64 (m, 2H, H- 2^{I} , H- 2^{II}), 3.39 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.28 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_a), 3.12 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_b), 2.89 (dd, J = 13.9, 4.3 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.78 (dd, J = 13.9, 8.2 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 1.81 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.52, 169.94, 162.08, 161.91, 142.24, 139.73, 138.55, 138.40, 138.23, 128.62, 128.43, 128.40, 128.35, 128.31, 128.28, 128.03, 127.70, 127.49, 127.43, 127.36, 127.09, 126.37, 101.28, 97.97, 96.08, 91.09, 84.18, 80.95, 80.49, 79.57, 77.66, 77.43, 77.23, 76.81, 74.26, 73.91, 73.52, 72.46, 69.81, 69.69, 69.51, 68.95, 68.15, 56.10, 55.53, 42.84, 30.38, 20.91, 20.31; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{62}H_{70}O_{16}S [M+Na]^+$: 1125.4282; found: 1125.4292.

3-O-allyloxycarbonyl-4-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-2-O-[(18)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-

trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-1,2:3,4-di-O-

isopropylidene-α-D-galactopyranose (45). Compound 45 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 22 (76 mg, 0.14 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 36 (31 mg, 0.12 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 45 (76 mg, 67%). $R_f = 0.3$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v; $[\alpha]_{29}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +70.0 (c = 0.3 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.43 - 7.06 (m, 10H, ArH), 6.10 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.77 - 5.61 (m, 1H, CH alloc), 5.52 (d, J =5.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 5.46 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.26 – 5.09 (m, 2H, CH₂ alloc), 5.04 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.64 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 4.54 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.50 – 4.39 (m, 2H, C*H*HPh, H-4^I), 4.36 – 4.29 (m, 2H, H-2^I, SCH₂C*H*), 4.27 (dd, J = 13.1, 5.8 Hz, 1H, CHH alloc), 4.09 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H, H-5¹), 4.08 - 3.99 (m, 2H)H-5^{II}, CHH alloc), 3.98 - 3.85 (m, 2H, H-6^I_a, H-6^I_b), 3.83 - 3.80 (2s, 9H, 3×OMe), 3.73 $(dd, J = 9.9, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 3.57 (dd, J = 10.8, 2.7 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}), 3.47 (dd, J = 10.8), 3.47 (dd, J$ 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_b), 3.02 (dd, J = 13.9, 4.3 Hz, 1H, SCHHCH), 2.85 (dd, J = 13.9, 8.2 Hz, 1H, SCHHCH), 1.86 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H), 1.36 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 169.61, 161.74, 161.66, 154.09, 141.63, 137.94, 131.61, 128.26, 127.95, 127.92, 127.54, 127.21, 126.23, 118.19, 109.20, 108.66, 101.31, 98.48, 96.30, 95.09, 90.95, 83.31, 78.35, 78.09, 78.07, 77.22, 77.01, 76.80, 73.40, 70.92, 70.77, 70.61, 69.36, 68.30, 68.13, 67.82, 66.75, 55.93, 55.36, 42.75, 26.24, 26.05, 25.03, 24.56, 20.70; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₈H₆₀O₁₇S [M+Na]⁺: 963.3449; found:

963.3456.

Methyl 3-O-allyoxylcarbonyl-4-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 6)$ -2,3,4-tri-O-benzoyl- α -**D-glucopyranoside** (46). Compound 46 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 22 (50 mg, 0.094 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 24 (40 mg, 0.079 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound **46** (73 mg, 78%). $R_f = 0.24$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg $\text{cm}^3 \text{g}^{-1} \text{dm}^{-1}$ = +60.0 (c = 0.3 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃); δ 8.07 – 6.97 (m, 25H, ArH), 6.18 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 6.04 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.77 – 5.60 (m, 1H, CH alloc), 5.53 - 5.42 (m, 2H, H-1^{II}, H-4^I), 5.31 - 5.22 (m, 2H, H-1^I, H-2^I), 5.22 - 5.10 (m, 3H, H-3^{II}, CH₂ alloc), 5.04 (dd, J = 18.4, 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.59 – 4.39 (m, 3H, CH₂Ph, $H-5^{I}$), 4.31 – 4.23 (m, 2H, SCH₂CHPh, CHH alloc), 4.19 – 4.11 (m, 1H, $H-5^{II}$), 4.07 (dd, J = 13.2, 5.5 Hz, 1H, CHH alloc), 3.98 (dd, J = 10.6, 8.3 Hz, 1H, H-6¹_a), 3.91 (dd, J =10.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H, H-6^I_b, 3.82 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.77 - 3.65 (m, 7H, 2×OMe, H-2^{II}), 3.61 - 3.653.51 (m, 4H, OMe, H-6^{II}), 3.45 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}), 2.87 (ddd, J = 22.8, 14.1, 6.2 Hz, 2H, SCH₂CHPh), 1.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 179.57, 179.54, 179.51, 169.54, 165.85, 165.67, 165.48, 161.65, 161.60, 154.03, 141.67, 137.87, 133.28, 133.17, 132.97, 131.56, 129.93, 129.80, 129.63, 129.29, 129.12, 128.74, 128.37, 128.28, 128.24, 128.21, 127.99, 127.90, 127.56, 127.18, 126.03, 118.15, 97.36, 96.49, 90.87, 83.84, 78.47, 77.97, 77.20, 76.98, 76.77, 73.37, 72.37, 70.62, 69.77, 69.29, 68.75, 68.33, 68.15, 68.11, 66.93, 55.86, 55.43, 55.32, 43.43, 20.66; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{64}H_{66}O_{20}S [M+Na]^+$: 1209.3766; found: 1209.3752.

4-O-acetyl-3-O-levulinoyl-6-O-benzyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-

trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-1,2:3,4-di-O-

isopropylidene-α-D-galactopyranose (47). Compound 47 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 21 (40 mg, 0.074 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 36 (16 mg, 0.062 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 47 (51 mg, 85%). $R_f = 0.14$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v; $[\alpha]_{26}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +27.5 (c = 0.5 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.38 - 7.00 (m, 10H, ArH), 6.10 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.52 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, H-1¹), 5.45 (d, J =3.4 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.34 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 4.98 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.62 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 4.59 - 4.36 (m, 3H, CH₂Ph, H-4^I), 4.31 (dd, J = 4.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^I), 4.25 (dd, J = 7.7, 4.8 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.17 – 3.97 (m, 2H, H-5^I, H-5^{II}), 3.36 (m, 2H, H-6^{II}_a, H-6^{II}_b), 3.02 (dd, J = 13.7, 4.9 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.90 (dd, J =13.7, 7.8 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.44 – 2.08 (m, 3H, 3×CHH Lev), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.88 (s, 3H), 1.68 – 1.62 (m, 1H, CHH Lev), 1.59 (s, 3H)1.45 (s, 3H), 1.34 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 206.39, 172.00, 170.15, 161.94, 161.86, 142.07, 138.15, 128.48, 128.22, 128.15, 127.87, 127.77, 127.52, 126.66, 109.41, 108.87, 101.61, 98.58, 96.51, 91.16, 83.84, 78.85, 77.66, 77.44, 77.23, 76.81, 73.62, 72.57, 71.15, 71.00, 70.83, 69.43, 68.57, 68.37, 68.08, 66.96, 56.18, 55.58, 42.60, 37.83, 29.94, 27.75, 26.46, 26.26, 25.24, 24.76, 20.92; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{49}H_{62}O_{17}S$ [M+Na]⁺: 977.3605; found: 977.3597.

Methyl4-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-3-O-levulinoyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranoside(48).Compound48 was prepared according to the general

glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 21 (50 mg, 0.093 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor **37** (36 mg, 0.078 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound **48** (57 mg, 64%). $R_f = 0.11$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg $\text{cm}^3 \text{g}^{-1} \text{dm}^{-1}$) = +40.0 (*c* = 0.8 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.46 – 6.83 (m, 20H, ArH), 6.07 (s, 3H, ArH, H-1^{II}), 5.38 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.04 (s, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.95 (dd, J = 19.0, 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.70 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.63 (d, J = 3.5Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 4.60 - 4.52 (m, 3H, CHHPh, CH₂Ph), 4.38 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.27 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.19 - 4.10 (m, 3H, H-3^I, H-4^I, SCH₂CHPh), 4.07 - 4.073.90 (m, 3H, H-5^I, H-5^{II}, H-6^{II}), 3.85 - 3.68 (m, 10H, 3×OMe, H-6^{II}), 3.65 - 3.56 (m, 1H, H-2^I), 3.39 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.29 (dd, J = 10.7, 2.5 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}), 3.13 (dd, J = 10.8, 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}), 2.87 (dd, J = 13.9, 4.6 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.78 (dd, J = 13.9, 8.2 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.42 – 2.30 (m, 1H, CHH Lev), 2.21 – 2.09 (m, 1H, CHH Lev), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.04 - 1.95 (m, 1H, CHH Lev), 1.87 (s, 3H), 1.41 (dt, J = 17.4, 6.1 Hz, 1H)CHH Lev); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 206.36, 172.06, 170.05, 162.07, 161.93, 142.22, 139.74, 138.55, 138.42, 138.24, 128.62, 128.43, 128.39, 128.35, 128.29, 128.23, 128.05, 127.70, 127.47, 127.37, 127.31, 127.16, 127.07, 126.49, 101.20, 97.99, 96.27, 91.10, 84.05, 80.87, 80.70, 79.55, 77.67, 77.45, 77.24, 76.82, 74.35, 74.00, 73.52, 72.35, 69.76, 69.48, 69.11, 68.28, 56.10, 55.52, 42.75, 37.83, 29.95, 27.54, 20.92; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₆₅H₇₄O₁₇S [M+Na]⁺: 1181.4545; found: 1181.4556.

4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-3-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1*S*)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-1,2:3,4-di-*O*-isopropylidene- α -D-galactopyranose (49). Compound 49 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 23 (60 mg, 0.12 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 36 (26 mg, 0.10 mmol).

Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 49 (88 mg, 98%). $R_f = 0.19$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +13.5 (c = 0.3 in CHCl₃);¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.25 – 7.05 (m, 10H, ArH), 6.09 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.54 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 5.21 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.89 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H- 4^{II}), 4.67 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H- 3^{I}), 4.60 – 4.54 (m, 2H, CHHPh, SCH₂CHPh), 4.48 -4.41 (m, 2H, CH*H*Ph, H-4^I), 4.34 (dd, J = 5.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^I), 4.22 (dd, J = 12.3, 4.4Hz, 1H, H- 6^{II}_{a}), 4.10 (br t, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H, H- 5^{II}), 4.05 – 3.71 (m, 14H, H- 5^{II} , H- 6^{II}_{b} , H- 6^{II}_{a}), H-6^I_b H-3^{II}, 3 × OMe), 3.58 (dd, J = 9.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 3.12 (dd, J = 13.3, 7.0 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 3.01 (dd, J = 13.3, 5.6 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.08, 169.87, 161.83, 161.79, 141.09, 138.99, 128.36, 128.30, 127.91, 127.85, 127.45, 127.16, 109.53, 108.83, 102.16, 98.24, 96.55, 91.20, 81.73, 79.05, 78.58, 77.66, 77.44, 77.24, 76.81, 75.17, 71.36, 70.92, 70.88, 70.04, 68.28, 67.76, 67.09, 62.61, 56.17, 55.57, 42.37, 30.37, 26.40, 26.31, 25.24, 24.84, 21.02, 20.99; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₆H₅₈O₁₆S [M+Na]⁺: 921.3344; found: 921.3352.

Methyl 4,6-di-*O*-acetyl-3-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1*S*)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-Dglucopyranose (50). Compound 50 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 23 (30 mg, 0.074 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 37 (24 mg, 0.063 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 50 (25 mg, 46%, α/β =7/1). 50 α : R_f = 0.23 (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +20.0 (c = 0.5 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl3): δ 7.50 – 6.92 (m, 25H, ArH), 6.06 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.86 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.09 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H,

CHHPh), 5.02 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.83 (t, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.69 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H +4^{II}), 4.69 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H +4^{II}), 4.69 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H +4^{II}) 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.65 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1¹), 4.62 – 4.52 (m, 3H, CHHPh, CH₂Ph), 4.48 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.42 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.34 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.17 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 4.04 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-4^I), 3.99 (dd, J = 12.3, 4.1 Hz, 1H, H-6^I_a), 3.96 – 3.83 (m, 3H, H-5^I, H-5^{II}, H-6^{II}_a), 3.83 – 3.77 (m, 4H, OMe, H- $6_{\rm b}^{\rm I}$), 3.77 - 3.67 (m, 7H, 2×OMe, H- $6_{\rm b}^{\rm II}$), 3.61 (dd, J = 9.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H, $H-2^{I}$, 3.50 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.4 Hz, 1H, $H-2^{II}$), 3.40 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.06 (dd, J = 13.3, 6.5 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.87 (dd, J = 13.3, 6.4 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.62, 169.48, 161.58, 161.55, 140.85, 139.13, 138.55, 138.03, 138.01, 128.59, 128.40, 128.31, 128.25, 128.12, 128.06, 127.99, 127.87, 127.53, 127.45, 127.32, 127.21, 127.09, 126.93, 126.83, 101.36, 97.72, 95.95, 90.88, 81.80, 81.24, 80.36, 78.62, 78.14, 78.09, 77.21, 77.00, 76.78, 74.76, 74.06, 73.40, 73.24, 72.79, 70.02, 69.54, 69.12, 68.10, 62.33, 55.80, 55.27, 55.24, 41.56, 20.77, 20.74.; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{62}H_{70}O_{16}S$ [M+Na]⁺: 1125.4283; found: 1125.4276. The ß anomer was purified by reversed phase HPLC on an analytical C-18 column using a gradient of 40 \rightarrow 100% acetonitrile in H₂O over 40 min. **50** β : ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.46 – 7.08 (m, 25H, ArH), 6.06 (s, 2H, ArH), 4.99 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.90 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.84 – 4.68 (m, 3H, H-4^{II}, 2×CHHPh), 4.68 – 4.54 (m, 4H, H-1^I, 2×CH*H*Ph, C*H*HPh), 4.54 – 4.40 (m, 2H, 2×CH*H*Ph), 4.32 (d, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H}-1^{\text{II}}), 4.22 \text{ (d, } J = 8.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H}-6^{\text{I}}_{a}), 4.07 - 3.96 \text{ (m, } 2\text{H}, \text{H}-4^{\text{I}}, \text{H}-6^{\text{II}}_{a}),$ 3.89 - 3.81 (m, 3H, H-6^{II}_b, H-3^I, H-5^I), 3.78 (s, 9H, 3×OMe), 3.71 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, H- 6_{b}^{1}), 3.51 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-2¹), 3.42 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.30 (dd, J = 13.2, 6.3 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh), 3.26 - 3.15 (m, 2H, H-2^{II}, H-3^{II}), 3.11 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, H-5^{II}), 2.82
(dd, J = 13.2, 6.8 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh), 1.92 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H); selected ¹³C NMR (gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 102.01 (C-1^{II}), 98.90 (C-1^I), 82.61, 82.16, 81.94, 81.66, 80.63, 78.75, 78.02, 75.76, 75.26, 73.72, 70.31, 69.87, 68.27, 67.85, 62.24, 55.92, 55.64, 41.89; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₆₂H₇₀O₁₆S [M+Na]⁺: 1125.4283; found: 1125.4272.

3-O-acetyl-4,6-di-O-benzyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)-1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- α -D-galactopyranose (51). Compound 51 was prepared according to the general procedure using glycosyl donor 18 (40 mg, 0.075 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 36 (16 mg, 0.062 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 51 (56 mg, 95 %). $R_f = 0.34$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +21.5 (c = 0.5 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.42 – 7.01 (m, 15H, ArH), 6.06 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.50 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 5.39 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.32 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H- 1^{II}), 4.61 (dd, J = 7.4, 2.9 Hz, 2H, H- 3^{I} , CHHPh), 4.46 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.39 (s, 3H, CH₂Ph, H-4^I), 4.29 (dd, J = 5.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^I), 4.25 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.10 - 4.00 (m, 1H, H-6¹), 3.97 - 3.92 (m, 1H, H-5^{II}), 3.89 (dd, J = 9.9, 7.2Hz, 1H, H- 6_{b}^{I}), 3.86 – 3.71 (m, 11H, 3×OMe, H- 5^{I} , H- 6_{a}^{II}), 3.66 (dd, J = 10.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H, $H-6_{b}^{II}$, 3.57 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, $H-4^{II}$), 3.45 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H, $H-2^{II}$), 3.02 (d, J =6.6 Hz, 2H, SCH₂CHPh), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.44 (2s, 6H), 1.34 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 179.61, 179.58, 179.57, 169.89, 161.60, 161.47, 141.44, 138.04, 137.98, 128.32, 128.25, 127.95, 127.90, 127.75, 127.66, 127.54, 127.45, 126.79, 109.09, 108.63, 101.58, 98.11, 96.24, 90.81, 83.16, 78.39, 78.03, 78.02, 77.20, 76.99, 76.78, 76.23, 73.72, 73.44, 73.18, 70.79, 70.77, 70.53, 69.66, 68.32, 67.64, 66.57, 55.91, 55.32, 41.63, 26.21, 26.00, 24.96, 24.45, 20.70; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for

 $C_{51}H_{62}O_{15}S [M+Na]^+$: 969.3707; found: 969.3718.

Methyl 3-O-acetyl-4,6-di-O-benzyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl-Dglucopyranoside (52). Compound 52 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 18 (50 mg, 0.093 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor **37** (36 mg, 0.078 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound **52** (59 mg, 66%, $\alpha/\beta=10/1$). **52a**: $R_f = 0.39$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +48.0 (c = 0.6 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.48 -6.90 (m, 30H, ArH), 6.03 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.95 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.39 (t, J = 9.7Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.03 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.94 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.71 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.63 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 4.58 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.50 (q, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 2H, C*H*₂Ph), 4.43 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, C*H*HPh), 4.36 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.31 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.27 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 10.0 Hz)1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.21 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.15 – 4.08 (m, 2H, H-4¹, H-3¹), 3.96 $(dd, J = 10.7, 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-6_a^{I}), 3.94 - 3.90 (m, 1H, H-5^{I}), 3.81 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-6_a^{I})$ 5^{II}), 3.76 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.71 (s, 7H, 2×OMe, H-6¹_b), 3.60 (dd, J = 9.2, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-2¹), 3.52 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 3.43 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 3.37 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.33 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 2H, H-6_a^{II}), 1.40 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.09, 161.98, 161.78, 161.66, 141.61, 139.65, 138.56, 138.44, 138.30, 128.79, 128.63, 128.52, 128.46, 128.37, 128.35, 128.33, 128.17, 128.06, 127.93, 127.85, 127.75, 127.64, 127.38, 127.36, 127.28, 127.14, 127.00, 101.59, 97.96, 95.91, 91.04, 83.32, 81.17, 80.89, 78.80, 77.68, 77.46, 77.26, 76.83, 76.54, 74.36, 73.54, 73.51, 73.35, 72.86, 70.63, 69.70, 69.37, 68.32, 56.23, 56.09, 55.48, 55.43, 42.10, 20.85; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for

C₆₇H₇₄O₁₅S [M+Na]⁺: 1173.4646; found:1173.4638. The β anomer was purified by reversed phase HPLC on an analytical C-18 column using a gradient of 50→100% acetonitrile in H₂O over 40 min. **528**: ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.48 – 7.03 (m, 30H, Ar*H*), 6.01 (s, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.00 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, C*H*HPh), 4.96 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 4.79 (d, *J* = 12.2 Hz, 1H, C*H*HPh), 4.77 – 4.74 (m, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.71 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.66 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, C*H*HPh), 4.63 – 4.58 (m, 2H, H-1^I, CH*H*Ph), 4.49 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.45 – 4.33 (m, 5H, 2×CH₂Ph, H-1^{II}), 4.09 – 4.02 (m, 1H, H-4^I), 3.96 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 2.6 Hz, 1H, H-6^I_a), 3.87 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 3.80 – 3.73 (m, 10H, H-5^I, 3×OMe), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 11.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_a), 3.61 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H, H-6^I_b), 3.50 – 3.43 (m, 2H, H-2^I, H-6^{II}_b), 3.43 – 3.35 (m, 4H, H-4^{II}, OMe), 3.21 – 3.09 (m, 3H, H-5^{II}, H-2^{II}, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.93 (dd, *J* = 13.3, 8.6 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh), 1.70 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (gHSQC, 150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₆₇H₇₄O₁₅S [M+Na]⁺: 1173.4646; found:1173.4641.

3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-*α*-**D**-glucopyranosyl-(1→6)-1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene-*α*-D-galactopyranose (53). Compound **53** was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor **35** (50 mg, 0.086 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor **36** (18 mg, 0.070 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound **53** (68 mg, 98%). R_{*f*} = 0.39 (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[α]^{d}_{29}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +6.7 (*c* = 1.5 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.49 – 6.98 (m, 20H, Ar*H*), 6.06 (s, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.53 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H, H-1¹), 5.10 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.86 – 4.50 (m, 7H, CH₂Ph, CHHPh, CHHPh, SCH₂CH, H-4^I, H-3^I), 4.49 – 4.37 (m, 2H, CHHPh, CHHPh), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^I), 4.18 – 3.98 (m, 1H, H-5^I), 3.98 – 3.68 (m, 15H, 3×OMe, H-3^{II}, H-5^{II}, H-6^I_a, H-6^I_b, H-6^{II}_a, H-6^{II}_b), 3.62 (dd, J = 10.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 3.57 – 3.44 (m, 1H, H-2^{II}) 3.19 (dd, J = 13.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H, SCHHCH), 3.02 (dd, J = 13.1, 6.5 Hz, 1H, SCHHCH), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.41 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCI₃): δ 161.76, 161.64, 140.94, 139.37, 138.71, 138.25, 128.53, 128.48, 128.30, 128.15, 128.02, 127.88, 127.82, 127.73, 127.44, 127.40, 116.41, 109.39, 108.81, 102.33, 98.07, 96.54, 91.16, 81.79, 80.92, 78.21, 77.80, 77.68, 77.46, 77.25, 76.83, 75.49, 75.08, 73.65, 71.10, 71.01, 70.84, 70.37, 68.72, 67.27, 66.48, 56.15, 55.53, 41.84, 30.38, 26.46, 26.35, 25.21, 24.91; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₅₆H₆₆O₁₄S [M+Na]⁺: 1017.4071; found: 1017.4063.

Methyl 3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)ethyl]-D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2,3,6-tri-O-benzyl-D-glucopyranoside (54). Compound 54 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor **35** (50 mg, 0.086 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor **37** (33 mg, 0.071 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 54 (49 mg, 57%, $\alpha/\beta=1.5/1$). 54a: $R_f = 0.43$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +21.4 (c = 1.4 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.45 – 7.00 (m, 35H, ArH), 6.01 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.81 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.09 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.98 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.75 – 4.55 (m, 8H, H-1^I, C*H*HPh, CH₂Ph×3), 4.53 – 4.47 (m, 2H, SCH₂CHPh, CHHPh), 4.45 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.36 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.26 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.15 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H, H-3¹), 4.07 $(t, J = 9.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H}-4^{\text{I}}), 3.92 - 3.64 \text{ (m}, 14\text{H}, \text{H}-5^{\text{I}}, \text{H}-3^{\text{II}}, \text{H}-5^{\text{II}}, \text{H}-6_{ab}, 3 \times \text{OMe}), 3.61$ $(dd, J = 9.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-2^{I}), 3.51 - 3.46 (m, 1H, H-4^{II}), 3.46 - 3.40 (m, 1H, H-6_{a}^{II}),$ 3.40 - 3.33 (m, 5H, OMe, H-2^{II}, H-6^{II}), 3.18 (dd, J = 13.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.83 (dd, J = 13.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 161.57, 161.43, 140.61, 139.15, 139.07, 138.64, 138.21, 138.14, 138.04, 128.41, 128.33, 128.28, 128.26, 128.17, 128.15, 128.09, 128.04, 128.01, 127.91, 127.87, 127.71, 127.57, 127.53, 127.49, 127.43, 127.27, 127.25, 127.16, 127.10, 127.02, 101.53, 97.74, 95.70, 90.93, 90.87, 81.77, 81.44, 80.89, 80.52, 77.69, 77.45, 77.26, 77.05, 76.84, 75.07, 74.77, 74.17, 73.37, 73.26, 73.07, 71.43, 70.82, 69.53, 69.03, 68.33, 56.00, 55.81, 55.21, 55.15, 41.15; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{72}H_{78}O_{14}S$ [M+Na]⁺: 1221.5010; found: 1221.5001. The β anomer was purified by reversed phase HPLC on an analytical C-18 column using a gradient of 50 \rightarrow 100% acetonitrile in H₂O over 40 min. 54 β : $R_f = 0.35$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.42 – 7.03 (m, 30H, ArH), 6.05 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.04 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.93 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.79 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 2H, CHHPh, CHHPh), 4.73 – 4.57 (m, 6H, H-1¹, $2 \times CH_2Ph$, CHHPh), 4.52 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.49 – 4.42 (m, 2H, CHHPh, CHHPh), 4.37 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.33 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.12 (d, J =8.7 Hz, 1H, H-6¹, 4.06 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.90 - 3.82 (m, 2H, H-3¹, H-5¹), 3.77 (s, 6H, 2×OMe), 3.75 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.71 - 3.62 (m, 2H, H-6^I_b, H-6^{II}_a), 3.51 - 3.39 (m, 5H, H- $6_{\rm h}^{\rm II}$, H-2^I, OMe), 3.38 – 3.27 (m, 3H, H-3^{II}, H-4^{II}, SCHHCH), 3.25 – 3.16 (m, 2H, H-2^{II}, H-5^{II}), 2.82 (dd, J = 13.3, 7.1 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh).; ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 179.72, 179.71, 179.71, 179.69, 179.69, 179.68, 179.67, 179.65, 179.61, 179.60, 161.36, 161.32, 140.27, 139.51, 138.92, 138.66, 138.45, 138.31, 137.84, 128.47, 128.30, 128.24, 128.17, 128.14, 128.05, 127.96, 127.90, 127.88, 127.74, 127.70, 127.68, 127.52, 127.49, 127.32, 127.19, 127.02, 102.85, 102.05, 98.76, 97.05, 97.05, 90.92, 84.68, 84.22, 82.04, 80.81, 78.67, 78.13, 78.09, 78.08, 77.20, 76.99, 76.77, 75.47, 75.42, 75.38, 75.22, 74.64, 73.73, 73.41, 73.34, 70.12, 68.93, 68.20, 55.98, 55.69, 55.29, 41.82; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C72H78O14S [M+Na]+: 1221.5010; found: 1221.4998.

4-*S*-(2,3,5-trimethoxylphenyl)-2-(*S*)-phenyl-(3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzoyl-1,2-dideoxy-β-Dglucopyranoso)[1,2-*e*]-1,4-oxathianium triflate (56). Compound 56 was prepared according to the general procedure as descripted in the paper. Selected ¹H NMR (500 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 5.99 (H-3), 5.81 (d, J = 10 Hz, H-1), 5.74 (H-4), 4.88 (SCH₂CHPh), 4.50 (H-6_{a,b}), 4.37 (H-2), 4.30 (H-5), 4.35 (SCHHCHPh), 4.19 (SCHHCHPh); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 81.60 (C-1), 78.68 (C-2), 78.25 (C-5), 76.00 (SCH₂CHPh), 72.79 (C-3), 68.93 (C-4), 62.55 (C-6), 45.44 (SCH₂CHPh).

4-*S*-(2,3,5-trimethoxylphenyl)-2-(*S*)-phenyl-(3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-β-Dglucopyranoso)[1,2-*e*]-1,4-oxathianium triflate (57). Compound 57 was prepared according to the general procedure as descripted in the paper. Selected ¹H NMR (500 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 5.66 (d, J = 10 Hz, H-1), 5.47 (H-3), 5.22 (H-4), 5.07 (SCH₂CHPh), 4.26 (SCHHCHPh), 4.17 (H-6_{a,b}), 4.13 (SCHHCHPh, H-2), 3.92 (H-5); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 81.54 (C-1), 78.23 (C-2), 77.59 (C-5), 76.64 (SCH₂CHPh), 72.72 (C-3), 68.06 (C-4), 62.55 (C-6), 45.60 (SCH₂CHPh).

4-*S*-(2,3,5-trimethoxylphenyl)-2-(*S*)-phenyl-(3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-β-Dglucopyranoso)[1,2-*e*]-1,4-oxathianium triflate (58). Compound 58 was prepared according to the general procedure as descripted in the paper. Selected ¹H NMR (500 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 5.61 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.24 (d, J = 15H, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.92 – 4.78 (m, 3H, PhC*H*₂, PhCH*H*), 4.57 (d, J = 15 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.49 – 4.36 (m, 3H, PhC*H*₂, SC*H*HCHPh), 3.99 – 3.97 (m, 3H, H-2, H-3, SCH*H*CHPh), 3.80 (H-4), 3.68 (H-6_{a,b}), 3.66 (H-5); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 82.53 (C-2, C-3), 81.70 (C-1), 81.39 (C-5), 77.82 (SCH₂CHPh), 76.39 (C-4, PhCH₂<), 75.53 (PhCH₂<), 73.96 (PhCH₂<), 67.82 (C-6), 44.69 (SCH₂CHPh).

4-S-methyl-2-(S)-phenyl-(3,4,6-tri-*O*-benzoyl-1,2-dideoxy-β-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2*e*]-1,4-oxathianium triflate (59). Compound 59 was prepared according to the general procedure as descripted in the paper. Selected ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.13 – 7.16 (Ar*H*, 20H), 5.99 (t, *J* = 9 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.81 – 4.74 (m, 2H, H-1, H-4), 5.06 (d, *J* = 10 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.69 – 4.65 (m, 1H, H-6_a), 4.56 – 4.50 (m, 2H, H-5, H-6_b), 4.30 – 4.27 (m, 2H, H-2, SC*H*HCHPh), 3.72 (t, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 83.70 (C-1), 78.26 (C-2, C-5), 76.84 (SCH₂CHPh), 72.92 (C-3), 68.78 (C-4), 62.35 (C-6), 46.12 (SCH₂CHPh).

4-S-methyl-2-(S)-phenyl-(3,4,6-tri-*O***-acetyl-1,2-dideoxy-β-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2***e*]**-1,4-oxathianium triflate (60).** Compound **60** was prepared according to the general procedure as descripted in the paper. Selected ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 5.47 (H-1), 5.42 (H-3), 5.15 (H-4), 4.97 (SCH₂CHPh), 4.25 (H-6_a), 4.16 (SCHHCHPh), 4.14 (H-6_b), 4.12 (H-5), 3.99 (H-2), 3.63 (SCHHCHPh); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 83.35 (C-1), 78.05 (C-5, C-2), 76.47 (SCH₂CHPh), 72.35 (C-3), 68.03 (C-4), 62.53 (C-6), 45.85 (SCH₂CHPh).

4-S-methyl-2-(S)-phenyl-(3,4,6-tri-O-benzyl-1,2-dideoxy-β-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2e]-1,4-oxathianium triflate (61). Compound 61 was prepared according to the general procedure as descripted in the paper. Selected ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.42 – 7.21 (Ar*H*, 20H), 5.31 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.89 (d, *J* = 12H, 1H, SCH₂CHPh), 4.83 – 4.78 (m, 2H, PhCHH, PhCHH), 4.70 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H, PhCH*H*), 4.55 – 4.42 (m, 3H, PhCH₂, PhCH*H*), 4.07 (d, *J* = 12H, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 3.94 – 3.68 (m, 7H, H-2, H-3, H-4, H-5, H-6_{a,b}, SCH*H*CHPh); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 83.73 (C-1), 82.70 (C-3), 80.91 (C-2), 80.44 (C-4), 76.50 (SCH₂CHPh), 76.03 (C-5), 75.91 (PhCH₂<), 75.55 (PhCH₂<), 73.53 (PhCH₂<), 67.93 (C-6), 44.94 (SCH₂CHPh).

Scheme S2. Preparation of 63



Reagents and conditions: (a) NapCH(OMe)₂, DMF, TsOH·H₂O, reduced pressure (78%); (b) Ac₂O, Pyridine; (c) Et₃SiH, TfOH, -78 °C (83%, 2 steps).

2-(S)-Phenyl-(3-*O***-acetyl-6-***O***-(2-naphthyl)-1,2-dideoxy-B-D-glucopyranoso)**[**1**,2-*e*]-**1,4-oxathiane (63):** $R_f = 0.25$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +60.0 (c = 1.0 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 – 7.12 (m, 12H, Ar*H*), 5.11 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.76 (2H, NapC*H*₂), 4.67 (dd, J = 10.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H, SCH₂C*H*Ph), 4.47 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 3.88 – 3.74 (m, 3H, H-4, H-6_{a,b}), 3.74 – 3.60 (m, 2H, H-2, H-5), 2.95 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.6 Hz, 1H, SC*H*HCHPh), 2.77 (dd, J = 14.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H, SCH*H*CHPh), 2.06 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.90, 140.44, 135.29, 133.47, 133.29, 128.69, 128.56, 128.16, 128.06, 127.94, 126.95, 126.42, 126.24, 125.91, 125.61, 81.24, 80.01, 79.74, 77.71, 77.29, 76.87, 76.08, 76.01, 74.10, 71.03, 70.06, 35.86, 21.27; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₂₇H₂₈O₆S [M+Na]⁺: 503.1504; found: 503.1521.

2-(S)-Phenyl-(3,4-di-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-

trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-3-O-acetyl-6-O-(2-

methylnaphthyl)-1,2-dideoxy-B-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4-oxathiane (64).

Compound 64 was prepared according to the general procedure using glycosyl donor 17 (53 mg, 0.11 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 63 (43 mg, 0.091 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 64 (69 mg, 68 %). $R_f = 0.27$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $\left[\alpha\right]_{29}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +75.0 (c = 1.6 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR $(300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3)$: δ 7.94 – 6.94 (m, 22H, ArH), 6.08 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.82 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.52 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 5.25 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 4.92 (t, J = 9.5Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.77 - 4.69 (m, 3H, SCH₂CHPh^{II}, CH₂Nap), 4.54 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 4.45 – 4.30 (m, 2H, H-4^I, CHHPh), 4.30 – 4.18 (m, 2H, SCH₂CHPh^I, CHHPh), 4.11 $(dd, J = 11.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-6_{a}^{I}), 4.06 - 3.91 (m, 2H, H-6_{b}^{I}, H-5^{II}), 3.84 (m, 1H, H-5^{I}),$ 3.81 (s, 3H, OMe), 3.77 (s, 6H, $2 \times OMe$), 3.71 - 3.67 (m, 2H, $H-2^{I}$, $H-2^{II}$), 3.35 (dd, J =10.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_a), 3.26 (dd, J = 10.7, 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_b), 3.07 - 2.67 (m, 4H, SCH₂CHPh^I, SCH₂CHPh^{II}), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 8 170.46, 170.23, 170.04, 162.13, 161.96, 142.19, 140.53, 138.03, 136.09, 133.50, 133.11, 128.66, 128.48, 128.37, 128.18, 128.17, 128.03, 127.96, 127.85, 127.80, 127.53, 126.33, 126.30, 126.15, 125.89, 125.86, 125.45, 101.43, 97.11, 91.17, 84.20, 82.15, 80.71, 79.61, 79.47, 77.67, 77.25, 76.82, 75.64, 74.15, 73.78, 73.50, 72.35, 69.70, 69.29, 69.19, 68.47, 56.21, 55.57, 43.33, 35.76, 21.80, 20.91, 20.39; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{61}H_{66}O_{16}S_2$ [M+Na]⁺: 1141.3690; found: 1141.3697.

2-(S)-Phenyl 3-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-4-O(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)- 3-O-acetyl-6-O-(2-methylnaphthyl)-1,2-dideoxy-β-D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4-

oxathiane (65). Compound 65 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 19 (67 mg, 0.09 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 63 (40 mg, 0.08 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 65 (60 mg, 56%). $R_f = 0.33$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +56.0 (c = 2.5 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.86 - 6.97 (m, 30H, ArH), 6.08 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.86 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.55 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 5.41 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 4.94 - 4.64 (m, 4H, SCH₂CHPh^I, CH₂Nap, H-4^{II}), 4.55 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 4.48 – 4.19 (m, 5H, SCH₂CHPh^{II}, H-4^I, CH₂Ph, CHH Fmoc), 4.18 – 4.05 (m, 4H, H- 5^{II} , CH Fmoc, CHH Fmoc, H- 6_a^{I}), 3.97 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H, H- 6_b^{I}), 3.92 – 3.61 (m, 12H, H-5^I, H-2^I, H-2^{II}, $3 \times OMe$), 3.51 - 3.29 (m, 2H, H-6_a h^{II}), 3.05 - 2.75 (m, 4H, SCH₂CHPh^I, SCH₂CHPh^{II}), 2.07 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.19, 169.79, 161.91, 161.73, 154.28, 143.28, 143.18, 141.95, 141.20, 141.16, 140.30, 137.83, 135.86, 133.27, 132.90, 128.43, 128.20, 128.15, 127.98, 127.85, 127.65, 127.62, 127.51, 127.29, 127.25, 127.21, 126.16, 126.08, 125.89, 125.70, 125.64, 125.25, 125.21, 125.15, 119.96, 101.13, 96.82, 90.93, 84.09, 81.98, 80.41, 79.38, 77.45, 77.02, 76.60, 75.37, 73.95, 73.66, 73.58, 73.32, 71.69, 70.18, 68.90, 68.85, 68.38, 55.97, 55.33, 46.54, 43.11, 35.51, 21.58, 20.16; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{74}H_{74}O_{17}S_2$ [M+Na]⁺: 1321.4265; found: 1321.4659.

2-(S)-Phenyl 3,6-di-O-acetyl-4-O-benzyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-3-O-acetyl-6-O-(2methylnaphthyl)-1,2-dideoxy- β -D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4-oxathiane (66). Compound 66 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using

glycosyl donor 20 (40 mg, 0.082 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 63 (33 mg, 0.069 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 66 (42 mg, 55%). $R_f = 0.25$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +36.4 (c = 1.1 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.92 – 7.03 (m, 22H, ArH), 6.09 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.71 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.47 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 5.39 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H- 3^{II}), 4.76 (s, 2H, CH₂Nap), 4.69 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H, SCH₂CHPh^{II}), 4.51 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 4.46 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.39 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.34 – 4.20 (m, 2H, H-4I, SCH₂CHPh^I), 4.19 - 4.09 (m, 2H, H-6^{II}_{ab}), 4.09 - 4.01 (m, 2H, H-5^{II}, H- 6_{a}^{I}), 3.96 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H, H- 6_{b}^{I}), 3.87 – 3.75 (m, 10H, 3×OMe, H- 5^{I}), 3.66 (t, J = 9.3Hz, 1H, H-2^I), 3.46 (dd, J = 10.0, 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 3.33 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 3.06 -2.89 (m, 3H, SCH₂CHPh^I, SCHHCHPh^{II}), 2.82 (dd, J = 13.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh^{II}), 2.08 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.43 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.62, 170.46, 169.72, 162.13, 161.92, 141.85, 140.56, 137.71, 135.97, 133.49, 133.11, 128.65, 128.40, 128.21, 128.17, 128.11, 127.87, 127.84, 127.76, 126.78, 126.40, 126.10, 125.89, 125.85, 125.49, 101.85, 96.72, 91.20, 84.11, 82.03, 80.82, 79.57, 79.41, 77.68, 77.46, 77.26, 76.84, 76.53, 75.76, 74.55, 73.93, 73.76, 73.18, 69.30, 68.99, 63.25, 56.22, 55.61, 43.12, 35.80, 21.66, 21.03, 20.83; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{61}H_{66}O_{16}S_2 [M+Na]^+$: 1141.3690; found: 1141.3685.

2-(S)-Phenyl 2,3-di-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-4-O- (9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-3-O-acetyl-6-O-(2-methylnaphthyl)-1,2-dideoxy- ß -Dglucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4-oxathiane (67). C-2 auxiliary of 65 was removed using general procedure. Then the residue was redissolved in pyridine and an equal volume of acetic anhydride was added. After stirring for 16 h, the solvents were removed and the

product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford 67 (89%, 2 steps). $R_f =$ 0.35 (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{26}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +23.5 (c = 0.8 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.99 – 7.00 (m, 25H, ArH), 5.57 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.52 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.39 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 5.04 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.93 – 4.75 (m, 2H, H-2^{II}, CHHNap), 4.75 – 4.61 (m, 2H, CHHNap, SCH₂CHPh), 4.51 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 4.41 – 3.95 (m, 8H, H-4^I, CH₂ Fmoc, CH Fmoc, CH₂Ph, H-5^{II}, H-6^I_a), 3.86 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, H-6^I_b), 3.75 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-5^I), 3.61 (t, J =9.3 Hz, 1H, H-2^I), 3.40 - 3.14 (m, 2H, H-6^{II}_a, H-6^{II}_b), 2.96 (dd, J = 14.0, 10.5 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.82 (dd, J = 13.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.07 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.95 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.81, 170.57, 170.15, 154.24, 143.47, 143.34, 141.47, 140.28, 137.77, 135.79, 133.49, 133.24, 128.70, 128.39, 128.37, 128.21, 128.17, 127.93, 127.84, 127.74, 127.51, 127.46, 126.77, 126.35, 126.15, 126.12, 125.36, 125.32, 120.30, 120.28, 95.25, 81.96, 80.30, 79.74, 77.67, 77.45, 77.25, 76.83, 75.95, 75.83, 74.24, 73.56, 73.07, 71.11, 70.58, 70.53, 69.75, 69.00, 68.76, 67.81, 60.62, 46.77, 35.73, 21.31, 20.94, 20.86; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₅₉H₅₈O₁₅S [M+Na]⁺: 1061.3394; found: 1061.3387.

3-azidopropyl 2,3-di-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-4-O-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→4)-3-O-acetyl-6-O-(2-methylnaphthyl)-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-

(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranoside (70). Compound 67 was oxidized to give sulfoxide donor 68 according to the general procedure. Compound 70 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 68 (45 mg, 0.04 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 69 (22 mg, 0.22 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 70 (48 mg, 86%). $R_f = 0.26$

(EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^{d}$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +80.0 (c = 0.8 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.92 – 6.97 (m, 25H, ArH), 6.11 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.55 – 5.35 (m, 3H, $H-1^{I}, H-3^{I}, H-3^{II}$), 5.29 (d, $J = 3.8 \text{ Hz}, 1H, H-1^{II}$), 4.97 (t, $J = 9.9 \text{ Hz}, 1H, H-4^{II}$), 4.81 (dd, J = 10.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 4.72 (q, J = 12.2 Hz, 2H, CH₂Nap), 4.44 - 4.11 (m, 5H, SCH₂CHPh, CH₂Ph, CHH Fmoc, CH Fmoc), 4.07 - 3.90 (m, 4H, CHH Fmoc, H-5¹, H-4¹, H-5^{II}), 3.83 (s, 10H, 3×OMe, H-6^I_a), 3.76 – 3.57 (m, 3H, H-6^I_b, CH₂ linker), 3.57 – 3.40 (m, 3H, H-2^I, CH₂ linker), 3.27 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 2H, H-6^{II}_a, H-6^{II}_b), 2.94 (qd, J = 13.8, 6.3 Hz, 2H, SCH₂CHPh), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.00 – 1.95 (m, 2H, CH₂ linker), 1.92 (s, 3H) 1.44 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl3): δ 170.59, 169.82, 161.85, 161.77, 154.03, 143.23, 143.14, 141.46, 141.23, 137.56, 135.61, 133.24, 132.94, 128.22, 128.13, 128.07, 127.91, 127.88, 127.71, 127.54, 127.47, 127.26, 127.21, 126.69, 126.14, 126.11, 125.89, 125.56, 125.13, 120.04, 101.72, 97.24, 94.86, 90.96, 83.93, 78.97, 77.44, 77.22, 77.01, 76.59, 73.76, 73.65, 73.32, 73.07, 71.83, 70.26, 70.19, 69.67, 69.50, 68.86, 68.69, 67.92, 65.31, 56.02, 55.37, 48.53, 46.53, 42.74, 29.00, 20.73, 20.69, 20.67; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{71}H_{75}N_{3}O_{19}S [M+Na]^{+}$: 1328.4613; found: 1328.4622.

3-azidopropyl 2,3-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl-4-*O*-(9-fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl)- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-3-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-(2-methylnaphthyl)-2-*O*-[(1*S*)-phenyl-2-

(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]- α -D-glucopyranoside (71). The C-2 auxiliary of 70 was removed using the general procedure. The residue was redissolved in pyridine and an equal volume of acetic anhydride was added. After stirring for 16 h, the solvent was removed and the product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford 71 (98%, 2 steps). $R_f = 0.44$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +64.7 (*c* = 1.7 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.94 – 6.98 (m, 20H, ArH), 5.65 – 5.39 (m, 3H, H-1^I, H-3^I, H-3^{II}), 5.09 – 4.99 (m, 2H, H-1^{II}, H-4^{II}), 4.91 – 4.80 (m, 2H, H-2^I, H-2^{II}), 4.74 (dd, J = 28.2, 9.5 Hz, 2H, CH_2 Nap), 4.43 – 4.11 (m, 5H, CH*H* Fmoc, C*H* Fmoc, C*H*₂Ph, H-4^I), 4.08 – 3.88 (m, 3H, C*H*H Fmoc, H-5^I, H-5^{II}), 3.88 – 3.67 (m, 3H, H-6^I_a, C*H*₂ linker), 3.58 – 3.37 (m, 3H, H-6^I_b, C*H*₂ linker), 3.27 (s, 2H, H-6^{II}_a, H-6^{II}_b), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.93 – 1.86 (m, 2H, C*H*₂ linker); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 170.56, 170.33, 170.01, 169.90, 154.01, 143.23, 143.10, 141.25, 137.55, 135.48, 133.25, 133.00, 128.16, 127.94, 127.71, 127.57, 127.51, 127.27, 127.22, 126.34, 126.15, 125.93, 125.70, 125.11, 120.07, 95.86, 95.15, 77.43, 77.21, 77.01, 76.59, 73.90, 73.32, 72.89, 72.75, 71.59, 71.52, 70.44, 70.29, 69.87, 69.46, 68.83, 68.50, 67.73, 65.03, 48.14, 46.54, 28.75, 21.01, 20.70, 20.66, 20.65; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₅₆H₅₉N₃O₁₇[M+Na]⁺: 1068.3742; found: 1068.3738.

3-azidopropyl 2,3-di-*O***-acetyl-***G***-***O***-benzyl-***a***-D-glucopyranosyl-**(1→4)-2,3-di-*O***acetyl-***G***-***O***-**(2-methylnaphthyl)-*a*-**D-glucopyranoside** (72). *N*-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP) (0.8 mL) was added to a stirred solution of 71 (130 mg, 0.022 mmol) in DCM (4 mL). After stirring for 1 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM (20 mL) and washed H₂O (2 × 20 mL) and brine (20 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/4→1/2, v/v) to give 72 (93 mg, 91%). $R_f = 0.24$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.93 – 7.06 (m, 12H, Ar*H*), 5.68 – 5.43 (m, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.38 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-1^I), 5.28 – 5.09 (m, 1H, H-3^I), 5.01 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.93 – 4.63 (m, 4H, H-2^I, H-2^{II}, CH₂Nap), 4.28 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.22 – 4.06 (m, 2H, H-4^{II}, CHHPh), 3.92 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H, H-5^I, H-6^I_a), 3.87 – 3.59 (m, 4H, H-6^I_b, H-4^I, H-5^I, CHH linker), 3.57 – 3.36 (m, 4H, CHH linker, CH_2 linker, H-6^{II}_a), 3.32 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_b), 2.63 (s, 1H, OH), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.00 (s, 2H), 1.97 – 1.81 (m, 2H, CH₂ linker); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.41, 170.97, 170.54, 170.20, 137.72, 135.73, 133.46, 133.19, 128.60, 128.40, 128.13, 127.98, 127.93, 127.78, 126.39, 126.15, 125.75, 96.06, 95.48, 77.66, 77.43, 77.23, 76.81, 73.84, 73.73, 73.09, 72.33, 71.76, 71.63, 70.95, 70.65, 70.44, 69.96, 69.57, 68.70, 65.22, 48.36, 28.95, 21.22, 21.12, 20.92, 20.88; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₁H₄₉N₃O₁₅ [M+Na]⁺: 846.3061; found: 846.3077.

3-azidopropyl3,4-di-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-2-O-[(1S)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→4)-2,3-di-O-acetyl-6-O-

benzyl-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→4)-2,3-di-O-acetyl-6-O-(2-methylnaphthyl)-α-D-

glucopyranoside (73). Compound 73 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 17 (20 mg, 0.041 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 72 (28 mg, 0.034 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 73 (32 mg, 65%). $R_f = 0.51$ (acetone/toluene, 1/4, v/v); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta7.99 - 6.96$ (m, 22H, Ar*H*), 6.10 (s, 2H, Ar*H*), 5.69 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-1^{III}), 5.64 (t, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.55 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-3^{III}), 5.42 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.25 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-3^{III}), 5.00 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-1^{III}), 4.93 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4^{III}), 4.81 (dd, J = 10.1, 3.7 Hz, 2H, H-2^I, H-2^{II}), 4.76 – 4.63 (m, 2H, CH₂Nap), 4.39 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.31 – 4.13 (m, 6H, CHHPh, CH₂Ph SCH₂CHPh, H-4^I, H-4^{III}), 4.06 – 3.85 (m, 5H, H-5^{II}, H-5^{III}, H-5^{III}, H-6^{III}_a, H-6^{III}_b), 3.85 – 3.63 (m, 12H, 3×OMe, H-2^{III}, CHH linker, H-6^{II}_a), 3.53 – 3.34 (m, 4H, CH₂ linker, CHH linker, H-6^{II}_b), 3.27 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, H-6^{III}_a), 3.15 (dd, J = 10.6, 3.3 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.07 (s, 13.8, 4.0 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.86 (dd, J = 13.6, 8.6 Hz, 1H, SCHHCHPh), 2.07 (s, 14.9)

3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.92 – 1.80 (m, 5H, CH₂ linker, CH₃), 1.40 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ171.02, 170.57, 170.23, 169.94, 162.07, 161.93, 142.11, 138.30, 137.96, 135.89, 133.51, 133.21, 128.46, 128.35, 128.28, 128.21, 128.12, 127.91, 127.83, 127.49, 127.31, 126.43, 126.33, 126.20, 125.92, 101.54, 97.21, 96.10, 95.43, 91.17, 83.52, 78.82, 77.65, 77.43, 77.23, 76.81, 73.85, 73.54, 73.25, 73.05, 72.75, 72.44, 71.83, 71.66, 71.49, 69.99, 69.22, 68.76, 68.18, 65.19, 56.16, 55.56, 48.37, 43.04, 28.96, 21.73, 21.25, 20.90, 20.50; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₇₈H₈₇N₃O₂₅S [M+Na]⁺: 1484.5247; found: 1484.5251.

3-azidopropyl 2,3,4-tri-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2,3-di-Oacetyl-6-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ - α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -2,3-di-*O*acetyl-6-O-(2-methylnaphthyl)-α-D-glucopyranoside (74). The C-2 auxiliary of 73 was removed using general procedure as described. The residue was redissolved in pyridine and equal volume of acetic anhydride was added. After stirring for 16 h, the solvents were removed and the product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford 74 (76%, 2 steps). $R_f = 0.57$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.95 -7.03 (m, 17H, ArH), 5.54 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 5.49 - 5.29 (m, 4H, H-1^{II}, H-1^{III}, H-1^I 3^{II} , H- 3^{III}), 5.15 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H- 4^{III}), 5.01 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H, H- 1^{I}), 4.88 – 4.64 (m, 5H, H-2^{III}, H-2^{II}, H-2^{II}, CH₂Nap), 4.42 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.23 – 3.88 (m, 7H, CH_2Ph , CHHPh, $H-6_a^{I}$, $H-5^{I}$, $H-4^{II}$, $H-4^{I}$), 3.88 - 3.64 (m, 4H, CHH linker, $H-6_b^{I}$, $H-5^{III}$, H-5^{II}), 3.64 – 3.37 (m, 4H, H-6^{II}, CH₂ linker, CHH linker), 3.28 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, H- 6_{b}^{II}), 3.17 – 3.07 (m, 2H, H- 6_{ab}^{III}), 2.09 – 1.97 (4×s, 18H), 1.96 – 1.80 (m, 5H, CH₂) linker overlap); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl3): δ 170.91, 170.74, 170.56, 170.46, 170.18, 170.15, 169.52, 138.17, 137.75, 135.83, 133.51, 133.24, 128.48, 128.42, 128.36, 128.20,

128.17, 127.92, 127.88, 127.67, 127.39, 126.54, 126.30, 126.07, 125.97, 96.12, 95.46, 95.12, 77.66, 77.44, 77.24, 76.81, 74.12, 73.54, 72.85, 72.49, 72.13, 71.75, 71.27, 70.99, 70.81, 70.53, 70.11, 69.15, 69.00, 68.79, 68.48, 67.47, 65.22, 48.35, 28.97, 21.21, 20.96, 20.86, 20.83; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₆₀H₇₁N₃O₂₃ [M+Na]⁺: 1224.4376; found: 1224.4370.

3-azidopropyl 2,3,4-tri-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2,3-di-Oacetyl-6-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ - α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -2,3-di-*O*acetyl-α-D-glucopyranoside (75). 2,3-Dichloro-5,6-dicyano-*p*-benzoquinone (DDQ) (9.4 mg, 0.066 mmol) was added to a stirred solution of 74 (27 mg, 0.022 mmol) in DCM (2 mL) and H₂O (0.2 mL). After stirring for 2 h, the reaction mixture was diluted with DCM (20 mL) and washed with saturated NaHCO₃ (2 \times 20 mL), brine (20 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes, $2/1 \rightarrow 1/1$, v/v) to give 74 (22 mg, 92%). $R_f = 0.37$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta7.41 - 7.16$ (m, 10H), 5.55 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.46 - 5.25 (m, 3H, H-1^I), H-1^{III}, H-3^{III}), 5.08 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-4^{III}), 4.97 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.83 (dd, J =10.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^{III}), 4.80 – 4.69 (m, 2H, H-2^I, H-2^{II}), 4.55 (s, 2H, CH₂Ph), 4.50 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.27 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.01 – 3.88 (m, 3H, CH₂ linker, H-4^I), 3.88 - 3.65 (m, 5H, H-5^{II}, H-5^{III}, H-6^I_a, CH₂ linker), 3.58 - 3.38 (m, 3H, H- 6_{h}^{I} , H- 6_{a}^{III} , H- 6_{h}^{III} , 3.33 – 3.19 (m, 2H, H- 6_{a}^{II} , H- 6_{h}^{II}), 2.72 (dd, J = 7.7, 4.9 Hz, 1H, OH), 2.04 – 1.9 (6s, 23H, 7×Me, CH₂ linker overlap); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl3): δ 170.95, 170.73, 170.50, 170.32, 170.14, 170.08, 169.57, 137.70, 137.47, 128.69, 128.58, 128.17, 128.14, 128.07, 128.02, 96.20, 95.76, 95.60, 77.65, 77.43, 77.23, 76.80, 74.04, 73.72,

73.11, 72.46, 72.35, 71.86, 71.58, 70.84, 70.76, 70.33, 70.23, 70.04, 69.59, 69.02, 68.92, 67.77, 65.20, 60.84, 48.35, 28.98, 21.22, 21.16, 20.90, 20.86, 20.84, 20.80; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₉H₆₃N₃O₂₃ [M+Na]⁺: 1084.3750; found: 1084.3759.

3-azidopropyl 2,3,4-tri-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2,3-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ - α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2,3-di-*O*-acetyl-6-*O*-{3,6-di-*O*-acetyl-4-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-{(1*S*)-phenyl-2-(2,3,5-

trimethoxyphenylsulfanyl)-ethyl]-a-D-glucopyranosyl}-a-D-glucopyranoside (76). Compound 76 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 20 (35 mg, 0.072 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 75 (25 mg, 0.024 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 76 (28 mg, 70%). $R_f = 0.19$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); $[\alpha]_{29}^d$ (deg cm³ g⁻¹ dm⁻¹) = +80.0 (c = 1.0 in CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 – 7.05 (m, 15H, ArH), 6.14 (s, 2H, ArH), 5.77 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-1^{IV}), 5.58 – 5.40 (m, 4H, H-3^{II}, H-3^{II}, H-3^{IV}, H-1^{III}), 5.37 – 5.26 (m, 2H, H-1^I, H-3^{III}), 5.17 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-4^{III}), 4.98 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.87 -4.77 (m, 3H, H-2^I, H-2^{II}, H-2^{III}), 4.64 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.48 -4.37 (m, 2H, CH*H*Ph, C*H*HPh), 4.34 – 4.16 (m, 5H, SCH₂C*H*Ph, H-4^{II}, H-4^I, C*H*₂Ph), 4.09 – 3.94 (m, 7H, H-5^I, H-5^{II}, H-5^{IV}, CH*H*Ph, H-6^I_a, H-6^{IV}_{ab}), 3.94 – 3.78 (m, 13H, 3×OMe, H-5^{III}, H- 6_{h}^{I} , CHH linker, H- 6_{a}^{II}), 3.68 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H, H- 2^{IV}), 3.54 – 3.34 (m, 5H, CH₂) linker, CHH linker, H-6^{II}_b, H-4^{IV}), 3.22 - 3.05 (m, 3H, SCHHCHPh, H-6^{III}_{a,b}), 2.82 (dd, J = 14.1, 8.8 Hz, 2H, SCHHCHPh), 2.12 - 1.85 (m, 20H, 6×OAc, CH₂ linker), 1.76 (s, 3H), 1.26 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl3): δ 179.62, 179.60, 179.58, 179.57, 179.55, 170.67, 170.55, 170.45, 170.05, 170.01, 169.91, 169.47, 169.37, 161.79, 161.57, 142.26, 138.62, 137.64, 137.48, 128.33, 128.19, 128.13, 128.11, 127.95, 127.90, 127.82, 127.53,

127.46, 127.27, 127.18, 125.93, 101.25, 98.11, 95.89, 95.54, 95.06, 90.89, 84.21, 80.22, 77.99, 77.21, 76.99, 76.78, 76.52, 74.00, 73.71, 73.64, 73.54, 73.19, 72.56, 72.53, 71.53, 71.16, 71.08, 71.04, 70.25, 70.22, 70.09, 68.87, 68.81, 68.49, 68.43, 66.83, 65.05, 65.00, 63.02, 55.87, 55.36, 48.22, 42.89, 28.70, 20.99, 20.98, 20.84, 20.70, 20.67, 20.64, 20.60, 20.52, 20.31. HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₈₃H₁₀₁N₃O₃₃S [M+Na]⁺: 1722.5936; found: 1722.5947.

3-azidopropyl 2,3,4-tri-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2,3-di-Oacetyl-6-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ - α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -2,3-di-*O*acetyl-6-O-(3,4-di-O-acetyl-6-O-benzyl-D-glucopyranosyl)-a-D-glucopyranoside (78). Compound 77 was prepared according to the general glycosylation procedure using glycosyl donor 17 (19 mg, 0.039 mmol) and glycosyl acceptor 75 (21 mg, 0.020 mmol). Purification by LH20 size exclusion chromatography afforded compound 77 (25 mg, 73%, $\alpha/\beta=8/1$). The resulting tetrasaccharide was subjected to general C-2 auxiliary removal condition to give 78 (17 mg, 85%). Isomers were separated by silica gel chromatography. **78a**: $R_f = 0.14$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta7.41 - 7.14$ (m, 15H, ArH), 5.50 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.45 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H- 1^{III}), 5.40 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H- 3^{I}), 5.35 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, H- 1^{I}), 5.31 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-3^{III}), 5.25 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{IV}), 5.19 – 5.08 (m, 3H, H-1^{IV}, H-4^{III}, H-4^{IV}), 4.96 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.83 (dd, J = 10.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^{III}), 4.76 – 4.70 (m, 2H, H-2^I), $H-2^{II}$), 4.60 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.57 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.51 – 4.40 (m, 3H, CH*H*Ph, CH*H*Ph, C*H*HPh), 4.16 - 4.08 (m, 2H, CH*H*Ph, H-4^I), 4.04 - 4.00 (m, 1H, H-5^{IV}), 4.00 - 3.80 (m, 8H, H-5^I, H-5^{II}, H-4^{II}, H-5^{III}, CH₂ linker, H-6^I_a, H-6^{II}_a), 3.76 - 3.803.67 (m, 2H, H-2^{IV}, H-6^I_b), 3.57 - 3.42 (m, 5H, H-6^{IV}_{a,b}, CH₂ linker, H-6^{II}_b), 3.26 - 3.05

(m, 2H, H-6^{III}_{ab}), 2.60 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H, OH), 2.06 – 1.99 (6s, 21H), 1.97 – 1.90 (m, 2H, CH₂ linker), 1.89 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 171.00, 170.95, 170.52, 170.29, 170.14, 169.86, 169.80, 169.54, 169.30, 138.04, 137.68, 137.50, 128.33, 128.31, 128.30, 128.26, 128.25, 127.97, 127.95, 127.88, 127.87, 127.67, 127.60, 127.41, 127.40, 98.10, 95.75, 95.53, 95.04, 77.20, 76.99, 76.77, 73.92, 73.69, 73.45, 73.44, 73.32, 72.14, 72.08, 71.36, 71.12, 71.10, 71.01, 70.87, 70.22, 69.87, 69.68, 69.03, 68.93, 68.63, 68.59, 68.07, 67.12, 65.11, 48.11, 28.66, 20.94, 20.90, 20.69, 20.64, 20.58; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{66}H_{83}N_3O_{30}$ [M+Na]⁺: 1420.4959; found: 1420.4950. **78β**: $R_f = 0.12$ (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.40 - 7.16 (m, 15H, ArH), 5.50 (t, J = 9.0, 1H, H-3^I), 5.44 - 5.37 (m, 3H, H-1^{II}, H-1^{III}, H-3^{II}), 5.40 (t, J = 9.6, 1H, H-3^{III}), 5.14 (t, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-4^{III}), 5.10 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-3^{IV}), 4.99 - 4.91 (m, 2H, H-1^I, H-4^{IV}), 4.84 (dd, J = 10.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H-2^{III}), 4.80 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-2^I), 4.65 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-2^{II}), 4.59 – 4.45 (m, 5H, $2 \times CH_2$ Ph, CHHPh), 4.42 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, H-1^{IV}), 4.23 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.12 (dd, J = 11.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H, H-6¹, 4.07 – 3.96 (m, 4H, H-6¹, H-4^{II}, H-5^{II}, H-4^I), 3.93 -3.85 (m, 2H, H-5^I, H-5^{III}), 3.83 - 3.75 (m, 2H, CHH linker, H-6^{II}), 3.72 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_b, 3.67 – 3.60 (m, 1H, H-5^{IV}), 3.60 – 3.50 (m, 2H, H-2^{IV}, H-6^{IV}_a), 3.47 – 3.38 (m, 3H, CH₂ linker, CHH linker), 3.37 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H, H-6^{IV}), 3.31 – 3.22 (m, 2H, H- 6_{ab}^{III} , 2.07 – 1.99 (7×s, 21H), 1.91 – 1.86 (2×s, 8H, CH₂ linker overlap); selected ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 102. 46 (C-1^{IV}), 95.90 (C-1^I), 95.02 (C-1^{II}, C-1^{III}), 74.80 (C-3^{IV}), 73.42 (C-4^I), 73.32 (C-5^{IV}), 72.00 (C-3^{II}), 71.71 (C-3^I, C-2^{II}), 71.24 (C-4^{II}), 71.05 (C-2^I), 70.10 (C-2^{III}), 69.62 (C-3^{III}), 69.43 (C-4^{IV}, C-5^{II}, C-5^{III}), 69.96 (C-2^{IV}), 68.77 (C-4^{III}), 65.26 (CH₂), 48.46 (CH₂), 21.41 (CH₂); HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd

for C₆₆H₈₃N₃O₃₀ [M+Na]⁺: 1420.4959; found: 1420.4962.

3-aminopropyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ - α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ - α -D-

glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ -6-O- $(\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl)- α -D-glucopyranoside (79). Freshly prepared NaOMe in a methanolic solution (0.2 mL, 1.5 M) was added to a stirred solution of 78α (8 mg, 5.7 µmol) in methanol (1.5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h and then neutralized by the addition of Dowex® 50W X8-200 H⁺ resin. The resin was removed by filtration and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in a mixture of tBuOH (4 mL), H₂O (0.1 mL), and AcOH (0.1 mL) and a catalytic amount of 20 wt% Pd(OH)₂/C was added. The reaction mixture was purged with H₂ gas for 2 min followed by stirring for 6 h under and atmosphere of H₂. The progress of the reaction was monitored by MALDI-TOF mass spectrometer. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was purged with Ar gas followed by filtration through a plug of Celite. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to afford **79** (3.2 mg, 83% over two steps). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D_2O): δ 5.25 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J =3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 3.87 – 3.20 (m, 26H), 3.11 – 2.94 (m, 2H), 1.91 – 1.81 (m, 2H); selected ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 99.80 (C-1), 98.44 (C-1), 98.02 (C-1), 78.14, 76.79, 73.66, 72.81, 72.39, 71.96 (C-2), 71.46 (C-2), 71.03, 69.51, 66.21 (CH₂, linker), 60.46 (C-6), 37.70 (CH₂, linker), 26.70 (CH₂, linker). HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{27}H_{49}NO_{21}$ [M+Na]⁺: 746.2695; found: 746.2683.

2. NMR analysis of sulfonium ion 55

Sulfonium ions were prepared according to general procedures. As an example, detailed analysis for 4-*S*-(2,3,5-trimethoxylphenyl)-2-(*S*)-phenyl-(3,4-di-acetyl-6-*O*-benzyl-1,2-

dideoxy- β -D-glucopyranoso)[1,2-e]-1,4-oxathianium triflate (55) was discussed here.

A mixture of R/S sulfoxide 17 (5.0 mg, 10 µmol), 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (2.6 mg, 16 µmol), 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylpyridine (4.2 mg, 21 µmol) and activated molecular sieves (4 Å, pellets) in CDCl₃ (1 mL) was shaken for 30 min under an atmosphere of argon at room temperature. Then 0.5 mL of the solution was taken out and injected into a 5 mm NMR tube and sealed. After cooling to 0 °C, trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride stock solution (25 µL, 0.23 M in CDCl₃) was added. After 3 min, NMR spectra of the reaction mixture were recorded (¹H, gCOSY, gHSQC and HMBC were recorded at 25 °C, **Fig. S1**); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 – 7.09 (m, ArH), 6.31 – 6.18 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.63 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.45 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 5.30 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H, SCH_2CHPh), 5.22 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.47 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.38 (d, J= 11.8 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.28 (t, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H, SCH_{ax}HCHPh), 4.14 – 3.96 (m, 8H, SCHH_{eq}CHPh, 2×OMe, H-2), 3.95 – 3.82 (m, 4H, OMe, H-5), 3.67 – 3.46 (m, 2H, H-6_{a,b}), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.94 (s, 3H); selected ¹³C NMR (200 MHz, gHSQC, CDCl₃): δ 81.50 (C-1), 79.38 (C-5), 78.02 (C-2), 76.74 (SCH₂CHPh), 73.62 (PhCH₂), 72.02 (C-3), 67.94 (C-4), 67.62 (C-6), 44.33 (SCH₂CHPh). The ¹H NMR spectrum showed that two sets of peaks corresponding to the mixture of R/S sulfoxide converted into a single set of peaks. Specifically, the anomeric proton (H-1) signal of *R*-sulfoxide ($\delta = 4.31$, d, J = 10 Hz) and S-sulfoxide ($\delta = 4.14$, d, J = 9.7 Hz) shifted downfield ($\delta = 5.63$, d, J = 9.7 Hz). The retaining of β anomeric configuration and the shift of H-1 chemical shift indicated that the sulfoxide donors had completely transformed to a new intermediate within 3 min after activation. The rest of the proton signals were assigned from 2D spectra. The HMBC spectrum indicated the presence of three-bond coupling between C-1 and H-8_{eq}, which



confirmed the formation of *trans*-decalin sulfonium ion as the reactive intermediate.

Figure S1. 1H, gCOSY, gHSQC spectra of sulfonium ion 55.



Figure S1 (cont'd). HMBC spectrum of sulfonium ion 55.

Since sulfonium ion was proposed to be the reactive intermediate and responsible for the high stereoselectivity in glycosylations, its stability therefore is of great interest for the purpose of optimizing reaction conditions. So, the above obtained sulfonium ion **55** was continually monitored by NMR at room temperature (**Fig. S2**). Surprisingly, **55** was stable at this temperature for at least 9 h. During this period of time, the intensity of characteristic sugar peaks remained unchanged while aromatic signal ($\delta = 6.08$) corresponding to trimethoxybenzene decreased. Subsequent heating to 45 °C in 5 min resulted prompt decomposition of the sulfonium ion. The temperature sensitivity of the sulfonium ion has also been observed when the glycosylation reaction was heated and resulted in low yield and poor stereoselectivity.



Figure S2. Thermostability of sulfonium ion **55**. a) ¹H spectrum of a mixture of *R/S* sulfoxide with 1,3,5-trimethoxylbenzene and DTBMP; b) ¹H spectrum of the activated reaction mixture after 3 min at 25 °C; c) ¹H spectrum of the activated reaction mixture after 9 h at 25 °C; d) ¹H spectrum recorded after raising to 45 °C in 5 min.

3. Assignment and conformational analysis of diastereomeric sulfonium ions

Various criteria have been applied to the assignment of diastereomeric sulfur subsitutents in a six-member ring system^[2]. Usually employed methods include the comparison of the midpoint of chemical shifts for δ_{H8eq} and δ_{H8ax} or the geminal coupling constant for the AB quartet of H8eq and H8ax (**Fig. S3**). Because the substituents on heteroatoms or elsewhere on the ring alter, the chemical shift criteria can be overridden. But coupling constant criterion has been proven to hold true regardless of the substitution in the ring^[3]. Assignments have also been made for similar oxathiane sulfonium ion systems^[4-6]. Generally, the equatorial diastereomer with axial lone pair has a smaller geminal coupling constant (~12 Hz) than that of the axial diastereomer with equatorial lone pair (~15 Hz). This trend has also been tested and proven to be effective for similar systems such as sulfoxide donors **17-23**, where both diastereomers are available. Therefore, similar rule was applied to the assignment of distereomeric sulfonium ions **55-61** (**Table S1**).



Figure S3. Schematic presentation for the interpretation of stereochemistry at sulfur atom using geminal coupling constant of H8eq and H8ax.

Entry	Sulfonium Ion ^[a]	δ _{H8eq} (ppm) doublet	δ _{H8ax} (ppm) triplet	$J_{ m eq,ax} ({ m Hz})$	
1	$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & & \\ BzO \\ BzO \\ \end{array} \end{array} \xrightarrow{OBz} \\ & & \\ S \\ \end{array} \xrightarrow{MeO} \\ & \\ S \\ \hline \\ Ph \\ OMe \\ \end{array} $	4.19	4.35	10.0	
2	ACO OAC Meo OTF ACO Stoppondo OMe Ph OMe 57	4.13	4.26	12.5	δ_{Heq}
3	Bno Bno Bno Bno Bno Bno Bno Bno Bno Bno	3.97	4.36	11.8	$^{<}\delta_{Hax}$
4	Aco OBn Meo OTF Aco S OMe Ph OMe 55	3.98	4.28	11.6	
5	BzO BzO BzO BzO BzO BzO BzO BzO BzO BzO	4.27	3.72	11.5	
6	AcO OAc OTF ACO S Me Ph 60	4.16	3.63	12.0	$\delta_{Heq} \\ > \\ \delta_{Hax}$
7	BnO BnO BnO BnO BnO BnO BnO BnO BnO BnO	4.07	3.88	10.5	
8 ^[6]	BnO OAc AcO + OTf AcO Ph Ph	4.32	3.66	11.0	

Table S1 . List of δ_{H8eq} , δ_{H8ax} and $J_{eq,ax}$

Once the stereochemistry at sulfur atom was identified, we could make sure we were comparing sulfonium ions with the same stereochemistry. Then the assignment of the rest of the proton signals can be taken out. Due to the large coupling of H8ax-H9 and small coupling of H8eq-H9, they are showing characteristic splittings that give a triplet and a doublet respectively. Therefore, both H8ax and H8eq can be easily assinged on ¹H spectra or gHSQC spectra if there are overlaps of peaks in 1D experiment.

As shown in **Table S1**, there is a clear trend that the relative proton chemical shifts (H8ax *vs.* H8eq) of trimethoxylbenzene substituted sulfonium ions reversed when compared to methyl or the phenyl substituted sulfonium ions. This large relative chemical shift change should not be introduced by merely the inductive effect from the changing of sulfur substitutions, since H8 is three bonds away from the substitution and there is no dramatic change of the electronegativity of substitutions. However, one obvious difference between phenyl and trimethoxylbenzene is their steric effect, which may change the orientation of aromatic substitutions and therefore change the orientation of shielding/deshielding environment ^[7] (**Figure S4**). So, the different relative chemical shifts of H8ax and H8eq may indicate different orientations of sulfur substitutions in space, which may contribute to the slight difference when comparing phenyl and trimethoxybenzene substitute systems in regard of stereoselectivity in glycosylations.



Figure S4. Schematic presentation of Sulfur-Ar bond rotation and shielding/deshielding changes for H8eq and H8ax in phenyl and trimethoxybenzene substituted sulfonium ions. a) Sight angle for the Newman projections; b) Proposed orientation of phenyl group, H8ax is located in the shielded space and H8eq is located in the deshielded space; c) Due to the steric hinderance, the favored coordination for trimethoxybenzene changed making the shielded space rotated toward H8eq.

4. Control glycosytions using donors without C-2 auxiliary

Scheme S2. Glycosylations using donors without C-2 participation



Reagents and conditions: a) TMSOTf, TEP, - 60 °C to 0 °C, 2 h^[8]; b) NIS, TfOH, 0 °C.

Methyl 3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-*O*-benzyl-D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 6)- 2,3,4-tri-*O*-benzoyl*a*-D-glucopyranoside (S2). A mixture of glycosyl donor S1^[5] (60 mg, 0.12 mmol), acceptor 24 (30 mg, 0.059 mmol) and activated molecular sieves (4 Å) in DCM (3 mL) was stirred for 60 min under an atmosphere of argon at room temperature. After cooling to -60 °C, triethyl phosphite (TEP)^[9] (32 µL, 0.20 mmol) and TMSOTf (22 µL, 0.10 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to -30 °C over a period of 30 min. TLC showed donor was not fully consumed. Another 22 µL TMSOTf was added at -30 °C. Then the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 0 °C over 2 h. After diluting with DCM (10 mL), aqueous saturated NaHCO₃ (10 mL) was added and the organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by sephadex® LH20 size exlusion chromatography (DCM/MeOH, 1/1) to afford the pure disaccharide S2 (40 mg, 77%, α : β =3:1). R_f = 0.17 (EtOAc/hexanes,

1/2, v/v); S2a: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃); δ 8.08 – 7.05 (m, 20H, ArH), 6.17 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 5.53 - 5.38 (m, 2H, H-5^{II}, H-4^I), 5.24 - 5.21 (m, 2H, H-1^I, H-2^I), 4.95 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.74 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 4.65 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.55 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H, CH*H*Ph), 4.43 – 4.29 (m, 1H, H-5^I), 4.19 (q, J = 4.2 Hz, 2H, H- 5^{II} , H-6a^{II}), 4.02 (dd, J = 14.2, 4.3 Hz, 1H, H-6h^{II}), 3.83 (dd, J = 10.7, 7.6 Hz, 1H, H-6h^{II}), 3.60 - 3.46 (m, 5H, H-2^{II}, H-6^I_b, OMe), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 184.54, 175.60, 175.00, 174.83, 170.77, 170.67, 170.31, 142.70, 138.50, 138.30, 138.03, 134.87, 134.84, 134.60, 134.12, 133.97, 133.72, 133.43, 133.41, 133.35, 133.21, 132.95, 132.76, 101.60, 101.50, 82.94, 82.16, 81.95, 81.83, 81.74, 78.10, 77.12, 76.63, 75.33, 74.58, 73.55, 73.49, 72.29, 71.69, 66.94, 60.54, 25.79, 25.70, 25.63; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for $C_{47}H_{48}O_{17}$ [M+Na]⁺: 907.2789; found: 907.2799. The ß anomer was purified by reversed phase HPLC on an analytical C-18 column using a gradient of 50 \rightarrow 100% acetonitrile in H₂O over 40 min. **S2B:** ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta 8.04 - 7.21$ (m, 20H, ArH), 6.16 (t, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H, H-3^I), 5.45 (t, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-4^I), 5.29 – 5.20 (m, 2H, H-2^I, H-1^I), 5.14 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 4.97 – 4.88 (m, 2H, H-4^{II}, CHHPh), 4.59 (dd, J = 15.2, 9.8 Hz, 2H, CHHPh, H-1^{II}), 4.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, H-5^I), 4.23 (dd, J = 12.2, 5.2 Hz, 1H, H-6^{II}_a), 4.05 (t, J = 13.3 Hz, 2H, H-6^{II}_b, H-6^{II}_a), 3.86 (dd, J = 11.2, 7.5 Hz, 1H, H-6^I), 3.73 – 3.59 (m, 1H, H-5^{II}), 3.42 (s, 4H, H-2^{II}, OMe), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 184.48, 184.45, 184.43, 184.42, 175.60, 175.05, 174.64, 170.75, 170.69, 170.39, 142.93, 138.48, 138.32, 138.04, 134.85, 134.79, 134.57, 134.10, 133.94, 133.90, 133.75, 133.56, 133.42, 133.35, 133.31, 133.21, 132.93, 132.71, 118.04, 108.77, 101.95, 101.83, 83.60, 82.96, 82.94, 82.94, 82.16, 81.95, 81.73, 79.33, 78.66, 76.94, 76.50, 75.26, 74.75, 74.01, 73.97, 73.57, 67.06, 60.59, 34.64, 25.63, 25.58; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₇H₄₈O₁₇ [M+Na]⁺: 907.2789; found: 907.2781.

Methyl 3,4,6-tri-*O*-acetyl-2-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1 \rightarrow 4)$ - 2,3,6-tri-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranoside (S4). A mixture of glycosyl donor S3^[5] (60 mg, 0.12 mmol). acceptor **37** (48 mg, 0.10 mmol) and activated molecular sieves (4 Å) in DCM (2 mL) was stirred for 60 min under an atmosphere of argon at room temperature. After cooling to 0 °C. NIS (42 mg, 0.31 mmol) was added followed by the addition of TfOH (4 µL, 0.056 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at 0 °C before guenching by the addition of pyridine (0.1 mL) and diluting with DCM (10 mL). The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was washed with 10% Na₂S₂O₃ (20 mL) and brine (50 mL). The organic phase was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by sephadex® LH20 size exlusion chromatography (DCM/MeOH, 1/1) to afford the pure disaccharide S4 (73 mg, 68%). R_f = 0.16 (EtOAc/hexanes, 1/2, v/v); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.41 – 7.01 (m, 20H, ArH), 5.69 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-1^{II}), 5.41 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-3^{II}), 5.03 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H. CHHPh), 4.93 (t. J = 9.7 Hz, 1H, H-4^{II}), 4.75 (d. J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.68 (d. J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.65 – 4.53 (m, 4H, H-1¹, CHHPh, CH₂Ph), 4.44 (d, J = 12.2Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.33 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H, CHHPh), 4.12 – 4.04 (m, 2H, H-3^I, H-6^{II}), 4.04 - 3.97 (m, 2H, H-5^{II}, H-4^I), 3.92 - 3.84 (m, 2H, H-5^I, H-6^I_a), 3.80 (dd, J = 12.4, 2.1Hz, 1H, H- 6_{h}^{II}), 3.67 (dd, J = 10.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H- 6_{h}^{II}), 3.58 (dd, J = 9.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H, H- 2^{I}), 3.47 (dd, J = 10.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H, H- 2^{II}), 3.39 (s, 3H, OMe), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ170.51, 170.02, 169.66, 139.05, 137.92,

137.88, 137.50, 128.56, 128.50, 128.43, 128.37, 128.33, 128.31, 128.20, 128.14, 127.93, 127.76, 127.63, 127.52, 127.39, 127.05, 126.58, 97.70, 96.39, 81.59, 80.13, 77.31, 77.09, 76.88, 76.60, 74.27, 73.47, 73.44, 73.26, 72.93, 71.72, 69.47, 68.93, 68.48, 67.72, 61.81, 55.23, 20.78, 20.72, 20.68; HR MALDI-TOF MS: m/z: calcd for C₄₇H₅₄O₁₄ [M+Na]⁺: 865.3412; found: 865.3403.

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9. Note: Initially, $Tf_2O/DTBMP$ was employed as activator but the use of this reagent did not provide the desired coupling product probably due to sulfenylation as a major side reaction. Lewis acid alone was also examined as glycosylation promoters but the product yields were low probably due to the *in-situ* dimerization of generated sulfenic acid. However, a combination of TMSOTf and TEP gave good yields of product. Probably, TEP functions as an effective acid scavenger and quencher of ionic species generated by Lewis acid activated phenylsulfenyl trimethylsilyl ester.

For more information, please see:

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75 MHz, CDCl₃









600 MHz, CDCl₃





75 MHz, CDCl₃









300 MHz, CDCl₃ OAc BnO-AcC 13 7.0 2.2 6.4 5.8 5.2 4.6 4.0 3.4 2.8 75 MHz, CDCl₃ 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 80 70 60 50 40 20 30 90









75 MHz, CDCl₃





600 MHz, CDCl₃ BnO-BnO-AcO-Q I Ρh 18S 7.0 6.4 5.8 5.2 4.6 4.0 3.4 2.8 2.2 150 MHz, CDCl₃ $170 \quad 160 \quad 150 \quad 140 \quad 130 \quad 120 \quad 110 \quad 100$ 90 80 70 60 504030 20 10

















75 MHz, CDCl₃















S101





150 MHz, CDCl₃



300 MHz, CDCl₃



75 MHz, CDCl₃














S109









75 MHz, CDCl₃



















S120

300 MHz, CDCl₃ OBn -0 BnO-BnO ò P٢ Ó 0 MeO OMeC о́Ме 53 7.4 6.6 6.2 5.8 4.2 1.8 1.4 7.0 5.4 5.0 4.6 3.4 3.0 2.6 2.2 3.8 75 MHz, CDCl₃ 165 155 95 90 85 80 75 70 65 60 55 50 45 40 35 30 25 145 135 125 115 105



150 MHz, CDCl₃













S127













75 MHz, CDCl₃





75 MHz, CDCl₃
































150 MHz, CDCl₃

