

**HYPOXIA INDUCED PULMONARY ARTERIAL SMOOTH MUSCLE CELL
PROLIFERATION IS CONTROLLED BY FOXM1**

Aarti Raghavan, Guofei Zhou, Qiyuan Zhou, Joyce Christina F. Ibe, Ramaswamy Ramchandran, Qiwei Yang, Harini Racherla, Pradip Raychaudhuri, J. Usha Raj

Online Data Supplement

Materials and methods:

Western Blot Analysis

Equal amounts of protein were loaded onto 10% SDS-PAGE gels, which were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane. Membranes were blocked with 7.5% non-fat milk and incubated in primary antibody overnight at 4 °C. Membranes were washed and incubated in secondary antibody and developed using SuperSignal West Pico Chemiluminescent Substrate (Pierce, Rockford, IL, USA). Protein band density was quantified using NIH Image J software. Tubulin was used as loading control.

qRT-PCR Primer sequences used:

FoxM1, GGAGGAAATGCCACACTTAGCG (sense), TAGGACTTCTTGGGTCTTGGGGTG (antisense); HIF-1 α , TGAACATAAAGTCTGCAACATGGA (sense), TGAGGTTGGTTACTGTTGGTATCATATA (antisense); HIF-2 α , TGCTCCCACGGCCTGTAC (sense), TTGTCACACCTATGGCATATCACA (antisense); Aurora A kinase, AATCTGGAGGCAAGGTTCTGA (sense), CTGGATTTGCCTCCTGTGAAG (antisense); ribosomal protein L 19 (RPL19), ATCATCCGCAAGCCTGTG (sense), TGACCTTCTCTGGCATTCTG (antisense); Cyclin D1 (Qiagen, Valencia, CA, USA).