

Supplemental Online Material

Supplemental Table 1. Plasma pyridoxal-5-phosphate (PLP¹) concentrations by tertile category of inflammatory biomarker in 2605 participants of the 7th examination of the Framingham Offspring Study.

Inflammatory Biomarker	Tertile Category of Inflammatory Marker			<i>P</i> -trend ²
	1	2	3	
	Plasma PLP, nmol/L			
plasma CRP	75(71, 79)	70 (66, 74)	59 (56, 62)	<0.001
n	869	876	861	
Plasma CD40L	66 (63, 70)	67 (66, 71)	67 (63, 71)	0.80
n	863	872	871	
Plasma Fibrinogen	72(68, 76)	68 (64, 72)	63 (60, 66)	<0.001
n	862	866	878	
Serum IL-6 ³	74 (70, 78)	68 (65, 72)	61 (60, 67)	<0.001
n	871	876	859	
Urinary Isoprostanes	76 (72, 81)	67 (63, 71)	63 (59, 67)	<0.001
n	748	750	735	
Plasma LPLP-A2 Activity	69 (65, 73)	70 (66, 74)	63 (60, 66)	0.002
n	868	873	865	
Plasma LPLP-A2 Mass	70 (66., 74)	66 (63, 70)	65 (62, 69)	0.02
n	871	880	855	
Serum Myeloperoxidase	68 (64, 72)	68 (64, 72)	65 (62, 69)	0.10
n	863	868	878	
Plasma Osteoprotegerin	71 (67, 75)	67 (63, 70)	65 (61, 68)	0.006
n	864	871	866	
Plasma P-selectin	69 (66, 73)	67 (64, 71)	65 (61, 68)	0.21
n	869	865	872	
Plasma TNFR-2	76 (72, 80)	68 (65, 72)	59 (56, 63)	<0.001
n	868	862	876	
Plasma TNF α ³	72 (67, 76)	70 (66, 75)	62 (58, 66)	<0.001
n	656	656	661	

¹Values are geometric mean (95% CI) from participants with valid dietary intake data who were not missing data on inflammatory biomarkers or other covariates stratified by tertile category of inflammatory indices and adjusted for sex, age, BMI, circulating homocysteine, folate, vitamin B-12, creatinine, and total cholesterol, vitamin B-6, protein, and energy intakes, and NSAID, cigarette, and multivitamin use. CD40L=CD40 ligand, CRP=C-reactive protein, IL-6=interleukin-6; LPLP-A2=lipoprotein phospholipase A2, NSAID=Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, PLP=Pyridoxal-5-phosphate, TNF α =tumor necrosis factor α , TNFR-2=tumor necrosis factor receptor-2.

² *P*-value of the regression coefficient for the independent variable (i.e., inflammation score or biomarker) derived by entering this variable into the model as a continuous variable.

Supplemental Online Material

Supplemental Table 2. Plasma pyridoxal-5-phosphate (PLP¹) concentrations by tertile category of significant inflammatory biomarkers from supplemental Table 1 additionally adjusted for CRP, in 2605 participants of the 7th examination of the Framingham Offspring Study.

Inflammatory Biomarker	Tertile Category of Inflammatory Marker			<i>P</i> -trend ²
	1	2	3	
	Plasma PLP, nmol/L			
Plasma Fibrinogen	69 (65, 73) ³	68 (64, 71)	67 (63, 70)	0.22
<i>n</i>	862	866	878	
Serum IL-6	71 (67, 75)	69 (65, 72)	64 (61, 68)	0.002
<i>n</i>	871	876	859	
Urinary Isoprostanes	76 (72, 81)	67 (63, 71)	64 (60, 67)	<0.001
<i>n</i>	748	750	735	
Plasma LPLP-A2 Activity	71 (67, 75)	69 (66, 74)	65 (60, 67)	<0.001
<i>n</i>	868	873	865	
Plasma LPLP-A2 Mass	71 (67, 75)	67 (66, 71)	66 (63, 70)	0.02
<i>n</i>	871	880	855	
Plasma Osteoprotegerin	71 (67, 75)	67 (64, 71)	66 (63, 70)	0.04
<i>n</i>	864	871	866	
Plasma TNFR-2	75 (71, 80)	68 (65, 72)	61 (58, 65)	<0.001
<i>n</i>	868	862	876	
Plasma TNF α	71 (67, 76)	70 (67, 75)	63 (60, 68)	<0.001
<i>n</i>	656	656	661	

¹ Values are geometric mean (95% CI) from participants with valid dietary intake data who were not missing data on inflammatory biomarkers or other covariates stratified by tertile category of inflammatory indices and adjusted for sex, age, BMI, circulating homocysteine, folate, vitamin B-12, creatinine, and total cholesterol, vitamin B-6, protein, and energy intakes, and NSAID, cigarette, and multivitamin use. CD40L=CD40 ligand, CRP=C-reactive protein, ICAM-1=intracellular adhesion molecule-1, IL-6=interleukin-6; LPLP-A2=lipoprotein phospholipase A2, MCP-1=monocyte chemoattractant protein-1, NSAID=Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, PLP=Pyridoxal-5-phosphate, TNF α =tumor necrosis factor α , TNFR-2=tumor necrosis factor receptor-2.

² *P*-value of the regression coefficient for the independent variable (i.e., inflammation score or biomarker) derived by entering this variable into the model as a continuous variable.

Supplemental Online Material

Supplemental Table 3. Plasma pyridoxal-5-phosphate (PLP) concentrations by tertile category of inflammatory indices in 2135 participants of the 7th examination of the Framingham Offspring Study. Analyses excluded 470 participants with known CVD¹ or diabetes

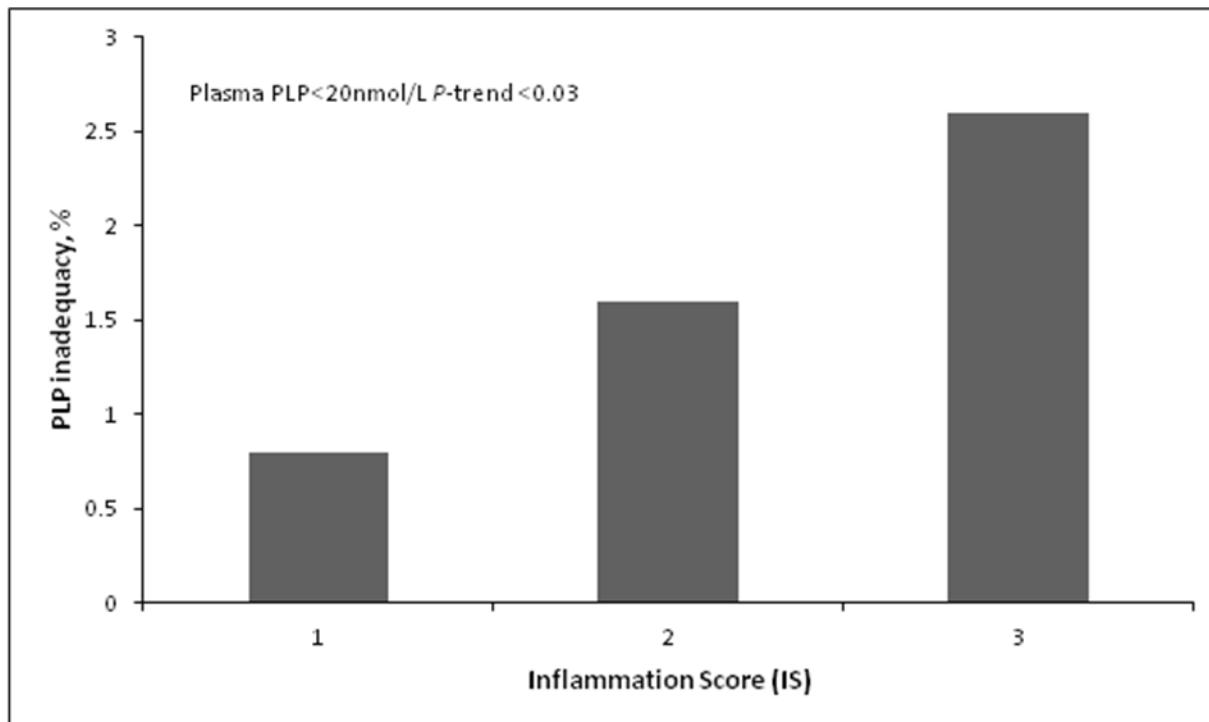
Inflammatory Index	Tertile Category of Inflammatory Index			<i>P-trend</i> ²
	1	2	3	
	Plasma PLP (nmol/L)			
IS ³	81(75, 88) ⁴	75 (70, 81)	64 (59, 68)	<0.001
n	512	513	502	
IS- Acute Phase Reactants ³	75 (71, 80)	70 (66, 75)	63 (59, 67)	<0.001
n	707	721	708	
IS- Cytokines ³	77 (71, 83)	74 (69, 79)	62 (58, 67)	<0.001
n	536	532	535	
IS- Oxidative Stress ³	76 (70, 81)	73 (68, 78)	65 (61, 69)	<0.001
n	608	621	601	
IS- Selectins ³	71 (67, 76)	69 (65, 74)	67 (63, 71)	0.05
n	705	717	703	
Serum ICAM-1	72 (68, 77)	70 (66, 75)	66 (63, 70)	0.01
n	716	712	708	
Serum MCP-1	67 (63, 72)	72 (67, 76)	68 (64, 72)	0.79
n	703	717	716	

¹ Values are geometric mean (95% CI) from participants with valid dietary intake data who were not missing data on inflammatory biomarkers or other covariates stratified by tertile category of inflammatory indices and adjusted for sex, age, BMI, circulating homocysteine, folate, vitamin B-12, creatinine, and total cholesterol, vitamin B-6, protein, and energy intakes, and NSAID, cigarette, and multivitamin use. CD40L=CD40 ligand, CRP=C-reactive protein, CVD= cardiovascular disease, ICAM-1=intracellular adhesion molecule-1, IL-6=interleukin-6: LPLP-A2=lipoprotein phospholipase A2, MCP-1=monocyte chemoattractant protein-1, NSAID=Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, PLP=Pyridoxal-5-phosphate, TNF α =tumor necrosis factor α , TNFR-2=tumor necrosis factor receptor-2.

² *P*-value of the regression coefficient for the independent variable (i.e., inflammation score or biomarker) derived by entering this variable into the model as a continuous variable.

³ IS= summed Z-scores of: CRP, fibrinogen, IL-6, TNF α , TNFR-2, osteoprotegerin, P-selectin, CD40L, ICAM-1, MCP-1, myeloperoxidase,LPLP-A2 mass, LPLP-A2 activity, and isoprostanes, IS- acute phase reactants= summed Z-scores of: CRP and Fibrinogen, IS- Cytokines= summed Z-scores of: IL-6, TNF α , TNFR-2, and osteoprotegerin, IS-Oxidative Stress= summed Z-scores of: myeloperoxidase, LPLP-A2 mass, LPLP- A2 activity, and isoprostanes, IS-Selectins= summed Z-scores of: P-selectin and CD40L.

Supplemental Online Material



Supplemental Figure 1. Prevalence of major (<20 nmol/L) plasma pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP) insufficiency (%) from participants of the 7th examination of the Framingham Offspring Study ($n=1965$) according to tertile category of the inflammation score. Prevalence is adjusted for sex, age, BMI, plasma homocysteine, folate, vitamin B-12, creatinine, total cholesterol, protein intake, energy intake, NSAID use, and cigarette use. P -trend for the relation between plasma PLP inadequacy and the inflammation score was derived by entering the inflammation score into the regression model as a continuous, rather than categorical, variable. The inflammation score is the sum of Z-scores of CRP, fibrinogen, IL-6, TNF α , TNFR-2, osteoprotegerin, P-selectin, CD40L, ICAM-1, MCP-1, myeloperoxidase, LPLP-A2 mass, LPLP-A2 activity, and isoprostanes.

Author Defined Abbreviations: CD40L=CD40 ligand, CRP=C-reactive protein, ICAM-1=intracellular adhesion molecule-1, IL-6=interleukin-6: LPLP-A2=lipoprotein phospholipase A2, MCP-1=monocyte chemoattractant protein-1, NSAID=non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, PLP=pyridoxal-5-phosphate, TNF α =tumor necrosis factor α , TNFR-2=tumor necrosis factor receptor-2.