

Cloning and sequencing of cDNAs encoding the two subunits of Crotoxin

Christiane Bouchier¹, Frédéric Ducancel, Gilberte Guignery-Frelat, Cassian Bon¹, Jean-Claude Boulain and André Ménez²

Service de Biochimie du Département de Biologie, CEN de Saclay, 91191-Gif sur Yvette and ¹Unité des Venins-Unité Associée, Institut Pasteur/INSERM U285, 75015 Paris, France

Submitted August 3, 1988

Accession nos X12603, X12606

Crotoxin (1) is a heterodimeric neurotoxin which blocks acetylcholine release from nerve endings. One subunit called CA (2), is acidic, non-toxic, has no enzymatic activity and comprises three peptides cross-linked by seven disulfide bridges. The other subunit designated as CB (2), is basic, toxic, has phospholipase A2 (PLA2) activity and is composed of a single chain of 122 amino acids. A cDNA library was prepared from mRNA extracted from one venom gland of *Crotalus durissus terrificus*. The cDNA sequences encoding CA and CB precursors are presented below on the right and left, respectively. Both open reading frames encode a signal peptide (underlined) of 16 residues followed by a polypeptide chain of 122 residues. The signal peptides of CA and CB are identical. The sequence of CB chain differs from that reported by Aird *et al.* (3) by a single amino acid change at position 65 (Arg is replaced by Pro). The sequence of CA chain contains three peptides analogous to those previously described for mature CA by Aird *et al.*, (4) and three additional connecting peptides, emphasized by individually underlined residues. The presence of additional fragments in the chain of CA precursor is indicative of post-translational events which interestingly, do not happen in CB.

AGAGGAGCAGAGGGAGCCGTCTCAGGTTGAACTTTCGCCATTTCCTGCTGGCTTC	59	AGAGGAGCAGAGGGAGCCGTCTCAGGTTGAACTTTCGCCATTTCCTGCTGGCTTC	59
TCCCTCTGACTCTTGCCTACAGCTTCTCTTGACTTACACCGTTTGTAGTGGCTC	118	TCCCTCTGACTCTTGCCTACAGCTTCTCTTGACTTACACCGTTTGTAGTGGCTC	118
TCTAACGGGCCATTTCAGACTTTTACCGGGAGGGATACAGGGTCTGCTGATTC	177	TCTAACGGGCCATTTCAGACTTTTACCGGGAGGGATACAGGGTCTGCTGATTC	177
CCAGGTCTGGATGAGGAGG ATG AGG GCT CTC TGG ATA GTG GCC GTG	224	CCAGGTCTGGATGAGGAGG ATG AGG GCT CTC TGG ATA GTG GCC GTG	225
M R A L W T V A V		M R A I H I V A V	
TTG CTG GTG GGC GTC GAG GGG GAC CTG CTG CAA TTC AAC AAG ATG	269	TTG CTG GTG GGC GTC GAG GGG GAC CTG GTG GAA TTT GAG AGC TTG	270
I L V G V E G H L L Q F N K N		I L V E E E T L	
ATC AAG ATT GAG ACA AGG AAA AAC GCT ATT CCC TTC TAT GCC ATT	314	ATG ATG AAA ATT GGC GGG AGA AGT GGT ATT TCG TAC TAC ACC TCT	315
I K F E T R K N A I P F Y A F		M M K I A S G R S G I S X Y S S	
TAC GGC TGC TAC TGT GGG GGC CGA GGC CGG CCA ANG GAC	359	TAC GGA TGC TAC TGT GGC GGG GGC CAA GGC TGG CCA CAG GAC	360
Y G C Y C G W G G R G R P K D		Y G C Y C G A G G Q G W P Q D	
GCC ATT GAC CGC TGC TGT ATT GTG CAT GAC TGC TGT TAC GGA AAA	404	GCC AGC GAC CGC TGC TGC TTT GAG CAC GAC TGC TGT TAT GCA AAA	405
A T D R C C F V H D C C Y G K		A S D R C C F E H D C C Y A K	
CTG CCC AAG TGC AAC ACC AAA TGG GAC ATC ATT TCC TAC AGC TTG	449	CTG ACT GGC TGC GAC CGA ACA ACA GAC GTC TAC ACC TAC AGA CG	450
L A K C N T K W D I Y P Y S L		L T G C D P T T D Q Y X T X B Q	
AAG AGT GGG TAT ATC ACC TGC GGA AGG GGC ACC TGG TGC GAG GAA	494	GAG GAC GGG GAA ATC GTC TGT GGA GAG GAC GAC CGC TGC GGG ACA	495
K S G Y I T C G K G T W C E E		E D G E I V C G E D D P C G T	
CAG ATT TGT GAG TGC GAC AGG GTC CGG CGA GCA TGC CTC AGA AGG	539	CAG ATT TGT GAG TGC GAC AGG GTC CGG CGA GCA ATC TGC TTC CGA AAT	540
Q I C E C D R V A A E C C L R R		Q I C E C D K A A A I C F R N	
AGT CTG AGC ACC TAC AAG TAT GGA TAT ATG TTT TAC CGG GAC TCT	584	AGT ATG GAC ACA TAC GAC TAC AAA TAT TTG CAG TTC TGC CCC GAA	585
S L S T Y K Y G Y M F Y P D S		S M D T X D X K Y L Q F S P E	
CGT TGC AGG GGG CCT TCA GAG ACA TGC TAA GTCTCTGCAGGCATGCA.	631	AAT TGC CAG GGG GAA TCA CAG CGA CGA TGC TAA GTCTCTGCAGGCATGCA	632
R C R G P S E T C end		N C Q G E S Q P C end	

Acknowledgements

The work was supported by MRES, INSERM and CEA. We are indebted to Y. Doljanski (Latoxan, Rosans, France) for its kind gift of snake heads.

*To whom correspondence should be addressed

References:

- 1, Slotta, K.H. *et al.*, (1938) Ber. Dt. Chem. Ges. **71**, 1076-1081.
- 2, Breithaupt, H. *et al.*, (1974) Eur. J. Biochem. **49**, 333.
- 3, Aird, S.D. *et al.*, (1986) Arch. Biochem. Biophys. **249**, 296-300.
- 4, Aird, S. D. *et al.*, (1985) Biochemistry, **24**, 7054-7058.