

Supplemental Figure S1

Avila et al.

Supplemental Figure S1 contd.

Avila et al.

AtSnRK1.1	IESLRNRTQNDGTVYYLILDNRFR--ASSGYLGAEFQETMEG-TPRMHPAESVASPVSH	391
S1SnRK1	TESLRNRVQNEGTVAYYLLLDNRHR--VSTGYLGAEFQESMEYGYNRINSNETAASPVGQ	369
AtSnRK1.2	LESLRNRTQNDATVYYLLLDNRFR--VPSGYLESEFQETTWF-----	353
AtSnRK1.3	VDSLANRIQNEATVAYHLIILDNRNQNSVPNDPFQSKFEISDGIFNSTLPVQNITSHVGH	370
AtSnRK2.1	NPAPSTS AVKSSGSGADEEEEEEDVEAEVEEEEDDEYEKHKVKEAQSCQESDKA-----	353
AtSnRK2.2	IPTVRNRC LDDFMADN-LD LDDDMDDFDSESEIDVDSSGEIVYAL-----	362
AtSnRK2.3	IPAVRNRC LDDFMTDN-LD LDDDMDDFDSESEIDIDSSGEIVYAL-----	361
AtSnRK3.1	ISLSTGF DLSGLFEKGEKEEMRFTSNREASEITEKLV EIGKDLKMKVRKK-EHEWRVKM	368
AtSnRK3.2	IALSTGF GLAGLFGDVYDKRESRFASQKPASEIISKLV EAKCLKLKIRKQGAGLFKLER	379
AtSnRK3.3	ISLSSGLDLSGLFER-RKRKEKRTARVSAERVVEKAGMIGEKLGRVEKK--EETKVVG	369
:	.	
AtSnRK1.1	RLPGLMEYQGVGLRSQYPVERK WALGLQSRAHPREIMTEVLKALQDLNCWKKIGHYNMK	451
S1SnRK1	RFPGIMDYQQAGAR-QFPIERKWALGLQSRAHPREIMTEVLKALQELNCWKKIGQYNMK	428
AtSnRK1.2	-----QSYAHT-----	359
AtSnRK1.3	SFSALYGLKSNVKD-----DKTWTLGLQSQGSPYDIMTEIFKALQNLKICWKKIGLYNIK	425
AtSnRK2.1	-----	
AtSnRK2.2	-----	
AtSnRK2.3	-----	
AtSnRK3.1	SAEAT----VVEAEVFEIAPS YHMVVLKKSGGDTAEYKRVMK--ESIRPALIDFVLAWH-	421
AtSnRK3.2	VKEKGNGILTMDAEIFQVTPTFHLVEVKKCNGDTMEYQKLVE--EDLRPALADIVVVWQG	437
AtSnRK3.3	LGKGR---TAVVVEVVEFAEGLVVADV KVVVEGEEEEEEVESHSELIVEEL EIVLSWHN	426
AtSnRK1.1	CRWVPNSS--ADGMLSNSMHDNNYFGDESSIENEAAVKSPNVVKFEIQLYKTRDDKYLL	509
S1SnRK1	CRWVPSLPGHHEGMGVNSMHGNQFFGDDSSIIENDGATKLTNVVKFEVQLYKTREEKYLL	488
AtSnRK1.2	-----	
AtSnRK1.3	CRWVRSFAYYKN-----HTIEDECAIILPTVIKFEIQLYKVREGKYLL	468
AtSnRK2.1	-----	
AtSnRK2.2	-----	
AtSnRK2.3	-----	
AtSnRK3.1	-----	
AtSnRK3.2	EKEKEEQLLQDEQGEQEPS-----	456
AtSnRK3.3	-----	
AtSnRK1.1	DLQRVQGPQFLFLDLCAAFLAQLRVL	535
S1SnRK1	DLQRLQGPQFLFLDLCAAFLAQLRVL 514	
AtSnRK1.2	-----	
AtSnRK1.3	DILRIDGPQFIFFDLCVAFLRELGV L	494
AtSnRK2.1	-----	
AtSnRK2.2	-----	
AtSnRK2.3	-----	
AtSnRK3.1	-----	
AtSnRK3.2	-----	
AtSnRK3.3	-----	

Supplemental Figure S1. Alignment of SnRK proteins from tomato and *Arabidopsis*. The following SnRK sequences were aligned using clustalW: S1SnRK1 (shown in bold; AF143743), AtSnRK1.1 (NP850488), AtSnRK1.2 (NP974375), AtSnRK1.3 (NP198760), AtSnRK2.1 (P43292), AtSnRK2.2 (Q39192), AtSnRK2.3 (Q39193), AtSnRK3.1 (P92937), AtSnRK3.2 (Q9LYQ8), AtSnRK3.3 (Q9SUL7). The invariant lysine responsible for ATP binding is shown in yellow outlined in black; K48 in S1SnRK1. The activation phosphorylation site, T175 in S1SnRK1, is shown in red outlined in black.

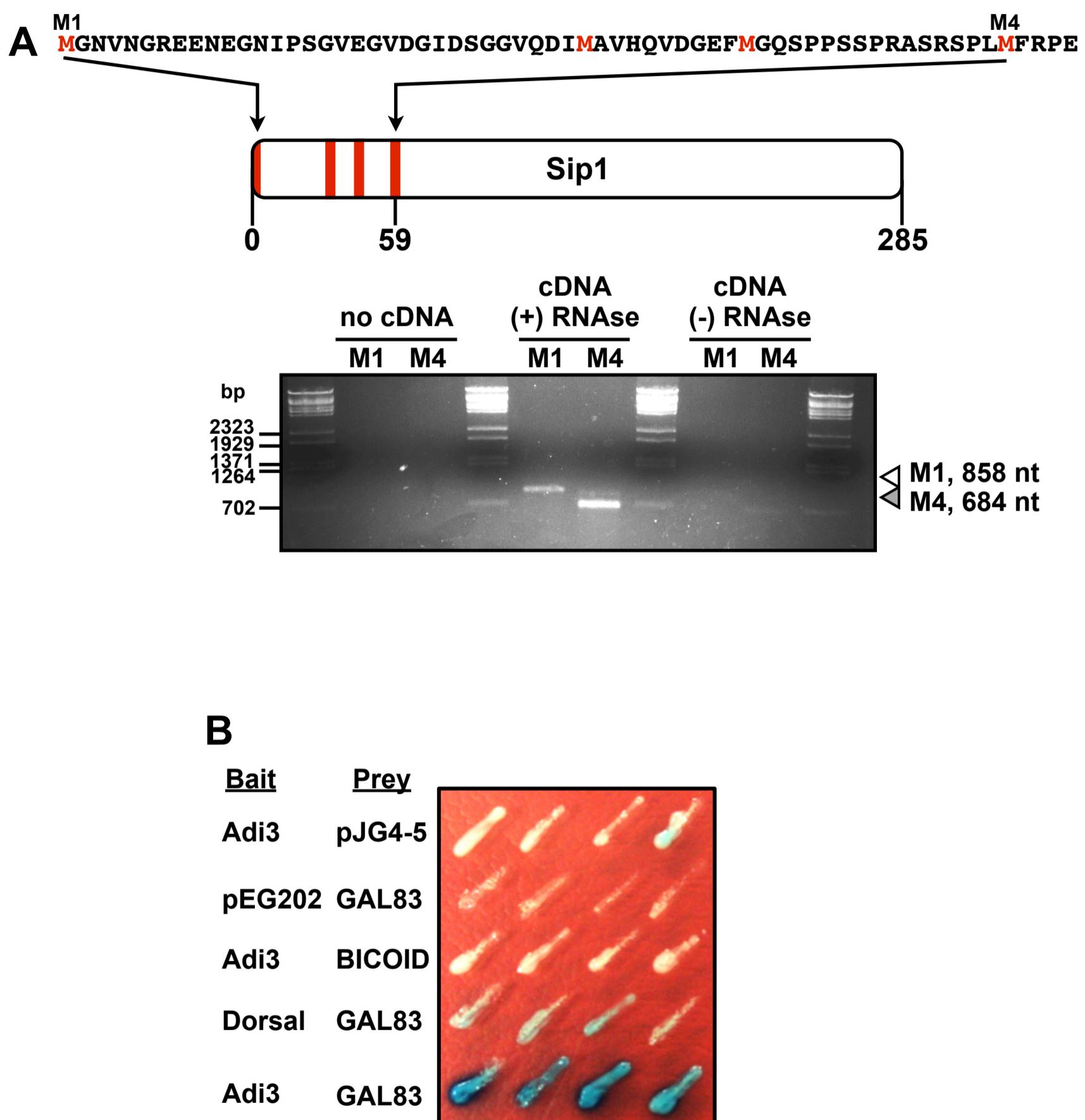
Supplemental Figure S2 contd.

Avila et al.

Supplemental Figure S2. Alignment of SnRK complex β -subunits. The following β -subunit protein sequences were aligned using clustalW: SlGal83 (JF895513), SlSip1 (JF8955212), SlTau1 (XXXX), SlTau2 (XXXX), AtAKIN β 1 (AAM6584), AtAKIN β 2 (CAB64719), HsAMPK β 1 (NP_006244), and HsAMPK β 2 (NP_005390). The N-terminal end of the original SlGal83 (D18) is shown in purple and outlined in black. The Adi3 phosphorylation site on SlGal83 (S26) and the MS identified phosphorylation site S30 are shown in red outlined in black. The originally identified SlSip1 start site (M33) is shown in orange outlined in black. The HsAMPK β 1 phosphorylation sites are shown in pink outlined in black.

Supplemental Figure S3

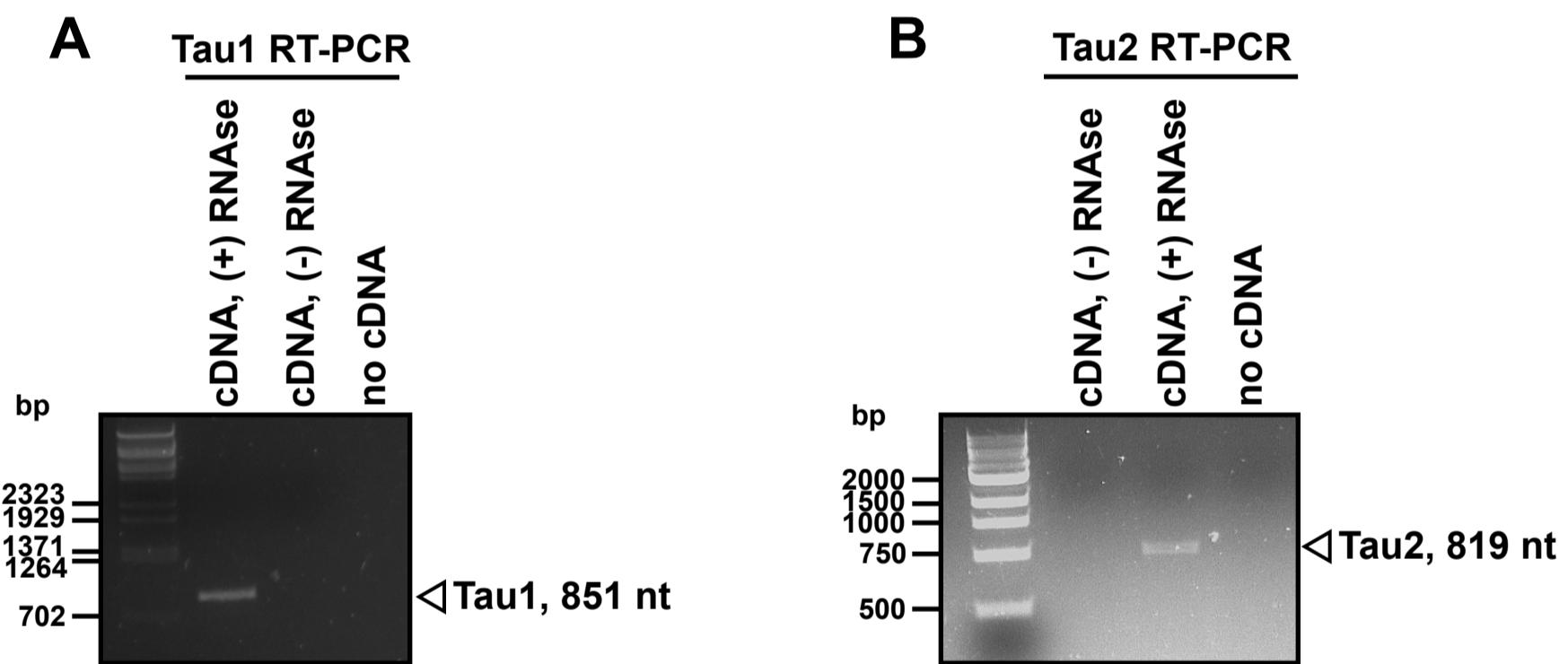
Avila et al.



Supplemental Figure S3. RT-PCR amplification of S1Sip1 and Adi3/S1Gal83 yeast two-hybrid interaction. A, Schematic of S1Sip1 showing originally identified start site (M4) and newly identified start site (M1). Also shown below is the RT-PCR gel showing amplification of the larger S1Sip1 from tomato leaf total RNA. B, Yeast two-hybrid interaction between Adi3 and Gal83. The indicated bait and prey constructs were tested in a standard yeast two-hybrid assay for expression of the *lacZ* gene on X-Gal plates.

Supplemental Figure S4

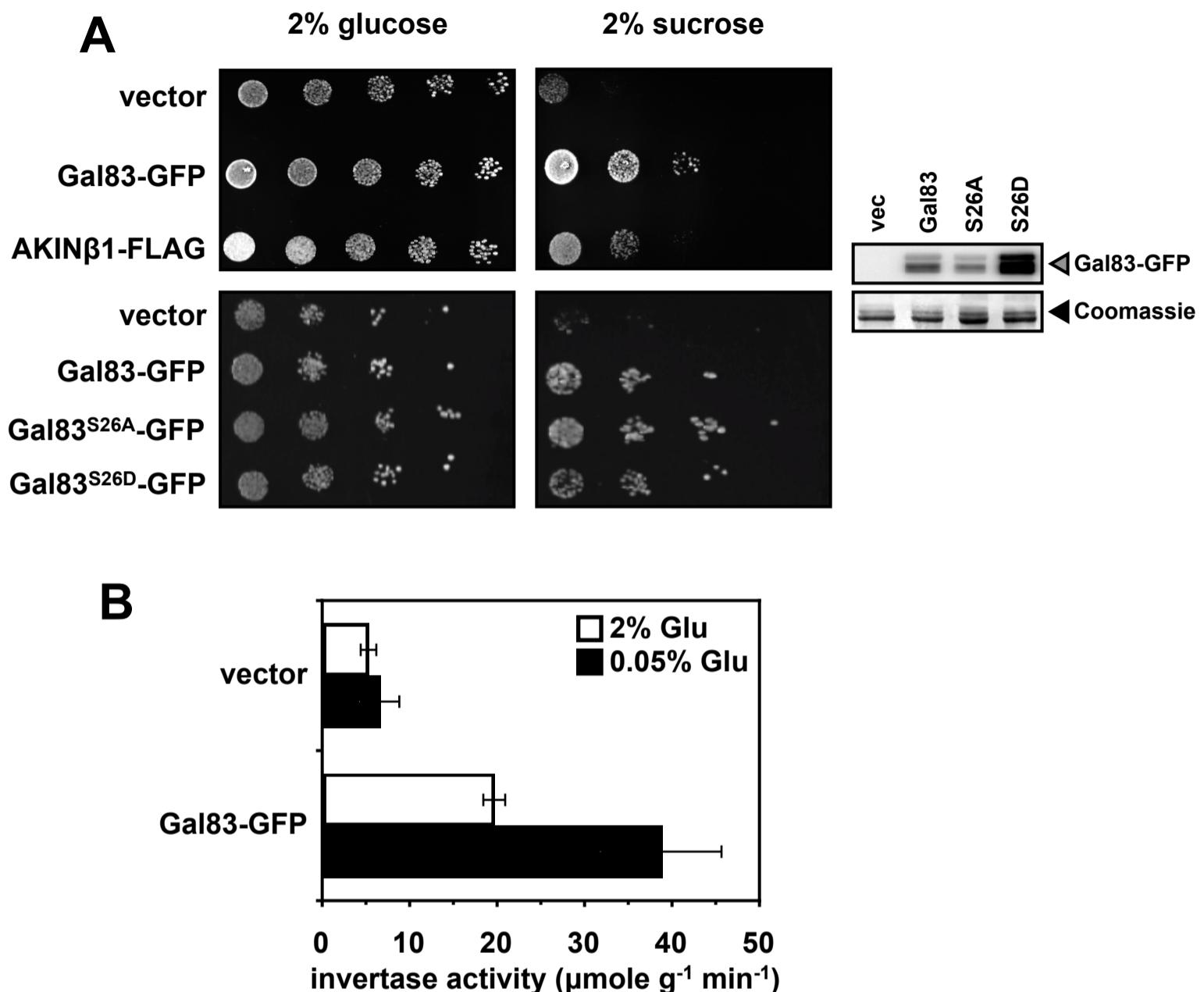
Avila et al.



Supplemental Figure S4. RT-PCR amplification of STTau1 and STTau2. A, RT-PCR gel showing amplification of the STTau1 cDNA from tomato leaf total RNA. B, RT-PCR gel showing amplification of the STTau2 cDNA from tomato leaf total RNA.

Supplemental Figure S5

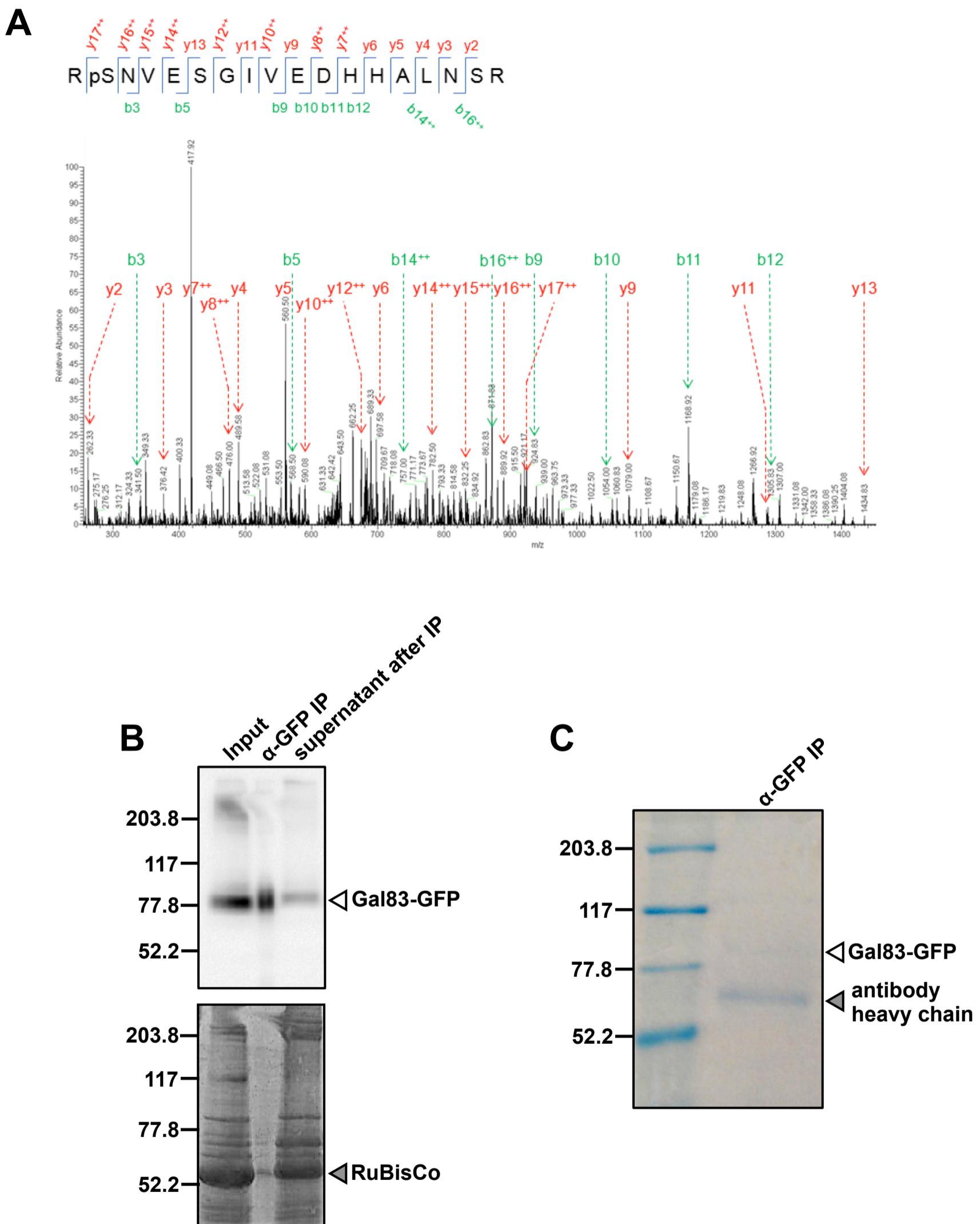
Avila et al.



Supplemental Figure S5. S1Gal83 complementation of *sip1Δsip2Δgal83Δ* yeast. A, Tomato Gal83 can complement the yeast β -subunit triple knockout. *sip1Δsip2Δgal83Δ* yeast cells were transformed with empty vector, the indicated S1Gal83 constructs, or AKIN β 1 and plated on 2% glucose or sucrose CM plates at 5-fold dilutions. S1Gal83-GFP protein expression detected by α -GFP western blot is shown on the right. B, S1Gal83 complementation of yeast invertase activity. The indicated constructs were transformed into *sip1Δsip2Δgal83Δ* yeast and extracts from the yeast tested for invertase activity in the presence of high (2%) and low (0.05%) glucose. Values are averages of three independent experiments and error bars are standard error.

Supplemental Figure S6

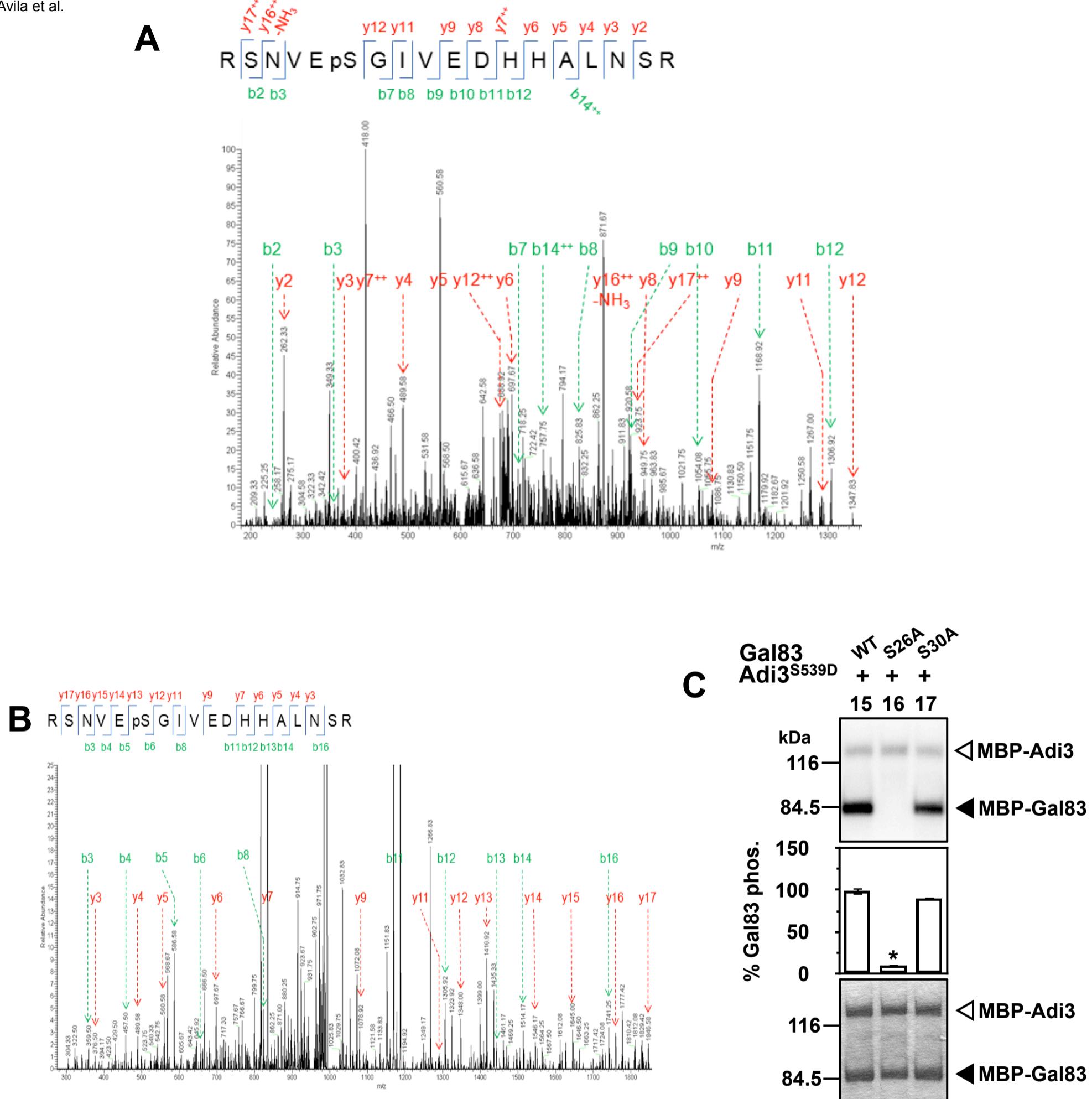
Avila et al.



Supplemental Figure S6. MS identification of SlGal83 S26 phosphorylation and α -GFP immunoprecipitation of SlGal83-GFP. A, Identification of SlGal83 S26 phosphorylation *in vitro* in peptide RpSNVESGIVEDHHALNSR. B, SlGal83-GFP can be pulled down with an α -GFP antibody. Protoplasts expressing SlGal83-GFP for 16 hrs were lysed, immunoprecipitated with α -GFP antibody, and analyzed by α -GFP western blot. C, Immunoprecipitated SlGal83-GFP used for MS analysis. SlGal83-GFP was expressed and immunoprecipitated as in (A) and the sample separated by SDS-PAGE. The band corresponding to SlGal83-GFP was cut from the gel, trypsin digested and analyzed by MS.

Supplemental Figure S7

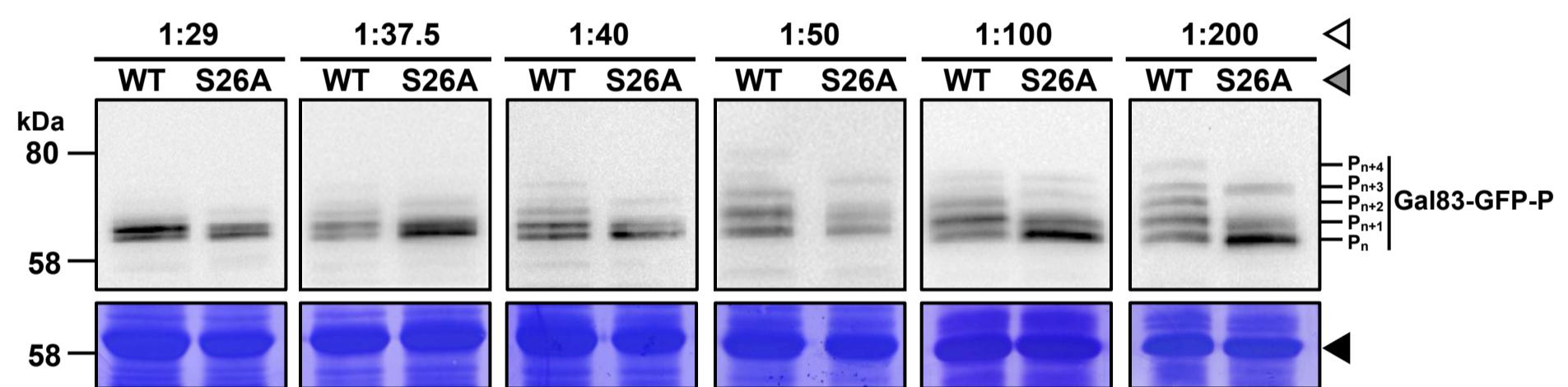
Avila et al.



Supplemental Figure S7. MS identification of SlGal83 S30 phosphorylation. A, Identification of SlGal83 S30 phosphorylation *in vitro* in peptide RSNVEpSGIVEDHHALNSR. B, Identification of SlGal83 S30 phosphorylation *in vivo* in peptide RSNVEpSGIVEDHHALNSR. C, Adi3 does not phosphorylate SlGal83 S30 *in vitro*. One asterisk indicates significant decrease in phosphorylation of SlGal83 Ser to Ala mutants compared to wild-type SlGal83 phosphorylation (Student's *t* test, *p* < 0.05).

Supplemental Figure S8

Avila et al.



Supplemental Figure S8. Separation of SIGal83-GFP phosphoproteins by SDS-PAGE with varying bis-acrylamide:acrylamide ratios. SIGal83-GFP was stably transformed into *Arabidopsis*, protein extracts made from leaf tissue, and the extracts analyzed by SDS-PAGE. Open triangle, bis-acrylamide:acrylamide ratio; grey triangle, SIGal83-GFP protein; black triangle, RuBisCo

Supplemental Table S1

Avila et al.

Gene	Primer Name	Puropose	Direction	Restriction site	Sequence
Adi3	Adi3 BamHI-F	Cloning into pGEX	Forward	BamHI	CACGGATCC <u>ATGGAAAGGATA</u> CTGAAGTT
Adi3	Adi3 EcoRI-R	Cloning into pGEX	Reverse	EcoRI	CAC <u>GAATTCTAAAGAA</u> CTCAAAGTCAG
SnRK1	SnRK EcoRI-F	ORF Amplification Cloning into pEG202/pJG4-5	Forward	EcoRI	CAC <u>GAATTCA</u> TGGACGGAACAGCAGTG
SnRK1	SnRK BamHI-R	ORF Amplification Cloning into pEG202	Reverse	BamHI	CAC <u>GGATCC</u> TTAAAGTACTCGAAGCTG
SnRK1	SnRK PstI-R	Cloning into pMAL	Reverse	PstI	CAC <u>CTGCAGTTAAAGTACTCGAAGCTG</u>
SnRK1	SnRK T175D-F	Mutagenesis	Forward		GGTCATTTCTGAAG <u>GATAGTTGCGGAAGCCC</u> A
SnRK1	SnRK T175D-R	Mutagenesis	Reverse		TGGGCTTCCGCAACT <u>ATCCTTCAGAAAATGACC</u>
SnRK1	SnRK K48Q-F	Mutagenesis	Forward		CACAAAGTTGCTGT <u>CAGATTCTTAATCGTCGA</u>
SnRK1	SnRK K48Q-R	Mutagenesis	Reverse		TCGACGATTAAGAAT <u>CTGGACAGCAACTTGTG</u>
Snf4	Snf4 EcoRI	ORF Amplification Cloning into	Forward	EcoRI	CAC <u>GAATTCA</u> TGCAGGCCAACAGCGGAG
Snf4	Snf4 SalI	ORF Amplification Cloning into	Reverse	SalI	CAC <u>GTCGACTCACTGCAAAAAC</u> TCAG
Sip1	Sip1 EcoRI	ORF Amplification Cloning into pMAL	Forward	EcoRI	CAC <u>GAATTCA</u> TGTTAGACCTGAGATG
Sip1	Sip1 BamHI	ORF Amplification Cloning into pMAL	Reverse	BamHI	CAC <u>CTCGAGTCACCTCTGTATTGACTTG</u>
Gal83	Gal83 EcoRI	ORF Amplification Cloning into pMAL,	Forward	EcoRI	CAC <u>GAATTCA</u> TGGGAATGCGAACGCC
Gal83	Gal83 SalI-R	ORF Amplification Cloning into	Reverse	SalI	CAC <u>GTCGACTCACCTCTTCAGTGGCTTG</u>
Gal83	Gal83 BamHI	Cloning into MBB263, pTEX cGFP	Forward	BamHI	CACGGATCC <u>ATGGGAATGCGAACGCC</u>
GFP	GFP EcoRI	Cloning of Gal83-GFP into MBB263	Reverse	EcoRI	CAC <u>GAATTCTTATTGTATAGTTCATCC</u>
Gal83	Gal83 SalI-R NS	Cloning Gal83 without stop codon into pTEX cGFP	Reverse	SalI	CAC <u>GTCGACCC</u> CTCTTCAGTGGCTTGGTAG
Gal83	S22A	Mutagenesis	Forward		GGCGACGGT CAGGT <u>AGCG</u> GGAAGAAGA TCTAATG
Gal83	S22A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		CATTAGATCTTCTT <u>CCCG</u> CTACCTGACCGTCGCC
Gal83	S26A	Mutagenesis	Forward		CGGGAAAGAAG <u>AGCT</u> AAATGTTGAATCTGG
Gal83	S26A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		CCAGATTCAACATT <u>AGCT</u> CTTCTTCCG
Gal83	S45A	Mutagenesis	Forward		CGCGAGTGC <u>CTG</u> ACTTGATGG
Gal83	S45A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		CCATCAAGTCAG <u>CCGC</u> AGGCACTCGCG
Gal83	S60/62A	Mutagenesis	Forward		GCAGAGTCCACATCGT <u>GCAGCTG</u> CACCTCTTGTTCGG
Gal83	S60/62A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		CCGAACAAGAGAGGT <u>GCAGCTG</u> CACAGTGTGGACTCTGC
Gal83	S122A	Mutagenesis	Forward		GTTGCTATCCAAGG <u>GCTT</u> GGACAACGGAC
Gal83	S122A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		GTCCAGTTGT <u>CCCA</u> <u>AGCT</u> CTTGGATAGCAAC
Gal83	S135A F	Mutagenesis	Forward		GGAAAATTCTCAAAG <u>AGC</u> AGGAAGGACTACCG
Gal83	S135A R	Mutagenesis	Reverse		CGGTATAGTC <u>CTTGCC</u> <u>AGCT</u> TTGGAGAATTTC
Gal83	S147A	Mutagenesis	Forward		CTTTGGTC <u>CTTCC</u> <u>AGCGGG</u> TATATCATTAC
Gal83	S147A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		GTAATGATATACCC <u>GGCT</u> GGAAAGGACAAAG
Gal83	S192A	Mutagenesis	Forward		CCAGAGAAC <u>CTCGAA</u> <u>GCT</u> TTGCAGAGTTGAG
Gal83	S192A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		CTCAA <u>ACTCTGCAAC</u> <u>AGCT</u> CGAGTTCTGG
Gal83	S204/205A	Mutagenesis	Forward		CCACCATCAC <u>CTGACG</u> CTGCCTATGCGCAAGCTTG
Gal83	S204/205A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		CAAAG <u>CTTGC</u> GCA <u>AGGC</u> <u>AGCT</u> CAGGTGATGGTGG
Gal83	S234A	Mutagenesis	Forward		CTAA <u>CTGTTCTGGT</u> <u>GCT</u> AAA <u>ACTCAGAAGAAGC</u>
Gal83	S234A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		GCTTCT <u>CTGAGTTTG</u> <u>AGC</u> ACCAAGAACAGTTAG
Gal83	S237A	Mutagenesis	Forward		GGTTCT <u>GAACAGC</u> <u>AGC</u> AAAGAA GCACCTTC
Gal83	S237A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		GAAGGTG <u>CTTC</u> TT <u>CTGCG</u> TTTC AGAACCC
Gal83	S242/243A	Mutagenesis	Forward		CAGAAGAAGCAC <u>CTGCT</u> <u>GCT</u> CAAAACCCAGCAG
Gal83	S242/243A	Mutagenesis	Reverse		GTGCTGGGG <u>TTTG</u> <u>AGCAGC</u> AGGTGCTTCTG
Gal83	S262A/S264R	Mutagenesis	Forward		GAGAAAGGATGG <u>GCT</u> <u>CAAGCC</u> ATTGTTGCTCTGG
Gal83	S262A/S264R	Mutagenesis	Reverse		CCAAGAGAAC <u>ACATCCG</u> <u>TTGAGC</u> AGCCC <u>ATCCTTCTC</u>
Tau1	Tau1-F	ORF amplification	Forward		ATGGGGAA TGTGAGTGGG
Tau1	Tau1-R	ORF amplification	Reverse		TCAC TTTTCAAGGACTAAAAAG
Tau1	Tau1 EcoRI	Cloning into pMAL	Forward	EcoRI	CAC <u>GAATTCA</u> TGGGAATGTGAGTGGG
Tau1	Tau1 SalI	Cloning into pMAL	Reverse	SalI	CAC <u>GTCGACTCA</u> TTTCAAGGACTAAAAAG
Tau2	Tau2-F	ORF amplification	Forward		ATGGGGAA TGTTAATGGAAGAG
Tau2	Tau2-R	ORF amplification	Reverse		TCAC CTCTGTATGGACTTGTAAAG
Tau2	Tau2 EcoRI	Cloning into pMAL	Forward	EcoRI	CAC <u>GAATTCA</u> TGGGAATGTTAATGGA
Tau2	Tau2 SalI	Cloning into pMAL	Reverse	SalI	CAC <u>GTCGACTCAC</u> CTCTGTATGGACTTGTAA

Supplemental Table S1. Primers used in this study are listed by gene name and purpose. In the primer sequences restriction sites are underlined, start and stop codons are in bold, and mutation sites are in bold and underlined.