

Supplementary Figure 1: A schematic comparison for a 17-repeat TR array involving the 226-278bp region in a AluJo among difference species. The human genomic region was compared with the corresponding region from chimp, orangutan, rhesus and marmoset.



Supplementary Figure 2: Box and Whiskers plot of maximum divergence among repeat units in TRs with ≤ 3 and ≥ 10 repeat units. The mean maximal divergence among repeat units in TRs with ≤ 3 units is 0.5330 and is 0.8049 in TRs with ≥ 10 units based on all 5,902 non-LTR12 and non-L1PA TE-derived TRs. The asterisk denotes that they are significantly different (P<0.0001) in a two-tailed t-test.



Supplementary Figure 3: Genomic locations of all TE-derived TRs. All individual TRs are plotted onto the human chromosome ideogram based on their genomic positions in the UCSC hg19 reference sequence. Chromosomal regions in color are heterochromatin regions which mostly lack sequence. Despite the ubiquitous but non-homogeneous distribution of TE-derived TRs in the genome, there seem to have no obvious hot spot.

Supplementary Table 1: The number of mITRs at different repeat units for mITR clusters

Cluster No.	Unit size	No. of repeat unit of each TR in the cluster	No. of different loci the TR appear in	TE subfamiliy
		2	36	
6	109	3	6	AluS
6		4	1	
		17	1	
	125	2	36	AluS
7		3	5	
		5	3	
	22	2	22	L1P3/L1PR
20		3	1	
	• • •	2	25	
14	268	3	3	AluY
		2	13	
22	32	3	1	AluS
		7	1	-
		2	21	
18	161	3	1	AluY
		14	2	
		2	11	- THE1C-int
24	54	3	1	
	68	2	8	- HERVH-int
32		3	1	
	0.50	3	2	- AluSx
71	352	4	2	
	42	2	4	HERVH-int
55		3	1	
		6	1	
	49	4	3	MER57A-int
84		17	1	
	42	2	1	HERVH-int
259		4	1	
89	28	2	3	LTR10F
		8	1	
31	113	2	8	- Harlequin-int
		3	1	
	71	2	1	AluSx
208		3	1	
62	42	2	3	HERVH-int
		3	1	
		4	1	1
	1	1		

			-	
67	31	2	4	AluY/AluS
		2	1	
198	78	3	1	AluS
139	661	2	1	HERVE-int
	664	3	1	
129	24	2	2	HERVH-int
		3	1	
236	45 255	2	1	AluSx MSR1
		3	1	
145		<u>2</u> <u>A</u>	1	
178	102	2	1	AluS
		3	1	
		2	2	LTR10F
124	28	12	1	
		2	4	
47	114	3	1	HERVH-int
		5	1	
42	25	5	1	I 1M5
43	25	6	1	LIMS
244	44	2	1	AluSq
244	44	3	1	
74	221	2	3	AluY
/4		3	1	
113	39	2	1	AluY/AluS
115	39	3	1	
		2	1	HERVH-int
		4	2	
39	64	5	1	
		6	1	
		7	2	
120	32	2	2	AluS
-		3		
239	49	<u> </u>	1	L2c
	32	3	1	LTR7B
301		13	1	
	32	2	10	AluS
27		3	1	
60	63	2	4	HERVH-int
		3	1	
247	46	2	1	AluSx
277		4	1	
82	49 70	2	3	AluS AluJr
		3		
212		3	1	
33	61	2	5	HERVH-int
I	1	1		1

		3	4	
63	37	2	3	HERVH-int
		3	1	
		6	1	
80	93	2	3	HERVH-int
		3	1	
54	42	2	2	HERVH-int
		3	3	
		8	1	
40	60	2	5	HERVH-int
		3	1	
		9	1	
278	36	6	1	MSR1
		29	1	
34	30	2	7	AluS
		3	2	

Supplementary Table 2: The distribution of direct repeat length for TE-derived TRs

with identifiable direct repeats

Direct repeat length	Number of	
(bp)	occurrence	
<7	0	
7	145	
8	47	
9	21	
10	11	
11	12	
12	15	
13	12	
14	9	
15-20	28	