

Nucleotide sequence of a full length cDNA clone of light harvesting chlorophyll a/b binding protein gene from green dark-grown pine (*Pinus tunbergii*) seedling

Naoki Yamamoto, Makoto Matsuoka¹, Yuriko Kano-Murakami², Yoshiyuki Tanaka³ and Yuko Ohashi¹

Forestry and Forest Products Research Institute, ¹National Institute of Agrobiological Resources, ²Fruit Tree Research Station and ³National Institute of Agro-Environmental Science, Tsukuba Science City, Ibaraki 305, Japan

Submitted November 14, 1988

Accession no. X13407

Light has been shown to induce the expression of gene encoding light harvesting chlorophyll a/b binding protein(LHCP)(1). Dark-grown seedling of coniferous plant is green. We have constructed cDNA library and cloned full length cDNA (pPDLHC2176) for LHCP from dark-grown pine (*Pinus thunbergii*) seedlings in pUC8, which was identified by cross-hybridization with duckweed genomic clones(2) and complete sequencing. The cDNA included 801 bp of the open reading frame, and 49 and 128 nucleotides of 5'- and 3'-untranslated sequences, respectively. From the putative cleavage site (arrow head), the transit and mature polypeptides have been estimated to be composed of 37 and 229 amino acids, respectively. This result also shows the expression of the gene in the dark-grown pine seedling.

```

-49 CGCATTACCTGACTTTGGTCTGAGCACTTTCCTCGTCGTCACGTTCAACC
 1 ATGGCAACAGCTTCAGCCATCCAAAGCTCAAGCTTGGCAGGCCAGACCTCTTAAGGCCG
   M A T A S A I Q S S S L A G Q T L L R P
 61 CAGCAGAATGAGCTCGTCAAGAAAGTGGCACGGCGCAGGCTCGAACATCACC<ATGCGAAGA
   Q Q N E L V K K V G T A Q A R I T M R R
121 ACCGTAAGGAGCGCCCCCGAGAGCATTGGTATGGACCTGACCCGCCAAGTACCTAGGC
   T V R S A P E S I W Y G P D R P K Y L G
181 CCCCTCTCGGAAGGGACGCCGTATATCTCACCGGAGAAATTCCCGGCCACTACGGGTGG
   P F S E G T P S Y L T G E F P G D Y G W
241 GACACTGCCCCGCTCTGGCGATCCAGAGACCTTCGAAAAAACAGAGAGCTGGAGGTG
   D T A A V S A D P E T F A K N R E L E V
301 ATCCACTGAGATGGGCCATGTTGGGAGCGCTGGCTCGCTGGTITCCCGAGCTGTTGGCC
   I H C R W A M L G A L G C V F P E L L A
361 AAAAATGGTTGAAATTGGGAAGCTGTTGGTCAAGGCCGGGCCAGATAATTCTCA
   N G L K F G E A V W F K A G A Q I F S
421 GAGGGAGGCCCTGACTACGCTGGAAACCCCAACCTGATCCACGGCAGAGCATTCTAGCC
   E G G L D Y A G N P N L I H A Q S I L A
481 ATCTGGCTTGCCAGGTTCTCATGGGATTGATGAAGGATACAGAGTGGAGGAGGG
   I W A C Q V V L G L I E G Y R V G G G
541 ACCCTTGGAGAGGGTTGGACCCCTCTGTTACCGGGGTGCCCCTCGACCCACTGGGCTG
   T L G E G L D P L L P G G A F D P L G L
601 GCCGACGCCCGAGGCTGCGCGAGCTGAAGGTGAAAGAGATAAGAACGGTCGGCTG
   A D D P E A C A E L K V K E I K N G R L
661 GCCATGTTCTCCATGTTGGTTCTCGTTCAGGCAATCGTGACCGGAAGGGCCCCATT
   A M F S M F G F V Q A I V T G K G P I
721 GAAAATCTCTACGACCCTTGGCGAACCCGTGCCAACAATGCCCTGGGCTACGCCACC
   E N L Y D H L A D P V A N N A W A Y A T
781 AATTTCTGTTCTGGCAAGTGAGGTGACGGAAAATAAAAGAGGCCCTGATCTGCACT
   N F V P G K -
841 AATCATTTGACAGCCTTAGTGTAAATAAAATATGTTCTTCAGCTGGATGTATTTGTTGG
901 TGATCTCGTTAATAAAATATTTCTTTC

```

REFERENCES: (1)Tobin,EM, Silverthorne,J (1985) Ann. Rev. Plant Physiol. 36: 569-593 (2)Stiekema,WJ et al. (1983) Plant Physiol. 72: 717-724