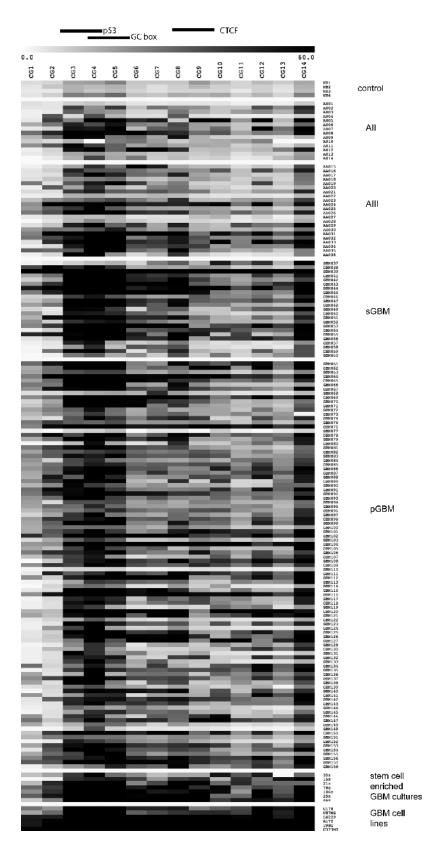
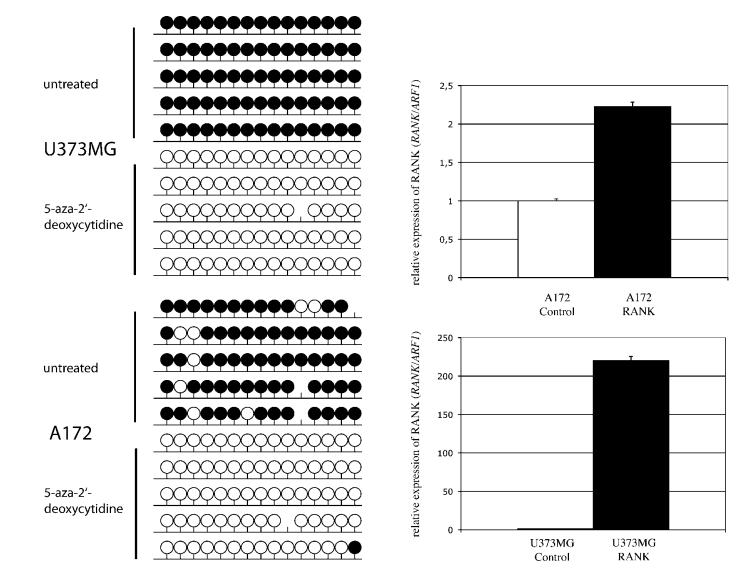
	WHO Grade	Methylated Samples	Mean Methylation Level	t Test		
.3767	AII	8/14	24.5%			
	AAIII	17/22	28.9%		*.0035	*.026
	sGBMIV	20/23	40.2%		*.046	
	pGBMIV	81/97	33.3%		040.	

Table W1. Summary of Methylation Frequencies, Mean Methylation Levels and t Test Results of RANK/ TNFRSF11A in All Investigated Gliomas.

For *t* test, the mean methylation levels of all investigated glioma entities were tested against each other. \*Significant difference between the methylation levels in different WHO grades (*t* test): All *versus* AAIII, P = .3767; AII + AAIII *versus* pGBMIV, P = .026; AII + AAIII *versus* sGBMIV, P = .0035; and pGBMIV *versus* sGBMIV, P = .046.

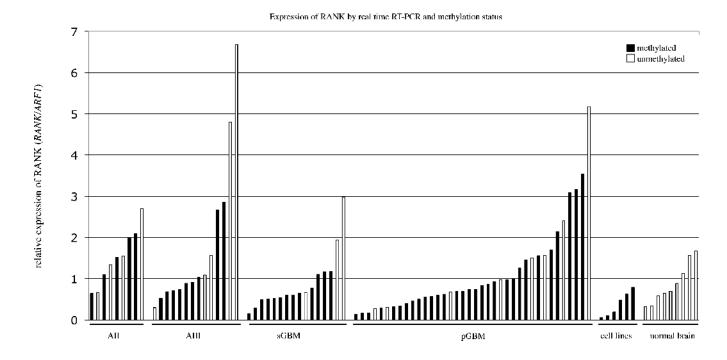


**Figure W1.** Quantitative methylation data of 156 primary glioma and all investigated cell cultures. The localization of the putative p53 and CTCF binding sites and a GC box are indicated. The color code shows the methylation range (0%-60%).



**Figure W2**. Representative bisulfite sequencing analysis of 5-aza-2'deoxycytidine-treated and –untreated U373MG and A172 cells showing demethylation within the analyzed region of *RANK/TNFRSF11A*. Black lollipops indicate methylated CpG position; white lollipops, unmethylated CpG position; no circles, uncertain because of the low-quality sequence trace.

**Figure W3.** Relative transcript levels of *RANK/TNFRSF11A* (*RANK/TNFRSF11A/ARF1*) analyzed by real-time RT-PCR in the glioblastoma cell line U373MG after stable transfection with RANK-pcDNA4/myc-His plasmid (■) or control vector pcDNA4/myc-His (□).



**Figure W4.** mRNA expression analysis of *RANK/TNFRSF11A* in gliomas, glioblastoma cell lines, and normal brain tissues. This figure shows the relative expression levels of *RANK/TNFRSF11A* (*RANK/TNFRSF11A/ARF1*) obtained by real-time RT-PCR. Results of methylation analysis by pyrosequencing are included in this figure. Black column ( $\blacksquare$ ) indicates that the sample is methylated; white column ( $\square$ ), sample is unmethylated. Samples were scored methylated if they exceeded the two-fold SD of white matter control samples (20.3%).