

Content:

1. Two-liquid phase biotransformation of DAME using *P. fluorescens* as host
2. Homology analysis of AlkL, OmpW, and OprG with BlastP

1. *Pseudomonas* as alternative host:

DAME oxygenation activity of different *Pseudomonas* strains was investigated in resting cell assays. The best performing strain *P. fluorescens* CHA0 (pBT10) was further investigated in the two-liquid phase setup as described in the original article. Fig. S1 shows product formation (A) and specific activities (B) achieved in this setup.

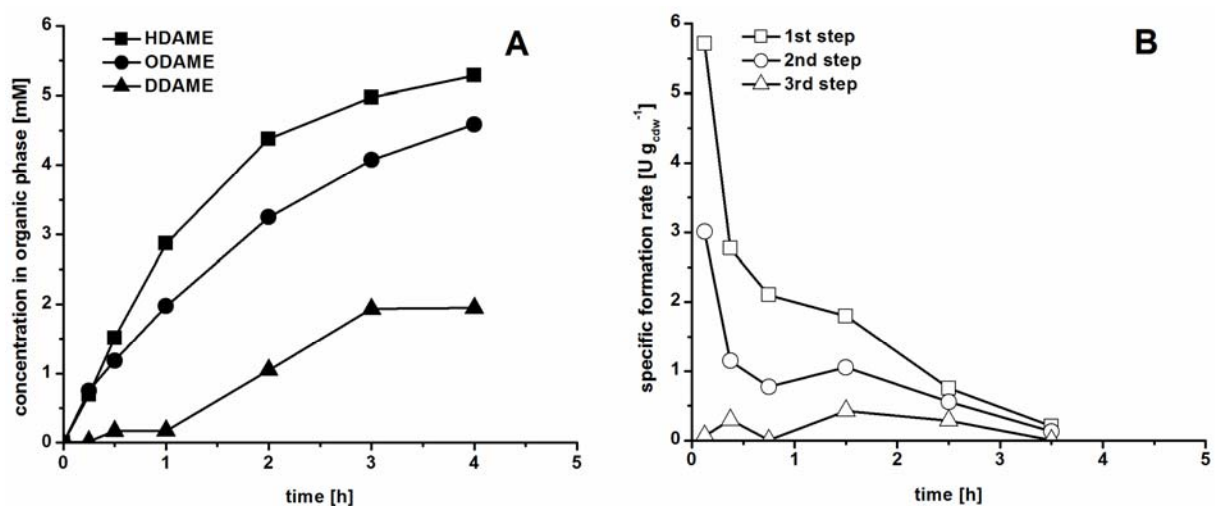


Figure S1. Two-liquid phase biotransformation of DAME using $8.5 \text{ g}_{\text{cdw}} \text{ L}^{-1}$ resting cells of *P. fluorescens* CHA0 (pBT10) fed with citrate. The substrate was applied as organic phase at a phase ratio of 1:3 (organic phase : total volume). Product concentrations in the organic phase (A) and specific activities for the different oxygenation steps (B) are given. Specific activities are calculated based on product formation.

2. Homology analysis of AlkL, OmpW, and OprG

The alignment of AlkL from *P. putida* GPo1, OmpW from *E. coli*, and OprG from *P. aeruginosa* was performed using BlastP (Tables S1 and S2). For visualisation of the homology, the three amino acid sequences were aligned using Clustal W2 (Fig. S3).

a) AlkL vs OmpW:

Table S1. Results of BlastP-analysis for alignment of AlkL from *P. putida* GPo1 and OmpW from *E. coli*

Max score	Total score	Query coverage	E value	Max ident
82	82	68%	2e-23	29%

B) AlkL vs OprG:

Table S2. Results of BlastP-analysis for alignment of AlkL from *P. putida* GPo1 and OprG from *P. aeruginosa*

Max score	Total score	Query coverage	E value	Max ident
59.7	59.7	86%	1e-15	23%

OmpW	MKK--LTVAALAVTT-----LLSGSAFAHEAGEFFMRAGSATVRPTEGAG-	43
OprG	MRKSWLTASLLALTVA-----SPFAAADIQGHKAGDFIIRGGFATVDPDDSSSD	49
AlkL	MSFSNYKVIAMPVLVANFVLGAATAWANENYPAKSAGYNQGDWVASFNFSKVVYVGEELGD	60
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OmpW	----GTLGSLGGFSVTNNTQLGLTFTYMATDNIGVELLAATPFRHKIGTRATG----DI	94
OprG	IKLDGAKQRGKATVDSDTQLGLTFTYMFADKKGVELVAATPFMHQVDVKGLGPGLDGKL	109
AlkL	LNVGGLPMDVSIQNDTTLTFDIAYFVSSNIAVDFFVGVPARAKFQGEKSISSLG-RV	119
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OmpW	ATVHHLPTLMAQWY-FGDASSKFRPYVGAGINYTTFFDNGFNDHGKEAGLSDLKDSW	153
OprG	ADIKQLPPTLLQYYPMGGTNSAFQPYGGLGVNYTTFFDEDLASNRKAQGFSSMKLQDSW	169
AlkL	SEVDYGPAILSLQYH--YDSFERLYPYVGVGVGRVLFDDK-----TDGALSSFIDIKDW	171
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OmpW	GAAGQVGVVDYLINRDWLVNMSVWYMDIDTTANYK----LGGAQQHDSVRLDPWVFMFSAG	209
OprG	GLAGELGFDYMLNEHALFNMAVWYMDIDTKASINGPSALGVNKTQVDVDPWVYMIGFG	229
AlkL	APAFQVGLRYDLGNSWMLNSDVRYIPFKTDVTGT----LGPVVPVSTKIEVDPFILSLGAS	227
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OmpW	YRF 212	
OprG	YKF 232	
AlkL	YVF 230	
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Figure S2. Alignment of AlkL from *P. putida* GPo1, OmpW from *E. coli*, and OprG from *P. aeruginosa* (Clustal W2; <http://www.ebi.ac.uk/Tools/msa/clustalw2/>)