### Legends for supplementary figures

- 2 Fig. S1. HSV-1 infection induces the outgrowth of filopodia and lamellipodia during
- 3 the early infection. (A) SK-N-SH cells were infected with HSV-1 (MOI=30) for 2 and
- 4 4 h respectively, fixed, permeabilized and stained with TRITC-Phalloidin and DAPI.
- 5 Images were then recorded by LSM. (B) Cells were infected with HSV-1 (MOI=5)
- 6 for 1 h and treated for LSM detection.
- 7 Fig. S2. Cell viabilities at different time points post infection. SK-N-SH cells were
- 8 infected with HSV-1 (MOI=5) for 2, 6, 12 and 20 h, respectively. Cell viabilities were
- 9 then determined by MTT assay. Each value represents mean  $\pm$  s.d. of 3 separate
- experiments. (\*: p < 0.05; \*\*: p < 0.01, compared with the samples at 0 h p.i.).
- 11 Fig. S3. Cytotoxicity of CytoD, Lat A and Jas on SK-N-SH cells. SK-N-SH cells
- 12 grown in glass bottom dish were treated with different inhibitors at indicated
- 13 concentrations for 5 h. One hour prior to fixation, cells were labeled with 10 µg/mL
- 14 PI/PBS and then fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde/PBS for 15 min, and followed by
- counterstaining with 1 mg/mL DAPI/PBS. Images were then acquired by LSM.
- 16 Fig. S4. Effects of CytoD, Lat A and Jas on F-actin and microtubule networks of
- 17 HSV-1 infected SK-N-SH cells. Cells were pretreated with CytoD (0.5 μg/mL), Lat A
- 18 (0.5  $\mu$ M) or Jas (0.5  $\mu$ M) for 1 h and then infected with HSV-1 (MOI=30) for 4 h in
- 19 the presence of inhibitors. The cells were then fixed and stained for LSM observation.
- 20 Fig. S5. Effects of CytoD, Lat A and Jas on F-actin and microtubule networks of
- 21 normal SK-N-SH cells. Cells were treated with CytoD (0.5 μg/mL), Lat A (0.5 μM)
- or Jas  $(0.5 \mu M)$  for 5 h and then fixed and stained for LSM observation.









