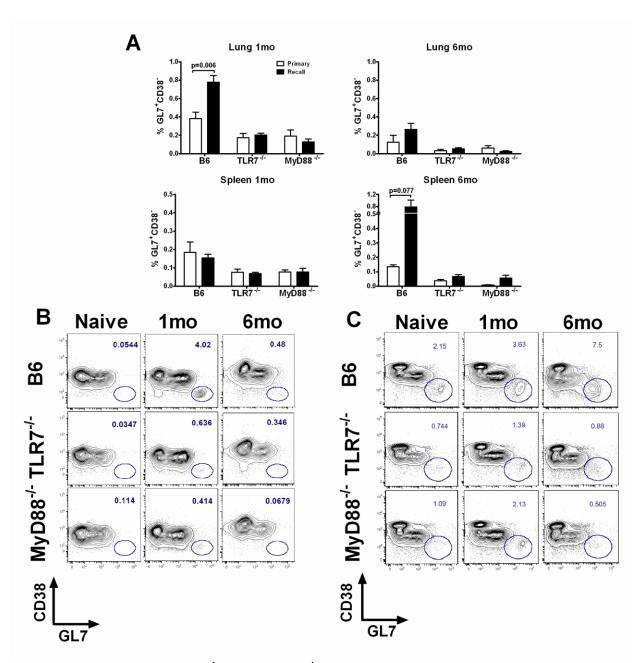
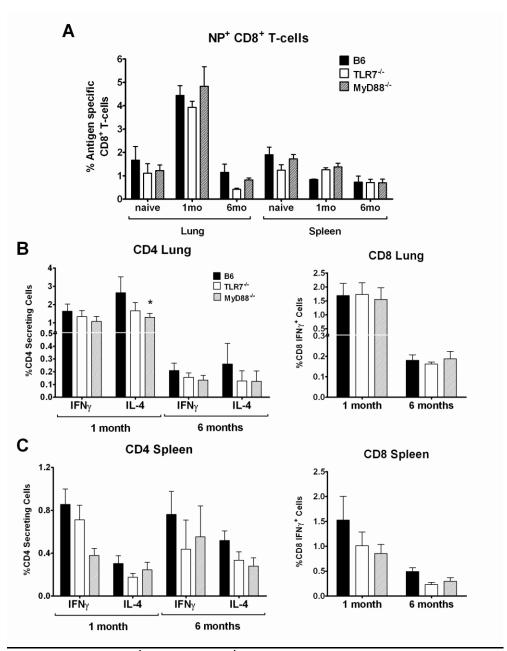


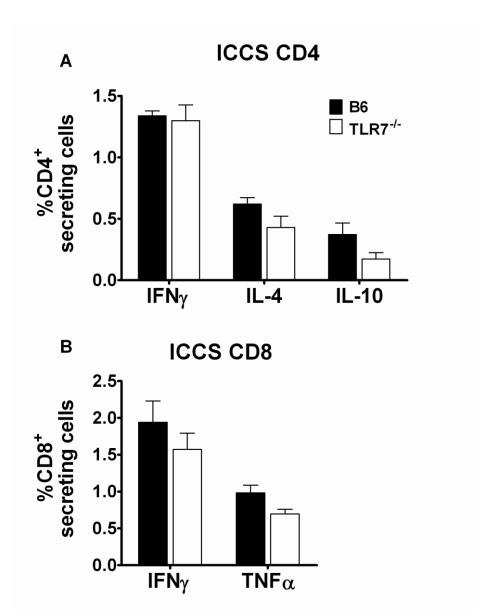
Supplemental Figure 1: TLR7^{-/-} and MyD88^{-/-} mice had comparable levels of PR8-specific CD8 T-cells following IAV infection. Mice ($n \ge 4$) were infected with 25 MID₅₀ of PR8 virus and lungs and spleens were harvested at the time points indicated. NP tetramer-binding CD8⁺ T-cells were analyzed by flow cytometry and shown as %PR8-specific CD8 T-cells out of total CD8 T-cells.



Supplemental Figure 2: TLR7^{-/-} and MyD88^{-/-} had impaired GC reaction following a lethal challenge. Mice (n≥6) were infected with 25 MID₅₀ of PR8 then challenged with 100 MLD₅₀ of PR8 at either 1 or 6 months following primary infection. Lung, spleen and BM were harvested 5 days post-challenge. (A) B-cells entering GC reactions (CD19⁺IgD¯GL7⁺CD38¯) in lung and spleen were measured by flow cytometry. GC-B cells from primary infection (white bar) or post-challenge (filled bar) at each time point are shown. Data are shown as %GC B-cells out of total CD19⁺ cells gated. (B-C) Representative dot plots of the recall responses of CD19⁺IgD¯ cells are shown for both lung (B) and spleen (C). Numbers represent % of CD19⁺IgD¯ cells.



Supplemental Figure 3: TLR7^{-/-} and MyD88^{-/-} mice had comparable levels of PR8-specific and cytokine secreting T-cells following challenge. (a) Mice (n≥4) were infected with 25 MID₅₀ of PR8 or mock-infected with PBS (naïve) and then challenged with 100 MLD₅₀ of PR8 at either 1 or 6 months following primary infection. Lungs and spleens were harvested 5 days following challenge. (A) NP tetramer-binding CD8⁺ T-cells were analyzed by flow cytometry and shown as % PR8-specific CD8⁺ T-cells out of total CD8⁺ T-cells. (B-C) Cells were stained ex-vivo for cytokine production in both lung (B) and spleen (C). Data is shown as % CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T-cell secreting the cytokine indicated.



<u>Supplemental Figure 4:</u> The T-cell response in vaccinated mice was comparable following vaccination in the presence or absence of TLR7 signaling. Mice (n=5) were vaccinated i.m. with pandemic 2009 Cal/07 split vaccine. Spleens were harvested 10 days following vaccination. Collected splenocytes were infected for 1hr with Cal/08 virus at 0.1 MOI and incubated for 5 days. Intracellular cytokine production from CD4⁺ T-cells (A) or CD8⁺ T-cells (B) was measured by flow cytometry.