

Supplementary Information

Supplementary Table 1. Primers used in this study

Primer name	Primer sequence (5'-3') ^a
<i>fimU</i> KO-1	tgtaaaacgacggccagtgcgaagctgcattgcctgGTCCAGGTCCAGCCAGTACAG
<i>fimU</i> KO-2	GTTGCTTGAAAGATGGGTACAGGCTGCGACAAATAGAGCGCATG
<i>fimU</i> KO-3	CATGCGCTCTATTGTCGCAGCCTGTACCCATCTTCAAAGCAA C
<i>fimU</i> KO-4	ccatgattacgaattcgagctcggtacccggggatcc TAGGTAGACCAG GCGAACGAC
<i>pilV</i> KO-1	tgtaaaacgacggccagtgcgaagctgcattgcctgAGCCGTGCTACTCGTGACAGC
<i>pilV</i> KO-2	CAAGGTGGAGTCAGAGGCCTAACCAAGTACTTCGATCATGCTG
<i>pilV</i> KO-3	CAGCATGATCGAAGTACTGGTTAACGCCCTGACTCCACCTTG
<i>pilV</i> KO-4	ccatgattacgaattcgagctcggtacccggggatcc CGCTTCTGTTCGATGAGATTG
<i>pilW</i> KO-1	tgtaaaacgacggccagtgcgaagctgcattgcctgAGTTCAACGCCCTGATCGAG
<i>pilW</i> KO-2	GCTCTCGGGATAAAGGACGATGTAGATCTGGCTGATCCCCAG
<i>pilW</i> KO-3	CTGGGGATCAGCCAGATCTACATCGCCTTATCCCGAGAGC
<i>pilW</i> KO-4	ccatgattacgaattcgagctcggtacccggggatcc TCGCCTGACAGTGTCAATTTC
<i>pilX</i> KO-1	tgtaaaacgacggccagtgcgaagctgcattgcctgTGCGACAACACCAAAGGCTCG
<i>pilX</i> KO-2	GCTGTTGGTTTCGTAGTAGAAGATAACGGCTTCCAGTGACAC
<i>pilX</i> KO-3	GTGTCACTGGAAAGCCGTATCTTCTACTACGAAACCAAACAGC
<i>pilX</i> KO-4	ccatgattacgaattcgagctcggtacccggggatcc TTCCGTCTCGGTGGTATAAG
<i>pilY2</i> KO-1	tgtaaaacgacggccagtgcgaagctgcattgcctgTGGCTGATA ACAACAGCGATG
<i>pilY2</i> KO-2	CTCCGATCCGAAGGAAACGAGAGCTGTGGCGAGAACGTAAG
<i>pilY2</i> KO-3	CTTACGTCTCTGCCACAGCTCTCGTCCCTCGGATCGGAG
<i>pilY2</i> KO-4	ccatgattacgaattcgagctcggtacccggggatcc CGAACGCCCTGCACTACGTGAC
<i>pilE</i> KO-1	tgtaaaacgacggccagtgcgaagctgcattgcctgTACCTGGTACGCCATCCTAG
<i>pilE</i> KO-2	GCTCTTCTGCTTCCAGTCCGCATTGTTGCTGCTCCGATCCG

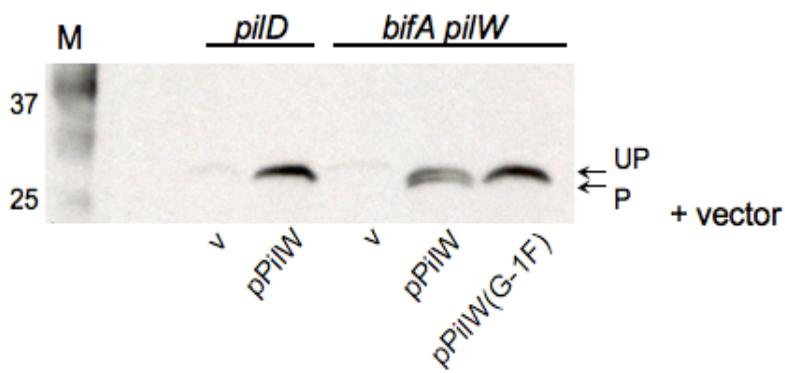
<i>pilE</i> KO-3	CGGATCGGAGCAGCAACAATGCGGACTGGAAGCAAGAAGAGC
<i>pilE</i> KO-4	ccatgattacgaattcgagctcggtacccgggatccACCGCCATGCAAATCAAACCTC
<i>pilD</i> KO-1	tgtaaaacgacggccagtgcagcttgcacgcctgCTCGGCAGATGTCTACCATGATG
<i>pilD</i> KO-2	GAATTGCAGATAGGTCCGGTAAGGAGGATGGCGCACAGAC
<i>pilD</i> KO-3	GTCTTGTGCGCCATCCTCCTACCCGGACCTATCTGCAATT
<i>pilD</i> KO-4	ccatgattacgaattcgagctcggtacccgggatccGAGTTGCTGTCGAAGAGCGAC
<i>fimU-pilE</i> KO-1	tgtaaaacgacggccagtgcagcttgcacgcctgACCGATATAAGGGATGCCTTC
<i>fimU-pilE</i> KO-2	GCTCTTCTTGCTTCCAGTCCGATGAATACCTCTGCGGGTATG
<i>fimU-pilE</i> KO-3	CATACCCGCAGAGGTATTCATCGGACTGGAAGCAAGAAGAGC
<i>fimU-pilE</i> KO-4	See <i>pilE</i> KO-4
<i>pilW</i> comp 5'	caactctactgtttccataaccgtttttgggaaggagatatacat <u>GTGAGAACAAAGCATGCT</u> CTTC
<i>pilW</i> comp 3'	taatctgtatcaggctgaaaatctctctatccgcc <u>TCAgtggatggtggtg</u> TGGCATGAGATT CCTGATGG
<i>pilX</i> comp 5'	ttctccataaccgtttttgggaaggagatatacat <u>ATGACCCTGCGCCATACCTC</u>
<i>pilX</i> comp 3'	atcttcctcatccgcc <u>TCAgtggatggtggtg</u> GTTGGTATACAGGCGTGCATG
<i>pilX</i> (G-1A) For	CCATACCTCTCGACAGCAGGCCCTCACGTTGATCTCGCTG
<i>pilX</i> (G-1A) Rev	CAGCGAGATCAACAAACGTGGAGGCCCTGCTGTCGAGAGGTATGG
<i>pilX</i> (G-1D) For	CCATACCTCTCGACAGCAGGATTCCACGTTGATCTCGCTG
<i>pilX</i> (G-1D) Rev	CAGCGAGATCAACAAACGTGGA <u>ATCCTGCTGTCGAGAGGTATGG</u>
<i>pilX</i> (G-1F) For	CCATACCTCTCGACAGCAGTTCTCACGTTGATCTCGCTG
<i>pilX</i> (G-1F) Rev	CAGCGAGATCAACAAACGTGGAG <u>A</u> CTGCTGTCGAGAGGTATGG
<i>pilW</i> (G-1F) For	CTTCAGCAAAATGCAGAA <u>ATT</u> CCTATCGATGGTAGAACTGCTC
<i>pilW</i> (G-1F) Rev	GCAGTTCTACCATCGATAGGA <u>ATT</u> CTGCATTGCTGAAGAG
<i>pilX</i> KI 5'	tttcccagtcacgacgttgtaaaacgacggccagtgcc <u>CTACATTGTCGCAGCCCCAAC</u>

<i>pilX</i> KI 3'	aacaattcacacaggaaacagctatgaccatgattac TTGCTCAGGTTGGTGGAG
<i>pilX</i> KI.2 3'	aacaattcacacaggaaacagctatgaccatgattac GGTCTGGTTCTGGTTGTCGAG
<i>pilX</i> His KI For	TGTATACCAAC <u>caccaccatcaccac</u> TGACTGGAGCCAGCGCATGATC
<i>pilX</i> His KI Rev	<u>GGCTCCAGTC</u> Agtggatggggtg GTTGGTATA CAGGCGTGCATG
<i>pilX</i> ΔLP For	CAAACCATCAGGAATCTCATGCCATGAGCACGTTGATCTCGCTG
<i>pilX</i> ΔLP Rev	CAGCGAGATCAACA ACGTGGACATGGCATGAGATT CCTGATGGTTG

"Lowercase letters indicate sequence homology to the cloning vector, uppercase letters indicate a *Pseudomonas*-specific gene sequence, lowercase underlined letters indicate a His epitope tag sequence, lowercase italics indicate ribosome binding site, bold-face letters indicate codon mutations.

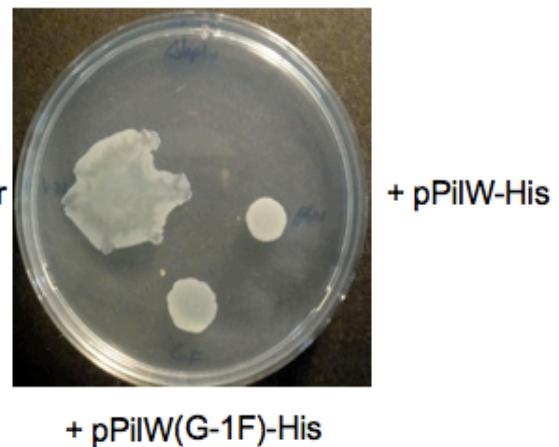
Supp. Fig. 1

A

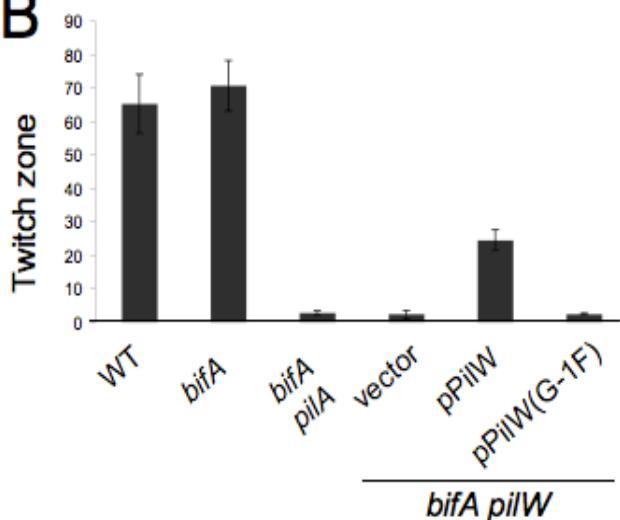


C

bifA pilW

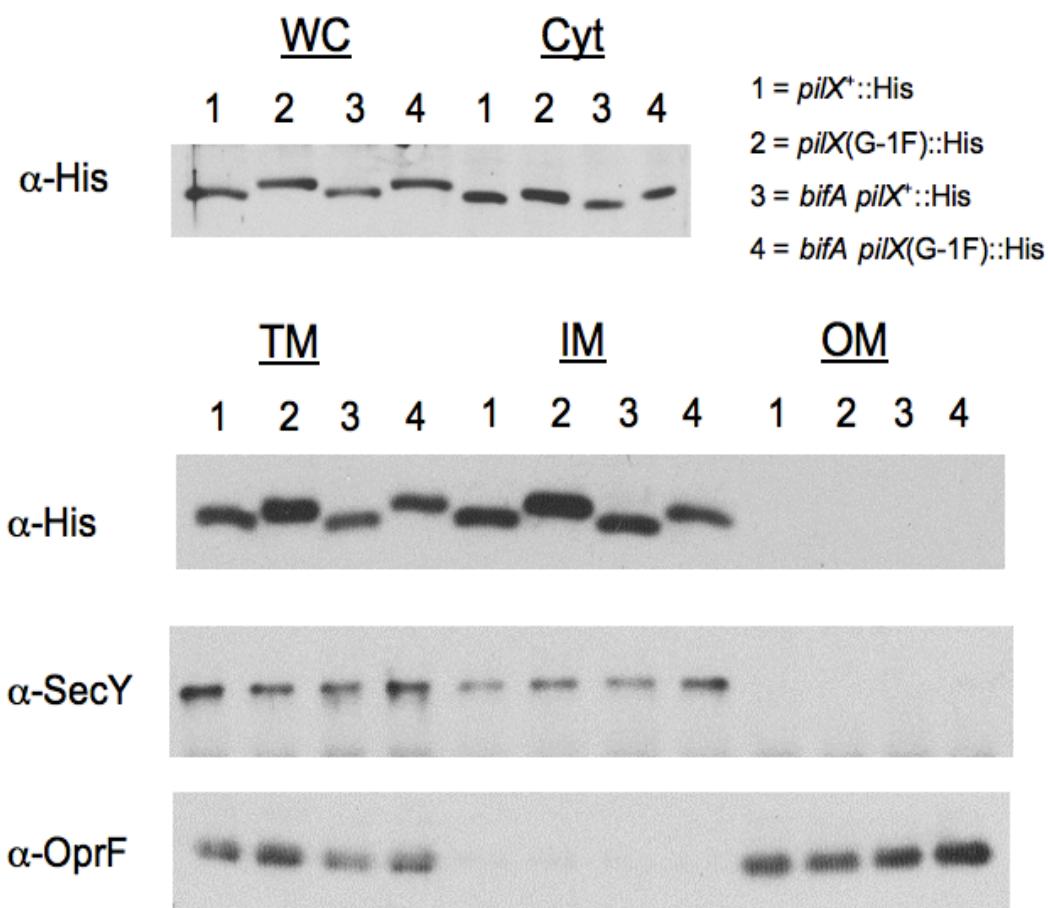


B



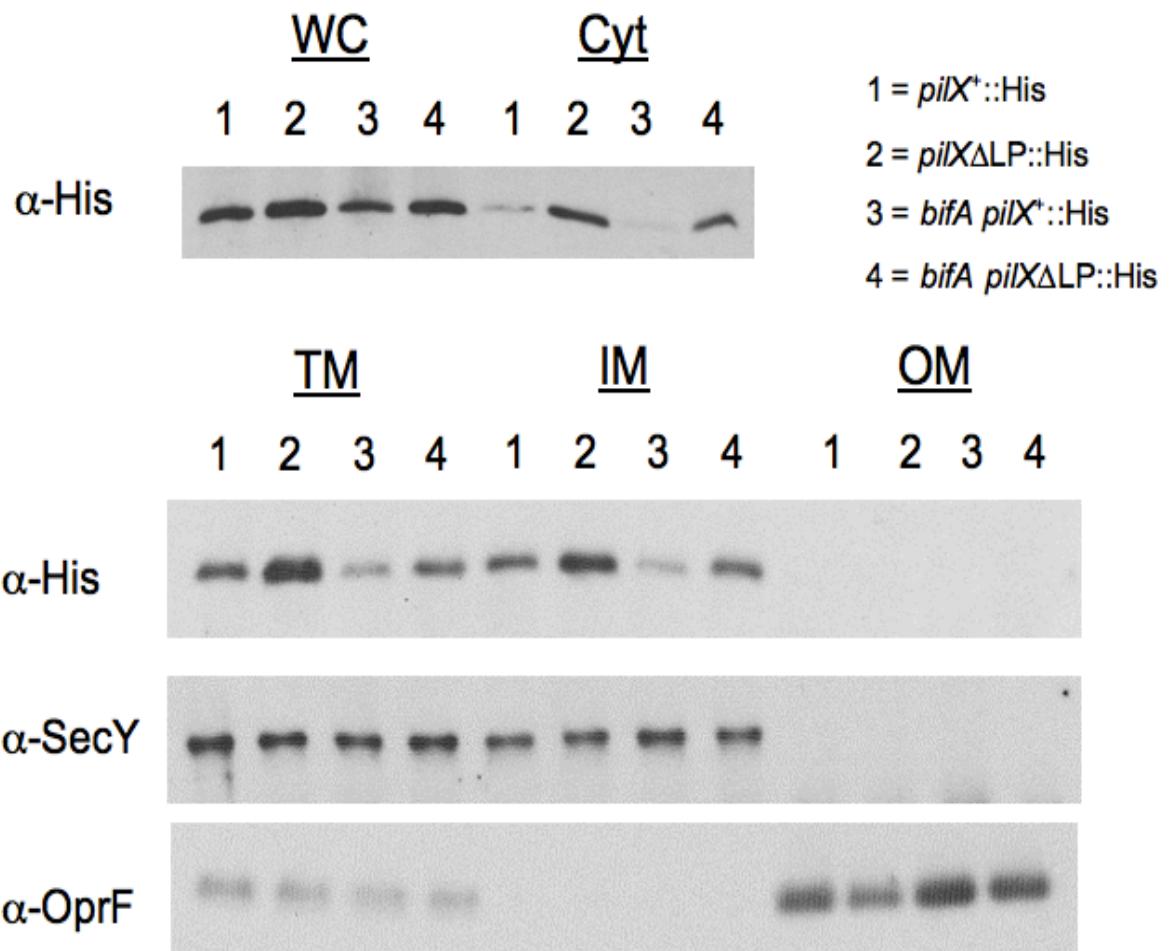
Supplemental Fig. 1. Analysis of PilW. **A.** Western blot showing plasmid-based expression and PilD-mediated processing status of the PilW-His and PilW(G-1F)-His proteins in the *pilD* and *bifA pilW* mutant backgrounds. Equal amounts of total protein from whole cell lysates prepared from each strain were resolved by SDS/PAGE on a 15% polyacrylamide gel. PilW-His and the PilW(G-1F)-His mutant variant were detected using an anti-penta-His antibody. The protein size markers (M) are indicated in kDa. P, processed form; UP, unprocessed form. **B.** Graph depicting quantification of twitch zones for the indicated strains, measured using ImageJ (units are pixels x 1000). Error bars represent standard deviation of averages from three plates. **C.** Representative image of a swarm plate showing swarms of the *bifA pilW* mutant carrying either vector (left), pPilW-His (right) or pPilW(G-1F)-His (bottom). Swarm medium was supplemented with 0.2 % arabinose and plates were grown at 37°C for 16h.

Supp. Fig. 2



Supplemental Fig. 2. Cellular localization of the PilX protein in the WT and *bifA* mutant backgrounds. Western blots showing abundance of chromosomally expressed PilX-His and PilX(G-1F)-His in the cellular fractions depicted as follows: WC, whole cell lysate; Cyt, cytosolic; TM, total membrane; IM, inner membrane; and OM, outer membrane. Lane designations are indicated in the upper right corner. Western blots were probed with one of the following antibodies, as indicated: anti-His antibody to detect PilX-His; anti-SecY antibody to detect the inner membrane-localized SecY protein and anti-OprF antibody to detect the outer membrane-localized OprF protein.

Supp. Fig. 3



Supplemental Fig. 3. Cellular localization of the PilXΔLP protein. Western blots showing abundance of chromosomally expressed PilX-His and PilXΔLP-His in the cellular fractions of the WT and *bifA* strains when grown on swarm plates. Fractions are as follows: WC, whole cell lysate; Cyt, cytosolic; TM, total membrane; IM, inner membrane; and OM, outer membrane. Lane designations are indicated in the upper right corner. Western blots were probed with one of the following antibodies, as indicated: anti-His antibody to detect PilX-His; anti-SecY antibody to detect the inner membrane-localized SecY protein, and anti-OprF antibody to detect the outer membrane-localized OprF protein.