# **Supplementary Information**

# **Materials and Methods**

#### Fly stocks

The following fly stocks were kindly provided to us by our colleagues:  $esg^{ts}>gfp$ (Shigeo Hayashi), Su(H)GBE-gal4 (Steven X Hou),  $MyoIA^{ts}>gfp$ , UAS-Upd,  $esg^{ts}F/O$ (Bruce Edgar) the double loss of function alleles  $fz^{H51}$ ,  $fz2^{C1}$  (Jun Wu and Marek Mlodzik),  $UAS-hep^{wt}$ ,  $UAS-hep^{act}$  (Aaron Diantonio),  $dm^4$  (Peter Gallant),  $pygo^{S123}$  (Mariann Bienz), MARCM FRT2A (Jean Paul Vincent), MARCM 82B (David Bilder). The rest of the lines used were obtained from VDRC and the Bloomington Stock collection.

**RNAi lines:** All lines used in this study belong to VDRC and have the corresponding ID numbers: *UAS-wg-IR* (13351) (Insertions in chrosmosomes II and III), *UAS-wg-IR* KK (104579), *UAS-wls-IR* KK (103812), *UAS-stat-IR* (43866), *UAS-myc-IR* (2947).

# Genotypes

Figure 1

- (A-A") UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+; how-gal4/+
- (B-B<sup>'''</sup>, I) UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR
- (C, C') UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR
- (D-F') UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+
- (G-H') UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR
- (J, K) *MyoIA-gal4/+; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+*
- (L) MyoIA-gal4/UAS-wg-IR; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR

# Figure 2

(Panels A-I):

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ UAS-wg-IR

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR<sup>KK</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wls-IR<sup>KK</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(Panel J):

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ UAS-CD8-gfp; how-gal4/+

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ UAS-wg-IR<sup>KK</sup>; how-gal4/+

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ UAS-wls-IR<sup>KK</sup>; how-gal4/+

(Panel K):

mef2-gal4/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

UAS-dicer2/+; mef2-gal4/; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; +/UAS-wg-IR

(Panel L):

*yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; how-gal4/+* 

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR

(Panel M):

*y,w; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/Cyo; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

wg<sup>CX4</sup>/Cyo

(Panel N):

MyoIA-gal4/+; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

MyoIA-gal4/UAS-wg-IR; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR

MyoIA-gal4/UAS-wg-IR<sup>KK</sup>; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

Figure 3

Panels (A-L, N-R):

w; esg-gal4, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>, UAS-gfp/+; UAS-flp, act>CD2>gal4/+

w; esg-gal4, tub-gal80ts, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; UAS-flp, act>CD2>gal4/UAS-wg-IR

w; esg-gal4, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR<sup>KK</sup>; UAS-flp, act>CD2>gal4/+

w; esg-gal4, tub-gal80<sup>is</sup>, UAS-gfp/UAS-wls-IR<sup>KK</sup>; UAS-flp, act>CD2>gal4/+

(Panel M):

*yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR wg<sup>CX4</sup>/Cyo

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ UAS-CD8-gfp; how-gal4/+

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR

Figure 4

(A, B, E) yw, hs-flp,tub-gal4, UAS-gfp(nls)/+; tub-gal80 FRT2A/FRT2A

(C, D, E) yw, hs-flp,tub-gal4, UAS-gfp(nls)/+; tub-gal80 FRT2A/fz<sup>H51</sup>, fz2<sup>C1</sup> FRT2A

(F, G, J) y,w, hsFlp/+; UAS-CD8-gfp, tub-gal4/+; FRT82B, tub-gal80/Lac-Z, FRT82B

(H, I, J) y,w, hsFlp/+; UAS-CD8-gfp, tub-gal4/+; FRT82B, tub-gal80/pygo<sup>S123</sup>, FRT82B (Panels K-Q):

w; esg-gal4, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>, UAS-gfp/+; UAS-flp, act>CD2>gal4/+

w; esg-gal4, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>, UAS-gfp/+; UAS-flp, act>CD2>gal4/UAS-Tfc<sup>DN</sup>

(Panel R):

*yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-Tcf<sup>DN</sup>

# Figure 5

(A-C') *yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

(D) *yw*; *escargot-gal4*, *UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR*; *tub-gal80*<sup>ts</sup>/*UAS-wgIR* 

(Panels E-K):

w; esg-gal4, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>, UAS-gfp/+; UAS-flp, act>CD2>gal4/+

w; esg-gal4, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>, UAS-gfp/UAS-myc-IR; UAS-flp, act>CD2>gal4/+

(Panel L):

*yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

*dm*<sup>4</sup>/+; *escargot-gal4*, *UAS-gfp*/+; *tub-gal80*<sup>ts</sup>/+

dm<sup>G0139</sup>/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(Panel M):

*yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-myc-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

*dm*<sup>4</sup>/+; *escargot-gal4*, *UAS-gfp*/+; *tub-gal80*<sup>ts</sup>/+

dm<sup>G0139</sup>/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

Figure 6

(A-D', I) Su(H)GBE-gal4, UAS-CD8-gfp/tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; +/+

(E-H', I) UAS-dicer2/+; Su(H)GBE-gal4, UAS-CD8-gfp/tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; UAS-wg-IR/+

(I) Su(H)GBE-gal4, UAS-CD8-gfp/UAS-myc-IR, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; +/+

# Figure 7

(A, A', E, F) *yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

(B, B', E) yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-hep<sup>act</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(C, C') yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/ UAS-hep<sup>wt</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(D, D') MyoIA-gal4/ UAS-hep<sup>wt</sup>; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(Panel G):

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-hep<sup>wt</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-hep<sup>wt</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wgIR

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-hep<sup>wt</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-Tcf<sup>DN</sup>

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-Ttcf<sup>DN</sup>

Figure 8

(A, D', I, J) yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(E, G, I, J) UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(F, H, I, J) dm<sup>4</sup>/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(Panels I, J):

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR; how-gal4/+

wg<sup>CX4</sup>/Cyo

dm<sup>G0139</sup>/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

Figure S1

(Panel A):

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+; how-gal4/+

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR

(Panels B-H'):

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR<sup>KK</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(I) UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR<sup>KK</sup>; how-gal4/+

(Panels J-N'):

MyoIA-gal4/+; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

*MyoIA-gal4/UAS-wg-IR; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR* 

Figure S2

(Panel A):

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ UAS-wg-IR

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR<sup>KK</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wls-IR<sup>KK</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ +

(Panel B):

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ UAS-CD8-gfp; how-gal4/+

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR

UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ UAS-wls-IR<sup>KK</sup>; how-gal4/+

(C, C') *mef2-gal4/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

(D, D') UAS-dicer2/+; mef2-gal4/ tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; +/UAS-wg-IR

(E, E') UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; how-gal4/+

(F, F') UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR

(Panel G):

*MyoIA-gal4/+; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

MyoIA-gal4/UAS-wg-IR; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR

*MyoIA-gal4/UAS-wg-IR<sup>KK</sup>; UAS-gfp, tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

# Figure S3:

(A, B) UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(C, D) UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/ UAS-wg-IR

(E, F)  $wg^{CX4}/Cyo$ 

- (G, H) UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+; how-gal4/+
- (I, J) UAS-dicer2/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR

(Panels K, Q):

*yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; how-gal4/+* 

UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>; how-gal4/UAS-wg-IR

Figure S4

(A-D, M) yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(E-M) *yw*; *escargot-gal4*, *UAS-gfp/+*; *tub-gal80*<sup>ts</sup>/*UAS-Tcf*<sup>DN</sup>

Figure S5

(A-E, J, K) *yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

(F, G) dm<sup>4</sup>/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(C, H, I, L, M) yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-myc-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

Figure S6

(A-C') *yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

(D-E) UAS-dicer2; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-hep<sup>wt</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(F) UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-hep<sup>wt</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wgIR

(G) UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-hep<sup>wt</sup>; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-Tcf<sup>DN</sup>

(H) UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR

(I) UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-Ttcf<sup>DN</sup>

#### Figure S7

(A-B', E-H) *yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

(C-D', E-H) UAS-dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR Figure S8

(A, A', F) yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-Upd; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(B,B', F) yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(C-E') yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-stat-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

(Panels G, H)

*yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+* 

UAS-Dicer2/+; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-wg-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-wg-IR

yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/UAS-myc-IR; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/+

yw; escargot-gal4, UAS-gfp/+; tub-gal80<sup>ts</sup>/UAS-Tcf<sup>DN</sup>

# **Primer sequences**

<i>rpl32</i> f	AGGCCCAAGATCGTGAAGAA
<i>rpl32</i> r	TGTTGCACCAGGAACTTCTTGAA
<i>myc</i> f	ATGCACATCACCGATCACAG
<i>myc</i> r	ATGGGCCATCTGGAACTGTA
wg f	CCAACCCCACGAAGTACAGA
wg r	CATGGATGGGGTGGTTTAAG
<i>upd3</i> f	AGGCCATCAACCTGACCAAC
<i>upd3</i> r	ACGCTTCTCCATCAGCTTGC
<i>socs36e</i> f	ATGACCGTGCACTCGCAAAT
<i>socs36e</i> r	CCTCGTAGCGGTCCATCTTG
	GGATCGGTGTTGAGTTGCTT

*delta-*f

delta-r TGTCTCATGTACGGCGGATA

- *puc-*f CATCTCGCCCAATCTGAACT
- *puc-*r CCCACAGAAGATGACGAAGG

#### **Supplementary Figure Legends**

Figure S1. Wg is upregulated in response to diverse damages in the adult *Drosophila* midgut (A-D) Quantitative real time PCR (RT-qPCR) for wg in whole midguts from the indicated genotypes. Note that VM knockdown of wg resulted in decreased total transcript levels in midguts (A), while knockdown in *ISCs/EBs* via *esg-gal4* had not effect (B). wg transcript levels increased upon intestinal damage (C), and knock down in ISCs/EBs prevented the upregulation (D). (E-N') Posterior midguts expressing *gfp* alone (E, E', G, G') or in combination with RNAi for wg, under *esg-gal4* (F, F', H, H'), *how-gal4* (I) or *MyoIA-gal4* (J-N') drivers treated with Suc, *Pe* or Bleomycin (Bleo), were stained with anti-Wg (red). Note that the expression of wg-*IR* or wg-*IR*<sup>KK</sup> via *esg-gal4*, but not with *how-gal4* or *MyoIA-gal4*, suppressed the upregulation of Wg in response to damage. Scale bars: 40µm. Unless otherwise indicated midguts are oriented with posterior up.

Figure S2. Wg from the ISC/EB population but not the VM or ECs is required for ISC proliferation during regeneration. (A-B) Quantification of  $pH3^{+ve}$  cells in posterior midguts expressing *gfp*, or RNAi for *wg* or *wls* under the control of the *esg-gal4* (A) or *how-gal4* (B) drivers in response to treatments with Sucrose, DSS (left panels) or Bleomycin (right panels). (C-D') Tangential sections of control midguts (C, C') or midguts expressing *wg* RNAi (D, D') under the control of the muscle specific *mef2*-gal4 driver stained with Phalloidin (green) and anti-Wg antibody (red). Note the knockdown of Wg protein in muscle cells (arrows, compare D, D', with C, C'). Posterior is to the right. (E-F') Midguts overexpressing *gfp* only (E, E') or in combination with *wg* RNAi (F, F') under the control of combined *esg-gal4*, *UAS-gfp; how-gal4* (*esg; how>gfp*) drivers stained with anti-GFP (green) and anti-Wg (red). Note the knockdown of Wg protein in

*escargot* expressing cells (arrows, compare F, F', with E, E'). Posterior is up. (G) Quantification of pH3<sup>+ve</sup> cells in posterior midguts expressing RNAi for *wg* in ECs under the control of *MyoIA-gal4* in response to treatments with DSS (left), Bleomycin (middle) and *Pe* (right). Note that only midguts with *esg-gal4* driven wg or wls RNAi showed significant blockade in the regenerative response to damages. (\*\*\* p<0.0001 one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's Multiple Comparison Test). Scale bars: 20µm

Figure S3. Wg is not essential for ISC maintenance. (A-J) posterior midguts from 7 and 30 day-old flies expressing control gfp only or together with RNAi interference for wg or heterozygous for the  $wg^{CX4}$  allele stained with anti-Delta (red). Note the increase in Delta<sup>+ve</sup> cells in aged guts (compare A with B and G with H) and the suppression of this phenotype upon wg knock down or heterozygosity. (K, L) Midguts carrying combined (esg; how>gfp) drivers stained with anti-GFP. (M-P) Control (esg; how>gfp) midguts (M, N) or midguts with inducible combined wg knock down  $(esg; how^{ts}>wg-IR)$  aged and stained as in A-J. (Q) Quantification of Delta<sup>+ve</sup> cells ISCs in posterior midguts as in M-P. Note that combined knock down of wg prevents the age-dependent increase in the number of ISCs but does not lead to significant change in ISC number in 30 versus 7 day old midguts. (\*p=0.005 Student's t Test). Scale bars: 40µm

Figure S4. TCF is required for ISC proliferation in response to damage and longterm ISC maintenance in the adult *Drosophila* midgut. (A-H) Posterior midguts from flies expressing *gfp* alone or a dominant negative form of TCF ( $Tcf^{DN}$ ) under the control of the *esg*-gal4 driver, treated with Suc (A, E), *Pe* (B, F), DSS (C, G) or Bleo (D, H). Note that in all conditions *esg<sup>ts</sup>*> $Tcf^{DN}$  guts fail to proliferate. (I-L) *esg<sup>ts</sup>*> $Tcf^{DN}$  midguts after 7 and 30 days of transgene overexpression. Anti-GFP (green) and Delta staining (red) indicates a loss of  $esg^{+ve}$  cells after 30 days (compare K, K' with I, I' and L with J). (M) Quantification of pH3<sup>+ve</sup> cells in posterior midguts as in A-H. (\*\*\* p<0.0001 one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's Multiple Comparison Test). Note that expression of  $Tcf^{DN}$  all proliferation in response to damages. Scale bars: (A-H) 20µm; (I, I', K, K') 40µm; (J, L) 100µm.

Figure S5. Myc is required for ISC proliferation in response to damage and longterm ISC maintenance in the adult Drosophila midgut. (A-B') Posterior midguts expressing gfp alone or with RNAi for dmvc under the control of the esg-gal4 driver treated with Suc (A, A') or Bleo (B, B') and stained with anti-Myc (A, B; red and A', B'; grey). Note the upregulation of Myc upon damage. (C) Quantification of pH3<sup>+ve</sup> cells in posterior midguts expressing gfp or RNAi interference for dmyc under the control of the esg-gal4 driver upon treatment with DSS and Bleo (\*\*\* p<0.0001 one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni's Multiple Comparison Test). Note that myc knock down completely suppressed proliferation in response to damage. (D-I) 7 and 30 day-old posterior midguts expressing gfp or RNAi interference for myc under the control of the esg-gal4 driver, or heterozygous for a loss of function allele of *dmyc* and stained with anti-Delta (red). Staining showed a suppression of the age-related ISC increase by myc heterozygotes (F, G) and loss of ISCs after 30 days of gene knock down in  $esg^{ts} > mvc-IR$  midguts (H, I). The latter was confirmed by looking at esg>gfp progenitor cells (J-M). Arrow in I points to a single,  $Delta^{+ve}$  ISC as confirmed by its co-localization with esg > gfp (not shown). The rest of the signal did not correspond to cells of either the expected size or  $esg > gfp^{+ve}$ (not shown) and therefore was interpreted as background. Note the age-dependent increase in esg<sup>+ve</sup> cells in 30 versus 7-day old control midguts. Scale bars: (A-B', D-I) 40μm; (J-M) 100μm.

Figure S6. Wg is downstream of JNK in response to damage in the intestine. (A-B) Wild type midguts treated with Sucrose (A) or DSS (B) stained with anti-pJNK (red). Note that pJNK is undetectable in unchallenged tissue, but present in ECs upon tissue damage with DSS (B'; arrows). (C-D') Midguts after 2-day expression of *gfp* alone or in combination with a constitutively active form of *hemipterous* (*hep<sup>act</sup>*) under the *esg-gal4* driver, stained with anti-Myc (C, D; red and C', D'; grey). Note the increase in Myc levels in some *esg<sup>ts</sup>>hep<sup>act</sup>* cells (D, D'; arrows). (E-I) Midguts after 7-day expression of wild type *hep* (E), RNAi for wg (H) or *Tcf<sup>DN</sup>* (I) alone or combination of the latter two with *hep<sup>wt</sup>* (F and G), under *esg-gal4*. Note the suppression of *hep*-induced ISC proliferation by co-expression of *Tcf<sup>DN</sup>* or RNAi for *wg*. Scale bars: 20µm

# Figure S7. Wg is downstream of JNK in ageing Drosophila midguts

(A-D') 7 and 30 day-old midguts of the indicated genotypes stained with anti-pJNK (red) to assess JNK activation. Note that pJNK was upregulated in ECs and big nuclei  $esg^{+ve}$  cells in aged guts (B, B'; arrows). pJNK was still upregulated after 30 days of wg knockdown in progenitor cells by esg-gal4 (D, D'; arrows; compare D' with B'), while the expansion of  $esg^{+ve}$  cells was suppressed. (E-H) RT-qPCR of whole midguts to assess *delta*, *puckered* (*puc*), *wg* and *myc* transcript levels in control and upon *wg* knockdown by *esg*-gal4, in young (7 days of adult life) and ageing (30 days of adult life) midguts. Note that all four transcripts were upregulated in aged guts (E and F). Levels of *puc* mRNA upregulation were not significantly different in aged controls versus *esg*<sup>ts</sup>>*wg*-*IR* midguts (G), while *myc* transcript upregulation was attenuated upon *wg* knockdown (H). Scale bars: 20µm

# Figure S8. Parallel activation of Jak/Stat and Wg/Myc during midgut regeneration. (A-E') Midguts of the indicated genotypes were stained with anti-Wg (A, A', E, E'), or anti-Myc (B-D') after treatment with Sucrose or DSS. Note that IL-6/Upd overexpression under *esg-gal4* (to activate JAK/STAT signalling) did not affect Wg levels (A, A'). Also, unlike controls (B), *marelle/stat92E* knockdowns failed to regenerate in response to DSS treatment (see lack up expansion of the *esg>gfp* reporter in D; compared with B, C), in spite of upregulation of Myc (D'; compare with B', C') and Wg (E'; compare with basal Wg levels such as in Figure S1E'). (F) RT-qPCR of whole midguts to assess transcript levels of *wg* in midguts after 6-day expression of *gfp* only or together with *upd* under *esggal4* showed lack of *wg* upregulation (F). (G, H) RT-qPCR for *upd3* (G) and *socs36e* (H) in midguts of the indicated genotypes after Sucrose or DSS feeding. Midguts subject to 14-day knocking down of *wg*, *myc* or *tcf* under *esg-gal4* maintained significant upregulation of JAK/Stat signaling in response to damage in spite of their failure to regenerate. A similar result was observed after *Pe* feeding (not shown). Scale bars: 40µm



























