

Supporting Information

Galindo-Villegas et al. 10.1073/pnas.1209920109

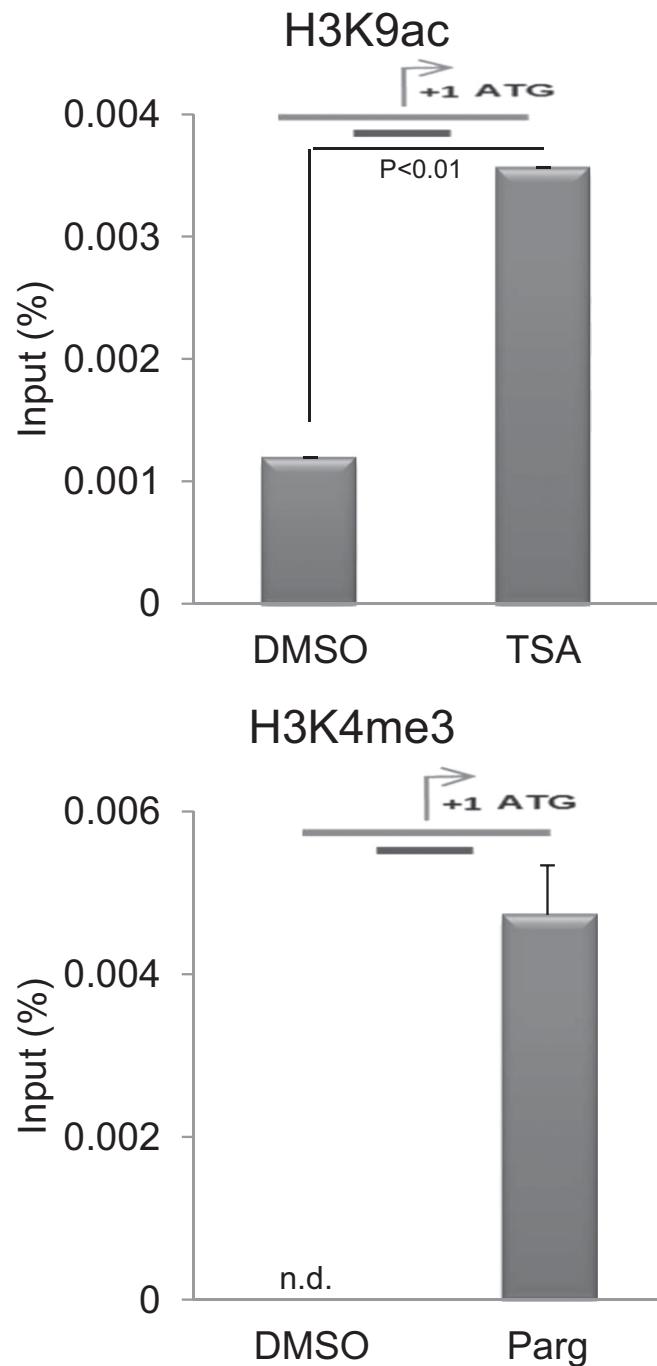


Fig. S1. Trichostatin A (TSA) and pargyline regulate chromatin modifications at the IL-1 β promoter. Zebrafish eggs microinjected at the one-cell stage with 5–10 ng *Vibrio anguillarum* DNA (vDNA) per egg were dechorionated at 24 h post fertilization (hpf) and treated manually with 100 nM TSA or 3 μ M pargyline for 5 h. Larvae then were processed and analyzed by ChIP (H3K9ac and H3K4me3). The amplicon used for each promoter is indicated by a diagram above the bars. Error bars indicate the SD of triplicate samples using 30 pooled larvae per treatment. n.d., not detected.

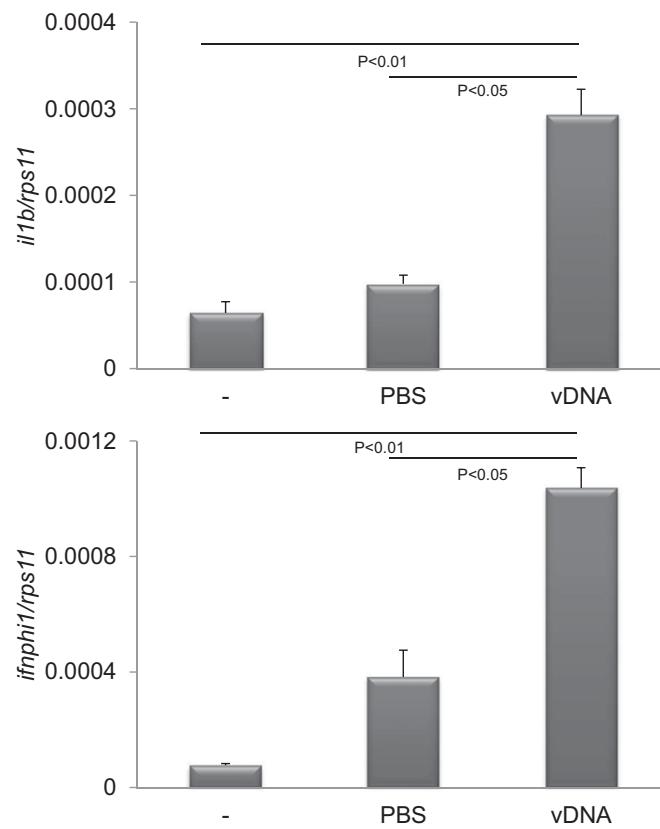


Fig. S2. vDNA induces IL-1 β and IFN φ 1 expression. Zebrafish eggs microinjected at the one-cell stage with vDNA or vehicle alone (PBS) (5–10 ng per egg) were processed at 30 hpf. IL-1 β and IFN φ 1 transcript levels then were analyzed by quantitative PCR. Error bars indicate the SD of triplicate samples using 30 pooled larvae per treatment.

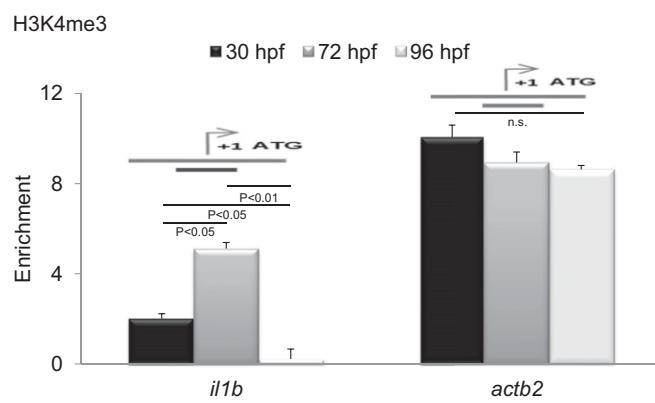


Fig. S3. Dynamics of chromatin modifications at the IL-1 β gene promoter. Zebrafish embryos or naturally hatched larvae were processed and analyzed by ChIP (H3K4me3) at the indicated times. The amplicon used for each promoter is indicated by a diagram above the bars. Error bars indicate the SD of triplicate samples using 30 pooled larvae per sample point. n.s., nonsignificant.

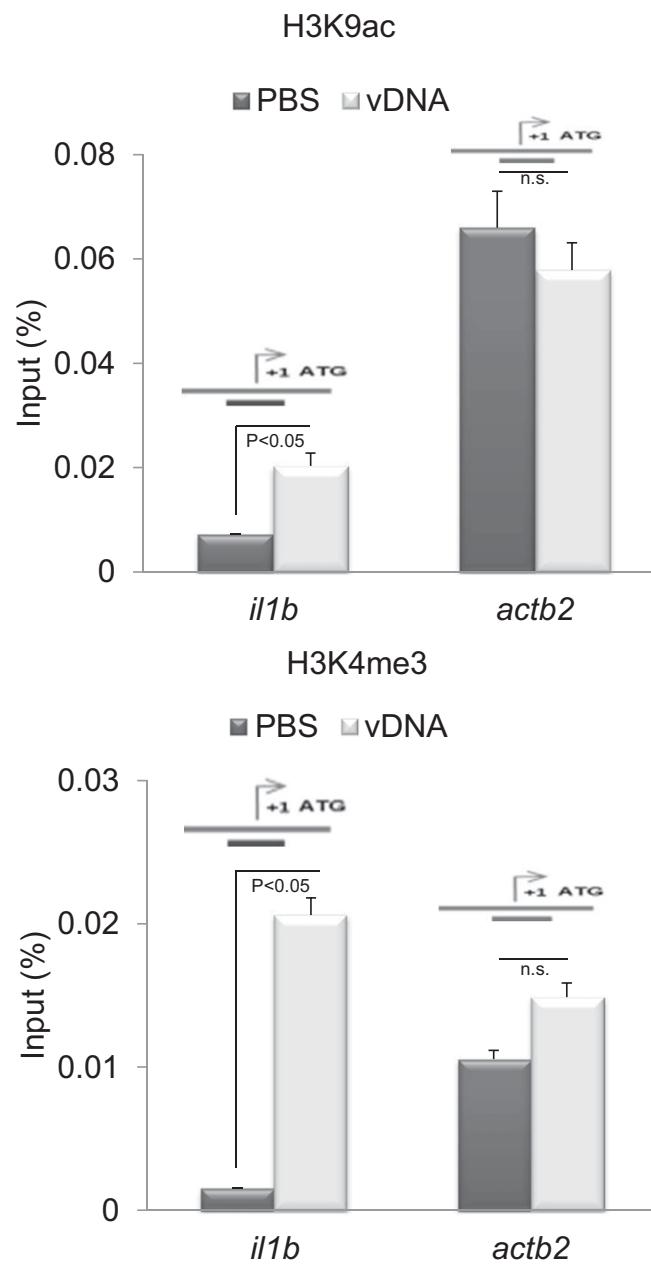


Fig. S4. vDNA injection increases chromatin modifications at the IL-1 β gene promoter. Zebrafish eggs microinjected at the one-cell stage with 5–10 ng vDNA per egg were processed at 30 hpf and analyzed by ChIP (H3K9ac and H3K4me3). The amplicon used for each promoter is indicated by a diagram above the bars. Error bars indicate the SD of triplicate samples using 30 pooled larvae per sample. n.s., nonsignificant.

Table S1. Primers used to analyze gene expression in this study

Gene symbol	GenBank accession no.	Gene name	Primers	Sequence (5' to 3')
<i>c3a</i>	BC055564	<i>Complement component c3a</i>	F R	ATGAGCTCCTGCAGAGGTGT AGTGGTTGTTGGAGGTCTGG
<i>cclc25ab</i>	NM_001129894	<i>C-C motif chemokine c25 ab</i>	F R	AGCACCTCTCGCTTGTGTT TGTTGAAAGGCACCTGACG
<i>defbl1</i>	NM_001081553	<i>Defensin, beta-like 1</i>	F R	CAGGACTGCCATCATCTGAA CTCCTTGTCTGCCAACACCA
<i>ifnphi1</i>	NM_207640	<i>IFN phi 1</i>	F3 R3	GAGCACATGAACCTCGGTGAA TCCGTATCTGCCACACATT
<i>ifnphi2</i>	NM_001111082	<i>IFN phi 2</i>	F1 R1	CCTCTTGCCAAACGACAGTT CGGTTCTTGAGCTCTCATC
<i>ifnphi3</i>	NM_001111083	<i>IFN phi 3</i>	F1 R1	TTCTGCTTGTGCAGGTTG GGTATAGAACGCGGTCGTC
<i>il1b</i>	NM_212844	<i>Interleukin 1 beta</i>	F5 R5	GGCTGTGTGTTGGAAATCT TGATAAACCAACCGGGACA
<i>il8</i>	CT826376	<i>Interleukin 8</i>	F R	GTCGCTGCATTGAAACAGAA CTTAACCCATGGAGCAGAGG
<i>il8l2</i>	EH441857	<i>Interleukin 8-like 2</i>	F R	GCTGGATCACACTGCAGAAA TGCTGCAAACCTTCCCTGA
<i>il10</i>	NM_001020785	<i>Interleukin 10</i>	F2 R2	ATTGTGGAGGGCTTCCTT AGAGCTGTTGGCAGAATGGT
<i>il12a</i>	AB183001	<i>Interleukin 12a</i>	F1 R1	AGCAGGACTTGTGTTCTGGT TCCACTGCGCTGAAGTTAGA
<i>lta</i>	NM_001024821.1	<i>Lymphotoxin alpha (TNF superfamily, member 1)</i>	F2 R2	AAGCCAAACGAAGGTCA AACCCATTTCAGCGATTGTC
<i>lyz</i>	NM_139180	<i>Lysozyme</i>	F R	TGGCAGTGGTGTGTTTGTT TCAAATCCATCAAGCCCTTC
<i>mxb</i>	NM_001128672	<i>Myxovirus (influenza) resistance B</i>	F1 R	AATGGTGATCCGCTATCTGC TCTGGCGGCTCAGTAAGTTT
<i>mxc</i>	NM_001007284	<i>Myxovirus (influenza virus) resistance C</i>	F R	GAGGCTTCACTTGGCAACTC TTGTTCCAATAAGGCCAAGC
<i>nos2b</i>	NM_001113501	<i>Nitric oxide synthase 2b, inducible</i>	F1 R1	GGCTTGCACTGCTTTAAGG TCCAGAGTCAACTGTCCTG
<i>ptgs1</i>	NM_153656	<i>Prostaglandin-endoperoxide synthase 1</i>	F R	TTTGCTGCTGAGTGTGTCC CGAACACAGATCCCTGGTT
<i>ptgs2b</i>	NM_001025504	<i>Prostaglandin-endoperoxide synthase 2b</i>	F1 R1	TGGATCTTCTGGTGAAGG GAAGCTCAGGGTAGTGCAG
<i>ticam1</i>	NM_001044759	<i>Toll-like receptor adaptor molecule 1</i>	F1 R1	ATGGAGAGCGCTTGAACTGT TTGTCGCACAAACTCTCTG
<i>tlr3</i>	NM_001013269	<i>Toll-like receptor 3</i>	F1 R1	AAAGGGCTACGTTGGTGTG GTTGGTGGAGGTCAGCATT
<i>tlr4ba</i>	NM_001131051	<i>Toll-like receptor 4b, duplicate a</i>	F R	CAATGGCTGGTACTTTGC GATTGAGGAGTGCCGATA
<i>tlr22</i>	NM_001128675	<i>Toll-like receptor 22</i>	F1 R1	TGGGCCAAGAAGAATGAATC ATGACAACAGGAGGGTGAGG
<i>tnfa</i>	NM_212859	<i>Tumor necrosis factor a (TNF superfamily, member 2)</i>	F2 R2	GCGCTTTCTGAATCTTACG TGCCCAGTCTGCTCTCTTCT
<i>rps11</i>	NM_213377	<i>Ribosomal protein S11</i>	F R	ACAGAAATGCCCTTCACTG GCCTCTCTCAAAACGGTTG

The gene symbols follow the Zebrafish Nomenclature Guidelines (<https://wiki.zfin.org/display/general/ZFIN+Zebrafish+Nomenclature+Guidelines>).

Table S2. ChIP-quantitative PCR primer sequences and position of amplicons of each gene used in this study

Gene symbol	Ensembl accession no.	Gene name	Primers	Sequence (5' to 3')	Position relative to transcription start site (nt)
<i>actb2</i>	ENSDARG00000037870	<i>Actin beta2</i>	F R	ACTATGAAC TGAAACCGACTG CTGC GATCAATTACACAACC	+919/+1072
<i>ifnphi1</i>	ENSDARG00000025607	<i>IFN phi 1</i>	F R	CCCGAATAAAATCCAGCACTC TTAT CCTGTATCGGCCAAGC	-84/+100
<i>il1b</i>	ENSDARG0000005419	<i>Interleukin 1 beta</i>	F R	ATCAAGGAATTCCCGCTTC TGC ACTCCACATACCA GAGC	-62/+64
<i>il12a</i>	ENSDARG00000038878	<i>Interleukin 12a</i>	F R	GCGTGTGAGTGTGTGTGT GAGCCAGACCATGCTAATC	-91/+55
<i>tert</i>	ENSDARG00000042637	<i>Telomerase reverse transcriptase</i>	F R	GCGTGTGTTATCTGGGAGT CGTGCTTGGGAGTTCTATT	-69/-10

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