origin Supplemental Material 2. Demo of macro script for multiple data process.txt

Attribute VB_Name = "Module1" Sub Multiple_Samples_Same_Weight() Statistic_Summary_Report_Results Macro Macro recorded 6/24/2005 by Weiyin Zhou 'row range Dim rRange As Range Dim Rng As Range Dim Cng As Range Dim myCol As String Dim varAnswer As String Dim varAnswer As String Dim myCol _C As String Dim myCol _D As String Dim myCol _A As String Dim myCol _E As String Dim myCol _H As String Dim myCol _I As String Dim myCol _J As String Dim myCol _G As String Dim myCol_Begin As Integer Dim myRow_Begin As Integer Dim myOldCol As Integer Dim myRow_Next As Integer Dim totalrows As Integer Dim total columns As Integer Dim Row As Integer Dim Column As Integer Dim ISTD As Double Dim total RowsAfter As Integer Dim LastVial As Integer Dim StartCol As Integer Dim CurrentVial As Integer Dim NumCompounds As Integer Dim NumSamples As Integer Dim NumVials As Integer Dim CurrentCompound As Integer Dim CountRows As Integer Dim Vol As Double Dim CountNoBlankRows As Integer Dim Ceiling As Integer Dim Floor As Integer Dim MeanRangeBegin As Integer Dim MeanRangeEnd As Integer

myCol _G = "G" myCol _C = "C" myCol _D = "D" myCol _A = "A" myCol _E = "E" myCol _H = "H" myCol _I = "I" myCol _J = "J" origin Supplemental Material 2. Demo of macro script for multiple data process.txt

NumCompounds = 0lastVial = 1StartCol = 5CurrentVial = 2CurrentCompound = 2CountRows = 0CountNoBI ankRows = 0MeanRangeBegin = 4MeanRangeEnd = 4ActiveSheet.Name = "Original_Report" 'Add Sheet2, and Sheet2 is active now ActiveWorkbook. Worksheets. Add Sheet1. Range("A1: IV65536"). Copy Destination: =ActiveSheet. Cells(1, 1) ActiveSheet.Name = "Summary_Report" 'How many total rows are actually used in the worksheet total rows = ActiveSheet. UsedRange. Rows. Count 'if column 4's value is b, f,... then delete these values and put next column's value into this column. This happens when do column separattion, in type column, some type is VV b, VV f, which separate to two column, and shift rest column's some type is vv b, vv i, which separate to two corumn, and shift rest corumn's
values into wrong columns
For Row = 1 To total rows Step 1
 If Cells(Row, 4). Value = "b" Or Cells(Row, 4). Value = "f" Or Cells(Row, 4). Value
= "B" Or Cells(Row, 4). Value = "F" Then
 Cells(Row, 4). Value = Cells(Row, 5). Value
 Cells(Row, 4). Value = Cells(Row, 5). Value Cells (Row, 5). Value = Cells (Row, 6). Value Cells(Row, 6). Value = Cells(Row, 7). Val ue Cells(Row, 7). Value = Cells(Row, 8). Value Cells(Row, 8).Value = Cells(Row, 9).Value Cells(Row, 9).Value = Cells(Row, 10).Value End If Next Row 'Find out how many rows in Statistic Report For Row = 1 To totalrows Step 1 If Cells(Row, 9).Value = "Height" Then CountRows = CountRows + 3 Exit For El se CountRows = CountRows + 1 End If Next Row 'Add Sheet3, and Sheet3 will be copied for Statistic report. ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets.Add 'Copy data from Summary_Report to Sheet3. For Row = 1 To CountRows Step 1 ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 1) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 1). Value ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 2) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 2). Value ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 3) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 3). Value ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 4) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 3). Value ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 4) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 4). Value ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 5) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 5). Value ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 6) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 6). Value

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    ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 7) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 7). Value
ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 8) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 8). Value
ActiveSheet. Cells(Row, 9) = Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Cells(Row, 9). Value
Next Row
ActiveSheet.Name = "Statistic_Report"
'Delete peak width, type and index columns
Cells(1, myCol_J). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, myCol_l). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, myCol_H). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, myCol_G). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, myCol_E). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, myCol_E). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, myCol_C). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, myCol_C). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, myCol_A). EntireColumn. Delete
'How many total rows are actually used in the worksheet
total rows = ActiveSheet. UsedRange. Rows. Count
'Counting backwards in For loop
For Row = total rows To 1 Step -1
'If in column contains blanks and ? then delete entire rows
If Cells(Row, 2). Value = 0 Or Cells(Row, 1). Value = "Type" Or Cells(Row, 1). Value
= "#" Or Cells(Row, 2). Value = "File" Or Cells(Row, 2). Value = "not" Or Cells(Row,
2). Value = "S" Or Cells(Row, 2). Value = "FileName" Or Cells(Row, 2). Value = "[min]"
Then
         Cells(Row, 1). EntireRow. Delete
    End If
Next Row
'How many samples in the sequence
NumSamples = InputBox("Please enter total number of samples in the sequence:")
'Delete first number of rows, which are just names of vials
For Row = NumSamples + 1 To 1 Step -1
    Cells(Row, 1). EntireRow. Delete
Next Row
'How many total rows are after another deletion
total rows = ActiveSheet. UsedRange. Rows. Count
'Find total number of compounds in one sample
For Row = totalrows To 1 Step -1
    If Cells(Row, 2).Value = ")" Or Cells(Row, 2).Value = "A" Then
         NumCompounds = NumCompounds + 1
    End If
Next Row
'If some rows are missing, then insert blank and copy to column5 for compound name
and column6 for areas
For Row = 1 To NumCompounds Step 1
    If Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 2). Value = ")" Or Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 2). Value = "A"
Then
         Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 5). Value = Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 1). Value
         Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 6).Value = Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 1).Value
                                                            Page 3
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        For NumVials = 2 To NumSamples + 1 Step 1
           If Cells(CurrentVial, 1). Value <> NumVials - 1 Then
             Cells(CurrentVial, 1). EntireRow. Insert
Cells(CurrentVial, 1). Value = NumVials - 1
Cells(CurrentVial, 5). Value = Cells(CurrentVial - NumVials + 1, 1). Value
'Cells(CurrentVial, 6). Value = Cells(CurrentVial, 2). Value
           End If
             Cells(CurrentVial, 5).Value = Cells(CurrentVial - NumVials + 1, 1).Value
             Cells(CurrentVial, 6). Value = Cells(CurrentVial, 2). Value
             CurrentVial = CurrentVial + 1
         Next NumVials
         CurrentVial = CurrentVial + 5
     'If compound only exist in one sample of sequence, therefore, mean and sd are 0,
and columns not exist
     El se
         CurrentVial = CurrentVial - 4
         Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 5).Value = Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 1).Value
Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 6).Value = Cells(CurrentVial - 1, 1).Value
For NumVials = 2 To NumSamples + 1 Step 1
            If Cells(CurrentVial, 1). Value <> NumVials - 1 Then
              Cells(CurrentVial, 1). EntireRow. Insert
Cells(CurrentVial, 1). Value = NumVials - 1
Cells(CurrentVial, 5). Value = Cells(CurrentVial - NumVials + 1, 1). Value
            End If
               Cells(CurrentVial, 5).Value = Cells(CurrentVial - NumVials + 1, 1).Value
Cells(CurrentVial, 6).Value = Cells(CurrentVial, 2).Value
              CurrentVial = CurrentVial + 1
           Next NumVials
           CurrentVial = CurrentVial + 5
  Fnd If
Next Row
'Add Sheet3, and Sheet3 is active now
ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets.Add
'Copy data from Processed_Report to Sheet3.
Worksheets("Statistic_Report"). Range("E1: IV65536"). Copy
Destination: =ActiveSheet.Cells(1, 1)
ActiveSheet.Name = "Report"
'How many total rows are actually used in the worksheet
total rows = ActiveSheet. UsedRange. Rows. Count
'Delete mean, sd. rows, only leave Area rows
For Row = total rows To 1 Step -1
   'If in column contains blanks and ? then delete entire rows
If Cells(Row, 1). Value = 0 Then
Cells(Row, 1). EntireRow. Delete
    End If
Next Row
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'Sort the compound names according to column A1
Columns("A:C"). Select
Sel ecti on. Sort Key1: =Range("A1"), Order1: =xl Ascendi ng, Header: =xl Guess, _
OrderCustom: =1, MatchCase: =Fal se, Ori entati on: =xl TopToBottom
'Reset CurrentVial
CurrentVial = 1
CurrentRow = 1
'Copy to row
For Row = 1 To NumCompounds + 1 Step 1
     For NumVials = 1 To NumSamples + 1 Step 1
Cells(CurrentVial, StartCol). Value = Cells(CurrentRow, 2). Value
          CurrentRow = CurrentRow + 1
          CurrentVial = CurrentVial + 1
     Next NumVials
     StartCol = StartCol + 1
     CurrentVial = 1
Next Row
'delete first three columns
Cells(1, 3). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, 2). EntireColumn. Delete
Cells(1, 1). EntireColumn. Delete
'Concentration of internal startard
ISTD = InputBox("Please enter the amount of internal standard (mg):")
Vol = InputBox("Please enter the amount of your sample (ml or g):")
'Add row name, which is Area
Cells(1, 1).Value = "Area"
Cells(1, 1).Font.Bold = True
'Add index to first column
For Row = 1 To NumSamples Step 1
     Cells(Row + 1, 1). Value = Row
Next Row
'How mant total columns are actually used in the worksheet
total col umns = Acti veSheet. UsedRange. Col umns. Count
'Add columns for concentration
Cells(1, totalcolumns + 2). Value = "Concentration"
Cells(1, totalcolumns + 2). Font. Bold = True
'If blank cell or if concentraion of ISTD is 0, then concentration of compound is
bl ank
For Column = total columns + 3 To 2 * total columns + 1 Step 1
Cells(1, Column). Value = Cells(1, CurrentCompound). Value
   For Row = 2 To NumSamples + 1 Step 1
         If Cells(Row, CurrentCompound). Value = "" Then
            Cells(Row, Column). Value =
         Elself Cells (Row, total columns). Value <> 0 Then
            Cells(Row, Column). Value = Cells(Row, CurrentCompound). Value * ISTD /
Cells(Row, total columns). Value / Vol
         El se
            Cells(Row, Column). Value = ""
        End If
   Next Row
   CurrentCompound = CurrentCompound + 1
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Next Column
'Go to the Processed_Report to process Summary Report Worksheets("Summary_Report"). Activate
'How many total rows are actually used in the worksheet
total rows = ActiveSheet. UsedRange. Rows. Count
For Row = CountRows To 1 Step -1
   Cells(Row, 1). EntireRow. Delete
Next Row
'How many total rows are actually used in the worksheet
total rows = ActiveSheet. UsedRange. Rows. Count
'Counting backwards in For loop
For Row = total rows To 1 Step -1
   'If in column contains blanks and ? then delete entire rows
If Cells(Row, 2).Value = "" Then
Cells(Row, 2).EntireRow.Delete
   End If
Next Row
'Set initial values to column G and H
Cells(1, 8). Value = "Total Area"
For NumVials = 2 To NumSamples + 1 Step 1
    Cells(NumVials, 7).Value = NumVials
Cells(NumVials, 8).Value = O
Next NumVials
NumVials = 1
'Calculate total areas for each sample then put to column G and H
For Row = 1 To total rows Step 1
    If Cells(Row, 2).Value = 0 Then
   NumVials = NumVials + 1
    Elself Cells(Row, 4). Value = "-" Then
    El se
        Cells(NumVials, 8). Value = Cells(NumVials, 8). Value + Cells(Row, 4). Value
    End If
Next Row
'Copy total areas for each sample to Final Report sheets
For Row = 1 To NumSamples + 1 Step 1
Worksheets("Report").Cells(Row, 2 * totalcolumns + 3).Value =
ActiveSheet. Cells (Row, 8)
Next Row
'Activate Final_Report and calculate real total areas for each samples, which should
subtract ISTD
Worksheets("Report"). Activate
Cells(1, 2 * totalcolumns + 4). Value = "RealTArea"
For Row = 2 To NumSamples + 1 Step 1
    Cells(Row, 2 * totalcolumns + 4). Value = Cells(Row, 2 * totalcolumns + 3). Value
                                             Page 6
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origin Supplemental Material 2. Demo of macro script for multiple data process.txt - Cells(Row, totalcolumns). Value Next Row 'Add columns for concentration Cells(1, 2 * totalcolumns + 6). Value = "% Area" Cells(1, 2 * totalcolumns + 6). Font. Bold = True CurrentCompound = 2For Column = 2 * total columns + 7 To 3 * total columns + 5 Step 1 Cells(1, Column). Value = Cells(1, CurrentCompound). Value For Row = 2 To NumSamples + 1 Step 1 If (Cells(Row, CurrentCompound). Value) = "" Then Cells(Row, Column). Value = "" El se Cells(Row, Column). Value = 100 * Cells(Row, CurrentCompound). Value / Cells(Row, 2 * totalcolumns + 4). Value End If Next Row CurrentCompound = CurrentCompound + 1 Next Column 'Now do the error checking. 'First ask user to input the range of the rows he/she wants to average. It should exclude haxane and 462 from mean MeanRangeBegin = InputBox("Now we want to computer average area value for a particular compound. Please enter start row number you want to average:") MeanRangeEnd = InputBox("Please enter end row number you want to average:") 'Set initial values for mean row to zero For Column = 2 To total columns Step 1 Cells(NumSamples + 2, Column). Value = 0Next Column Cells(NumSamples + 2, 1). Value = "Mean" 'Calculate mean for area For Column = 2 To total columns Step 1 'Total for each column, if blank, not count in total and mean For Row = MeanRangeBegin To MeanRangeEnd If Cells(Row, Column). Value = "" Then El se Cells(NumSamples + 2, Column). Value = Cells(NumSamples + 2, Column). Value + Cells(Row, Column). Value CountNoBlankRows = CountNoBlankRows + 1 End If Next Row 'Check if CountNoBlankRows is 0. If is, it means that this kind of compound in the sequence are all zeros. If CountNoBl ankRows = 0 Then Cells(NumSamples + 2, Column). Value = 0El se Mean for each column

origin Supplemental Material 2. Demo of macro script for multiple data process.txt Cells(NumSamples + 2, Column).Value = Cells(NumSamples + 2, Column).Value / CountNoBlankRows

'Reset CountNoBI ankRows to zero CountNoBI ankRows = 0

End If

Next Column

'Compare area of each column's value with its average, if it below average, then put yellow marker as flag Ceiling = InputBox("Compare area of each cell's value with its compound average, if it above or below the product of threshold and average, then put blue marker as flag. Please enter high threshold, if enter 3, it means 3 times of average value for a compound in sequence samples:") Floor = InputBox("Please enter low threshold, if enter 0.2, it means 20% of average value for a compound in sequence samples: ") For Column = 2 To total columns Step 1 For Row = MeanRangeBegin To MeanRangeEnd If Cells(Row, Column). Value < 0.3 * Cells(NumSamples + 2, Column). Value Or Cells(Row, Column). Value > 3 * Cells(NumSamples + 2, Column). Value Then Cells(Row, Column). Interior. ColorIndex = 34 End If Next Row Next Column 'Compare B1: 18: 1n9 and B2: 18: 1n7, 18: 1n9 should always bigger than 18: 1n7. If not, then either both peaks are exchange the identification or 18: 1n7 did not identified. If that happend, put yellow marks as flag on these cells 'For Column = 2 To total columns Step 1 'If Cells(1, Column). Value = "B1: 18: 1n9" Then 'Find right column, ready to compare two columns For Row = 2 To NumSamples + 1 If Cells(Row, Column). Value < Cells(Row, Column + 1). Value Then 'Cells(Row, Column). Interior. ColorIndex = 36 'Cells(Row, Column + 1). Interior. ColorIndex = 36 'End If 'Next Row 'Exit For 'End If 'Next Column 'Add Sheet5, and Sheet5 is active now ActiveWorkbook.Worksheets.Add Worksheets("Report").Range("A1:IV65536").Copy Destination:=ActiveSheet.Cells(1, 1) ActiveSheet.Name = "Final_Report" End Sub