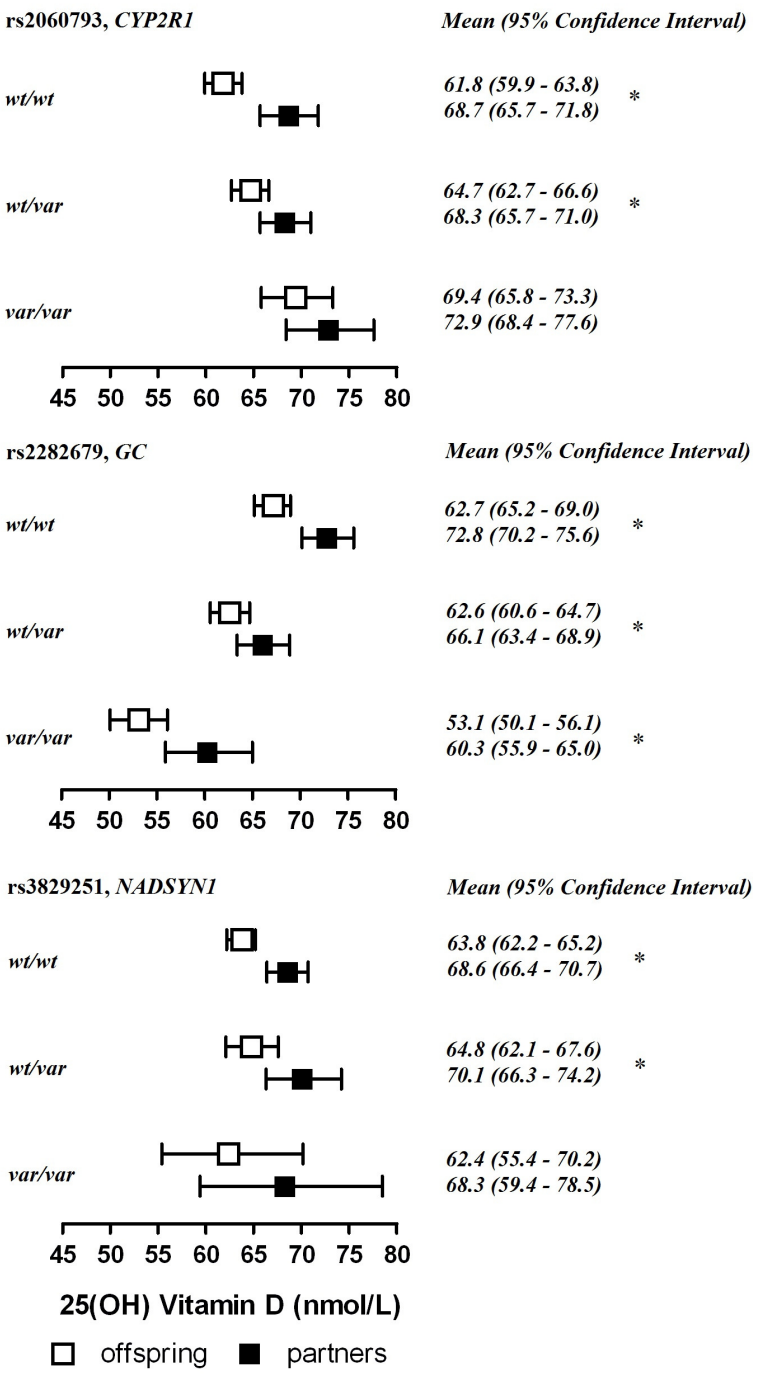

Appendix 2 (as supplied by the authors): Vitamin D levels in offspring and controls by genotype for common variants associated with vitamin D levels. Analyses were adjusted for age, sex, body mass index, month of the year the blood was drawn (except rs3829251, because the number of participants with the var/var genotype was too low), vitamin D use, multivitamin supplement use, and habitual vitamin D intake per day. The association between genotype and vitamin D levels for single nucleotide polymorphisms in rs2060793 and rs2282679 was statistically significant (both $p < 0.001$). The association between rs3829251 genotype with vitamin D levels was not significant ($p = 0.8$). Asterisks indicate statistically significant difference between offspring and control ($p < 0.05$).

Appendix to: Noordam R, de Craen AJM, Pedram P, et al. Levels of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in familial longevity: the Leiden Longevity Study. *CMAJ* 2012. DOI:10.1503/cmaj.120233.