

Supplemental Data

TGF- β -mediated miR-181a expression promotes breast cancer metastasis by targeting Bim.

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Supplemental Table 1

miRs upregulated by TGF- β in 67NR cells

Compliant	Fold Upregulation	P-value
mmu-miR-181a	1.87	0.00009
mmu-miR-181b	1.79	0.00028
mmu-miR-106a	1.06	0.00374
mmu-miR-186*	1.25	0.00026
mmu-miR-21	1.28	0.00367
mmu-miR-181d	1.34	0.00443
mmu-miR-27a*	1.11	0.00152
mmu-miR-34a	1.07	0.07899
mmu-miR-125b*	1.15	0.00196
mmu-miR-183*	1.05	0.01789
mmu-miR-101b	1.07	0.02083
mmu-miR-379	1.05	0.04343
mmu-miR-292-3p	1.13	0.00422
mmu-miR-345-3p	1.13	0.00936
mmu-miR-425*	1.07	0.01164
mmu-miR-710	1.06	0.01074
mmu-miR-879	1.11	0.01951
mmu-miR-350	1.18	0.07207
mmu-miR-138	1.16	0.01365
mmu-miR-299	1.20	0.01704
mmu-miR-708*	1.08	0.01513
mmu-miR-679	1.09	0.04203
mmu-miR-615-3p	1.22	0.02645
mmu-miR-470*	1.09	0.05316
mmu-miR-199b*	1.18	0.0178
mmu-miR-412	1.15	0.02719
mmu-miR-143	1.17	0.02144
Rigid	Fold Upregulation	P-value
mmu-miR-181b	1.79	0.0003
mmu-miR-181d	1.36	0.00082
mmu-miR-181a	1.68	0.00201

Supplemental Table 2

miRs upregulated by TGF- β in 4T07 cells

Compliant	Fold Upregulation	P-value
mmu-miR-181a	2.04	0.00012
mmu-miR-181b	2.10	0.00028
mmu-miR-494	1.24	0.00027
mmu-miR-149	1.27	0.0015
mmu-miR-500	1.12	0.00363
Rigid	Fold Upregulation	P-value
mmu-miR-181b	1.94	0.00007
mmu-miR-181a	1.80	0.00043
mmu-miR-181d	1.35	0.00292
mmu-miR-22	1.51	0.00162
mmu-miR-292-5p	1.10	0.01134
mmu-miR-181a-2*	1.12	0.00711
mmu-miR-882	1.13	0.00547
mmu-miR-362-3p	1.20	0.00615
mmu-miR-34a	1.34	0.00658
mmu-miR-140*	1.58	0.00902
mmu-miR-99b	1.12	0.03687

Supplemental Table 3

miRs upregulated by TGF- β in 4T1 cells

Compliant	Fold Upregulation	P-value
mmu-miR-22	2.28	0.00022
mmu-miR-146a	2.82	0.00028
mmu-miR-146b	2.39	0.00049
mmu-miR-362-5p	1.09	0.00114
mmu-miR-149	1.58	0.00132
mmu-miR-181b	1.94	0.00371
mmu-miR-181a	1.91	0.00684
mmu-let-7i	1.99	0.00214
mmu-miR-155	1.26	0.02205
mmu-miR-34a	1.72	0.00908
mmu-miR-183	1.20	0.01577
mmu-miR-181d	1.27	0.06512
Rigid	Fold Upregulation	P-value
mmu-miR-290-5p	1.49	0.00015
mmu-miR-181b	1.95	0.00028
mmu-miR-146b	1.79	0.00038
mmu-miR-146a	2.18	0.00042
mmu-miR-132	1.67	0.0005
mmu-miR-181a	1.82	0.0015
mmu-miR-22	2.39	0.00256
mmu-miR-34a	1.59	0.00535
mmu-let-7i	1.56	0.00637
mmu-miR-181d	1.33	0.02755

Supplementary Table 4
Real-time PCR primer pairs

Target	Application	Sequence (5' to 3')
miR-181a	PCR-Sense	5'-AACATTCAACGCTGTCGGTGAGT
miR-181b	PCR-Sense	5'-AACATTCATTGCTGTCGGTGGGT
miR-181c	PCR-Sense	5'-AACATTCAACCTGTCGGTGAGT
miR-181d	PCR-Sense	5' AACATTCAACCTGTCGGTGAGT
U6	PCR-Sense	5'-GTGCTCGCTTCGGCAGCACAT
Bim	PCR-Sense	5'-TCTGAGTGTGACAGAGAAGGTGGAC
Bim	PCR-Antisense	5'-CAGCTCGGTGTGCAATCCGTATC
GAPDH	PCR-Sense	5'-CAACTTTGGCATTGTGGAAGGGCTC
GAPDH	PCR-Antisense	5'-GCAGGGATGATGTTCTGGGCAGC

Shown are the sense and antisense primers used to amplify the indicated target gene.

Supplemental Table 5
Immunoblotting antibodies

Antibody	Dilution	Supplier (catalog #)
Phospho-Smad 2	1:1000	Cell Signaling (#3101)
Phospho-Smad 3	1:500	Cell Signaling (#9520)
Total Smad 2/3	1:1000	Cell Signaling (#3102)
Phospho-Src	1:500	Cell Signaling (#2113)
Phospho-Erk1/2	1:1000	Cell Signaling (#9101)
Phospho-Akt	1:500	Cell Signaling (#4060)
Total Src	1:1000	Cell Signaling (#2108)
Total Erk1/2	1:1000	Cell Signaling (#4695)
Total Akt	1:500	Cell Signaling (#9272)
E-Cadherin	1:5000	BD Biosciences (#610182)
Caspase-3	1:1000	Cell Signaling (#9662)
β -Actin	1:1000	Santa Cruz (#sc-1616)

Shown are the antibodies and dilutions used to visualize the indicated proteins. Also provided are the vendors where these reagents were obtained.

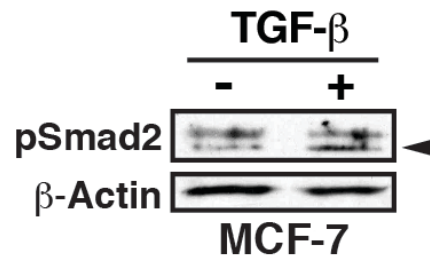
Supplementary Table 6

Pharmacological inhibitors

Name	Target	Concentration	Supplier
TβR-I Inh II	TβR-I	3.5 μM	Calbiochem
U0126	MEK1/2	10 μM	Promega
Akt Inh VIII	Akt	1 μM	Calbiochem

Shown are the pharmacological antagonists and final concentrations used inhibit the indicated protein targets. Also provided are the vendors where these reagents were obtained.

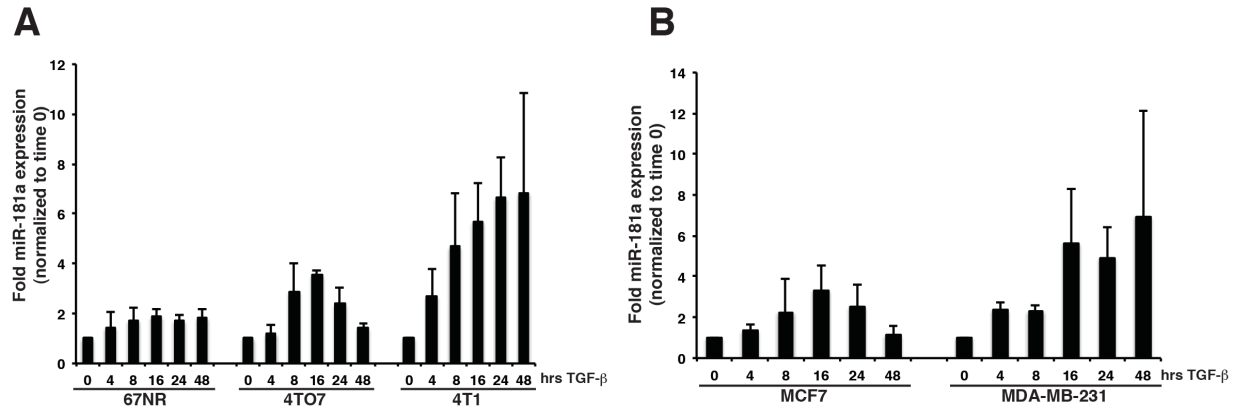
Supplemental Figure 1: Taylor *et al*



Supplemental Figure 1

MCF-7 cells were stimulated with TGF-β1 (5 ng/ml) for 30 min. Afterward, the phosphorylation of Smad2 (arrowhead) was measured by immunoblotting, and differences in protein loading were monitored by reprobng stripped membranes with anti-β-actin antibodies. Images are representative of 2 similar experiments.

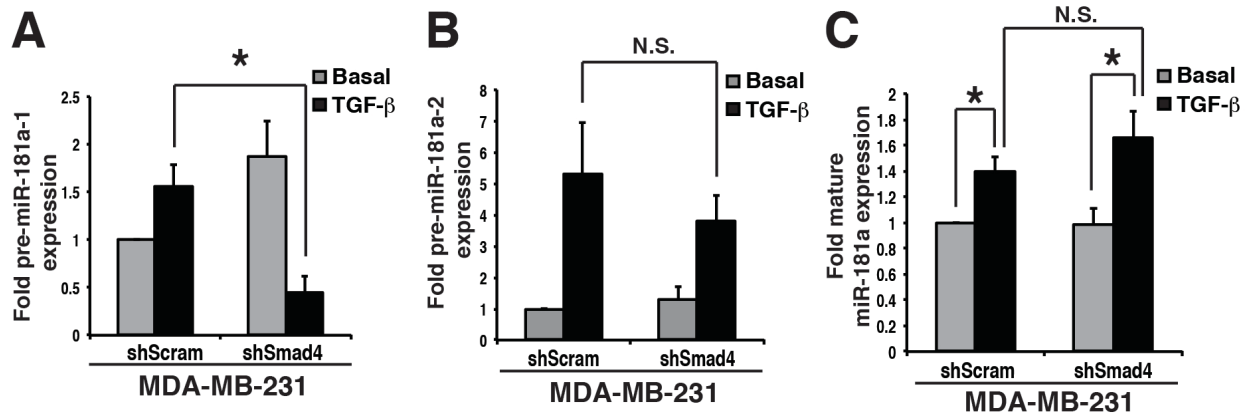
Supplementary Figure 2: Taylor *et al*



Supplemental Figure 2

Time-course of miR-181a expression induced by TGF- β in nonmetastatic and metastatic human and murine breast cancer cells. Murine 67NR, 4T07, and 4T1 cells (**A**) or human MCF-7 or MDA-MB-231 cells (**B**) were stimulated with TGF- β 1 (5 ng/ml) for varying times over a span of 48 h as indicated, at which point the expression of miR181a was determined by semi-quantitative real-time PCR.

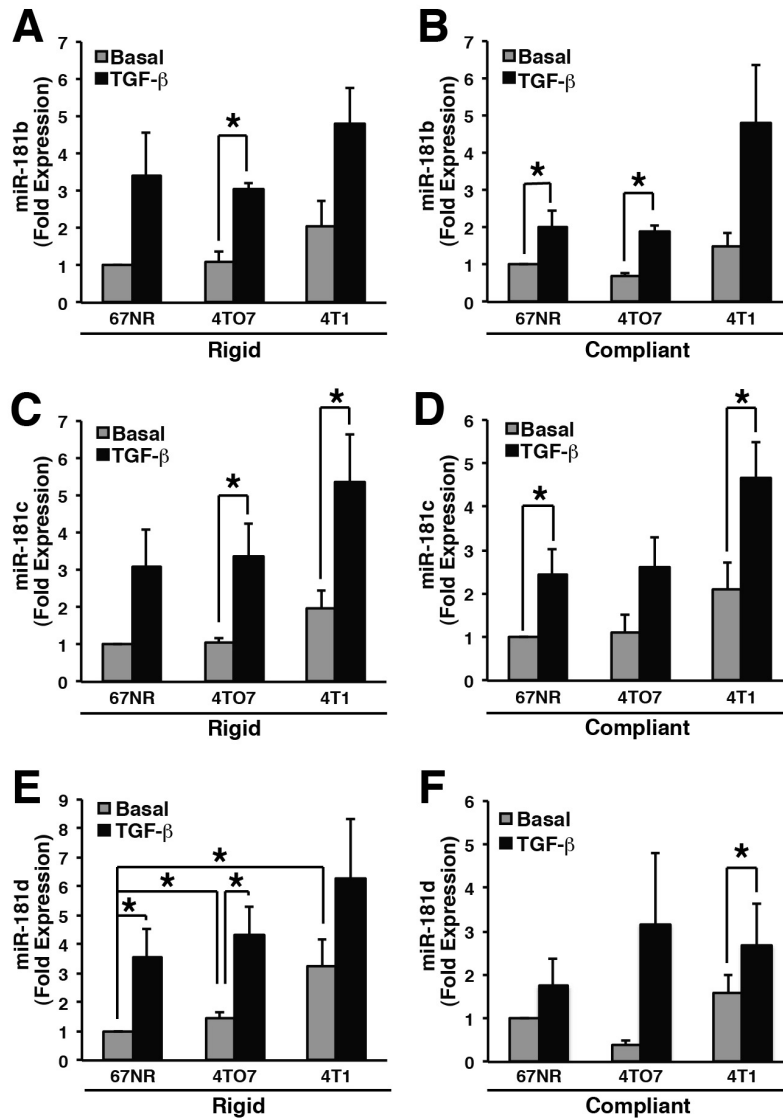
Supplementary Figure 3: Taylor *et al*



Supplemental Figure 3

Regulation of pre-miR-181a expression and processing by canonical Smad4 signaling. Control (shScram) and Smad4-deficient (shSmad4) MDA-MB-231 cells were stimulated with TGF- β 1 (5 ng/ml) for 48 h, at which point the expression of pre-miR-181a-1, pre-miR-181a-2, and miR-181a was determined by semi-quantitative real-time PCR. Individual signals were normalized to those of U6. Data are the mean (\pm SE; n=3) fold expression of pre-miR-181a-1 (A), pre-miR-181a-2 (B), or miR-181a (C) relative to basal expression levels. (* $P < 0.05$; Student's *t*-Test).

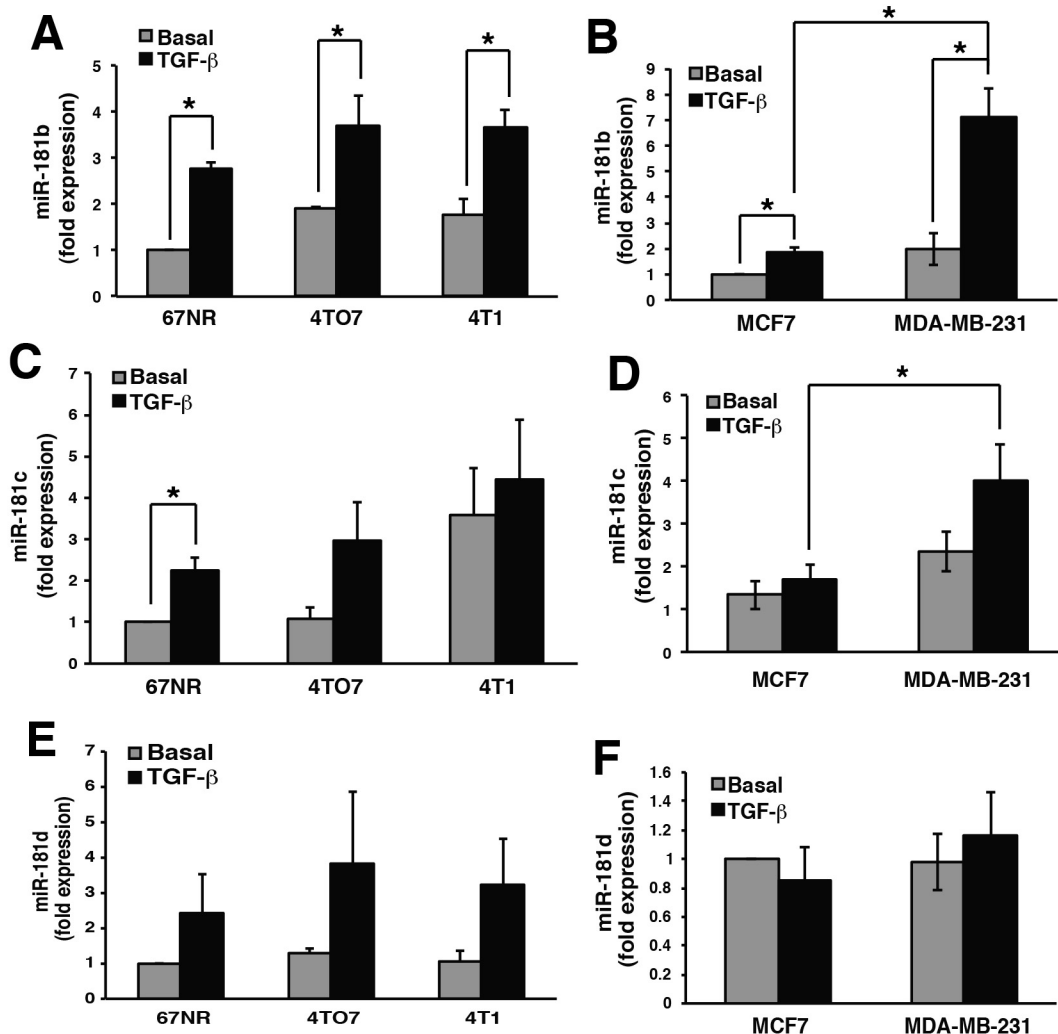
Supplemental Figure 4: Taylor *et al*



Supplemental Figure 4

TGF-β stimulates the expression of miR-181 family members in 3D-organotypic breast cancer cultures. TGF-β1 (5 ng/ml) treatment of 67NR, 4T07, and 4T1 cells for 6 days in rigid (A, C, E) or compliant (B, D, F) 3D-organotypic cultures universally induced the expression of miR-181b (A&B), miR-181c (C&D), and miR-181d (E&F) as determined by semi-quantitative real-time PCR. Individual miR signals were normalized to those of U6. Data are the mean (±SE; n=3) fold expression of miR-181 family members relative to those detected in basal 67NR cells (*P<0.05; Student's *t*-Test).

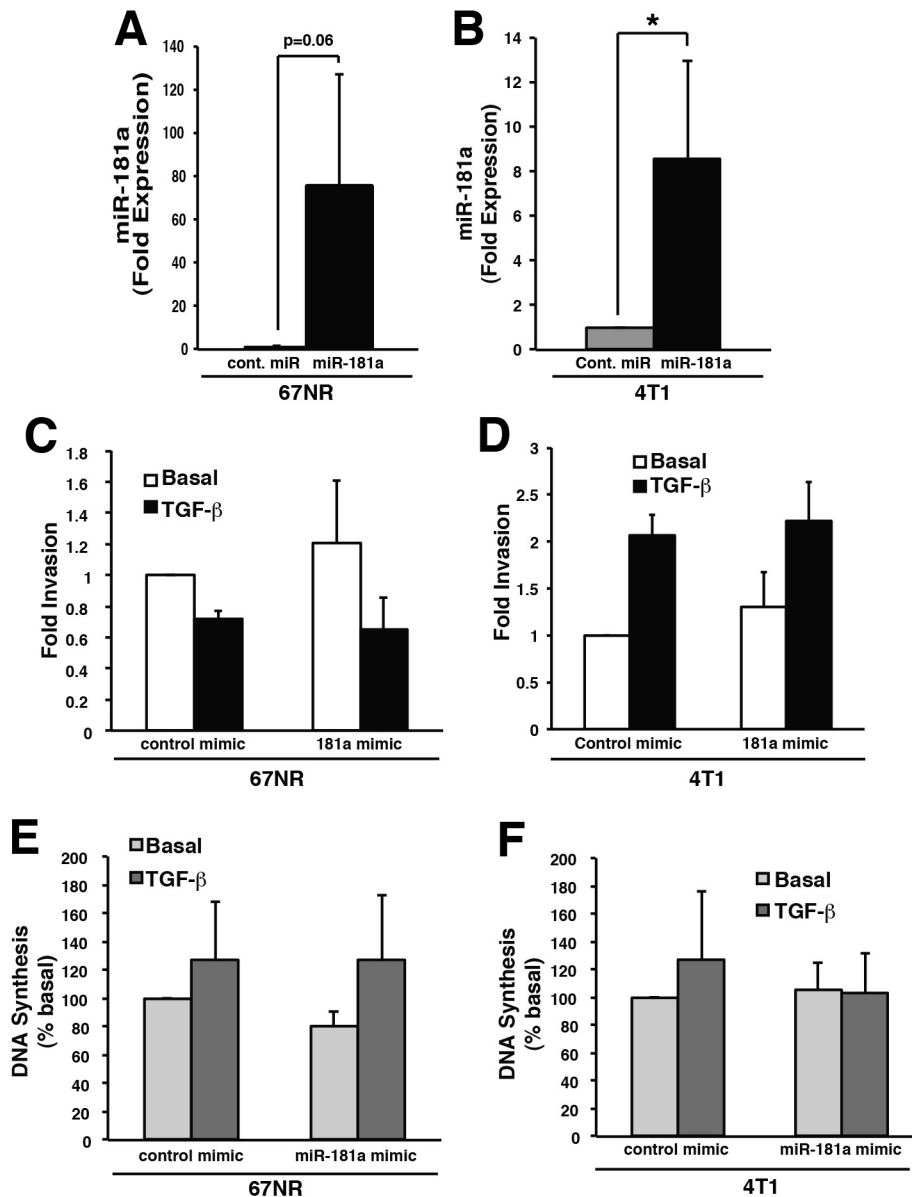
Supplementary Figure 5: Taylor *et al*



Supplemental Figure 5

TGF- β stimulates the expression of miR-181 family members in murine and human breast cancer cells. Murine 67NR, 4T07, and 4T1 cells (**A**, **C**, **E**) or human MCF-7 or MDA-MB-231 (**B**, **D**, **F**) were stimulated with TGF- β 1 (5 ng/ml) 48 h, at which point the expression of miR-181b (**A&B**), miR-181c (**C&D**), and miR-181d (**E&F**) was determined by semi-quantitative real-time PCR. Individual miR-181 signals were normalized to those of U6. Data are the mean (\pm SE; n=3) fold expression of miR-181 family members relative to those detected in basal 67NR (**A**, **C**, **E**) or MCF-7 (**B**, **D**, **F**) cells (* P <0.05; Student's *t*-Test).

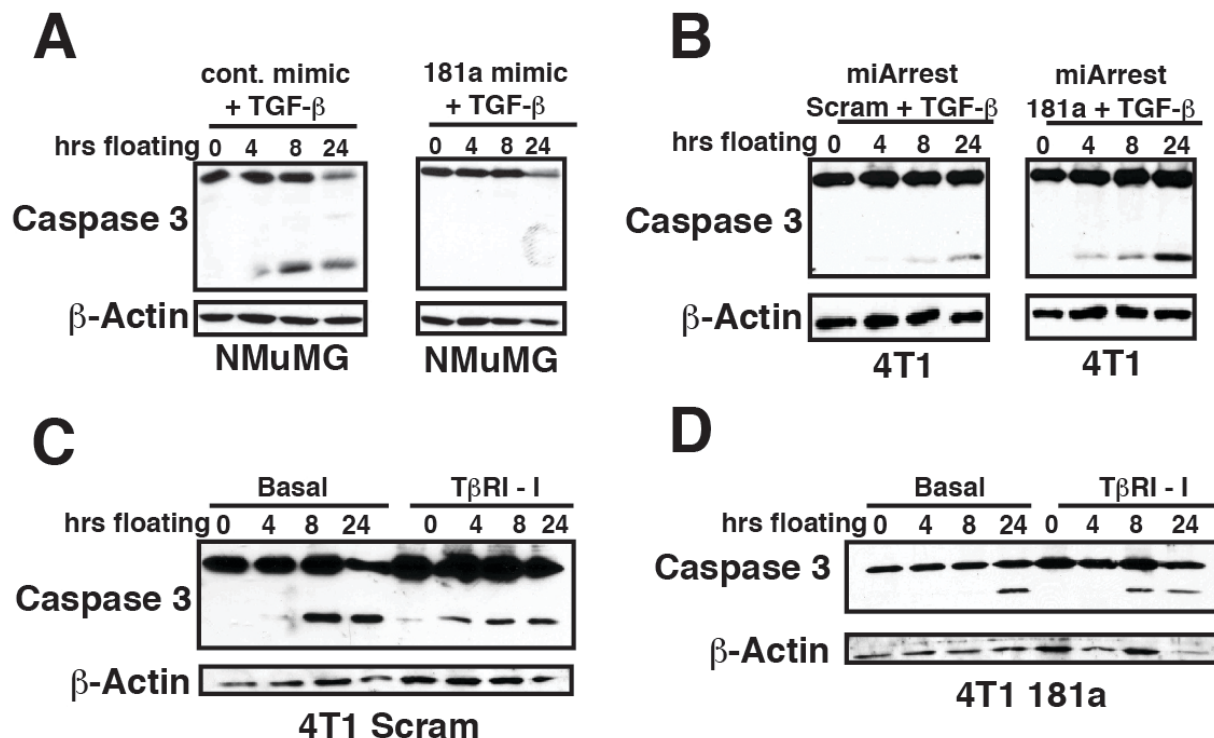
Supplementary Figure 6: Taylor *et al*



Supplementary Figure 6

Overexpression of miR-181a mimics fail to enhance breast cancer cell invasion and proliferation. (A&B) Transient transfection of miR-181a mimics elevated miR-181a expression in 67NR (A) and 4T1 (B) cells as measured by semi-quantitative real-time PCR. Individual miR-181a signals were normalized against those measured for U6. (C-F) The aforementioned 67NR and 4T1 variants were incubated in the absence (*i.e.*, basal) or presence of TGF-β1 (5 ng/ml) to monitor changes in cell invasion (C&D) or DNA synthesis (E&F). All data are the mean (±SE; n=3) relative to corresponding basal activity (**P*<0.05; Student's *t*-Test).

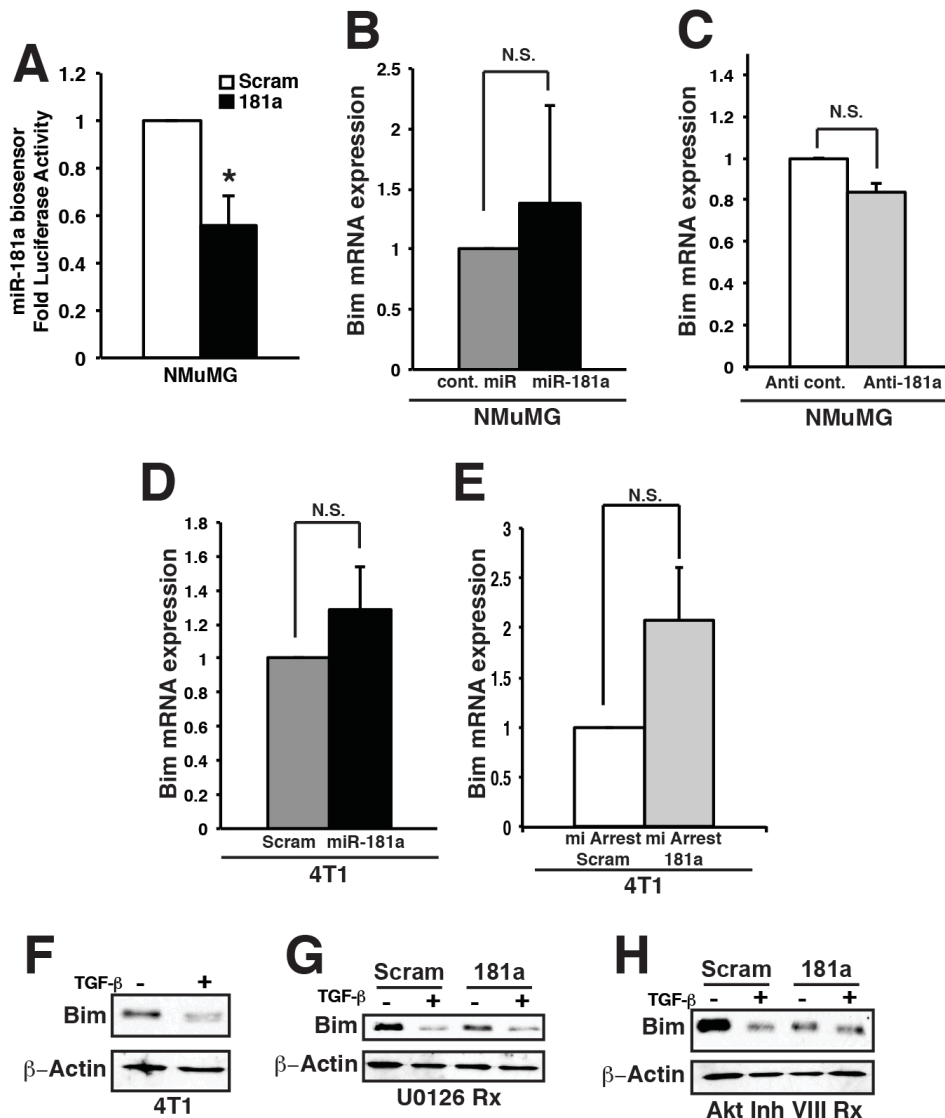
Supplementary Figure 7: Taylor *et al*



Supplementary Figure 7

Abrogation of TGF- β signaling sensitizes normal and malignant MECs to undergo anoikis. **(A&B)** NMuMG **(A)** or 4T1 **(B)** cell derivatives were suspended over poly-HEMA-coated culture dishes and treated with TGF- β 1 (5 ng/ml) for 0-24 h as indicated. The extent of anoikis was monitored by immunoblotting for cleavage of caspase-3. **(C&D)** 4T1 derivatives indicated were pre-treated for 48h with the T β R-I inhibitor (100 ng/ml) as indicated prior to their being suspended for 24 h over poly-HEMA-coated culture dishes to induce anoikis. Afterward, caspase-3 cleavage was monitored by immunoblotting detergent-solubilized whole-cell extracts with anti-caspase-3 antibodies. Differences in protein loading were assessed with anti- β -actin antibodies. Shown are representative images from 3 **(A&B)** or 2 **(C&D)** independent experiments.

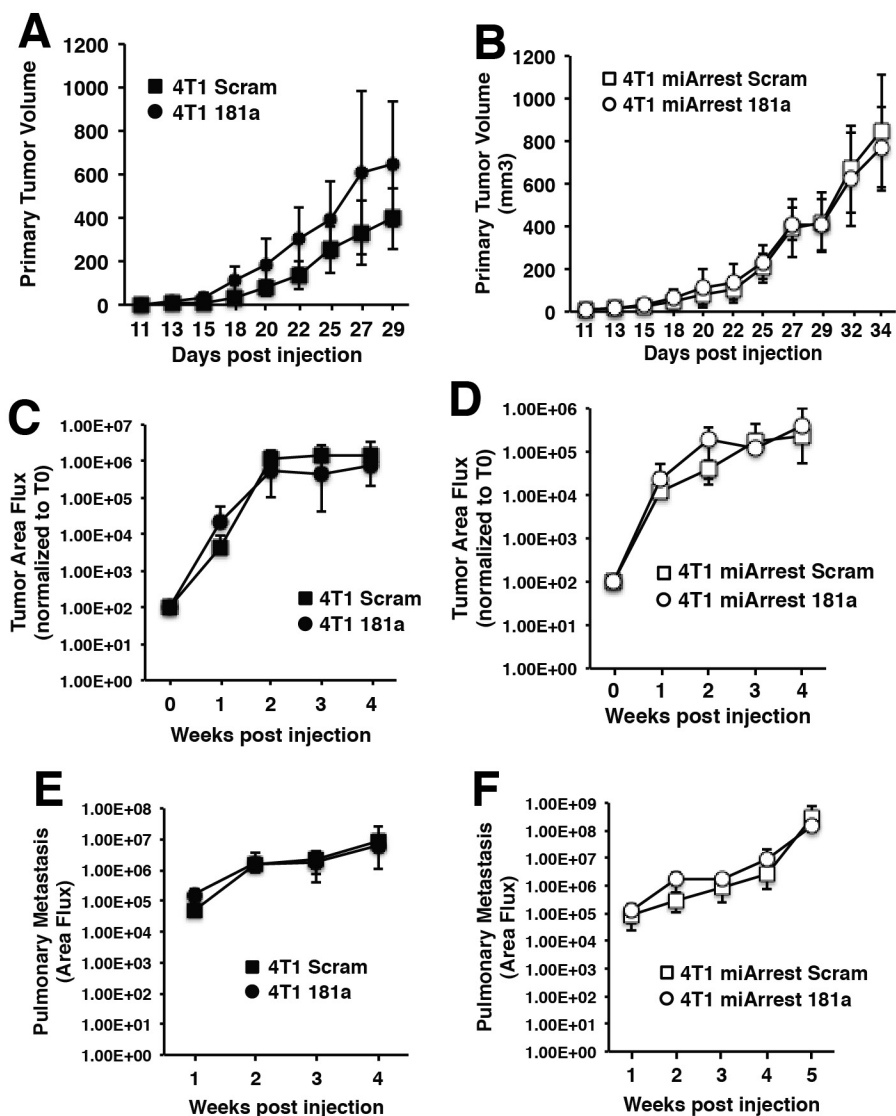
Supplementary Figure 8: Taylor *et al*



Supplementary Figure 8

miR-181a suppresses Bim expression by repressing the translation of its mRNA. (A) Stable overexpression of miR-181a in NMuMG cells decreased miR-181a biosensor activity indicative of elevated miR-181a activity. (B&C) Neither stimulation of miR-181a expression (B), nor inhibition of its activity (C) in NMuMG cells affected Bim mRNA expression levels as measured by semi-quantitative real-time PCR. Bim transcript levels were normalized to those for GAPDH. (D&E) Neither stimulation of miR-181a expression (D), nor inhibition of its activity (E) in 4T1 cells affected Bim mRNA expression levels as measured by semi-quantitative real-time PCR as above. Data in Panels A-E the mean (\pm SE; $n=3$; * $P<0.05$; Student's *t*-Test). (F-H) Immunoblotting 4T1 cell extracts demonstrated that TGF- β decreased Bim protein levels (F), while neither MEK inhibition (U0126, 10 μ M; G) or Akt inhibition (Akt Inh VIII, 1 μ M; H) abrogated the ability of TGF- β or miR-181a to decrease Bim protein levels. Differences in protein loading were assessed by β -actin immunoblotting. Shown are representative images from 2 independent experiments.

Supplementary Figure 9: Taylor *et al*



Supplementary Figure 9

miR-181a expression fails to affect primary tumor growth and metastatic dissemination. (A&B) 4T1 cells engineered to overexpress miR-181a (A) or possess diminished miR-181a activity (B) were engrafted onto the mammary fat pads of 6-week-old Balb/c mice. Data are the mean (\pm SEM; n=5) tumor volumes quantified at the indicated times post engraftment. (C&D) Data are the mean (\pm SEM; n=5) bioluminescent tumor area flux units detected in the aforementioned tumor-bearing mice. (E&F) Data are the mean (\pm SE) bioluminescent pulmonary metastasis area flux at the indicated time points.