Table 2: Percentage of reads with different numbers of mismatches in the mapping between the reads produced by either HPCall or the native 454 base-caller and the $E. \ coli$ K-12 reference sequence. For mapping either *ssaha2* or *subread* is used. HPCall results in more perfect-matching reads.

Mapping	ssaha2		subread	
	HPCall	native 454	HPCall	native 454
Number of errors per read $(\%)$				
0	66.03	56.37	69.42	60.42
1	22.97	26.78	22.25	26.08
2	6.81	10.20	5.53	8.53
3	2.45	3.79	1.81	3.11
4	0.90	1.54	0.60	1.12
5	0.84	1.32	0.40	0.74

Table 3: Detected number of sequence variants for the *E. coli* data set using *ssahaSNP*. HPCall results in less overall indels and SNPs.

SNP calling	ssahaSNP		
	HPCall	native 454	
Indels	4954	8388	
SNPs	528	756	
Total sequence variants	5482	9144	