	1976-1990 (n=29)	1991-2000 (n=28)	2001-2008 (n=47)
20-49 (n=18)	0 (0%)	1 (14%)	3 (75%)
50-59 (n=13)	0 (0%)	1 (33%)	7 (88%)
60-69 (n=28)	0 (0%)	2 (25%)	3 (33%)
≥70 (n=45)	0 (0%)	3 (38%)	8 (31%)

Supplementary Table 1. Proportion of HCV Etiology in Different Age Groups

	Era 1	Era 2	Era 3	Total	P trend
	1976-	1991-	2001-		
	1990	2000	2008		
	(n=29)	(n=28)	(n=47)	(n=104)	
Death	28	25	37	90 ^a	
	(97%)	(89%)	(79%)	(87%)	
Progressive HCC	24	18	21	63	<0.01
	(89%)	(72%)	(57%)	(71%)	
Controlled HCC with	1	3	7	11	0.07
Progressive Liver Failure	(4%)	(12%)	(19%)	(12%)	
Non Liver Related Death	2	4	9	15	0.07
	(7%)	(16%)	(24%)	(17%)	
Cardiovascular disease	0	2	2	4	
Other neoplasms ^b	0	1	2	3	
Respiratory disease	2	0	2	4	
Others ^c	0	1	3	4	

Supplementary Table 2. Cause of Death in Olmsted County HCC Patients Between 1976 and 2008

^a Cause of death was unknown in one patient

^b Other neoplasms include lung cancer (1991-2000), metastatic squamous call cancer, and lymphoma (2001-2008)

^c Others include amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (1991-2000), intestinal perforation, renal failure, and myelofibrosis (2001-2008)

HCC=hepatocellular carcinoma