

Supplementary material for:

Hijacking membrane transporters for arsenic phytoextraction

Melissa S. LeBlanc, Elizabeth C. McKinney, Richard B. Meagher, and Aaron P. Smith

Fig. S1. Arsenate phenotypes of transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants overexpressing *PHT* and/or *YCF1*. Wild-type (WT) and homozygous transgenic lines were grown on 150 μ M sodium arsenate for 30 days. Average fresh weights of roots, shoots, or whole seedlings are shown normalized to the weights in the corresponding tissue from WT. Error bars indicate standard deviation, $n > 60$.

Fig. S2. Seedling morphology of transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants overexpressing *PHT* and/or *YCF1* transgenes. Plants were grown on plates in the presence (right) or absence (left) of 150 μ M sodium arsenate (AsV) for 21 days.

Fig. S3. *PHT*-overexpression does not confer sensitivity to arsenite. The average seedling fresh weights of wild-type (WT) and *PHT1*- or *PHT7*-overexpression plants grown on 25 μ M sodium arsenite for 21 days were quantified. Error bars indicate standard deviation, $n > 25$.

Fig. S4. Glutathione depletion phenocopies the arsenate-sensitivity of *PHT1ox* and *PHT7ox* plants in *PHToxYCF1ox* co-expressors. Root elongation was quantified for 7-day-old wild-type (WT) and transgenic plants grown for 5 days in the presence of 150 μ M sodium arsenate (left) or 150 μ M sodium arsenate and 500 μ M BSO (right). Black dots mark the location of seedling root tips at the time of transfer from control media to media containing arsenate or arsenate and BSO.

Table S1. Primers used in the current study.

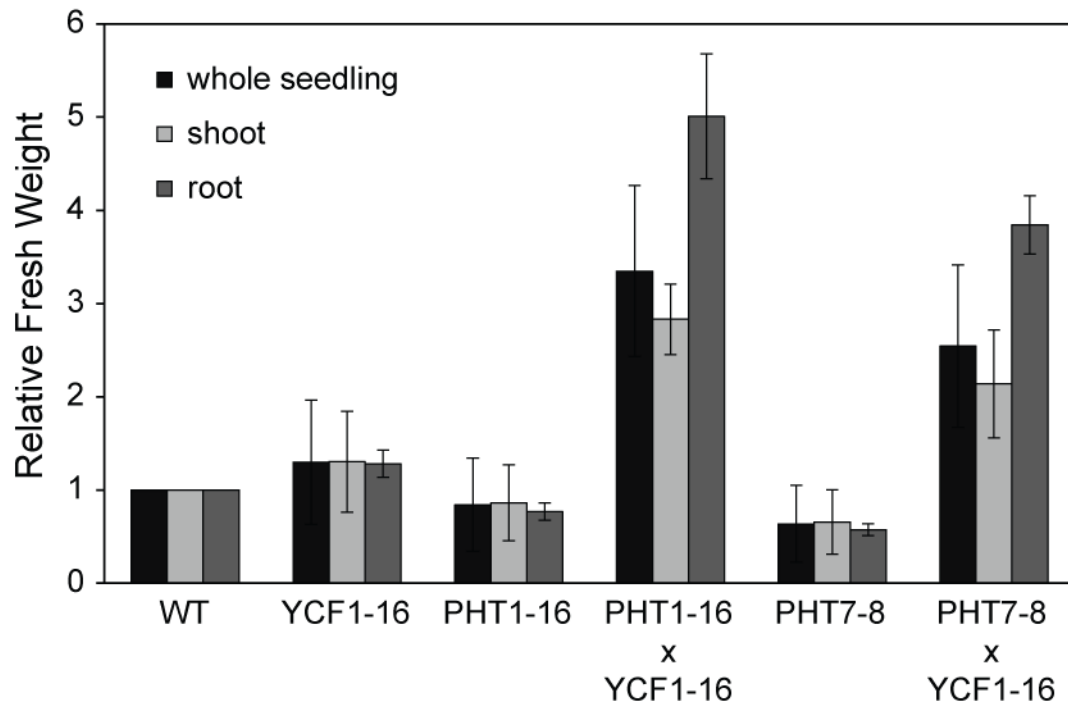


Fig. S1. Arsenate phenotypes of transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants overexpressing *PHT* and/or *YCF1*. Wild-type (WT) and homozygous transgenic lines were grown on 150 μ M sodium arsenate for 30 days. Average fresh weights of roots, shoots, or whole seedlings are shown normalized to the weights in the corresponding tissue from WT. Error bars indicate standard deviation, $n > 60$.

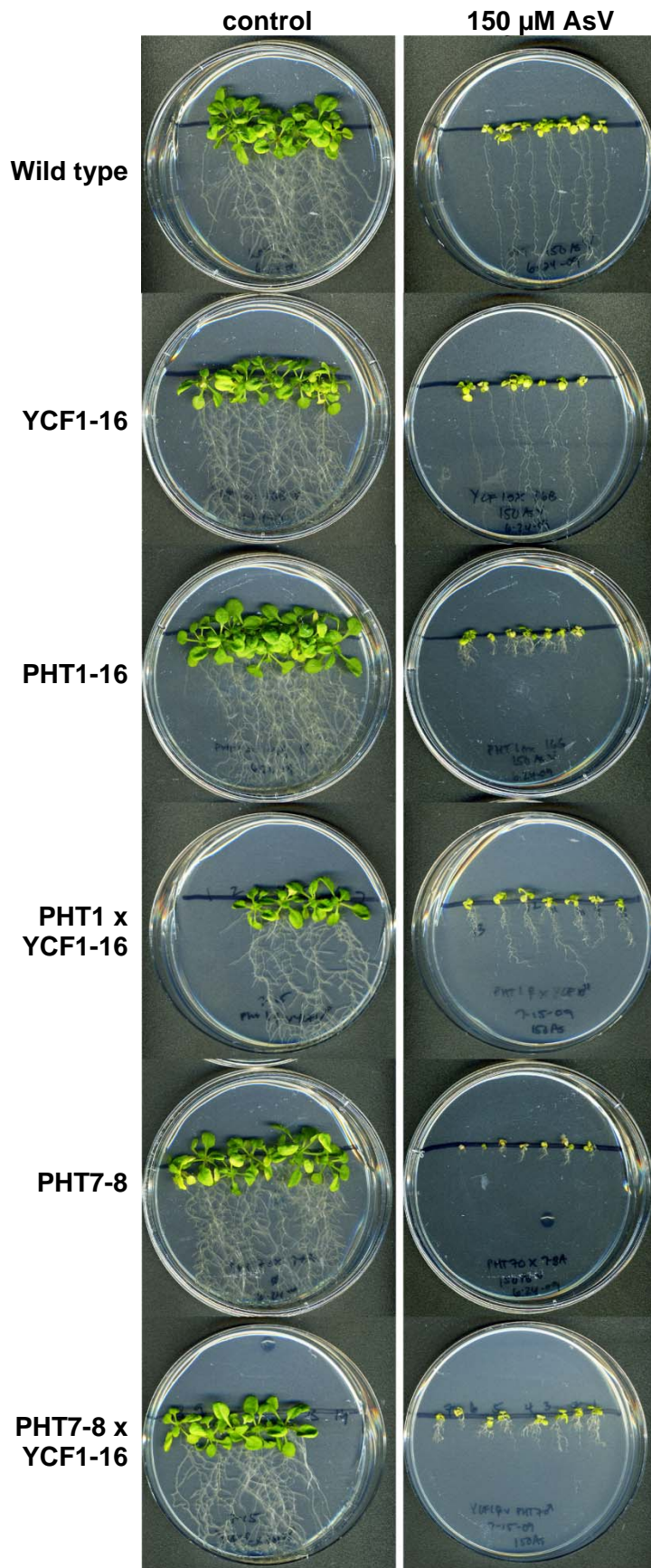


Fig. S2. Seedling morphology of transgenic *Arabidopsis* plants overexpressing *PHT* and/or *YCF1* transgenes. Plants were grown on plates in the presence (right) or absence (left) of 150 μM sodium arsenate (AsV) for 3 weeks.

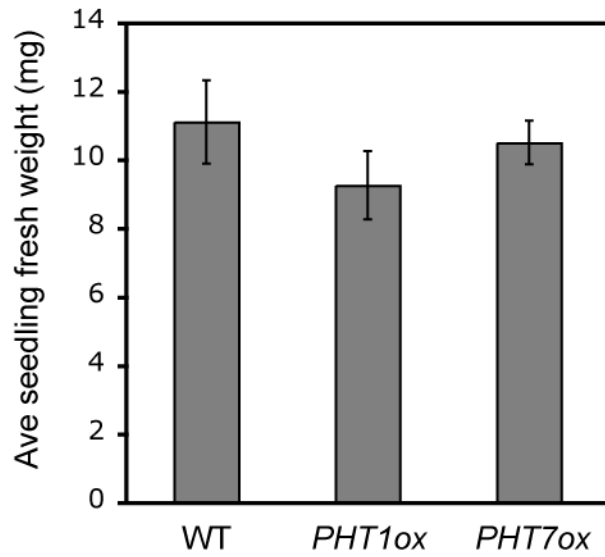


Fig. S3. *PHT*-overexpression does not confer sensitivity to arsenite. The average seedling fresh weights of wild-type (WT) and *PHT1*- or *PHT7*-overexpression plants grown on 25 μ M sodium arsenite for 21 days were quantified. Error bars indicate standard deviation, $n > 25$.

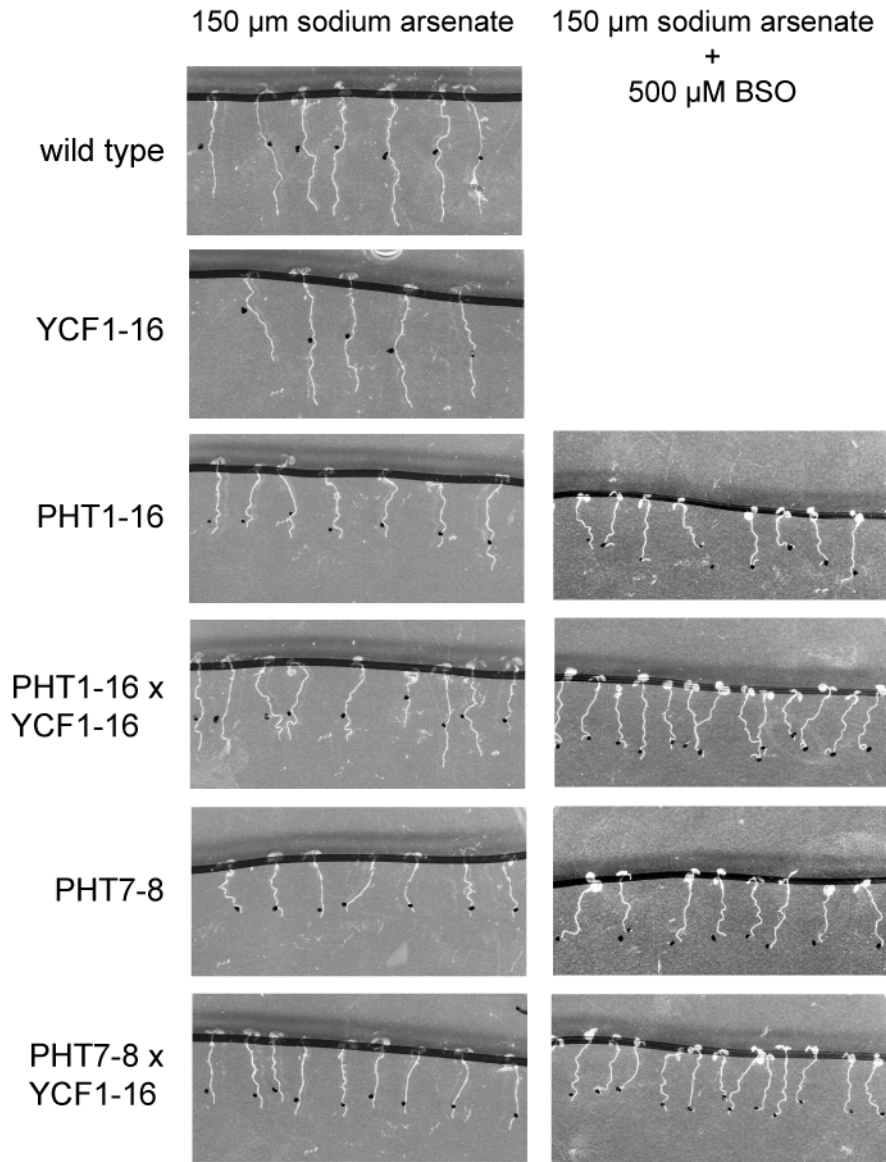


Fig. S4. Glutathione depletion phenocopies the arsenate-sensitivity of *PHT1ox* and *PHT7ox* plants in *PHToxYCF1ox* co-expressors. Root elongation was quantified for one-week-old wild-type (WT) and transgenic plants grown for five days in the presence of 150 μ M sodium arsenate (left) or 150 μ M sodium arsenate and 500 μ M BSO (right). Black dots mark the location of seedling root tips at the time of transfer from control media to media containing arsenate or arsenate and BSO.

Table S1. Primers used in the current study.

Primer	Sequence (5' → 3')
YCF1-XhNcIS	tagtgactcgagccatggctggaatcttgtttcatgggcct
YCF1-NcMutN	accattcattatccaaggaactgtgaaacata
YCF1-NcMutS	tatgtttcacaagttccttgataatgaatgg
YCF1-PstIN	gtctagctgcagttgtccagctctccttcta
YCF1-PstIS	tagtgactgcagaaattaaatgattggat
YCF1-ScBmN	gtctaggagctcggatccttaatttcattgaccaaaccagcct
PHT1_S1	tacgtcggtagcccatggccgaacaacaactaggagtgcta
PHT1_A894	aaggagatgaagcccgtggcgtctaaggaat
PHT1_S863	aattccttagacgccacgggcttcatctcct
PHT1_A1575noHA	tagctgtctagaaagcttttattctcgtcatggctaacct
PHT1_flank_S	aatacgtcggtagcccatggccga
PHT1_flank_A	ttagctgtctagaaagcttttaagca
PHT7_S1	tacgtcgcggccgcaatcatgagtgaggatcaactaacgtgctaacgcactcgacgtcgccaa aacgcaatggtatcattca
PHT7_A876	aaggccatggcgttcataaattccttgaa
PHT7_S845	ttccaaggaatttatgaaacgccatggcct
PHT7_A1073	aaccagtaaccaggcaccgtgctacaca
PHT7_S1045	ttgtgtagcacggcctggttactggt
PHT7_A1608noHA	tagctggggcccgtcgacctatgcagttgacactgcgttgt
PHT7_flank_S	aatacgtcgcggccgcaatcatga
PHT7_flank_A	tttagctggggcccgtcgacctaa