

Additional file 2 - Recovery of extracellular pectate lyase activities in complemented X. campestris pv. campestris strains originally deficient in genes of the TonB system. The X. campestris pv. campestris strains were grown for two days on M9 minimal medium supplemented with polygalacturonic acid and FeSO₄. Staining with Ruthenium Red unveiled halos encircling inocula with extracellular pectate lyase activities. Displayed is an image of an agar plate with the wild-type strain B100 and a control strain B100-6.01 carrying an $\Omega \text{Km}(cat)$ insertion in the non-coding region between the tonB and exbB genes. The positions of the inocula are indicated by flanking annotations. Halos around the inocula of these strains indicate their extracellular pectate lyase activities. In the mutant strains B100-9.01 and B100-11.03 the genes exbD1 and exbD2, respectively, are interrupted by ΩKm(cat) insertions (Wiggerich et al., 1997; Wiggerich and Pühler, 2000). Absence of halos reflects the lacking pectate lyase activities in the vicinities of the mutant inocula. Upon presence of the plasmids pHGW243 and pHGW244 that carry complete copies of the genes exbD1 and exbD2, respectively (Wiggerich et al., 1997; Wiggerich and Pühler, 2000), pectate lyase activity was recovered for both mutant strains. Similar results were observed upon complementing mutant strains deficient in tonB1 and exbB1 (Wiggerich et al., 1997), data not shown.