# Inventory of supplemental information

Table S1

Amino acid sequences of all constructs. Related to Figures 2, 3, and 5.

Table S2

 $I_{50}$  values calculated from the plots shown in Figures 2, S2, and 3.

Figure S1

SDS-PAGE analysis of constructs with 1-5 glycosylated acceptor sites. Related to Figure 1.

Figure S2

Analysis of  $Lep^{IV}$  constructs with a 3K/7L/3G H3 segment lacking glycan acceptor site G3. Related to Figure 2.

Figure S3

SDS-PAGE analysis of truncated  $Lep^{V}$  constructs. Related to Figure 3.

## Supplemental Table S1

In the Lep<sup>V</sup> and Lep<sup>IV</sup> sequences TMH1, TMH2 (in Lep<sup>V</sup>), and the H1-H3 segment underlined and the acceptor sites for N-linked glycosylation are in bold. Positively charged Lys residues flanking H3 were introduced k the Gly residues in the GGPG/GPGG flanks, and in cases with 5 flanking ck also replacing the two amino acids adjacent to the tetrapeptide flank. Sequences corresponding to gene fragments #1 and #2 (see Experimental Proc are delineated by brackets in the Lep<sup>V</sup> and Lep<sup>IV</sup> sequences.

## Amino acid sequence of Lep<sup>V</sup> 363 amino acids

MAN<u>MFALILVIATLVTGILWCV</u>DKFFFAPKRRERQAAAQAAAGDSLDKATLKKVAPKPG<u>WLET</u> <u>GASVFPVLAIVLIV</u>RSFIYEPFQIPG[GSMMPTL**NST**DFILVEAFAYGIADPIYQATLIETGH PAPGEVGGPG<u>ALAALALAALAALAALAALAG</u>PGGLEYIAPAVGLPGD**NVT**YDPVSAELTIQPGC SSGQACENGPGGPG<u>AAAALAAAALAAAALAAAAG</u>PGGQLSDFVQTFSPANGG**NAT**SGFFEVPA QETAENGIALSETSGGPG<u>ALAALALAALAALAALAALAALA</u>GPGGVPGQQQATWIVPAGQ**NAT**MGDN AD**NST**DSAYWGFVPEANLVGRATAIWMSFDKQEGEWPTGLRLSRIGGIH\*\*PSSFTLSPEL]

## Amino acid sequence of Lep<sup>IV</sup> 386 amino acids

MANSTSQGSQPINAQAAPVAQGGSQGE<u>FALILVIATLVTGILWCV</u>DKFFFAPKRRERQAAAQAA AGDSLDKATLKKVAPK[TSGGPG<u>ALAALALAALAALAALAALA</u>GPGGVPIPSGSMMPTL**NST**DFI LVEAFAYGIADPIYQATLIETGHPAPGEVGGPG<u>AAAALAAAALAAAALAAAAG</u>PGGLEYIAPAV GLPGD**NVT**YDPVSAELTIQPGCSSGQACENGPGGPG<u>ALAALALAALAALAALAALA</u>GPGGQLSDF VQTFSPANGG**NAT**SGFFEVPAQETAENGIRLSERKETLGDVTHRILTVPIAQDQVGMYYQQPGQ QLATWIVPAGQ**NAT**MGDNRDNSADSRYWGFVPEANLVGRATAIWMSFDKQEGEWPTGLRLSRIG GIH\*\*PSSFTLSPEL]

#### Constructs based on $Lep^{v}$

ID	composition of H2	composition of H3	series
1	GGPGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGPGG	GGPGALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	1
2	GGPGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGPGG	GGPGALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	1
3	GGPGAAAALAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGPGG	GGPGALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	1
4	GGPGAAAALAAAALAAAALAAAAGPGG	GGPGALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	1
5	GGPGAAAALALAAAAALALAAAAGPGG	GGPGALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	1
6	GGPGAAAALALAALAALAAAAGPGG	GGPGALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	1
7	GGPGAAAALALALALALAAAAGPGG	GGPGALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	1
8	GGPGALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	GGPGALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	1
9	GGPGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGPGG	KKPKALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	2
10	GGPGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGPGG	KKPKALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	2
11	GGPGAAAALAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGPGG	KKPKALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	2
12	GGPGAAAALAAAALAAAALAAAAGPGG	KKPKALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	2
13	GGPGAAAALALAAAAALALAAAAGPGG	KKPKALAALALAALAALAALAGPGG	2

# **Supplemental Table S2**

 $I_{50}$  values calculated from the plots shown in Figures 2, S2, and 3.

Figure 2  $Lep^{IV}$ 

I <sub>50</sub>	7L	9L	11L	19L
5K/ <i>n</i> L/3G	3			2.6
3K/ <i>n</i> L/3G	3.6			
3G/ <i>n</i> L/3G	3.5			4.6
3G/ <i>n</i> L/3K	4.8	4.5	4.4	
3G/ <i>n</i> L/5K	> 7			> 7

Figure S2	3K/ <i>n</i> L/3G	3.6		
-				

Figure 3  $Lep^{\vee}$ 

I <sub>50</sub>	0L	7L	9L	11L	19L
5K/ <i>n</i> L/3G		3.5			3.4 (3.0*)
3K/ <i>n</i> L/3G		3.3			
3G/ <i>n</i> L/3G	2.9	2.8		2.2	
3G/ <i>n</i> L/3K		1.2	1.3	0.6	< 0
3G/ <i>n</i> L/5K		0.7			< 0

\*lower Mw form not included in the quantitation, see main text.





Expression of different constructs (see ID numbers in Table S1 for sequences) glycosylated on zero to five engineered glycosylation acceptor sites. RM = rough microsomes.

## Figure S2, related to Figure 2

topology



Membrane insertion of Lep<sup>IV</sup> constructs lacking the G3 glycosylation site between H2 and H3 into dog pancreas rough microsomes. The H2 test segments are of varying hydrophobicity ( $n_{H2} = 1-7$ ). H3 has the composition 3K/7L/3G. The graph shows the fractions of the two dominating species with, respectively, two (green) and four (red) glycans. The different topologies consistent with the observed number of glycans are indicated on the left; however, since the H3 segment has a high hydrophobicity, the crossed-out topologies can be ruled out.

# Figure S3, related to Figure 3



*In vitro* translation of Lep<sup>V</sup> constructs in the absence (-) and presence (+) of rough microsomes (RM). Digestion of N-linked glycans by endoglycosidase H (EndoH) was carried out on the sample in lane 3. All constructs have a 3G/0L/3G H2 segment and a 5K/19L/3G H3 segment (c.f., Fig. 3). Lanes 1-3: full-length construct. Lanes 4-5: construct with tandem stop codons (\*) placed immediately after H2 (...AAAG\*\*). Lanes 6-7: construct with tandem stop codons (\*) placed immediately after H3 (...LLLG\*\*). Lanes 8-9: construct starting at Met<sup>92</sup> in Lep. White circles indicate unglycosylated full-length protein; black circles indicate full-length protein glycosylated on one, two, and three acceptor sites; white squares indicate unglycosylated protein.