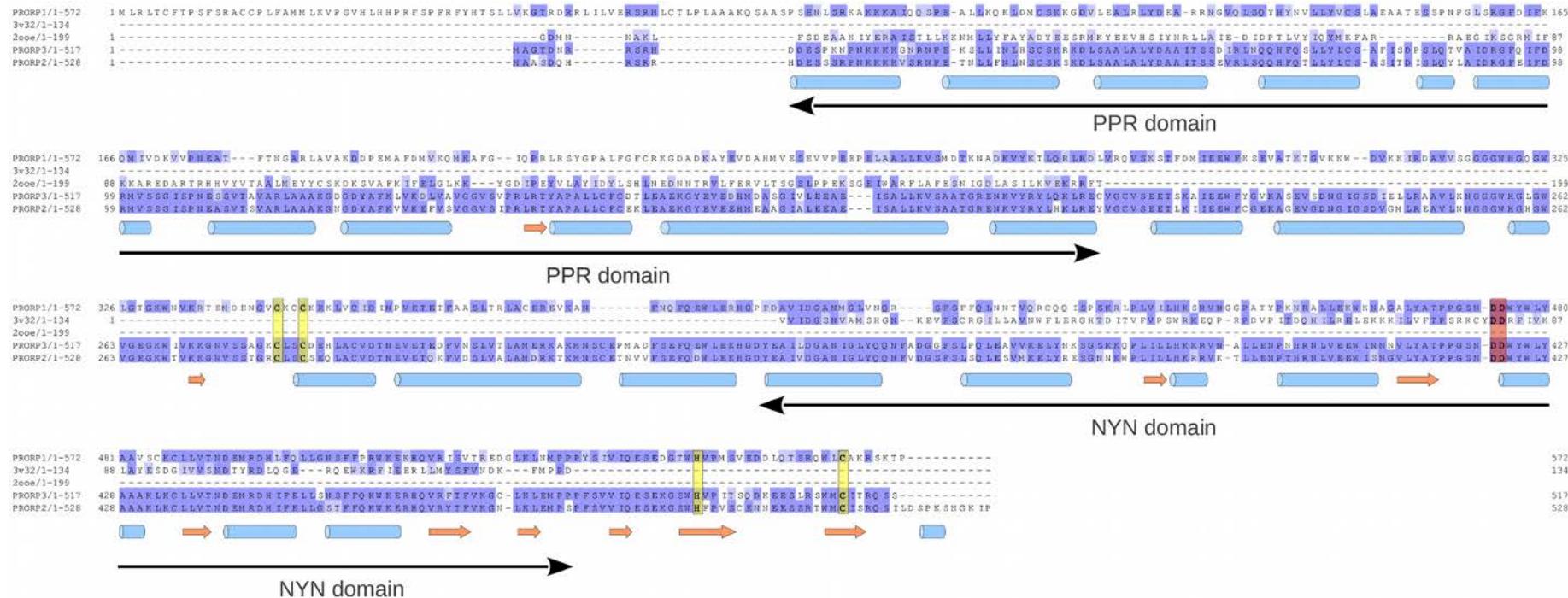
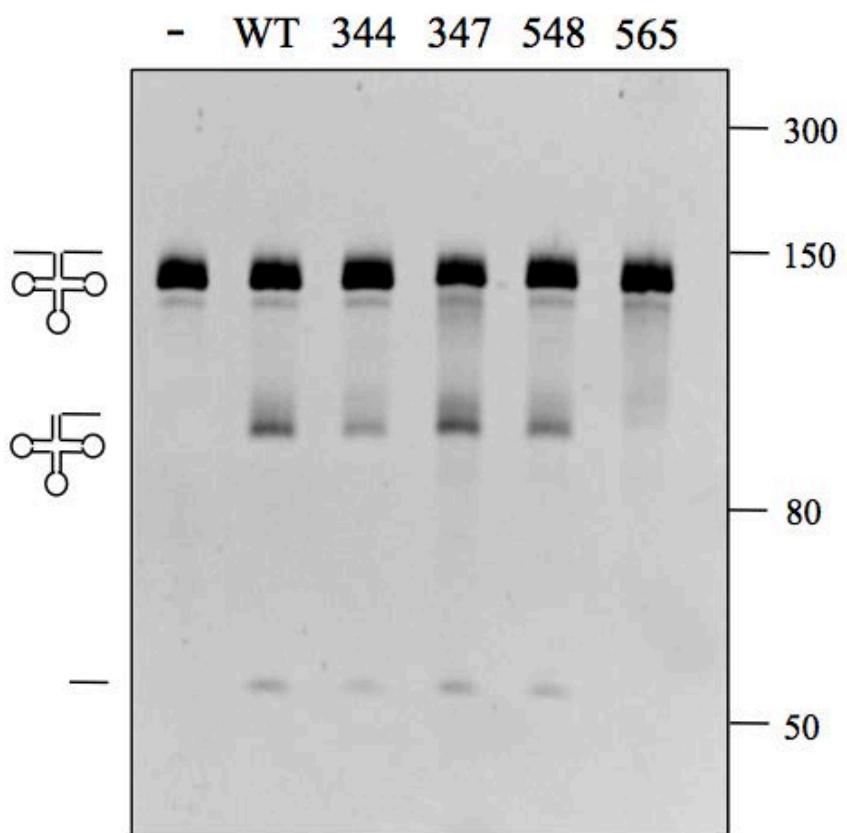


Supplementary Figure S1. Analysis of the PRORP / tRNA complex used in the footprinting analysis. (a) The crosslinked PRORP / tRNA complex (ES*) was analysed on a denaturing polyacrylamide gel together with 1, 0.1 and 0.01 mg of free tRNA substrate (S). The ES* sample revealed two bands corresponding to the higher molecular weight crosslinked complex and to residual free substrate. Band quantification showed that only 1% of the total signal was present as free substrate. (b) In order to show that the PRORP / tRNA complex analysed during footprinting experiments corresponds to a functional complex, a PRORP / tRNA sample in footprinting buffer (ES) was taken just prior to the crosslink step, incubated 15' at RT and analysed by denaturing PAGE. This revealed that RNase P cleavage had taken place and thus showed that the protein / tRNA complex used in the footprint analysis is an active complex. Molecular weight markers are indicated in nucleotides



Supplementary Figure S2 Alignment of PRORP 1-2-3 with template structures identified by Phyre2²⁴. The best solution for the N-terminal PPR domain was the TPR domain of the murine cleavage stimulation factor (PDBid 20oe; sequence identity of 10% with PRORP2; Phyre2 confidence score: 99.0%). The best solution for the C-terminal NYN domain was the catalytic domain of MCPIP1 RNase (PDB id 3v32; sequence identity with PRORP2: 25%; Phyre2 confidence score: 99.9%). Secondary structure predictions for PRORP2 are represented (α -helices in blue, β -strands in orange). Zinc coordinating residues are highlighted in yellow and conserved catalytic aspartates in red.



Supplementary Figure S3. RNase P activity of zinc binding mutants. Cleavage assays were carried out with PRORP proteins mutated at positions involved in zinc binding. Reactions were performed without protein (-), with wild type PRORP1 (WT), with point mutants C344A (344), C347A (347), H548A (548) and C565A (565). Apart from mutant 565, which also has the most reduced zinc content, all the other PRORP mutants had unaffected RNase P activity. Molecular weight markers are indicated in nucleotides.

Supplementary Table S1. Oligonucleotides used for mutagenesis of tRNA and PRORP sequences.

Precursors of *Arabidopsis thaliana* mitochondrial tRNA Cys

ptrnCm_G1C_FW	GGTGGCGGGTTTCGCTAGGTAACAT
ptrnCm_G1C_RV	ATGTTACCTAGCGAAACCCGCCACC
ptrnCm_G18A_FW	GGCTAGGTAACATAATAGAAATGTATCGGACTGC
ptrnCm_G18A_RV	GCAGTCCGATACATTCTATTATGTTACCTAGCC
ptrnCm_G18C_FW	GGCTAGGTAACATAATCGAAATGTATCGGACTG
ptrnCm_G18C_RV	CAGTCCGATACATTCTGATTATGTTACCTAGCC
ptrnCm_G19A_FW	GGCTAGGTAACATAATGAAAATGTATCGGACTGC
ptrnCm_G19A_RV	GCAGTCCGATACATTTCATTATGTTACCTAGCC
ptrnCm_G19C_FW	GCTAGGTAACATAATGCAAATGTATCGGACTGC
ptrnCm_G19C_RV	GCAGTCCGATACATTGCATTATGTTACCTAGC
ptrnCm_G19U_FW	GGCTAGGTAACATAATGAAATGTATCGGACTGC
ptrnCm_G19U_RV	GCAGTCCGATACATTACATTATGTTACCTAGCC
ptrnCm_C56A_FW	CTGTAATGACGGTTAGACTCCGTCTTG
ptrnCm_C56A_RV	CCAAGGACGGAGTCTAACCGTCATTACAG
ptrnCm_C56G_FW	CTGTAATGACGGTTGGACTCCGTCTTG
ptrnCm_C56G_RV	CAAGGACGGAGTCCAACCGTCATTACAG
ptrnCm_G57A_FW	CTGTAATGACGGTTCAACTCCGTCTTG
ptrnCm_G57A_RV	GCCAAGGACGGAGTTGAACCGTCATTACAG
ptrnCm_G57C_FW	CTGTAATGACGGTTCAACTCCGTCTTG
ptrnCm_G57C_RV	GCCAAGGACGGAGTGGAACCGTCATTACAG
ptrnCm_C72G_FW	TCCGTCTTGGCGTACACCTTCATG
ptrnCm_C72G_RV	CATGAAGGTGTACGCCAAGGACGGA
ptrnCm_MAC_FW	ACCGTCATTATACATTCCATTATGTTACCTAGCC
ptrnCm_MAC_RV	TGGAAATGTATAATGACGGTTGACTCCGT
ptrnCm_MDAC_FW	CCGTCATTATACCTAGCCAAACCGGCCAC
ptrnCm_MDAC_RV	GGCTAGGTATAATGACGGTTGACTCCGT

***Arabidopsis thaliana* PRORP1 cDNA**

AtPRORP1_C344A_FW	CAGAGATGGATGAGAATGGTAG CTAAATGTTGCAAAGAGA AGCTTG
AtPRORP1_C344A_RV	CAAGCTCTCTTGCAACATTAG CTACACCATTCTCATCCAT CTCTG
AtPRORP1_C347A_FW	GGATGAGAATGGTATGAAATGT GCCAAAGAGAAGCTTGT TTGTATTGAT
AtPRORP1_C347A_RV	ATCAATACAAACAAGCTCTTTGGCACATTACATACACCA TTCTCATCC
AtPRORP1_H548A_FW	CTGAAGATGGAACCTGGCTGTACCAATGAGCGTAG
AtPRORP1_H548A_RV	CTACGCTATTGGTACAGCCCAGGTTCCATCTTCAG
AtPRORP1_C565A_FW	CATCAAGGCAATGGTAGCCGAAAAAGATCCAAAC
AtPRORP1_C565A_RV	GTTCGGATCTTTGC GGCTAACCATTCGCTTGTGATG

Point mutations are indicated in bold.