

Fig S3 Snail confers breast cancer resistance to Gemcitabine via miR-125b and Bak1 HMLE-Snail cells were transfected with 100nM anti-neg and anti-miR-125b or 4ug puro3vector and puro3-Bak1.Twenty-four hrs after transfection, cells were seeded into 96-well plates at a densityof 5×10^3 cells per well, incubated for 8 hrs, and then treated with different concentrations of Gemcitabine. 48 hrs after treatment, viability was assessed. Bars represent SE.