## **Supporting Information**

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**Fig. S1.** Thy1-expressing natural killer (NK) cells are not T-cell contaminants. (*A* and *B*) Naïve B6 mice were i.v. injected with  $1 \times 10^8$  cfu heat-killed Salmonella enterica serovar Typhimurium (HKST). IFN- $\gamma$  secretion by lymphocyte subsets was assessed 2 h later in the spleen. IFN- $\gamma^-$  and IFN- $\gamma^-$  NK 1.1<sup>+</sup> cells were assessed for expression of Thy1 (*B*). Total number of IFN- $\gamma^+$  cells among total CD3<sup>+</sup> and CD3<sup>-</sup> cells (*A*) and a representative histogram (*B*) are shown. (*C*) Viable single splenocytes from *Rag1/Je<sup>-/-</sup>* mice were assessed for expression of Thy1 on different NK cells subsets (CD3<sup>-</sup> NK1.1<sup>+</sup>) defined by the expression of CD27 and CD11b. (*D*) Expression of T-cell receptor (TCR)- $\beta$  on splenic CD3<sup>-</sup>DX5<sup>+</sup>NK1.1<sup>+</sup> (*Left*) and CD19<sup>-</sup>CD3<sup>-</sup>CD4<sup>-</sup>CD122<sup>+</sup> (*Right*) cells in B6 mice in comparison with CD3<sup>+</sup> cells. (*E*–*G*) In vitro–activated NK cells from B6 mice were assessed for expression of TN1.1, DX5, CD122, and CD3 (*E*), the capacity to produce IFN- $\gamma$  in vivo after transfer of two times 1 × 10<sup>6</sup> NK cells into naïve congenic recipients (*F*), and expression of Thy1 (*G*). Individual data points from at least three experiments (*A*) and representative FACS plots (C and *E*) and histograms (*B*–*D* and *G*) from at least two independent experiments are shown.



Fig. S2. Schematic presentation of mutation sites in SL1344  $\Delta edd \, \Delta pfkA \, \Delta pfkB$ . Schematic representation of the central carbon metabolism. Sites of mutations to generate SL1344  $\Delta edd \, \Delta pfkA \, \Delta pfkB$  are marked with a black cross.

Table S1.	Overview	of mouse	strains	used in	this	study
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Mouse strain	Purpose
C57BL/6	WT
CD45.1 (Ly5.1)	Congenic cell marker
GK1.5Tg (1)	Transgenic expression of anti-GK1.5; CD4 <sup>+</sup> T cell deficient
GK1.5/2.43Tg (2)	Transgenic expression of anti-GK1.5 and anti-2.43; CD4 <sup>+</sup> and CD8 <sup>+</sup> T cell deficient
Rag1/Je <sup>-/-</sup> (3)	Deletion of Rag1; T and B cell deficient
Rag2 <sup>-/-</sup> γc <sup>-/-</sup> (4)	Deletion of Rag2 and common $\gamma$ chain; lymphocyte deficient; NK cell recipient
<i>IFN-γ<sup>-/-</sup></i> (5)	Deletion of IFN- $\gamma$ ; highly susceptible to STM infection
CD1d <sup>-/-</sup> (6)	Deletion of CD1d; NKT cell deficient
μ <b>MT (7)</b>	Disruption of Ig $\mu$ chain; B cell deficient
<i>ROR-γt<sup>-/-</sup></i> (8)	Deletion of ROR $\gamma$ t; innate lymphoid cell and Th17 deficient

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## Table S2. Monoclonal antibodies used for in vivo cell and cytokine depletion

Antibody	Clone	Injection dose per mouse	Source	
Anti-CD8	2.43	250 μg initially then 200 μg twice weekly	WEHI	
Anti-CD4	GK1.5	250 $\mu$ g initially then 200 $\mu$ g twice weekly	WEHI	
Anti-Thy1.2	30-H12	250 $\mu$ g initially then 200 $\mu$ g twice weekly	WEHI	
Anti-IFN-γ	HB-170–15	200 μg weekly	WEHI	
Anti-NK1.1	PK136	250 $\mu$ g initially then 200 $\mu$ g twice weekly	WEHI	

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Table S3.	Oligonucleotides	used to	generate	Salmonella	Typhimurium	SL1344	∆edd	∆pfkA
∆pfkB								

Function	Primer name	Sequence (5' to 3')*
kan amplification	kanF	GTGTAGGCTGGAGCTGCTTC
	kanR	CATATGAATATCCTCCTTAG
edd deletion	edd2(ISceI)F	TAGGGATAACAGGGTAATCATCGGAATTCTTCTCTCGC
	edd2KanR	GAAGCAGCTCCAGCCTACACAGTAATGAAGACGTCTGCGGTAC
	edd2KanF	<b>CTAAGGAGGATATTCATATG</b> GGTTTACCATGCGTTTCATC
	edaedd(ISceI)R	TAGGGATAACAGGGTAATGAACAAATTGACGATTCGCCTGC
pfkA deletion	pfkA(IScel)F	TAGGGATAACAGGGTAATGGTGCAGTCATTATTGGATCG
	pfkAKanR	GAAGCAGCTCCAGCCTACACAGACTACCTCTGAACTTTGGAATGC
	pfkAKanF	<b>CTAAGGAGGATATTCATATG</b> ACATCATCGATGCGATTG
	pfkA(IScel)R	TAGGGATAACAGGGTAATCGTCACGACATCGGCTTC
<i>pfkB</i> deletion	pfkB(ISceI)F	TAGGGATAACAGGGTAATGTCCATACCAGGTCATCG
	pfkBKanR	GAAGCAGCTCCAGCCTACACACGTTACCTCCTGTTAGGCTG
	pfkBKanF	<b>CTAAGGAGGATATTCATATG</b> TGTTCTCGTGACGATACC
	pfkB(IScel)R	TAGGGATAACAGGGTAATGGAATGGCACTTATTGTGC

\*I-Scel restriction sites are underlined; kan-specific sequences are bold.

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