- 3 SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE LEGENDS
- 4 Fig. S1. Cellulose, O-Ag capsule and colanic acid are important constitutes in
- 5 **Sal4-induced biofilm formation**. S. Typhimurium wcaA::luc, ΔyihO, bscE::kan,
- 6 bscE::kan(pYeaJ) strains were grown in borosilicate glass tubes for 24 h at 37°C in
- 7 containing LB broth with Sal4 (15 μg/ml), 23D7 (15 μg/ml) or CDM. Representative
- 8 images demonstrating pellicle formation (top panel) and biofilm formation (bottom panel)
- on borosilicate culture tubes in response to Sal4 (arrows) is dependent on the
- production of cellulose, O-Ag capsule and colanic acid. Biofilm formation in response to
- 11 Sal4 was restored in the *bcsE::kan* mutant when YeaJ was overexpressed from a
- plasmid. Each experimental strain was performed duplicate culture tubes.
- Fig. S2. $\triangle csgD$ exhibits reduce capacity to form a biofilm in response to Sal4. S.
- Typhimurium $\triangle csgD$ strain was grown in borosilicate glass tubes for 24 h at 37°C in
- containing LB broth with Sal4 (15 µg/ml) or CDM. Representative images
- demonstrating pellicle formation (top panel) and biofilm formation (bottom panel) on
- borosilicate culture tubes in response to Sal4. Each experimental strain was performed
- 18 duplicate culture tubes.
- 19 Fig. S3. c-di-GMP levels present in WT and WT strain carrying pBAD24 plasmid
- alone. WT, and WT + pBAD24 strains of S. Typhimurium were grown M9 medium
- supplemented with 0.4% glucose to mid-log phase and collected by centrifugation.
- Nucleotides were extracted from the cell pellets as described in Materials and Methods
- 23 and then subjected to UPLC-MS-MS. Relative levels of c-di-GMP were normalized

- relative to the WT strain (set to a value of 1). Statistical significance was determined by
- one-way ANOVA, followed by Bonferroni's post hoc test, compared to the control (WT):
- 26 ns- not significant.

- Fig. S4. Cellulose production at 25°C by WT and WT strain carrying pBAD24
- vector alone (A) WT, JA002 (ΔyeaJ), and WT + pBAD24 strains were struck on CR
- and CF agar plates and incubated at 25°C for 72 h to assess cellulose production.
- 30 Under these conditions, WT strain carrying the pBAD24 vector alone produced similar
- levels of cellulose as compared to the WT strain.

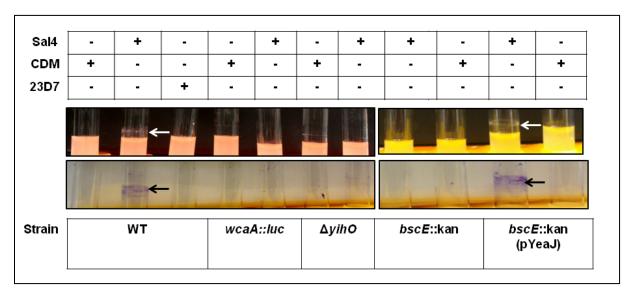


Fig. S1. Cellulose, O-Ag capsule and colanic acid are important constitutes in Sal4-induced biofilm formation. *S.* Typhimurium *wcaA::luc*, Δ*yihO*, *bscE::kan*, *bscE::kan*(pYeaJ) strains were grown in borosilicate glass tubes for 24 h at 37°C in containing LB broth with Sal4 (15 μg/ml), 23D7 (15 μg/ml) or CDM. Representative images demonstrating pellicle formation (top panel) and biofilm formation (bottom panel) on borosilicate culture tubes in response to Sal4 (arrows) is dependent on the production of cellulose, O-Ag capsule and colanic acid. Biofilm formation in response to Sal4 was restored in the *bcsE::kan* mutant when YeaJ was overexpressed from a plasmid. Each experimental strain was performed duplicate culture tubes.

Strain

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Fig. S2. ∆csgD exhibits reduce capacity to form a biofilm in response to Sal4. S.

∆csgD

WT

Typhimurium $\Delta csgD$ strain was grown in borosilicate glass tubes for 24 h at 37°C in containing LB broth with Sal4 (15 µg/ml) or CDM. Representative images demonstrating pellicle formation (top panel) and biofilm formation (bottom panel) on borosilicate culture tubes in response to Sal4. Each experimental strain was performed duplicate culture tubes.

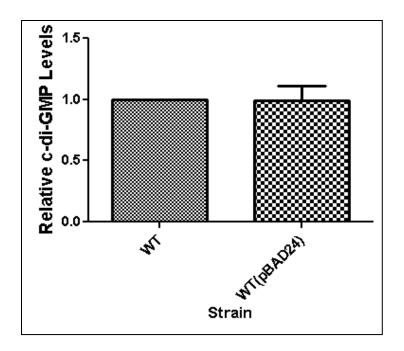


Fig. S3. c-di-GMP levels present in WT and WT strain carrying pBAD24 plasmid alone. WT, and WT + pBAD24 strains of *S*. Typhimurium were grown M9 medium supplemented with 0.4% glucose to mid-log phase and collected by centrifugation. Nucleotides were extracted from the cell pellets as described in Materials and Methods and then subjected to UPLC-MS-MS. Relative levels of c-di-GMP were normalized relative to the WT strain (set to a value of 1). Statistical significance was determined by one-way ANOVA, followed by Bonferroni's post hoc test, compared to the control (WT): ns- not significant.

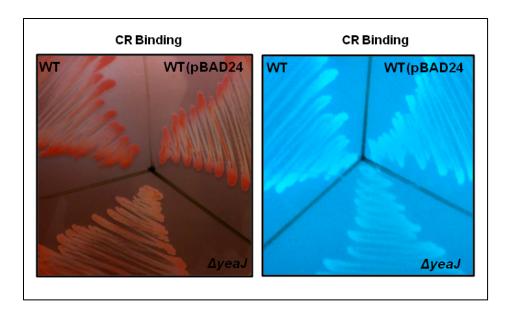


Fig. S4. Cellulose production at 25°C by WT and WT strain carrying pBAD24 vector alone (A) WT, JA002 (Δ*yeaJ*), and WT + pBAD24 strains were struck on CR and CF agar plates and incubated at 25°C for 72 h to assess cellulose production. Under these conditions, WT strain carrying the pBAD24 vector alone produced similar levels of cellulose as compared to the WT strain.