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Supplemental material

JCB

Ellis et al., http://www.jcb.org/cgi/content/full/jcb.201212095/DC1

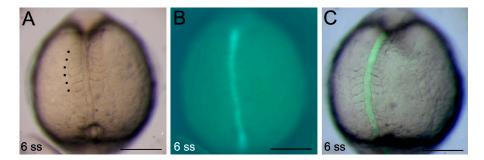


Figure S1. The rcn3 promoter turns on at 6 ss and is specific to the notochord. (A) Whole-mount bright field image of a 6-ss transgenic GFP-CaaX embryo—Tg(rcn3:GFP-CaaX). Dots indicate somites. (B) GFP-CaaX localizes specifically to the notochord. (C) Merge of brightfield and GFP-CaaX. Bars, 200 µm.

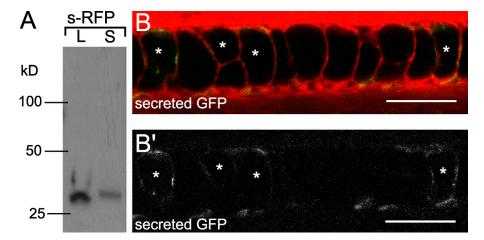


Figure S2. **Secreted GFP does not accumulate in the vacuole.** (A) Western blot of HEK293AD cells expressing secreted RFP. A GFP-tagged version of the same protein was used for the transgenic fish line. L, cell lysate; S, supernatant. (B and B') Live confocal image of a 24-hpf embryo expressing secreted GFP (Tg(rcn3:gal4); Tg(UAS:s-GFP)), visualized with MED (B) and grayscale GFP alone (B'). Asterisks label expressing cells. Bars, 50 µm.

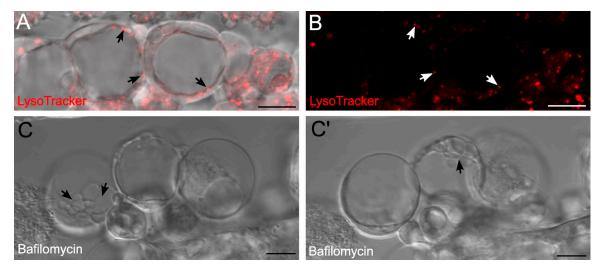


Figure S3. The lumen of the vacuole is not acidic, yet acidification is necessary for vacuole maintenance. (A) Confocal image (bright field and LysoTracker merged) of cells from a dissected notochord of a 24-hpf embryo incubated with LysoTracker for 20 min. (B) LysoTracker alone. (C and C') Confocal images of cells from a dissected notochord of a 24-hpf embryo incubated with 1 µM bafilomycin for 2 h. Arrows indicate fragmenting vacuoles. The same cells are shown in C and C' in different focal planes to show vacuole fragmentation. Bars, 10 µm.

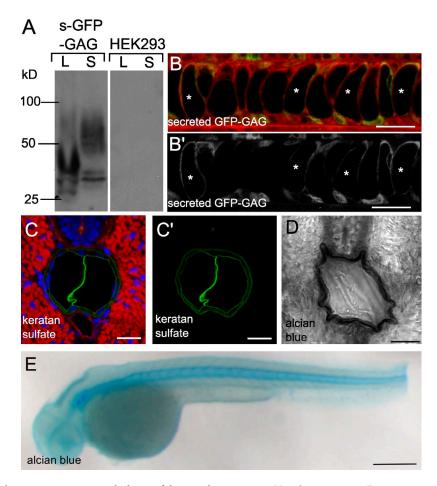


Figure S4. **Glycosaminoglycans are not present in the lumen of the vacuole.** (A) Western blot of HEK293AD cells expressing secreted GFP-GAG. The characteristic smear in the supernatant is indicative of GAG modification. L, cell lysate; S, supernatant. (B and B') Live confocal image of a transgenic 24-hpf embryo expressing GAG-tagged secreted GFP (*Tg(rcn3:gal4)*; *Tg(UAS:s-GFP-GAG)*), visualized with MED (B) and grayscale GFP-GAG alone (B'). Asterisks label expressing cells. (C) Confocal image of a cross section of a 2-dpf embryo immunostained with an antibody against keratan sulfate (green), phalloidin (red), and DAPI (blue). (C') anti-keratan sulfate alone. (E) 2-dpf embryo labeled with Alcian blue reveals staining in developing otoliths and perinotochordal sheath. (D) Cross section of a 2-dpf Alcian blue–stained embryo. Alcian blue labels the perinotochordal sheath but not the lumen of the vacuoles. Bars: (B and B') 50 μm; (C and D) 20 μm; (E) 250 μm.