Supplementary data

Figures S1 to S6



Figure S1 SDS-PAGE analysis of an active fraction from the purification of an enzyme with transamination activity from *L. sakei* TMW 1.1322. Cells were broken down by HEWL and ultrasonification. Lanes: (M) molecular weight marker; (A) active fraction after anion exchange chromatography and gel filtration. Protein bands were visualized by Coomassie staining. The catalytically active protein in lane (A) was identified as HEWL by LC-MS.



Figure S2 Transamination side-activity of HEWL. The amount of α -ketoisocaproic acid (KIC) formed from different concentrations of L-leucine within 22 hours at 37 °C is shown. Control A = without addition of HEWL; control B = without addition of substrate (HEWL 1 mg/mL); control C = addition of inactivated HEWL (99 °C for 15 min, 1 mg/mL).



Figure S3 SDS-PAGE analysis of heterologously expressed and purified AcP from *L. sakei* TMW 1.1322 in *E. coli* TOP 10. Lanes: (A) crude CFE from *E. coli* TOP 10; (B) AcP after HisTrap purification; (M) molecular weight marker. Protein bands were visualized by Coomassie staining.



HEWL



Figure S4 Dependence of AcP on pH, temperature and time (left panel) and HEWL (right panel) on transamination activity against L-leucine (5 mM). The relative product amount is expressed as a percentage of maximum amount, which was given a value of 100 %.



Figure S5 Lineweaver-Burk plots for the determination of kinetic data of AcP. 1/v = 1/specific activity [pkat/mg]; 1/[S] = 1/substrate concentration [mM]. A = L-leucine; B = L-phenylalanine; C = L-isoleucine; D = L-methionine; E = L-valine



Figure S6 Lineweaver-Burk plots for the determination of kinetic data of HEWL. 1/v = 1/specific activity [pkat/mg]; 1/[S] = 1/substrate concentration [mM]. A = L-leucine; B = L-phenylalanine; C = L-isoleucine;