

## **Supplementary material:**

### **Supplementary table 1: Data collection and refinement statistics**

### **Supplementary Fig. SI1: All tested FKBP-rapamycin complexes bind to FRB domain of mTOR with high affinity.**

FRET binding assay with recombinant GST-FRB and eGFP-FKBPs: half-logarithmic plot of the rapamycin concentration against the observed FRET ratio (Em 520 nm/ Em 495 nm). 5 nM GST-FRB, 100 nM eGFP-FKBPs and 2.5 nM of a Terbium-labelled anti-GST antibody were used. Rapamycin was titrated from 0 to 5  $\mu$ M (●FKBP12.6; ○FKBP12; ▼FKBP13; ΔFKBP25; ■FKBP51; □FKBP52).

### **Supplementary Fig. SI2: Six different FKBP proteins reduce mTOR activity with nanomolar IC<sub>50</sub> values in a rapamycin-dependent manner.**

FRET-based mTOR activity assay, containing purified truncated mTOR and eGFP-4E-BP1 as a substrate: half-logarithmic plot of a rapamycin titration (0 – 1000 nM) against observed FRET ratio (Em 520 nm / Em 495 nm) in presence of 100 nM FKBP protein (●FKBP12; ○FKBP12.6; ▲FKBP13; ΔFKBP25; ■FKBP51; □FKBP52).

### **Supplementary Fig. SI3: FKBP12 and FKBP51 FK1 mediate growth inhibition by rapamycin.**

Growth curves demonstrate that FKBP12 and FKBP51 FK1 have a similar effect on yeast cells: In glucose medium (SD, which will repress expression of FKBP proteins) or galactose containing medium (SG, which will induce expression of FKBP proteins), the indicated yeast clones were grown at 30°C in the presence or the absence of rapamycin (5  $\mu$ M final concentration). OD<sub>600</sub> was measured every 180 minutes and plotted against time.

**Supplementary Fig. SI4: In FKBP12-knockdown cells, rapamycin-induced Akt hyperphosphorylation is reduced compared to wild type cells.**

Cellular Akt phosphorylation was determined using a homogeneous time-resolved assay. SH-SY5Y neuroblastoma cells were starved for 24 h and stimulated with 10% FBS/100 nM insulin for 60 minutes in the presence of 0-3.5 nM rapamycin or 10 nM Torin-1. Mean values of three independent data points are shown.

**Supplementary Fig. SI5: FKBP51 overexpression increases rapamycin-induced Akt phosphorylation in HeLa cells**

HeLa cells were transfected for expression of FLAG-FKBP51 or empty plasmid. After 24 h, cells were starved for 24 h and then stimulated with serum and insulin for 60 minutes in presence of 0-25 nM rapamycin. Cells were lysed and subjected to immunoblotting analysis. (A) Western blot analysis and (B) densitometric analysis of phosphoS473 Akt signals (relative to load).

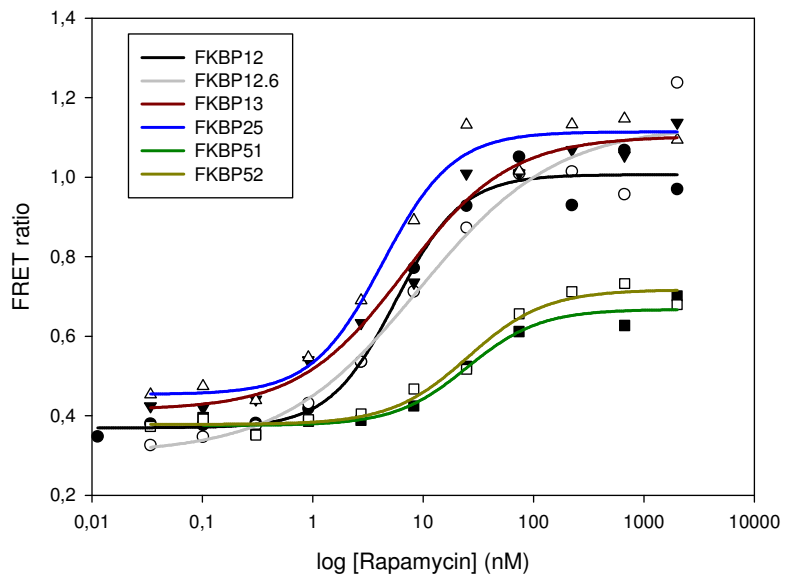
## Supplementary images and tables:

**Table S1:**

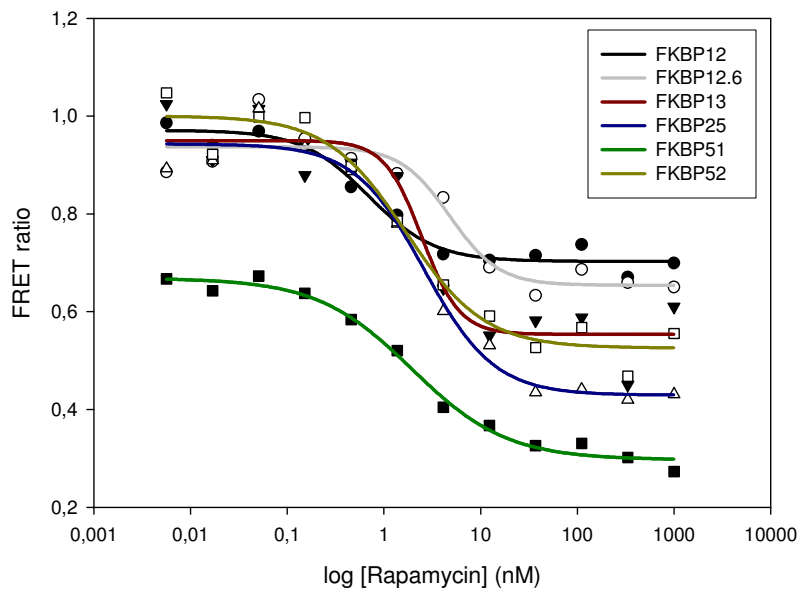
	FKBP51 FK1- rapamycin-FRB	FKBP51 FK1- rapamycin-FRB (low pH)	FKBP52 FK1- rapamycin-FRB
<b>Data collection</b>			
Space group	$P2_12_12_1$	$P3_112$	$P2_12_12_1$
Cell dimensions $a, b, c$ (Å)	59.48, 59.52, 67.78;	103.68, 103.68, 106.54;	58.52, 62.99, 70.14;
$\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ (°)	90, 90, 90	90, 90, 120	90, 90, 90
Resolution (Å)	59.48 - 1.45 (1.53 - 1.45)*	89.80 - 2.3 (2.42 - 2.3)	70.19 - 1.8 (1.96 - 1.8)
$R_{\text{merge}}$	0.043 (0.377)	0.081 (0.519)	0.044 (0.350)
$I / \sigma I$	17.3 (3.3)	18.3 (4.1)	16.2 (3.0)
Completeness (%)	95.7 (93.8)	99.4 (98.8)	99.0 (98.9)
Redundancy	3.8 (3.5)	7.4 (7.5)	3.5 (3.6)
<b>Refinement</b>			
Resolution (Å)	19.05 - 1.45	20 - 2.3	19.76 - 1.8
No. reflections	39213	27545	23105
$R_{\text{work}} / R_{\text{free}}$	0.1769 / 0.2064	0.1871 / 0.2259	0.1883 / 0.2247
No. atoms			
Protein	1794	3517	1731
Ligand/ion	65	130 / 105	65 / 5
Water	223	89	151
$B$ -factors			
Protein	24.56	45.31	40.78
Ligand/ion	15.74	34.78 / 86.55	24.44 / 54.82
Water	35.48	41.87	44.79
R.m.s. deviations			
Bond lengths (Å)	0.014	0.012	0.012
Bond angles (°)	1.546	1.450	1.287

For each structure a single crystal was used. \*Values in parentheses are for highest-resolution shell.

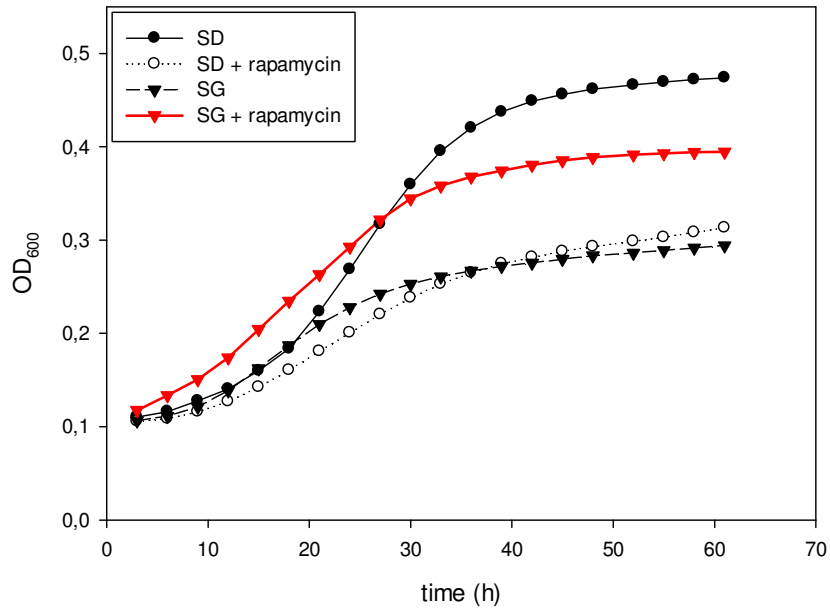
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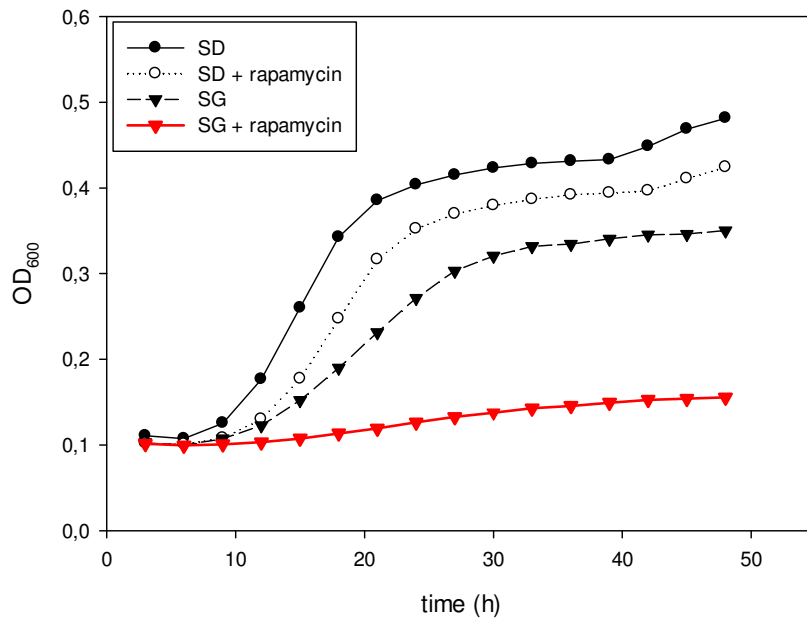
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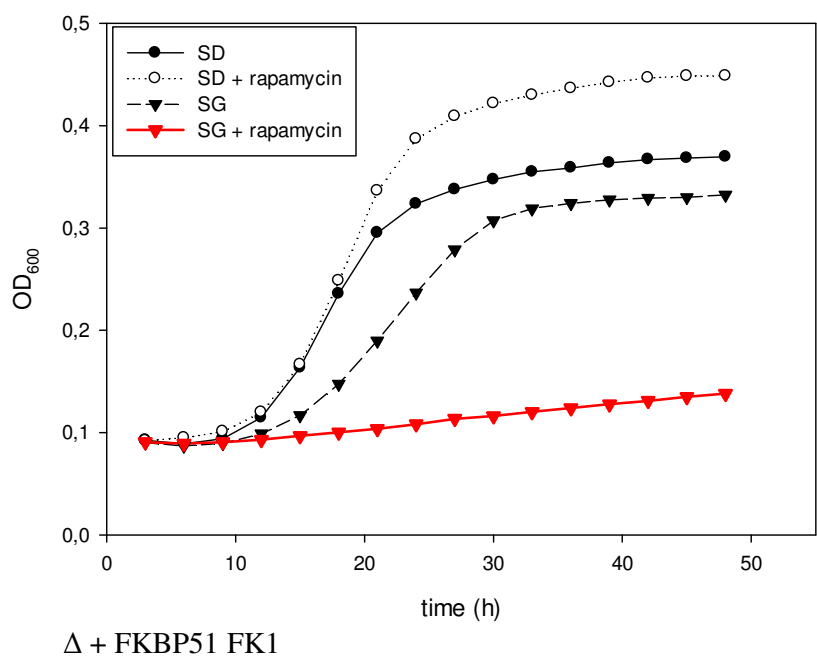
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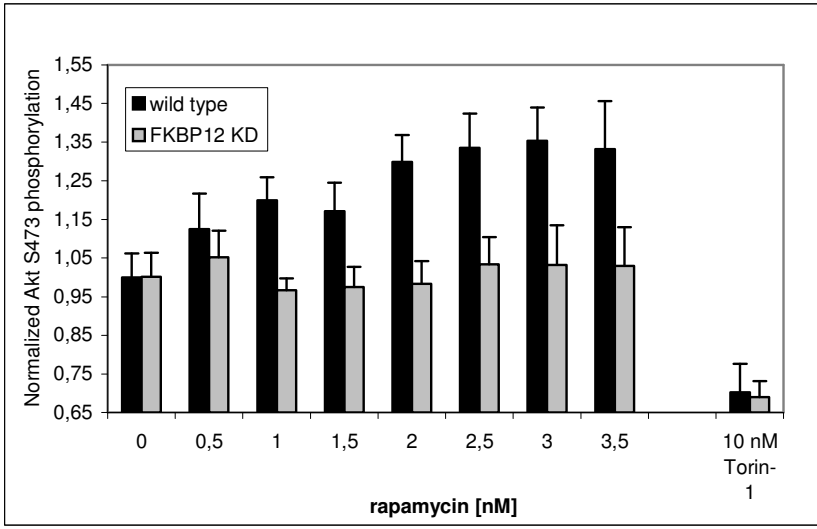
Deletion mutant  $\Delta$  + empty vector



$\Delta$  + FKBP12

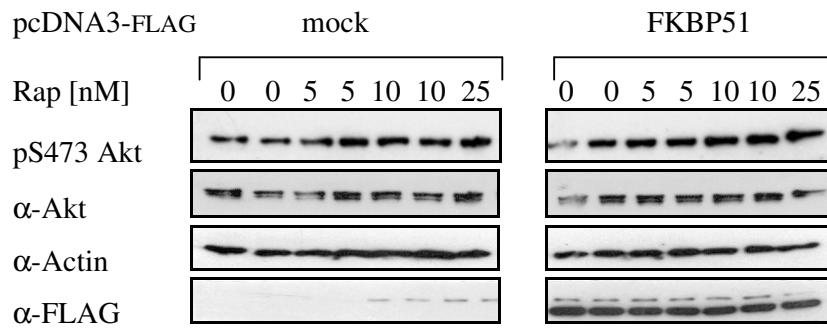


**SI4:**



**SI5:**

**A**



**B**

