

Supplementary Fig.2. Pol κ enrichment at laser-induced sites of damage was independent of ongoing DNA replication. (A) Pol κ accumulation at laser-induced sites of damage could be detected in G1-phase cells. MRC5 cells expressing GFP-Pol κ were micro-irradiated with laser and 40 min later immunostained with antibodies to cyclin A (a marker of S and G2 phases). (B) U2OS cells transfected with GFP-Pol κ were synchronized to G2/M phase by treatment with nocodazole (50 ng/ml) for about 15.5 h. Then the cells were released from the block (t = 0) and harvested at different time points. The cell cycle phase distribution was analyzed. (C) & (D) Cells at 10 h and 15 h after release were irradiated with a UVA laser. The images were recorded at the indicated time points (C) and the recruitment kinetics of Pol κ in these cells was compared (D).