

Table S1. Mean and 95% confidence interval of the differences in means and proportions in baseline characteristics of black compared to white patients in the overall cohort.

	Difference	95% CI
Age (years)	-3.8	-3.9, -3.7
Married (N, %)	-0.19	-0.19, -0.18
Insured (N, %)	-0.1	-0.1, -0.1
SBP (mmHg)	4.0	3.84, 4.16
DBP (mmHg)	4.0	3.9, 4.1
DM (N, %)	0.09	0.09, 0.1
Cardiovascular disease (N, %)	-0.15	-0.15, -0.15
Hypertension (N, %)	0.09	0.08, 0.09
CHF (N, %)	0.03	0.02, 0.03
PVD (N, %)	0.009	0.007, 0.010
Cerebrovascular disease (N, %)	0.016	0.013, 0.02
Chronic Lung Disease (N, %)	-0.034	-0.038, -0.031
Rheumatology Disease (N, %)	-0.004	-0.002, -0.005
Peptic ulcer disease (N, %)	0.004	-0.002, 0.005
Liver disease (N, %)	0.001	0.0003, 0.002
Malignancy (N, %)	0.05	0.04, 0.05
AIDS/HIV	0.009	0.008, 0.010
Charlson index	0.4	0.38, 0.42
eGFR (ml/min/1.73m ²)	-1.2	-1.3, -1.1
WBC count (1,000/mm ³)	-0.9	-0.94, -0.86
Cholesterol (mg/dl)	6.0	5.7, 6.3
Bicarbonate (mEq/L)	-0.5	-0.53, -0.47
Calcium (mg/dl)	0.0	0.0, 0.0
Hemoglobin (g/dl)	-0.9	-0.92, -0.88
Albumin (g/dl)	-0.1	-0.1, -0.1
Alkaline phosphatase (U/l)	7.0	6.7, 7.3

DM, diabetes mellitus; CHF, congestive heart failure; PVD, peripheral vascular disease;
 SBP, systolic blood pressure; DBP, diastolic blood pressure; eGFR, estimated glomerular
 filtration rate; WBC, white blood cell count.