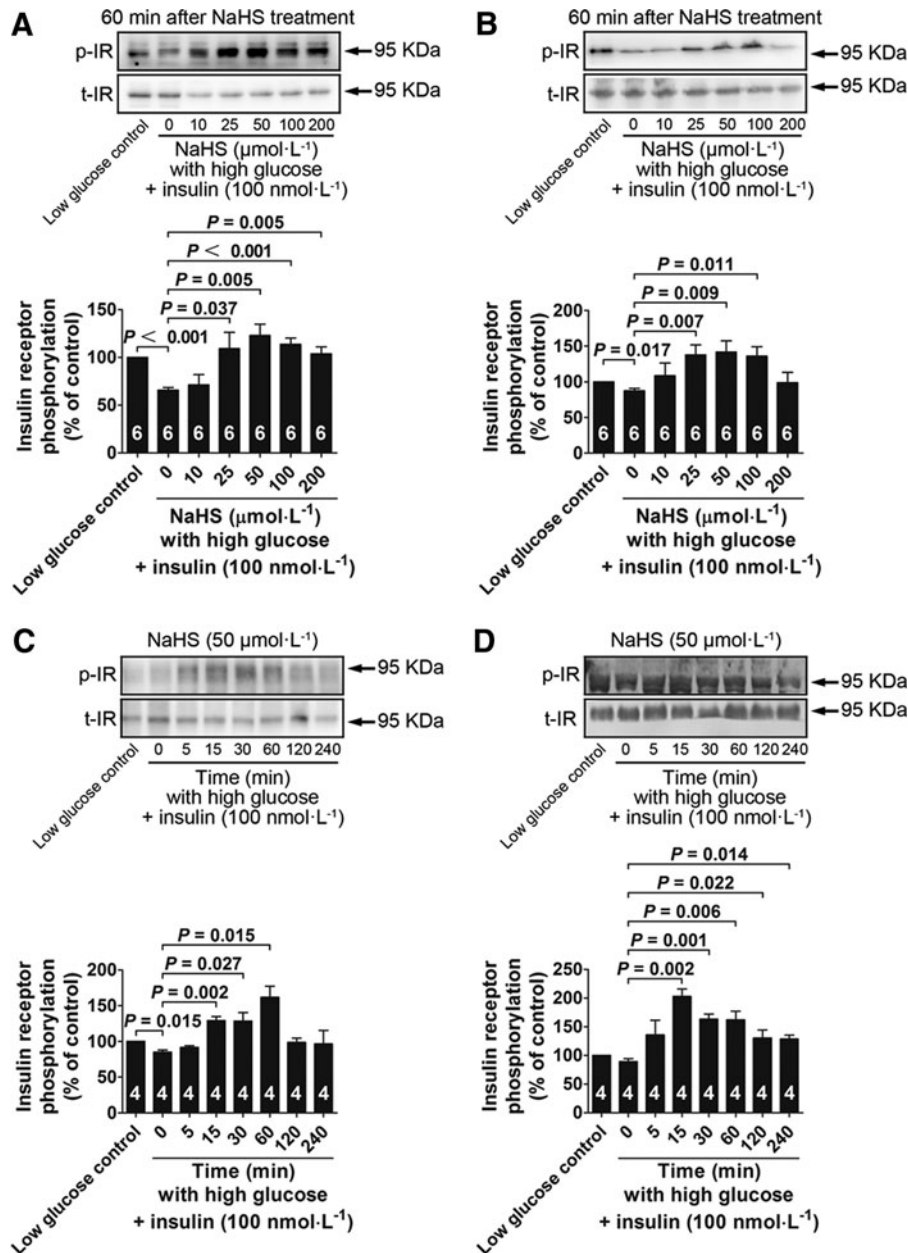
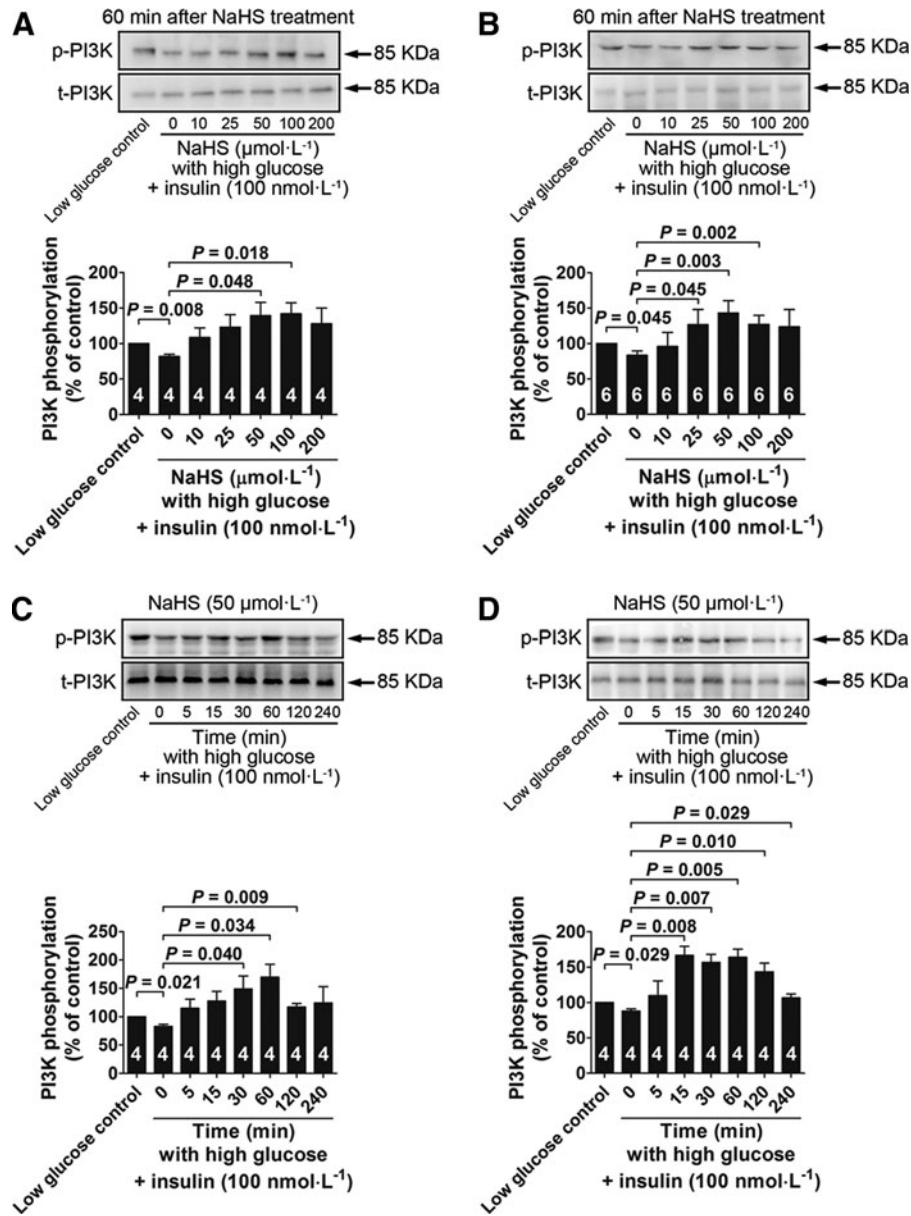


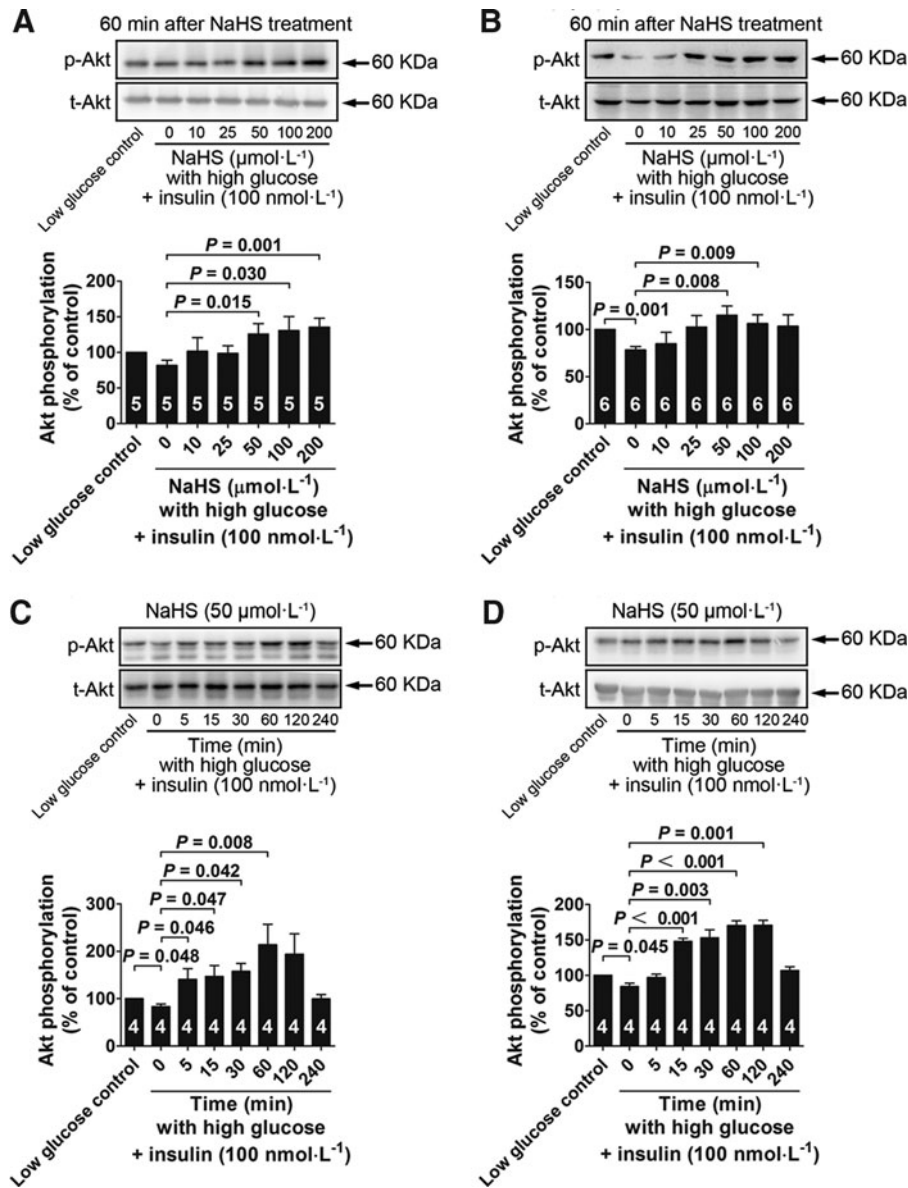
Supplementary Data



SUPPLEMENTARY FIG. S1. NaHS treatment increases phosphorylation of the IR in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes in the presence of high glucose (25 mM) and insulin (100 nM). (A, B) Dose–response of NaHS treatment (10–200 μM) for 60 min on phosphorylation of the IR in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes exposed to a high-glucose medium (25 mM) with insulin (100 nM). (C, D) Time course of phosphorylation of the IR induced by NaHS treatment (50 μM) in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes exposed to a high-glucose medium (25 mM) with insulin (100 nM). Data represent means \pm SE. A p value < 0.05 represents statistical significance. NaHS, sodium hydrosulfide; IR, insulin receptor; SE, standard error.



SUPPLEMENTARY FIG. S2. NaHS treatment increases phosphorylation of PI3K in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes in the presence of high glucose (25 mM) and insulin (100 nM). (A, B) Effects of a 60-min treatment with various concentrations of NaHS (10–200 μM) on PI3K phosphorylation in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes exposed to a high-glucose medium. (C, D) Time course of PI3K phosphorylation induced by NaHS (50 μM) in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes exposed to a high-glucose medium. Data represent means \pm SE. A p value < 0.05 represents statistical significance.



SUPPLEMENTARY FIG. S3. NaHS treatment increases phosphorylation of Akt in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes in the presence of high glucose (25 mM) and insulin (100 nM). (A, B) Effects of a 60-min treatment with various concentrations of NaHS (10–200 μM) on Akt phosphorylation in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes exposed to a high-glucose medium. (C, D) Time course of Akt phosphorylation induced by NaHS (50 μM) in L6 myotubes and 3T3-L1 adipocytes exposed to a high-glucose medium. Data represent means \pm SE. A p value < 0.05 represents statistical significance.