Biodegradable Optode-Based Nanosensors for in Vivo Monitoring

Mary K. Balaconis† and Heather A. Clark‡*

†Department of Bioengineering, ‡Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences

Northeastern University, 360 Huntington Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts 02115, United States

*Correspondence: Heather A. Clark, Ph.D, h.clark@neu.edu

ABSTRACT

The Supplementary Information includes time series videos of the fluorescence reversibility of the sodium nanosensors.

Video S-1. Dynamic fluorescence response of biodegradable sodium nanosensors. Timelapse series of sodium nanosensors encapsulated in a microdialysis hollow fiber as they are exposed to 0 mM and 500 mM NaCl solutions. Images were acquired using a 488 nm laser and emission was collected every 11.6 seconds using a long pass filter. The time series shown here was sped up to a speed of 7 frames per second (fps).

Video S-2. Dynamic fluorescence response of biodegradable sodium nanosensors. Timelapse series of sodium nanosensors encapsulated in a microdialysis hollow fiber as they are exposed to 0 mM and 500 mM NaCl solutions. Images were acquired using a 639 nm laser and emission was collected every 11.6 seconds using a long pass filter. The time series shown here was sped up to a speed of 7 fps.