

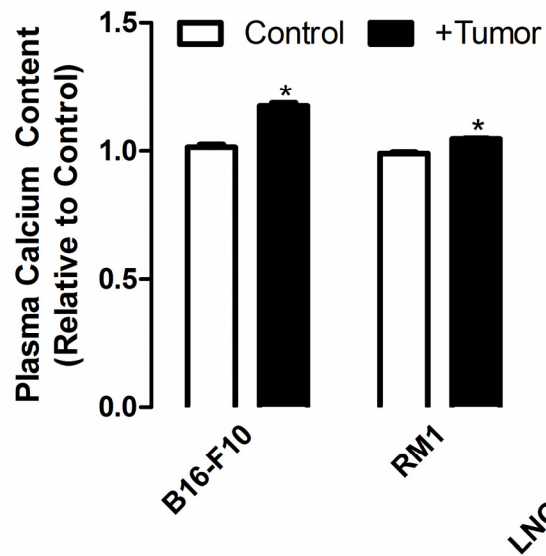
SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

	C57BL/6	RM1	B16-F10	NOD/SCID	LNCaP-C4-2
BV/TV	0.081±0.003	0.148±0.013 <i>p</i> <0.005	0.124±0.002 <i>p</i> <0.005	0.064±0.007	0.094±0.010 <i>p</i> =0.028
Tb.Th (um)	45.85±0.139	50.34±0.396 <i>p</i> <0.005	50.23±0.390 <i>p</i> <0.005	47.88±0.917	51.09±0.824 <i>p</i> =0.027
Tb.Sp (um)	191.35±9.00	141.26±5.27 <i>p</i> <0.005	160.69±4.93 <i>p</i> =0.038	168.58±3.13	147.12±6.47 <i>p</i> =0.020
Tb.N (1/mm)	1.77±0.066	3.19±0.115 <i>p</i> <0.005	2.47±0.056 <i>p</i> =0.005	1.46±0.020	1.97±0.196 <i>p</i> =0.031
BSA (mm ²)	10.06±0.631	14.34±1.33 <i>p</i> <0.005	14.99±0.126 <i>p</i> =0.006	3.77±0.406	5.67±0.700 <i>p</i> =0.028

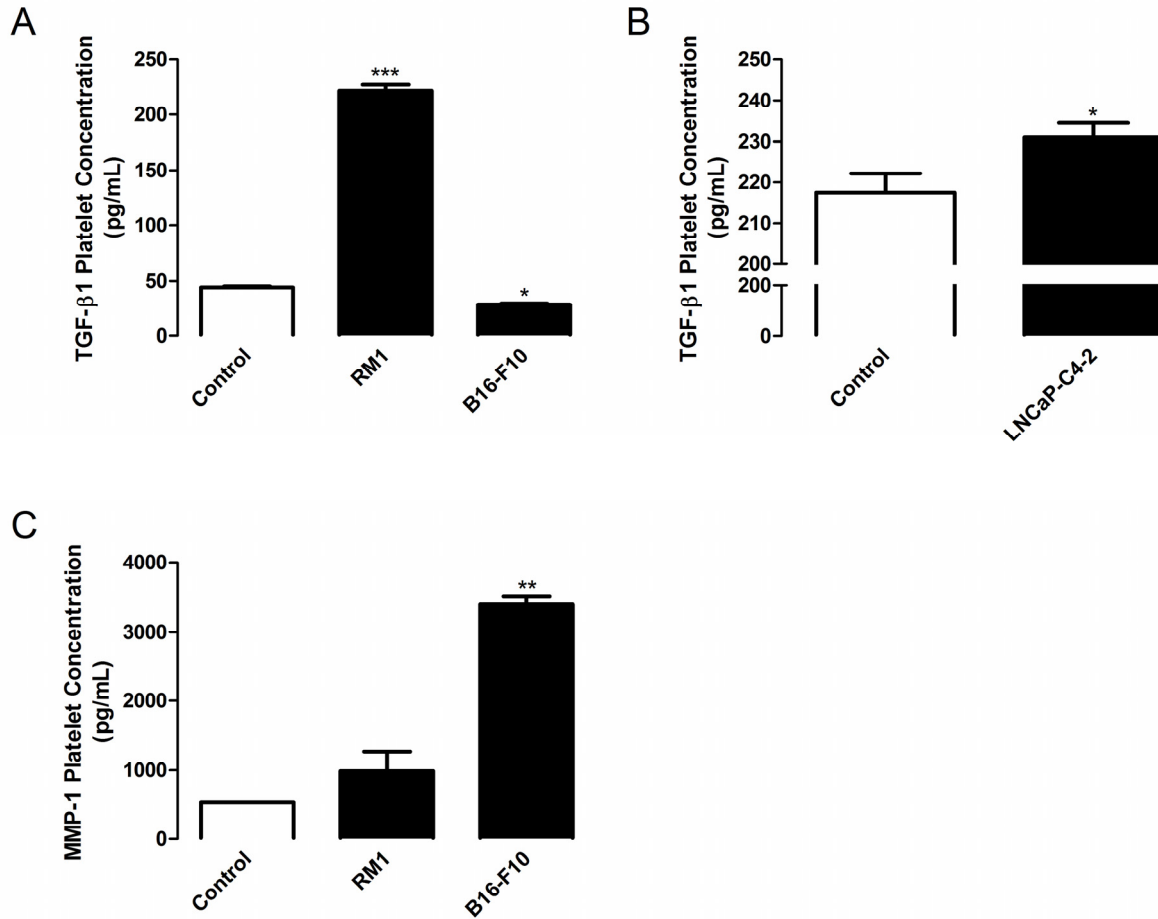
Supplementary Table 1. Bone Structural Indices at the Final Scan Time Point. Tumor cells were implanted subcutaneously into male mice: B16-F10 murine melanoma (2×10^6 cells in C57BL/6 mice, 9 wks of age), RM1 murine prostate cancer (4×10^5 cells in C57BL/6 mice, 9 wks of age), and LNCaP-C4-2 human prostate cancer (4×10^5 cells encapsulated in matrigel in NOD/SCID mice, 8 wks of age). Corresponding control mice were injected with PBS (for C57BL/6 mice) or matrigel (NOD/SCID mice). Tibial bones were scanned using microCT upon experimental termination *ex vivo*: 9 days (B16-F10), 12 days (RM1), or 19 days (LNCaP-C4-2) after tumor implantation. Bone morphometric changes were measured using a GE eXplore Locus MicroCT scanner with 360 X-ray projections collected at 1° increments and projected images reconstructed into 3D volumes at 20µm resolution as previously described for bone volume: total volume ratio (BV/TV), bone surface area (BSA), average trabecular thickness (Tb.Th), average trabecular spacing (Tb.Sp) and average trabecular number (Tb.N). Values are represented as mean ± SEM (*n*=5). Statistics shown are vs. C57BL/6 or NOD/SCID control mice by paired Student's *t* test.

	Control	Tumor Alone	Tumor + Platelet Depletion	Tumor + Platelet Infusion
BV/TV	0.077±0.004	0.116±0.008 <i>p</i> =0.005	0.082±0.005 <i>p</i> =0.56	0.121±0.012 <i>p</i> =0.01
Tb.Th (um)	45.63±0.118	50.22±0.390 <i>p</i> <0.005	47.04±0.489 <i>p</i> =0.02	50.01±1.45 <i>p</i> =0.006
Tb.Sp (um)	191.35±8.99	159.29±1.42 <i>p</i> =0.02	183.04±2.24 <i>p</i> =0.35	165.05±2.57 <i>p</i> =0.02
Tb.N (1/mm)	1.69±0.089	2.41±0.067 <i>p</i> <0.005	1.73±0.117 <i>p</i> =0.79	2.45±0.181 <i>p</i> =0.009
BSA (mm ²)	8.87±1.29	14.25±0.744 <i>p</i> =0.02	10.27±0.759 <i>p</i> =0.413	14.38±0.767 <i>p</i> =0.01

Supplementary Table 2. Bone Structural Indices at the Final Scan Time Point. B16-F10 (2×10^6) tumor cells were implanted subcutaneously in 9 wk old C57BL/6 mice. Control mice were injected with PBS. After tumor implantation, mice were treated with rat anti-mouse GPIIb/3a (PLT Depletion) or rat IgG (Tumor Alone and Control) ($2 \mu\text{g/g}$ body weight, each, Emfret Analytics, Eibelstadt, Germany) by tail vein injection. Injections were repeated every 3 days. Platelets ($\sim 3 \times 10^9$) from two donor mice in resuspension buffer were injected into a single recipient WT mouse just prior to B16-F10 implantation via the tail vein. Platelet infusion was repeated every 5 days until experimental termination. Tibial bones were scanned using microCT 9 days after tumor implantation *ex vivo*. Bone morphometric changes were measured using a GE eXplore Locus MicroCT scanner with 360 X-ray projections collected at 1° increments and projected images reconstructed into 3D volumes at $20 \mu\text{m}$ resolution for bone volume: total volume ratio (BV/TV), bone surface area (BSA), average trabecular thickness (Tb.Th), average trabecular spacing (Tb.Sp) and average trabecular number (Tb.N). Values are represented as mean \pm SEM ($n=4$). Statistics shown are vs. control samples by paired Student's *t* test.



Supplemental Figure 1. Calcium levels in the plasma of mice bearing tumors. Plasma was isolated from control injected mice or mice bearing RM1, B16-F10 or LNCaP-C4-2 tumors upon experimental termination and subjected to a StanBio Total Calcium LiquiColor Procedure No. 0150 Assay (Boerne, TX) to measure the concentration of calcium represented as mean \pm SEM ($n=2-3$). * $p<0.05$, * $p<0.01$, and *** $p<0.005$ vs. control by unpaired Student's t test.



Supplemental Figure 2. MMP-1 and TGF-β1 levels are increased in the platelets of mice bearing tumors. Platelet releasates were isolated from control injected mice or mice bearing RM1, B16-F10 or LNCaP-C4-2 tumors upon experimental termination (B16-F10: 9 days; RM1: 12 days; LNCaP-C4-2: 19 days) and subjected to (A and B) Invitrogen Multi-Species TGF-β1 ELISA (Camarillo, CA) or (C) MyBioSource Mouse MMP-1 ELISA (San Diego, CA) assays to measure the concentration of proteins represented as mean ± SEM ($n=2-3$). * $p<0.05$, * $p<0.01$, and *** $p<0.005$ vs. control by unpaired Student's t test.