Table SI.	Identifica	ation of	14-3-3	Proteins	as R	nd3	Interac	tors b	y Mass	Speci	rometry
Related to	Figure 1										

protein	accession	MW	nI	no.	unique	%
I.D.	no.	(Da)	pı	peptides	peptides	coverage
Rnd3	P61587	27351	8.78	14	14	63
14-3-3ε	P62258	29155	4.63	9	7	51
14-3-3γ	P61981	28285	4.8	9	4	37
14-3-3ζ	P63104	27728	4.73	6	3	33
14-3-3β	P31946	28065	4.76	5	3	24

FLAG-Rnd3 was expressed in COS7 cells. FLAG-Rnd3 immunoprecipitates were resolved by SDS-PAGE, and the corresponding bands excised from the gel and analysed by mass spectrometry. Endogenous 14-3-3 proteins, which migrate at a similar molecular weight to FLAG-Rnd3, were identified.

Table S2. 14-3-3β Inhibits Rnd3-Induced Morphological Changes, Related to Figure 3

comparison	n voluo	statistical	
comparison	p-value	significance	
mock : β	0.957	NS	
mock : Rnd3WT	< 0.001	***	
mock : Rnd3WT+ β	< 0.001	***	
mock : Rnd3A240	< 0.001	***	
mock : Rnd3A240+β	< 0.001	***	
β : Rnd3WT	< 0.001	***	
β : Rnd3WT+ β	< 0.001	***	
β : Rnd3A240	< 0.001	***	
β : Rnd3A240+ β	< 0.001	***	
Rnd3WT : Rnd3WT+β	< 0.001	***	
Rnd3WT : Rnd3A240	0.999	NS	
Rnd3WT : Rnd3A240+β	0.999	NS	
Rnd3WT+ β : Rnd3A240	< 0.001	***	
Rnd3WT+ β : Rnd3A240+ β	< 0.001	***	
Rnd3A240 : Rnd3A240+β	0.991	NS	

NIH3T3 cells were transfected with the indicated FLAG-Rnd3 and HA-14-3-3 β constructs, and after 24 h were fixed and stained for F-actin, and with antibodies to FLAG and HA epitopes. Technical triplicates within 3 independent experiments were summed to give cell counts per experiment per phenotype per condition (n=300). A Poisson model (generalized linear model) was used to fit the data, allowing the number of counted cells to vary between the treatment, the phenotype observed, and the two-way interactions between these. A multiple pairwise comparison between the cells with a "normal" phenotype for the various conditions was then performed and corrected for multiple testing by Tukey's method. The p-values for comparisons were calculated. β , 14-3-3 β ; NS, not significant.

peptide sequence	name	experiment used for
N-DLRKDKAKSC-C	-P-F	ITC
N-DLRKDKAKpSC-C	+P-F	ITC
N-DLRKDKAKSC(S-farnesyl)-C	-P+F	ITC
N-DLRKDKAKpSC(S-farnesyl)-C	+P+F	ITC + crystal structure
N-CDRSK pS APTS-C	PKC	peptide competition
N-Bio-Eahx-DLRKDKAKSC-C	-P-F	peptide competition & pull-down
N-Bio-Eahx-DLRKDKAKpSC-C	+P-F	peptide competition & pull-down
N-Bio-Eahx-DLRKDKAKSC(S-farnesyl)-C	-P+F	peptide competition & pull-down
N-Bio-Eahx-DLRKDKAKpSC(S-farnesyl)-C	+P+F	peptide competition & pull-down

Table S3. Rnd3 Peptide Sequences, Related to Figure 5

Peptide sequences from Rnd3 C-terminus (last 10 amino acids of the protein sequence from amino (N-) to carboxy (-C) terminus) are shown in single letter amino acid code, with **pS** denoting phosphorylated serine. The farnesylation on C241 is indicated in brackets. Also shown is a PKC ϵ peptide corresponding to a high affinity 14-3-3 binding sequence (Saurin et al., 2008), which was used as a positive control and inhibited the Rnd3/14-3-3 interaction. P, phosphorylated; F, farnesylated; Bio, biotinylated; ITC, isothermal titration calorimetry.

14-3-3/Rnd3 peptide					
Data collection					
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁				
Cell dimensions					
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (/Å)	70.78, 81.31, 111.19				
α, β, γ (°)	90, 90, 90				
Resolution (/Å)	2.3				
R_{merge} (%)	8.4 (53.9)				
Ι/σΙ	5.9 (1.2)				
Completeness (%)	99.1 (99.1)				
Multiplicity	3.21 (3.20)				
Wilson B	53.3				
Wavelength (/Å)	0.97				
Detector Distance (/mm)	439				
Refinement					
Resolution (/Å)	2.3				
No. reflections (unique)	92928 (28921)				
$R_{\rm work} / R_{\rm free}$	24.4 / 27.3				
No. Atoms					
Protein	3652 (including Farnesyl)				
Ligand/ion	63 (PEG)				
Water	80				
<i>B</i> -factors					
Protein	Chain A: 71.2, Chain B: 64.9, Chain Q: 88.5, Chain R:				
Ligand/ion	Chain P (PEG): 70.2				
Water	Chain W: 100.4				
R m s deviations					
Bond lengths (/Å)	0.001				
Bond angles (°)	0.495				

 Table S4. X-Ray Data Collection and Refinement Statistics, Related to Figure 6

Table S5. Interactions of C-Terminal Peptides from Candidate Proteins with 14-3-3,Related to Figure 7

protein	peptide sequence	$K_{D}(nM)$	$k_{on}(M^{-1}s^{-1})$	k_{off} (s ⁻¹)	χ^2	\mathbf{R}^2
Rap1A	EKKKPKKK pS C-GG	23.6	1.4×10^{6}	3.4×10^{-2}	0.20	0.99
PDE6C	GGDDKKSK pT C-GG	44.5	4.1×10^{5}	1.8×10^{-2}	0.03	0.99
RPRG	TNTERRSK pS C-GG	95	2.4×10^{5}	2.2×10^{-2}	0.03	0.99
Rap1B	PGKARKKS pS C-GG	170	3.2×10^{5}	5.5×10^{-2}	0.01	0.99
RhoG	PTPIKRGR pS C-GG	868	4.1×10^{4}	3.5×10^{-2}	0.02	0.99

The affinities of the indicated phosphorylated and geranylgeranylated peptides for 14-3-3 ζ were determined by biolayer interferometry using an Octet Red96 instrument. Data of a typical experiment (n \geq 3) along with statistics of the fit (χ^2 , R²) are shown. Peptide sequences from the C-terminus of the indicated proteins (last 10 amino acids of the mature protein sequence, terminating with Cys of CAAX box) are shown in single letter amino acid code, with **pS/pT** denoting phosphorylated serine/threonine. The modifications added to the C-terminal Cys are indicated. GG, geranylgeranylated; K_D, dissociation constant; k_{on}, association rate constant; k_{off}, dissocation rate constant.