

Web Appendix

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Study population

We utilized the data from two prospective cohort studies, the Nurses' Health Study (NHS, which started in 1976) and the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (HPFS, which started in 1986) (1, 2). Questionnaires were sent to participants every two years to update information on smoking status, diet, and other lifestyle factors, and to identify newly diagnosed diseases. In the present study, we excluded men and women with a baseline history of cancer (except non-melanoma skin cancer). We also excluded the participants who did not provide smoking information on the baseline questionnaire. A total of 88,397 women and 45,807 men were eligible for inclusion in the analysis. Based on the availability of adequate follow-up and tumor molecular data, 1,260 colorectal cancer cases, diagnosed from 1980 through 2008, were used as outcome data. Baseline characteristics of participants without available tumor molecular information were similar to those for cases with available data [age at diagnosis, 66.1 vs. 66.4 years old; never smoker, 40.6% vs. 39.9%; mean cumulative pack-years smoked, 14.8 vs. 14.9; mean pack-years smoked before age 30, 4.8 vs. 4.9; age at start of smoking 20 years old or younger, 31.7% vs. 31.3%; body mass index (BMI) $\geq 30 \text{ kg/m}^2$, 10.8% vs. 10.8% ($P > 0.1$ for all comparisons)].

Informed consent was obtained from all participants. This study was approved by the Human Subjects Committees at Harvard School of Public Health and Brigham and Women's Hospital.

Assessment of incident colorectal cancer

Every two years, participants were asked whether they had received a new diagnosis colon or rectal cancer. In addition, the National Death Index was searched to ascertain deaths, and any diagnosis of colorectal cancer that contributed to death or that was a secondary diagnosis (3). For putative colorectal cancer cases, the medical records were reviewed, and cases with carcinoma-in-situ, non-epithelial tumors, and metastases from other body sites were excluded. We retrieved formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded colorectal cancer tissue blocks from hospitals throughout the U.S. where participants with colorectal cancer had undergone surgical resection (4). We collected diagnostic biopsy specimens for rectal cancer patients who received preoperative treatment, to minimize bias from treatment. Hematoxylin and eosin stained tissue sections from all colorectal cancer cases were reviewed by a pathologist (S.O.).

DNA extraction, Pyrosequencing of *BRAF*, and microsatellite instability (MSI) analysis

DNA was extracted from paraffin embedded tissue. PCR and Pyrosequencing were performed for *BRAF* codon 600 (5). MSI analysis was performed using 10 microsatellite markers (D2S123, D5S346, D17S250, BAT25, BAT26, BAT40, D18S55, D18S56, D18S67, and D18S487) (6). MSI-high was defined as instability in $\geq 30\%$ of the markers, and microsatellite stability (MSS) was defined as instability in 0-29% of the markers (MSI-low cancers were incorporated into MSS cancers because both display similar features).

Methylation analysis for CpG islands

Using validated bisulfite DNA treatment and real-time PCR (MethyLight), we quantified DNA methylation in eight CIMP-specific promoters [*CACNA1G*, *CDKN2A* (p16), *CRABP1*, *IGF2*, *MLH1*, *NEUROG1*, *RUNX3* and *SOCS*] (6-9). CIMP-high was defined as the presence of $\geq 6/8$ methylated promoters and CIMP-low/negative was defined as 0/8-5/8 methylated promoters, according to previously established criteria (6-9).

Immunohistochemistry for DNMT3B

DNMT3B results were limited to cases where tumor tissues were available for tissue microarray (TMA) construction. Immunohistochemistry for DNMT3B (HGNC ID: 2979) using TMA was performed as previously described (10), using a monoclonal primary antibody against DNMT3B (1:150 dilution; catalog No. IMG-184A; clone 52A1018; Imgenex, San Diego, CA). This antibody was generated using full-length mouse recombinant Dnmt3b, and has been demonstrated to recognize human DNMT3B (www.imgenex.com/antibody_details.php?catalog=IMG-184A). DNMT3B positivity (i.e., overexpression) was defined as $\geq 30\%$ of tumor cells with at least weak nuclear staining. Appropriate positive and negative controls were included in each run of immunohistochemistry. All immunohistochemically-stained slides were interpreted by one of the investigators (K.N.) unaware of other data. A random selection of 141 cases was examined by a second observer (K.S.) unaware of other data; concordance between the two observers was 0.91 ($\kappa=0.60$, $P<0.001$), indicating substantial agreement (10).

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Web Table 1. Relations between tumor molecular features, tumor location, and sex in 1,260 colorectal cancer cases in the Nurses' Health Study (1980-2008) and the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (1986-2008)

	Within each of these subsets of cancer cases					
	CIMP-high (N=205)	MSI-high (N=188)	<i>BRAF</i> -mutated (N=178)	DNMT3B-positive (N=108)	Proximal colon cancer (N=591)	Women (N=718)
Prevalence of:	CIMP-high		76%	73%	32%	32%
	MSI-high	68%		56%	27%	29%
	<i>BRAF</i> -mutated	62%	52%		26%	25%
	DNMT3B-positive	31%	29%	28%		21%
	Proximal colon cancer	87%	87%	82%	60%	
	Women	70%	68%	76%	66%	60%

Abbreviations: CIMP, CpG island methylator phenotype; DNMT3B, DNA methyltransferase 3B; MSI, microsatellite instability.

Web Table 2. Duration of Smoking Cessation and Incident Colorectal Cancer Risk by Molecular Subtypes^a in the Nurses' Health Study (1980-2008) or the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (1986-2008)

	Current smoker	Cessation 1-4 years		Cessation 5-9 years		Cessation 10-19 years		Cessation 20-39 years		Cessation ≥40 years		$P_{\text{trend}}^{\text{b}}$	$P_{\text{heterogeneity}}^{\text{c}}$	
		HR	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI		
Women														
Person-years		381,181		125,752		119,058		238,551		338,742		62,676		
All colorectal cancer														
N		101		38		65		85		111		29		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.98	0.67, 1.42	1.51	1.11, 2.07	1.02	0.76, 1.36	0.80	0.61, 1.05	0.79	0.52, 1.21	0.003	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.99	0.68, 1.43	1.52	1.11, 2.08	1.01	0.75, 1.36	0.79	0.60, 1.05	0.79	0.51, 1.21	0.004	
CIMP status														
CIMP-low/negative														
N		71		25		51		67		89		20		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.93	0.59, 1.47	1.77	1.23, 2.55	1.21	0.86, 1.70	0.98	0.71, 1.34	0.91	0.55, 1.52	0.16	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.94	0.59, 1.48	1.79	1.24, 2.57	1.21	0.86, 1.70	0.97	0.70, 1.34	0.91	0.54, 1.52	0.19	0.01
CIMP-high														
N		25		12		12		15		18		7		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.12	0.56, 2.23	0.90	0.45, 1.81	0.56	0.29, 1.06	0.39	0.21, 0.72	0.44	0.19, 1.02	0.0003	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.14	0.57, 2.27	0.90	0.45, 1.80	0.56	0.29, 1.07	0.39	0.21, 0.73	0.43	0.18, 1.02	0.001	
MSI status														
MSS														
N		76		24		52		65		91		20		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.84	0.53, 1.32	1.67	1.17, 2.38	1.08	0.77, 1.51	0.91	0.67, 1.24	0.83	0.50, 1.38	0.09	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.84	0.53, 1.34	1.67	1.17, 2.39	1.08	0.77, 1.51	0.91	0.66, 1.24	0.83	0.50, 1.38	0.10	0.05
MSI-high														
N		21		12		10		14		14		8		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.34	0.65, 2.72	0.92	0.43, 1.96	0.65	0.33, 1.28	0.38	0.19, 0.76	0.61	0.27, 1.41	0.002	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.35	0.66, 2.76	0.91	0.43, 1.94	0.65	0.33, 1.28	0.38	0.19, 0.76	0.61	0.26, 1.40	0.003	

BRAF mutation status**BRAF-wildtype**

N	79	25	51	65	91	22							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.84	0.53, 1.32	1.56	1.09, 2.22	1.01	0.73, 1.41	0.86	0.63, 1.17	0.84	0.51, 1.36	0.06
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.85	0.54, 1.33	1.56	1.09, 2.23	1.00	0.72, 1.40	0.85	0.62, 1.16	0.83	0.51, 1.36	0.07

BRAF-mutated

N	19	11	12	16	17	6							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.34	0.63, 2.83	1.29	0.62, 2.68	0.92	0.47, 1.80	0.56	0.29, 1.08	0.62	0.24, 1.57	0.01
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.35	0.64, 2.85	1.29	0.62, 2.67	0.92	0.47, 1.82	0.56	0.29, 1.08	0.62	0.24, 1.58	0.01

DNMT3B expression status**DNMT3B-negative**

N	61	22	30	44	59	6							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.96	0.59, 1.56	1.24	0.80, 1.92	1.05	0.71, 1.55	0.89	0.62, 1.29	0.49	0.21, 1.16	0.06
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.97	0.59, 1.58	1.26	0.81, 1.96	1.07	0.72, 1.58	0.91	0.63, 1.32	0.50	0.21, 1.18	0.08

DNMT3B-positive

N	12	3	7	2	8	1							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.67	0.19, 2.38	1.31	0.51, 3.37	0.20	0.04, 0.90	0.49	0.20, 1.22	0.29	0.04, 2.30	0.03
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.69	0.19, 2.45	1.34	0.52, 3.43	0.21	0.05, 0.96	0.52	0.21, 1.29	0.29	0.04, 2.30	0.03

Men

Person-years	58,327	36,153	36,662	74,205	172,684	64,012
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All colorectal cancer

N	38	22	21	44	131	76							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.93	0.55, 1.58	0.87	0.51, 1.49	0.81	0.52, 1.25	0.91	0.63, 1.31	0.92	0.61, 1.37	0.78
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.97	0.57, 1.65	0.89	0.52, 1.52	0.85	0.54, 1.32	0.97	0.67, 1.41	1.01	0.67, 1.52	0.83

CIMP status**CIMP-low/negative**

N	32	17	15	38	105	52							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.83	0.46, 1.50	0.72	0.39, 1.34	0.82	0.51, 1.33	0.87	0.58, 1.31	0.82	0.52, 1.30	0.59
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.86	0.47, 1.56	0.74	0.40, 1.38	0.87	0.54, 1.41	0.95	0.63, 1.42	0.91	0.57, 1.45	0.97

CIMP-high

N	6	3	3	3	19	9							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.99	0.24, 4.00	0.84	0.21, 3.40	0.38	0.09, 1.55	0.80	0.31, 2.05	0.57	0.19, 1.65	0.51
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.09	0.27, 4.44	0.90	0.22, 3.66	0.43	0.11, 1.77	0.88	0.34, 2.26	0.66	0.22, 1.95	0.66

MSI status

MSS

N	32	16	16	36	110	66							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.79	0.43, 1.44	0.78	0.43, 1.44	0.78	0.48, 1.27	0.90	0.60, 1.35	0.95	0.61, 1.48	0.88
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.82	0.45, 1.50	0.80	0.43, 1.46	0.81	0.50, 1.32	0.96	0.64, 1.44	1.04	0.66, 1.62	0.56
MSI-high													0.25
N	6	4	4	6	16	9							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.09	0.30, 3.91	1.13	0.31, 4.05	0.70	0.22, 2.19	0.66	0.25, 1.70	0.56	0.19, 1.63	0.21
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.13	0.32, 4.07	1.16	0.32, 4.17	0.74	0.23, 2.33	0.71	0.27, 1.86	0.63	0.22, 1.86	0.32

BRAF mutation status*BRAF*-wildtype

N	35	17	19	40	116	67							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.75	0.42, 1.35	0.84	0.48, 1.47	0.79	0.50, 1.25	0.85	0.58, 1.25	0.85	0.56, 1.31	0.75
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.78	0.44, 1.41	0.86	0.49, 1.50	0.82	0.52, 1.30	0.91	0.61, 1.34	0.93	0.60, 1.43	0.88
<i>BRAF</i> -mutated													0.98
N	3	3	1	3	13	7							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	2.37	0.46, 12.0	0.61	0.06, 5.96	0.73	0.15, 3.69	1.37	0.38, 4.95	1.14	0.28, 4.67	0.93
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	2.39	0.47, 12.1	0.59	0.06, 5.74	0.76	0.15, 3.86	1.40	0.39, 5.06	1.22	0.30, 5.01	0.98

DNMT3B expression status

DNMT3B-negative

N	12	13	8	28	64	31							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.72	0.78, 3.81	1.03	0.42, 2.53	1.71	0.86, 3.39	1.51	0.81, 2.83	1.65	0.83, 3.29	0.40
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.76	0.80, 3.89	1.05	0.43, 2.59	1.79	0.90, 3.55	1.60	0.86, 3.00	1.82	0.91, 3.64	0.19
DNMT3B-positive													0.08
N	5	2	1	3	8	4							
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.92	0.18, 4.83	0.34	0.04, 2.98	0.49	0.11, 2.10	0.43	0.14, 1.35	0.39	0.10, 1.53	0.15
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.94	0.18, 4.96	0.35	0.04, 3.03	0.50	0.12, 2.17	0.45	0.15, 1.41	0.40	0.10, 1.60	0.17

Abbreviations: CI, confidence interval; CIMP, CpG island methylator phenotype; DNMT3B, DNA methyltransferase 3B; HR, hazard ratio; MSI, microsatellite instability; MSS, microsatellite stable; N, No. of cases.

^a All models were stratified with age.

^b Based on the linear trend test across the median values in each category. To test whether duration of smoking cessation reduced the cancer risk compared with current smoking, trend test and heterogeneity test were performed on current and past smokers excluding never smokers.

^c Tests for heterogeneity (for a multivariate HR liner trend) showed significance of differential association of cessation with colorectal cancer risk by molecular subtypes. (i.e., CIMP-low/negative vs. CIMP-high; MSS vs. MSI-high; *BRAF*-wildtype vs. *BRAF*-mutated; DNMT3B-negative vs. DNMT3B-positive).

^d Models were adjusted for body mass index, family history of colorectal cancer in any first-degree relative, regular use of aspirin, physical activity level, alcohol consumption, total caloric intake and red meat intake.

Web Table 3. Duration of Smoking Cessation and Incident Colorectal Cancer Risk by Cancer Anatomical Subsites and Molecular Subtypes^a in the Nurses' Health Study (1980-2008) and the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (1986-2008)

	Current smoker		Cessation 1-4 years		Cessation 5-9 years		Cessation 10-19 years		Cessation 20-39 years		Cessation ≥40 years		$P_{\text{trend}}^{\text{b}}$	$P_{\text{heterogeneity}}^{\text{c}}$												
	HR	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI															
Person-years	439,508		161,905		155,720		312,757		511,426		126,688															
Proximal colon cancer																										
CIMP status																										
CIMP-low/negative																										
N	34		16		25		37		75		28															
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.08	0.59, 1.96	1.48	0.88, 2.49	1.07	0.67, 1.72	1.06	0.70, 1.61	0.95	0.56, 1.61	0.35													
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.09	0.60, 1.98	1.51	0.89, 2.54	1.09	0.68, 1.76	1.07	0.70, 1.63	0.97	0.57, 1.65	0.49	0.06												
N	26		15		13		18		30		15															
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.32	0.70, 2.50	0.94	0.48, 1.83	0.62	0.34, 1.14	0.52	0.30, 0.89	0.56	0.29, 1.09	0.003													
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.36	0.72, 2.59	0.96	0.49, 1.87	0.64	0.35, 1.19	0.52	0.30, 0.89	0.58	0.30, 1.13	0.01													
MSI status																										
MSS																										
N	40		15		26		35		78		34															
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.85	0.47, 1.54	1.29	0.78, 2.12	0.84	0.53, 1.33	0.90	0.61, 1.33	0.84	0.52, 1.37	0.22													
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.86	0.47, 1.56	1.31	0.79, 2.16	0.86	0.54, 1.36	0.90	0.61, 1.33	0.86	0.53, 1.40	0.31	0.17												
N	22		16		13		17		28		16															
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.62	0.85, 3.11	1.12	0.56, 2.24	0.69	0.37, 1.32	0.59	0.33, 1.04	0.71	0.36, 1.40	0.01													
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.66	0.86, 3.17	1.13	0.56, 2.25	0.71	0.37, 1.34	0.59	0.33, 1.05	0.72	0.37, 1.43	0.02													
BRAF mutation status																										
BRAF-wildtype																										
N	45		18		26		37		86		38															
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.90	0.52, 1.56	1.12	0.69, 1.83	0.76	0.49, 1.18	0.85	0.59, 1.23	0.79	0.50, 1.26	0.24													
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.91	0.53, 1.59	1.15	0.71, 1.88	0.78	0.50, 1.21	0.86	0.59, 1.25	0.82	0.51, 1.29	0.34	0.09												
N	17		13		13		16		22		12															
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.73	0.84, 3.58	1.51	0.73, 3.12	0.92	0.46, 1.84	0.66	0.34, 1.25	0.80	0.37, 1.73	0.01													
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.75	0.85, 3.63	1.50	0.72, 3.10	0.94	0.47, 1.88	0.66	0.34, 1.25	0.80	0.37, 1.74	0.01													

DNMT3B expression status

DNMT3B-negative

N	29	16	13	24	47	14						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.34	0.72, 2.48	0.95	0.49, 1.83	0.94	0.54, 1.63	0.96	0.60, 1.55	0.82	0.42, 1.61
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.32	0.71, 2.44	0.96	0.49, 1.85	0.97	0.56, 1.68	0.98	0.60, 1.57	0.85	0.43, 1.67

DNMT3B-positive

N	9	5	4	2	11	3						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.41	0.47, 4.23	0.86	0.26, 2.82	0.24	0.05, 1.10	0.59	0.24, 1.44	0.37	0.10, 1.45
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.45	0.48, 4.38	0.89	0.27, 2.92	0.25	0.05, 1.17	0.62	0.25, 1.52	0.38	0.10, 1.49

Distal colorectal cancer**CIMP status**

CIMP-low/negative

N	69	26	40	68	115	42						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.83	0.53, 1.31	1.29	0.87, 1.91	1.08	0.77, 1.51	0.90	0.66, 1.22	0.89	0.59, 1.35
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.84	0.53, 1.32	1.27	0.86, 1.89	1.06	0.75, 1.49	0.91	0.67, 1.24	0.91	0.60, 1.38

CIMP-high

N	4	0	2	0	7	1						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	-	-	0.82	0.15, 4.52	-	-	0.59	0.16, 2.10	0.19	0.02, 1.80
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	-	-	0.80	0.14, 4.45	-	-	0.60	0.17, 2.16	0.19	0.02, 1.84

MSI status

MSS

N	67	25	41	66	119	50						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.83	0.52, 1.32	1.37	0.92, 2.02	1.07	0.76, 1.52	0.94	0.69, 1.29	1.05	0.71, 1.55
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.84	0.53, 1.33	1.35	0.91, 1.99	1.05	0.74, 1.49	0.95	0.70, 1.30	1.06	0.71, 1.58

MSI-high

N	5	0	1	3	2	1						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	-	-	0.34	0.04, 2.90	0.53	0.12, 2.28	0.14	0.03, 0.72	0.14	0.02, 1.33
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	-	-	0.32	0.04, 2.76	0.54	0.13, 2.30	0.14	0.03, 0.73	0.15	0.02, 1.40

BRAF mutation status**BRAF-wildtype**

N	69	24	43	68	117	50						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.76	0.48, 1.22	1.37	0.93, 2.01	1.05	0.75, 1.48	0.87	0.64, 1.18	0.95	0.64, 1.40
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.76	0.48, 1.22	1.34	0.91, 1.97	1.03	0.73, 1.44	0.87	0.64, 1.18	0.96	0.65, 1.42

BRAF-mutated

N	4	1	0	3	8	0						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.65	0.07, 5.95	-	-	0.92	0.20, 4.27	1.35	0.39, 4.65	-	-
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.67	0.07, 6.15	-	-	0.94	0.20, 4.41	1.37	0.39, 4.75	-	-

DNMT3B expression status**DNMT3B-negative**

N	44	19	24	48	75	21						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.96	0.56, 1.65	1.25	0.76, 2.06	1.33	0.88, 2.02	1.05	0.71, 1.54	1.00	0.58, 1.75
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.96	0.56, 1.66	1.25	0.75, 2.06	1.32	0.87, 2.01	1.07	0.72, 1.57	1.03	0.59, 1.80

DNMT3B-positive

N	8	0	4	3	5	2						
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	-	-	1.21	0.36, 4.06	0.42	0.11, 1.62	0.39	0.12, 1.21	0.61	0.12, 3.08
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	-	-	1.18	0.35, 4.01	0.43	0.11, 1.65	0.40	0.13, 1.25	0.62	0.12, 3.16

Abbreviations: CI, confidence interval; CIMP, CpG island methylator phenotype; DNMT3B, DNA methyltransferase 3B; HR, hazard ratio; MSI, microsatellite instability; MSS, microsatellite stable; N, No. of cases.

^a All models were stratified with age and sex.

^b Based on the linear trend test across the median values in each category. To test whether duration of smoking cessation reduced the cancer risk compared with current smoking, trend test and heterogeneity test were performed on current and past smokers excluding never smokers.

^c Tests for heterogeneity (for a multivariate HR liner trend) showed significance of differential association of cessation with colorectal cancer risk by molecular subtypes. (i.e., CIMP-low/negative vs. CIMP-high; MSS vs. MSI-high; BRAF-wildtype vs. BRAF-mutated; DNMT3B-negative vs. DNMT3B-positive).

^d Models were adjusted for body mass index, family history of colorectal cancer in any first-degree relative, regular use of aspirin, physical activity level, alcohol consumption, total caloric intake and red meat intake.

Web Table 4. Duration of Smoking Cessation and Incident Colorectal Cancer Risk by Molecular Subtypes^a in the Nurses' Health Study (1980-2008) and the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (1986-2008)

	Never smoker		Cessation ≥40 years		Cessation 39-20 years		Cessation 19-10 years		Cessation 9-5 years		Cessation 4-1 years		Current smoker		$P_{\text{trend}}^{\text{b}}$ ($P_{\text{heterogeneity}}^{\text{c}}$)
	HR		HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	
Person-years	1,383,154		126,688		511,426		312,757		155,720		161,905		439,508		
All colorectal cancer															
N	490		105		242		129		86		60		139		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.26	1.01, 1.56	1.13	0.97, 1.32	1.18	0.97, 1.44	1.61	1.28, 2.03	1.21	0.92, 1.58	1.23	1.02, 1.49	0.19
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.23	0.99, 1.54	1.08	0.93, 1.27	1.13	0.93, 1.38	1.54	1.22, 1.94	1.16	0.88, 1.53	1.18	0.97, 1.43	0.29
CIMP status															
CIMP-low/negative															
N	377		72		194		105		66		42		103		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.10	0.84, 1.43	1.15	0.96, 1.37	1.26	1.01, 1.57	1.61	1.24, 2.10	1.07	0.78, 1.48	1.18	0.94, 1.47	0.17
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.08	0.83, 1.41	1.11	0.93, 1.33	1.22	0.97, 1.52	1.56	1.19, 2.03	1.04	0.75, 1.44	1.13	0.90, 1.42	0.25
CIMP-high															
N	71		16		37		18		15		15		31		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.07	0.61, 1.86	1.15	0.77, 1.72	1.15	0.68, 1.93	1.98	1.13, 3.47	2.41	1.37, 4.24	2.22	1.44, 3.41	0.001
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.06	0.61, 1.85	1.11	0.74, 1.66	1.12	0.66, 1.88	1.90	1.08, 3.33	2.37	1.35, 4.17	2.12	1.37, 3.27	0.001
MSI status															
MSS															
N	400		86		201		101		68		40		108		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.14	0.89, 1.46	1.11	0.93, 1.32	1.15	0.92, 1.43	1.59	1.23, 2.06	0.98	0.71, 1.36	1.19	0.96, 1.48	0.26
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.12	0.88, 1.44	1.08	0.90, 1.28	1.11	0.89, 1.38	1.53	1.18, 1.99	0.96	0.69, 1.33	1.15	0.92, 1.43	0.36
MSI-high															
N	63		17		30		20		14		16		27		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.30	0.75, 2.27	1.09	0.70, 1.68	1.45	0.87, 2.41	2.13	1.18, 3.81	2.78	1.60, 4.84	2.19	1.38, 3.47	0.001
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.29	0.74, 2.25	1.05	0.68, 1.63	1.40	0.84, 2.33	2.02	1.12, 3.62	2.71	1.55, 4.72	2.10	1.32, 3.33	0.002

BRAF mutation status															(0.10)
<i>BRAF-wildtype</i>															
N	404		89		207		105		70		42		114		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.14	0.89, 1.45	1.12	0.95, 1.33	1.19	0.96, 1.48	1.64	1.27, 2.12	1.04	0.76, 1.43	1.28	1.04, 1.58	0.12
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.12	0.88, 1.43	1.09	0.92, 1.29	1.14	0.92, 1.42	1.58	1.22, 2.05	1.01	0.73, 1.40	1.23	0.99, 1.53	0.18
<i>BRAF-mutated</i>															
N	67		13		30		19		13		14		22		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.10	0.60, 2.03	1.05	0.68, 1.63	1.26	0.76, 2.11	1.72	0.94, 3.13	2.12	1.18, 3.80	1.45	0.88, 2.36	0.02
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.09	0.59, 2.01	1.02	0.66, 1.58	1.23	0.74, 2.06	1.64	0.90, 2.99	2.08	1.16, 3.72	1.40	0.86, 2.30	0.02
DNMT3B expression status															(0.03)
<i>DNMT3B-negative</i>															
N	238		37		123		72		38		35		73		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.12	0.78, 1.61	1.18	0.95, 1.48	1.36	1.04, 1.77	1.33	0.94, 1.88	1.28	0.89, 1.83	1.16	0.89, 1.52	0.40
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.12	0.77, 1.61	1.16	0.92, 1.45	1.31	1.00, 1.72	1.28	0.90, 1.81	1.23	0.86, 1.76	1.11	0.84, 1.46	0.61
<i>DNMT3B-positive</i>															
N	52		5		16		5		8		5		17		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.57	0.22, 1.47	0.66	0.37, 1.16	0.42	0.17, 1.06	1.31	0.61, 2.78	1.00	0.40, 2.51	1.32	0.75, 2.30	0.01
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.54	0.21, 1.40	0.64	0.36, 1.14	0.40	0.16, 1.02	1.23	0.58, 2.62	0.96	0.38, 2.41	1.23	0.70, 2.16	0.01

Abbreviations: CI, confidence interval; CIMP, CpG island methylator phenotype; DNMT3B, DNA methyltransferase 3B; HR, hazard ratio; MSI, microsatellite instability; MSS, microsatellite stable; N, No. of cases.

^a All models were stratified with age and sex.

^b Based on the linear trend test across the median values in each category. To test whether duration of smoking cessation reduced the cancer risk compared with current smoking, trend test and heterogeneity test were performed on current and past smokers excluding never smokers.

^c Tests for heterogeneity (for a multivariate HR liner trend) showed significance of differential association of cessation with colorectal cancer risk by molecular subtypes. (i.e., CIMP-low/negative vs. CIMP-high; MSS vs. MSI-high; BRAF-wildtype vs. BRAF-mutated; DNMT3B-negative vs. DNMT3B-positive).

^d Models were adjusted for body mass index, family history of colorectal cancer in any first-degree relative, regular use of aspirin, physical activity level, alcohol consumption, total caloric intake and red meat intake.

Web Table 5. Duration of Smoking Cessation and Colorectal Cancer Risk by Molecular Subtypes in Strata of Cumulative Pack-years Smoked^a in the Nurses' Health Study (1980-2008) and the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (1986-2008)

	Pack-years≥20						Pack-years<20							
	Current smoker		Cessation <10 years		Cessation ≥10 years		$P_{\text{trend}}^{\text{b}}$ ($P_{\text{heterogeneity}}^{\text{c}}$)	Current smoker		Cessation <10 years		Cessation ≥10 years		$P_{\text{trend}}^{\text{b}}$ ($P_{\text{heterogeneity}}^{\text{c}}$)
	HR	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR		HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR		
Person-years	339,425			187,701			302,071			87,434			117,251	623,562
All colorectal cancer														
N	113			107			214			18			29	250
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.23	0.94, 1.61	1.10	0.87, 1.40	0.87	1	Referent	0.90	0.50, 1.63	0.89	0.54, 1.44	0.49
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.22	0.94, 1.60	1.09	0.86, 1.38	0.91	1	Referent	0.90	0.50, 1.63	0.88	0.54, 1.44	0.50
CIMP status	(0.02)											(0.07)		
CIMP-low/negative														
N	81			76			161			16			25	202
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.25	0.91, 1.72	1.13	0.85, 1.49	0.67	1	Referent	0.90	0.48, 1.71	0.88	0.52, 1.48	0.38
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.24	0.90, 1.71	1.12	0.84, 1.49	0.69	1	Referent	0.90	0.47, 1.70	0.87	0.52, 1.47	0.35
CIMP-high	(0.02)											(0.07)		
N	29			27			36			0			1	32
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.09	0.64, 1.86	0.58	0.35, 0.97	0.02	1	Referent	-	-	-	-	0.21
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.09	0.64, 1.85	0.57	0.34, 0.96	0.02	1	Referent	-	-	-	-	0.20
MSI status	(0.12)											(0.37)		
MSS														
N	84			74			168			17			25	209
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.17	0.85, 1.61	1.06	0.81, 1.40	0.88	1	Referent	0.81	0.43, 1.51	0.80	0.48, 1.33	0.24
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.16	0.84, 1.59	1.05	0.79, 1.39	0.95	1	Referent	0.81	0.43, 1.51	0.79	0.48, 1.32	0.20
MSI-high	(0.12)											(0.37)		
N	25			27			35			1			2	31
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.26	0.73, 2.19	0.69	0.41, 1.18	0.07	1	Referent	0.92	0.08, 10.3	1.35	0.18, 10.2	0.63
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.25	0.72, 2.17	0.69	0.40, 1.18	0.08	1	Referent	0.91	0.08, 10.3	1.35	0.18, 10.1	0.60

BRAF mutation status												(0.57)	(0.07)			
<i>BRAF</i> -wildtype																
N		89		78		176							18	25	215	
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.14	0.84, 1.56	0.99	0.76, 1.30	0.75	1	Referent	0.76	0.41, 1.40	0.76	0.46, 1.24	0.16		
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.14	0.83, 1.55	0.98	0.75, 1.29	0.71	1	Referent	0.76	0.41, 1.41	0.75	0.46, 1.23	0.14		
<i>BRAF</i> -mutated																
N		21		24		31							0	2	29	
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.46	0.81, 2.65	0.96	0.54, 1.71	0.42	1	Referent	-	-	-	-	-	0.20	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.44	0.80, 2.60	0.94	0.53, 1.67	0.41	1	Referent	-	-	-	-	-	0.22	
DNMT3B expression status													(0.03) (0.74)			
DNMT3B-negative																
N		59		50		97							13	17	129	
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.17	0.80, 1.71	1.16	0.83, 1.64	0.46	1	Referent	0.74	0.36, 1.55	0.83	0.46, 1.48	0.50		
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.15	0.78, 1.68	1.17	0.83, 1.65	0.45	1	Referent	0.75	0.36, 1.56	0.82	0.46, 1.48	0.49		
DNMT3B-positive																
N		14		11		14							1	2	12	
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.09	0.49, 2.42	0.59	0.27, 1.28	0.04	1	Referent	1.05	0.09, 11.7	0.77	0.10, 6.05	0.59		
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.09	0.49, 2.44	0.59	0.27, 1.27	0.04	1	Referent	1.02	0.09, 11.3	0.75	0.10, 5.89	0.56		

CI, confidence interval; CIMP, CpG island methylator phenotype; DNMT3B, DNA methyltransferase 3B; HR, hazard ratio; MSI, microsatellite instability; MSS, microsatellite stable; N, No. of cases.

^a All models were stratified with age and sex.

^b Based on the liner trend test by using the median value of each category. To test whether duration of smoking cessation reduced the cancer risk compared with current smoking, trend test and heterogeneity test were performed on current and past smokers excluding never smokers.

^c Tests for heterogeneity (for a multivariate HR linear trend) showed significance of association of cessation with colorectal cancer risk by molecular subtypes.

^d Models were adjusted for body mass index, family history of colorectal cancer in any first-degree relative, regular use of aspirin, physical activity level, alcohol consumption, total calorie intake and red meat intake.

Web Table 6. Smoking Status, Cumulative Pack-years and Incident Colorectal Cancer Risk by Molecular Subtypes^a in the Nurses' Health Study (1980-2008) or the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (1986-2008)

	Never	Smoking status						Cumulative pack-years						$P_{\text{trend}}^{\text{b}}$ ($P_{\text{heterogeneity}}^{\text{c}}$)
		Former		Current		$P_{\text{trend}}^{\text{b}}$ ($P_{\text{heterogeneity}}^{\text{c}}$)	1-19		20-39		≥ 40			
		HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI		HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI		
Women														
Person-years		1,012,758		890,018		381,181		637,996		356,668		249,213		
All colorectal cancer														
N		285		332		101		171		119		129		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.23	1.05, 1.44	1.26	1.00, 1.58	0.01	1.06	0.87, 1.28	1.27	1.03, 1.58	1.46	1.18, 1.80	0.0001
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.23	1.04, 1.45	1.26	0.99, 1.59	0.02	1.06	0.87, 1.28	1.27	1.02, 1.59	1.46	1.17, 1.81	0.0002
CIMP status														
CIMP-low/negative														
N		218		255		71		141		92		84		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.25	1.04, 1.50	1.10	0.83, 1.44	0.13	1.13	0.91, 1.40	1.28	1.00, 1.63	1.26	0.98, 1.63	0.04
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.25	1.04, 1.51	1.10	0.83, 1.45	0.14	1.14	0.92, 1.41	1.28	1.00, 1.64	1.26	0.97, 1.63	0.05
CIMP-high														
N		53		65		25		22		24		39		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.22	0.85, 1.76	2.12	1.31, 3.43	0.01	0.75	0.46, 1.24	1.43	0.88, 2.32	2.21	1.46, 3.34	<0.0001
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.23	0.85, 1.77	2.10	1.29, 3.42	0.01	0.76	0.46, 1.25	1.43	0.88, 2.33	2.18	1.44, 3.32	<0.0001
MSI status														
MSS														
N		223		255		76		143		89		88		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.22	1.01, 1.45	1.16	0.89, 1.51	0.08	1.12	0.91, 1.38	1.20	0.94, 1.54	1.29	1.00, 1.65	0.04
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.22	1.01, 1.47	1.16	0.89, 1.52	0.09	1.13	0.91, 1.39	1.21	0.94, 1.55	1.28	0.99, 1.66	0.05
MSI-high														
N		48		59		21		20		23		34		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.25	0.85, 1.82	1.91	1.13, 3.22	0.02	0.76	0.45, 1.29	1.53	0.93, 2.51	2.14	1.38, 3.33	<0.0001
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.24	0.85, 1.83	1.90	1.13, 3.22	0.02	0.77	0.45, 1.29	1.52	0.92, 2.50	2.13	1.36, 3.33	0.0001

BRAF mutation status														(0.94)	(0.04)	
<i>BRAF</i> -wildtype																
N		220		258		79				146		90		89		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.24	1.04, 1.49	1.25	0.96, 1.62	0.02		1.16	0.94, 1.43	1.23	0.96, 1.58	1.33	1.04, 1.71		0.02
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.24	1.03, 1.50	1.25	0.96, 1.63	0.03		1.16	0.94, 1.44	1.23	0.96, 1.58	1.33	1.03, 1.71		0.03
<i>BRAF</i> -mutated																
N		55		62		19			20		23		36			
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.14	0.79, 1.64	1.37	0.81, 2.34	0.24		0.65	0.39, 1.09	1.31	0.81, 2.14	1.95	1.27, 2.98		0.0003
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.14	0.79, 1.65	1.36	0.80, 2.33	0.25		0.66	0.39, 1.10	1.31	0.80, 2.14	1.93	1.26, 2.97		0.0004
DNMT3B expression status															(0.17)	
DNMT3B-negative																
N		143		164		61			92		58		68			
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.25	1.00, 1.57	1.28	0.94, 1.73	0.05		1.12	0.86, 1.46	1.18	0.87, 1.60	1.51	1.13, 2.02		0.01
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.26	1.00, 1.58	1.25	0.92, 1.71	0.07		1.13	0.87, 1.48	1.18	0.86, 1.61	1.48	1.09, 1.99		0.01
DNMT3B-positive																
N		38		21		12			11		9		11			
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.57	0.33, 0.97	1.07	0.55, 2.06	0.49		0.50	0.26, 0.99	0.72	0.35, 1.49	0.88	0.45, 1.72		0.75
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.57	0.33, 0.98	1.02	0.53, 1.99	0.44		0.51	0.26, 1.01	0.71	0.34, 1.49	0.84	0.43, 1.67		0.67
Men																
Person-years		370,397		388,351		58,327			206,897		154,604		89,204			
All colorectal cancer																
N		205		299		38			129		107		87			
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.18	0.98, 1.41	1.31	0.92, 1.87	0.04		1.12	0.90, 1.40	1.08	0.85, 1.37	1.19	0.92, 1.54		0.24
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.08	0.90, 1.31	1.13	0.79, 1.62	0.36		1.06	0.84, 1.33	0.98	0.77, 1.25	1.04	0.80, 1.36		0.95
CIMP status															(0.07)	
CIMP-low/negative																
N		159		230		32			103		86		64			
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.17	0.95, 1.44	1.39	0.95, 2.04	0.05		1.17	0.91, 1.51	1.12	0.86, 1.46	1.13	0.84, 1.51		0.47
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.08	0.87, 1.34	1.19	0.80, 1.76	0.33		1.10	0.85, 1.42	1.03	0.78, 1.35	0.98	0.72, 1.33		0.81
CIMP-high																
N		18		38		6			12		12		17			
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.64	0.93, 2.88	2.38	0.93, 6.09	0.04		1.23	0.59, 2.58	1.28	0.61, 2.67	2.31	1.18, 4.53		0.02
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.50	0.85, 2.64	1.93	0.74, 5.00	0.10		1.18	0.56, 2.46	1.11	0.53, 2.34	2.00	1.01, 3.95		0.06

MSI status													(0.04)	(0.01)
MSS														
N		177		249		32				111		86		71
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.12	0.92, 1.37	1.28	0.87, 1.87	0.13	1.11	0.87, 1.41	1.00	0.77, 1.30	1.11	0.84, 1.47	0.66
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.04	0.85, 1.27	1.11	0.75, 1.64	0.57	1.05	0.82, 1.34	0.92	0.70, 1.20	0.98	0.73, 1.31	0.65
MSI-high														
N		15		39		6			14		14		16	
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	2.12	1.16, 3.87	3.05	1.17, 7.97	0.01	1.69	0.81, 3.51	1.89	0.91, 3.95	3.06	1.49, 6.29	0.003
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.95	1.06, 3.56	2.55	0.97, 6.72	0.02	1.62	0.78, 3.38	1.68	0.80, 3.51	2.70	1.31, 5.58	0.01
BRAF mutation status													(0.36)	(0.14)
BRAF-wildtype														
N		184		264		35			115		97		75	
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.15	0.95, 1.39	1.37	0.95, 1.98	0.06	1.11	0.88, 1.40	1.08	0.84, 1.39	1.14	0.87, 1.50	0.39
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.07	0.87, 1.30	1.19	0.82, 1.74	0.34	1.05	0.83, 1.34	0.99	0.77, 1.28	1.01	0.76, 1.35	0.95
BRAF-mutated														
N		12		27		3			11		5		12	
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.86	0.94, 3.71	1.59	0.44, 5.73	0.13	1.64	0.72, 3.76	0.88	0.31, 2.50	2.64	1.16, 5.99	0.07
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.73	0.87, 3.45	1.42	0.39, 5.13	0.21	1.58	0.69, 3.62	0.79	0.27, 2.26	2.37	1.04, 5.42	0.12
DNMT3B expression status													(0.56)	(0.04)
DNMT3B-negative														
N		95		145		12			68		46		35	
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.26	0.96, 1.63	0.81	0.44, 1.48	0.50	1.34	0.98, 1.84	1.02	0.71, 1.45	1.00	0.67, 1.48	0.69
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.18	0.90, 1.54	0.71	0.39, 1.32	0.96	1.29	0.93, 1.77	0.95	0.66, 1.37	0.89	0.59, 1.33	0.32
DNMT3B-positive														
N		14		18		5			4		7		12	
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.99	0.49, 2.01	2.21	0.78, 6.23	0.32	0.51	0.17, 1.56	0.97	0.39, 2.43	2.23	1.01, 4.90	0.03
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.89	0.44, 1.81	1.91	0.67, 5.44	0.52	0.48	0.16, 1.46	0.86	0.34, 2.16	1.92	0.86, 4.28	0.07

CI, confidence interval; CIMP, CpG island methylator phenotype; DNMT3B, DNA methyltransferase 3B; HR, hazard ratio; MSI, microsatellite instability; MSS, microsatellite stable; N, No. of cases.

^a All models were stratified with age.

^b Based on the liner trend test by using the median value of each category.

^c Tests for heterogeneity (for a multivariate HR linear trend) of the associations of smoking with one molecular subtype versus the other molecular subtype (i.e., CIMP-low/negative vs. CIMP-high; MSS vs. MSI-high; BRAF-wildtype vs. BRAF-mutated; DNMT3B-negative vs. DNMT3B-positive).

^d Models were adjusted for body mass index, family history of colorectal cancer in any first-degree relative, regular use of aspirin, physical activity level, alcohol consumption, total caloric intake and red meat intake.

Web Table 7. Pack-years Smoked Before Age 30, Age at Start Smoking and Incident Colorectal Cancer Risk by Molecular Subtypes^a in the Nurses' Health Study (1980-2008) or the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (1986-2008)

	Never	Pack-years smoked before age 30						Age at start of smoking					
		1-9		≥ 10		$P_{\text{trend}}^{\text{b}}$ ($P_{\text{heterogeneity}}^{\text{c}}$)	≥ 20		<20		$P_{\text{trend}}^{\text{b}}$ ($P_{\text{heterogeneity}}^{\text{c}}$)		
		HR	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI	HR	95% CI			
Women													
Person-years		1,012,758			929,803			282,366			532,947		
All colorectal cancer													
N		285			306			96			199		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.19	1.01, 1.39	1.21	0.96, 1.53	0.05	1.22	1.02, 1.47	1.19	0.99, 1.41	0.04	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.19	1.00, 1.40	1.20	0.95, 1.52	0.07	1.22	1.02, 1.47	1.18	0.99, 1.42	0.06	
CIMP status													
CIMP-low/negative													
N		218			232			71			153		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.17	0.98, 1.41	1.16	0.89, 1.52	0.16	1.25	1.01, 1.53	1.14	0.93, 1.40	0.15	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.18	0.97, 1.42	1.15	0.88, 1.52	0.20	1.25	1.01, 1.54	1.14	0.93, 1.41	0.17	
CIMP-high													
N		53			63			19			41		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.32	0.92, 1.91	1.33	0.78, 2.24	0.18	1.30	0.86, 1.95	1.33	0.89, 1.99	0.15	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.33	0.92, 1.92	1.32	0.78, 2.24	0.20	1.30	0.86, 1.96	1.33	0.89, 1.99	0.16	
MSI status													
MSS													
N		223			234			72			157		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.16	0.96, 1.39	1.15	0.88, 1.50	0.20	1.24	1.01, 1.53	1.11	0.91, 1.36	0.23	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.16	0.96, 1.40	1.14	0.87, 1.49	0.26	1.25	1.01, 1.54	1.11	0.90, 1.37	0.27	
MSI-high													
N		48			60			15			38		
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.41	0.96, 2.06	1.17	0.65, 2.10	0.33	1.34	0.87, 2.05	1.32	0.86, 2.01	0.18	
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.40	0.95, 2.05	1.17	0.65, 2.10	0.35	1.33	0.87, 2.05	1.32	0.86, 2.02	0.19	

BRAF mutation status											(0.80)	(0.47)
<i>BRAF</i> -wildtype												
N											153	177
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.19	0.99, 1.43	1.20	0.92, 1.57	0.10	1.23	1.00, 1.51	1.20	0.98, 1.46	0.06
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.18	0.98, 1.43	1.19	0.91, 1.56	0.14	1.23	0.99, 1.51	1.19	0.97, 1.46	0.08
<i>BRAF</i> -mutated											44	36
N		55	61	16				1.37	0.92, 2.03	0.98	0.64, 1.50	0.90
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.22	0.85, 1.76	1.06	0.60, 1.85	0.61	1.37	0.92, 2.04	0.98	0.64, 1.50	0.93
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.22	0.84, 1.76	1.05	0.60, 1.84	0.64	1.37	0.92, 2.04	0.98	0.64, 1.50	
DNMT3B expression status											(0.09)	(0.02)
DNMT3B-negative											103	118
N		143	162	46				1.23	0.95, 1.58	1.23	0.96, 1.57	0.09
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.22	0.98, 1.53	1.16	0.83, 1.62	0.22	1.22	0.94, 1.58	1.21	0.94, 1.56	0.12
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.21	0.96, 1.53	1.13	0.81, 1.59	0.31	1.22	0.94, 1.58	1.21	0.94, 1.56	
DNMT3B-positive											17	15
N		38	22	8				0.76	0.43, 1.36	0.58	0.32, 1.05	0.07
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.64	0.38, 1.09	0.70	0.32, 1.51	0.20	0.77	0.43, 1.36	0.57	0.31, 1.03	0.06
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.64	0.37, 1.08	0.68	0.32, 1.48	0.18	0.77	0.43, 1.36	0.57	0.31, 1.03	
Men												
Person-years		370,397	155,258	278,104				211,436	239,430			
All colorectal cancer												
N		205	108	204				148	176			
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.06	0.84, 1.34	1.15	0.95, 1.40	0.08	1.05	0.85, 1.30	1.20	0.98, 1.48	0.08
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.99	0.78, 1.25	1.03	0.84, 1.26	0.50	0.97	0.78, 1.21	1.09	0.88, 1.34	0.46
CIMP status											(0.06)	(0.12)
CIMP-low/negative											121	132
N		159	90	151				1.11	0.87, 1.41	1.17	0.93, 1.48	0.18
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.14	0.88, 1.48	1.10	0.88, 1.38	0.30	1.03	0.81, 1.32	1.05	0.83, 1.34	0.67
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.06	0.81, 1.38	0.99	0.78, 1.24	0.93	1.11	0.56, 2.19	1.75	0.95, 3.21	0.07
CIMP-high											16	26
N		18	11	31				1.22	0.62, 2.41	1.96	1.07, 3.60	0.03
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.27	0.60, 2.71	2.00	1.11, 3.59	0.02	1.11	0.56, 2.19	1.75	0.95, 3.21	0.07
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.16	0.54, 2.48	1.77	0.98, 3.20	0.04	1.11	0.56, 2.19	1.75	0.95, 3.21	

MSI status												(0.02)	(0.22)
MSS													
N		177		89		168						118	150
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.00	0.77, 1.29	1.09	0.88, 1.35	0.28		0.96	0.76, 1.22	1.18	0.94, 1.47	0.17
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.93	0.72, 1.21	0.99	0.80, 1.24	0.84		0.90	0.70, 1.14	1.07	0.85, 1.35	0.59
MSI-high													
N		15		15		30						25	20
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	2.17	1.05, 4.47	2.41	1.29, 4.51	0.003		2.46	1.29, 4.70	1.86	0.95, 3.65	0.07
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	2.03	0.98, 4.18	2.18	1.16, 4.10	0.01		2.29	1.20, 4.38	1.68	0.85, 3.31	0.13
<i>BRAF</i> mutation status												(0.09)	(0.05)
<i>BRAF</i> -wildtype													
N		184		98		179						136	151
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.07	0.83, 1.37	1.13	0.92, 1.38	0.16		1.07	0.86, 1.34	1.14	0.92, 1.42	0.24
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.00	0.78, 1.28	1.02	0.83, 1.27	0.63		1.00	0.80, 1.26	1.04	0.83, 1.30	0.73
<i>BRAF</i> -mutated													
N		12		7		21						9	20
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.24	0.49, 3.14	1.92	0.95, 3.90	0.03		1.07	0.45, 2.56	2.36	1.15, 4.87	0.02
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.18	0.47, 3.00	1.74	0.85, 3.55	0.06		1.01	0.42, 2.42	2.15	1.04, 4.45	0.03
DNMT3B expression status												(0.64)	(0.89)
DNMT3B-negative													
N		95		60		85						76	73
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	1.26	0.91, 1.74	1.05	0.78, 1.40	0.65		1.19	0.88, 1.62	1.09	0.80, 1.49	0.53
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	1.20	0.86, 1.67	0.96	0.71, 1.29	0.82		1.13	0.83, 1.54	1.00	0.73, 1.38	0.95
DNMT3B-positive													
N		14		5		16						10	13
Age-adjusted	1	Referent	0.75	0.27, 2.08	1.20	0.59, 2.45	0.43		0.99	0.44, 2.25	1.24	0.58, 2.66	0.59
Multivariate ^d	1	Referent	0.68	0.24, 1.88	1.05	0.51, 2.16	0.69		0.92	0.40, 2.09	1.08	0.50, 2.33	0.86

CI, confidence interval; CIMP, CpG island methylator phenotype; DNMT3B, DNA methyltransferase 3B; HR, hazard ratio; MSI, microsatellite instability; MSS, microsatellite stable; N, No. of cases.

^a All models were stratified with age.

^b Based on the liner trend test by using the median value of each category.

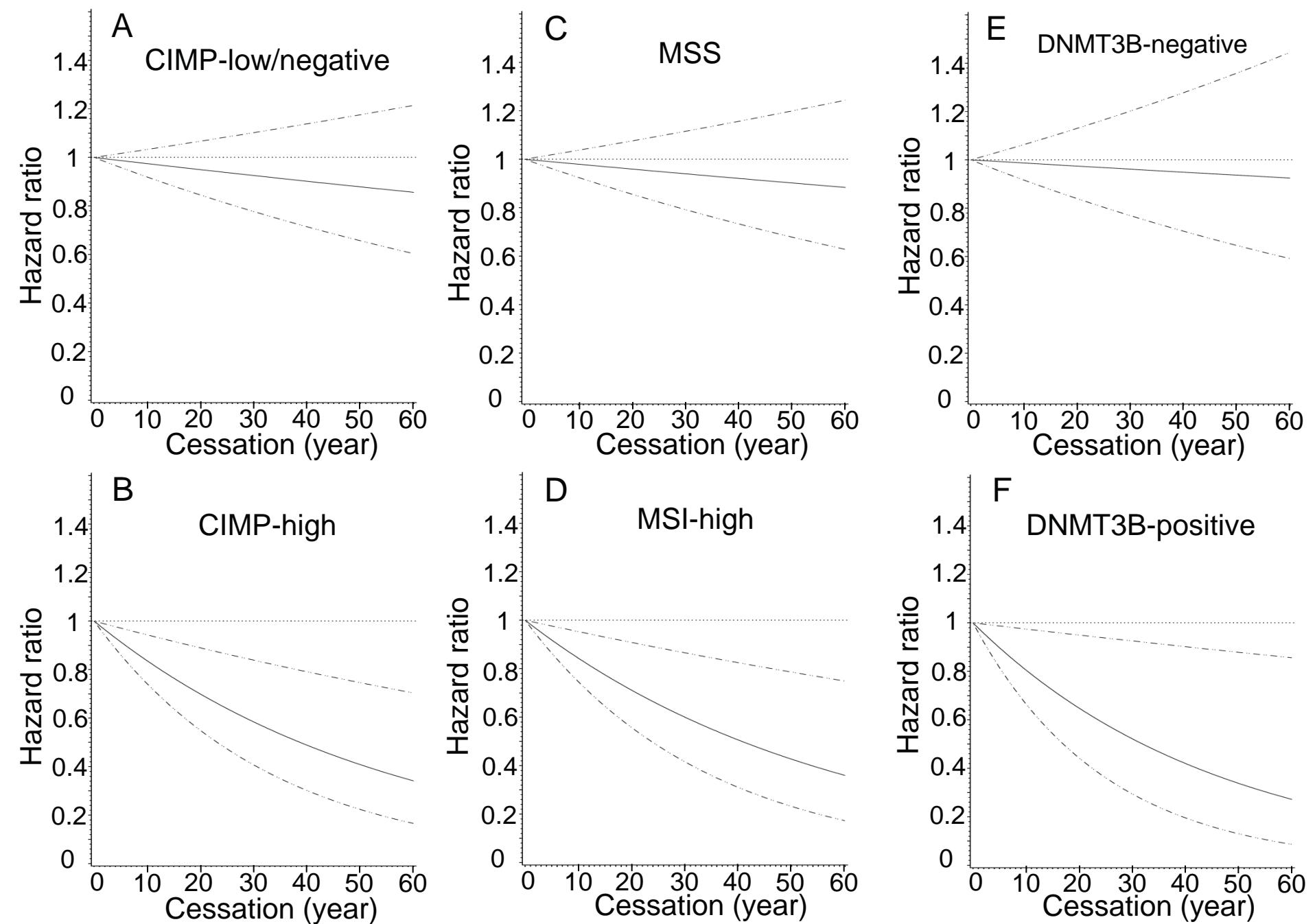
^c Tests for heterogeneity (for a multivariate HR linear trend) of the associations of smoking with one molecular subtype versus the other molecular subtype (i.e., CIMP-low/negative vs. CIMP-high; MSS vs. MSI-high; *BRAF*-wildtype vs. *BRAF*-mutated; DNMT3B-negative vs. DNMT3B-positive).

^d Models were adjusted for body mass index, family history of colorectal cancer in any first-degree relative, regular use of aspirin, physical activity level, alcohol consumption, total caloric intake and red meat intake.

Web Figure legend

Web Figure 1. Restricted cubic splines to demonstrate the relationship between smoking cessation duration (year) and colorectal cancer risk by molecular subtypes in the Nurses' Health Study (1980-2008) and the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (1986-2008). Multivariate hazards ratio (the solid line) with 95% confidence interval (the dashed lines) is shown. (A) CIMP-low/negative colorectal cancer risk. (B) CIMP-high colorectal cancer risk. (C) MSS colorectal cancer risk. (D) MSI-high colorectal cancer risk. (E) DNMT3B-negative colorectal cancer risk. (F) DNMT3B-positive colorectal cancer risk.

CIMP, CpG island methylator phenotype; DNMT3B, DNA methyltransferase 3B; MSI, microsatellite instability; MSS, microsatellite stable.



Web Figure 1