

Fig. S1

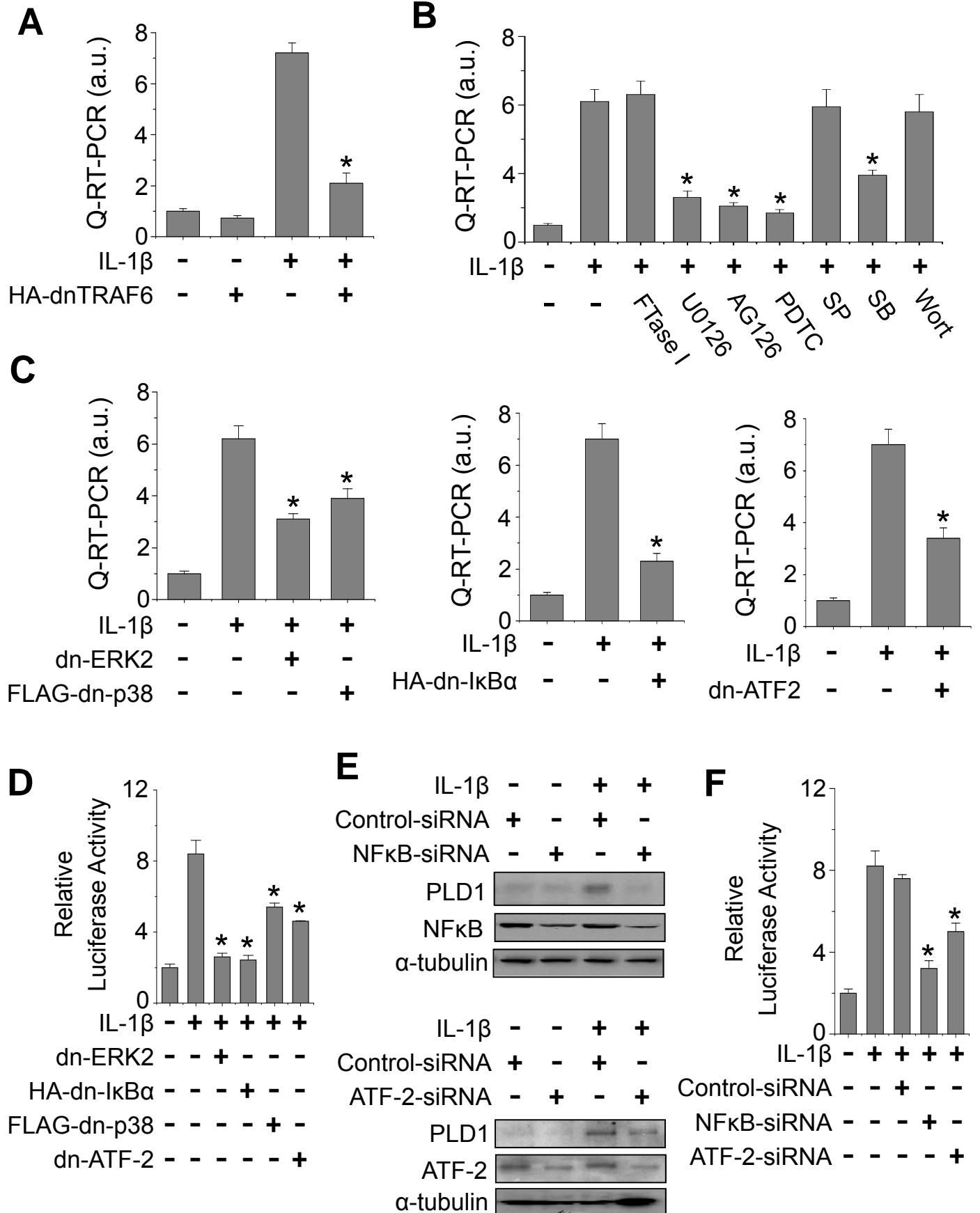


Fig. S1 IL-1 β -induced PLD1 expression is mediated by the TRAF6/ERK/NF κ B or TRAF6/p38/ATF-2 signaling pathways. (A) RAFLS were transfected with dnTRAF6, treated with IL-1 β for 36 h, and PLD1 expression was analyzed by q-PCR. (B) RAFLS were pretreated with the indicated inhibitors for 30 min, treated with IL-1 β for 36 h, and PLD1 expression was analyzed by q-PCR (* P < 0.05 *versus* IL-1 β). (C) RAFLS were transfected with expression vectors for dominant negative ERK, p38, I κ B α , or ATF-2, stimulated with IL-1 β , after which PLD1 expression was analyzed by q-PCR. * P < 0.05 *versus* IL-1 β . (D) After transfection of RAFLS with pGL4-PLD1, cells were pretreated with the indicated inhibitors, stimulated with IL-1 β for 24 h, and then luciferase activity was measured (* P < 0.05 *versus* IL-1 β). (E) RAFLS were transfected with siRNAs specific to NF κ B or ATF-2, treated with IL-1 β , and lysates were immunoblotted with the indicated antibodies. (F) After co-transfection of RAFLS with pGL4-PLD1 and the indicated siRNAs, the cells were treated with IL-1 β and luciferase activity was measured (* P < 0.05 *versus* IL-1 β). Data are presented as the mean \pm SD of 4 independent experiments.

Fig. S2

Position :	[-1281 ~ -1272]	[-1177 ~ -1168]	[-590 ~ -579]	[-515 ~ -506]	[-59 ~ -50]
	NFκB-1	NFκB-2	ATF-2	NFκB-3	NFκB-4
pGL4 PLD1 (-1930/+1)	TTGAATTTCC	AGCATTTC	atACGTCAtt	GGATATCACC	GGAATAGCAT
NFκB-1 <i>mut</i>	TT CA ATTT AG	AGCATTTC	atACGTCAtt	GGATATCACC	GGAATAGCAT
NFκB-2 <i>mut</i>	TTGAATTTCC	AC CATTTC AG	atACGTCAtt	GGATATCACC	GGAATAGCAT
NFκB-3 <i>mut</i>	TTGAATTTCC	AGCATTTC	atACGTCAtt	CT ATATC AGG	GGAATAGCAT
NFκB-4 <i>mut</i>	TTGAATTTCC	AGCATTTC	atACGTCAtt	GGATATCACC	GCA ATAG AGT
NFκB-1/4 <i>mut</i>	TT CA ATTT AG	AGCATTTC	atACGTCAtt	GGATATCACC	GCA ATAG AGT
ATF-2 <i>mut</i>	TTGAATTTCC	AGCATTTC	at AA TCAtt	GGATATCACC	GGAATAGCAT

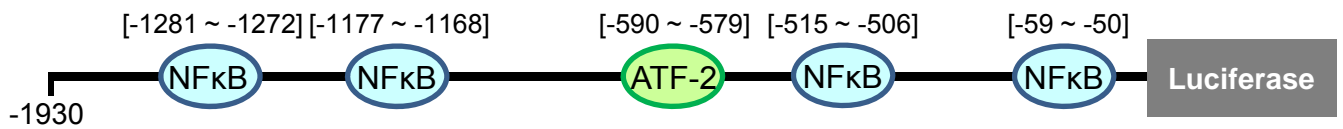


Fig. S2 Schematic representation of putative NF κ B- and ATF-2-binding sites in the PLD1 promoter, and its six mutant constructs. A site-specific mutation was introduced into NF κ B or ATF-2 binding sites on the PLD1 promoter using a Quick Change Site-Directed Mutagenesis Kit (Stratagene, LaJolla, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Fig. S3

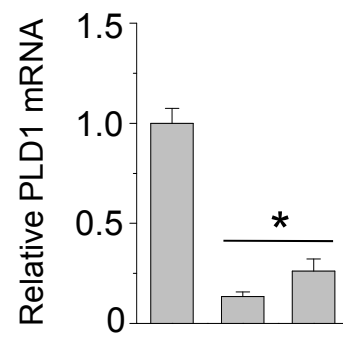
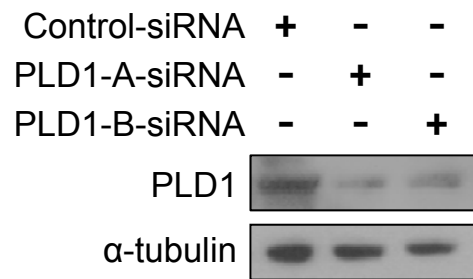


Fig. S3 The effect of PLD1 siRNAs on PLD1 expression. Cells were transfected with siRNAs for control or two kinds of siRNAs specific to PLD1 and PLD1 expression was analyzed by western blot and Q-RT-PCR. * $P < 0.05$ versus control-siRNA. Data are presented as the mean \pm SD of 4 independent experiments.

Fig. S4

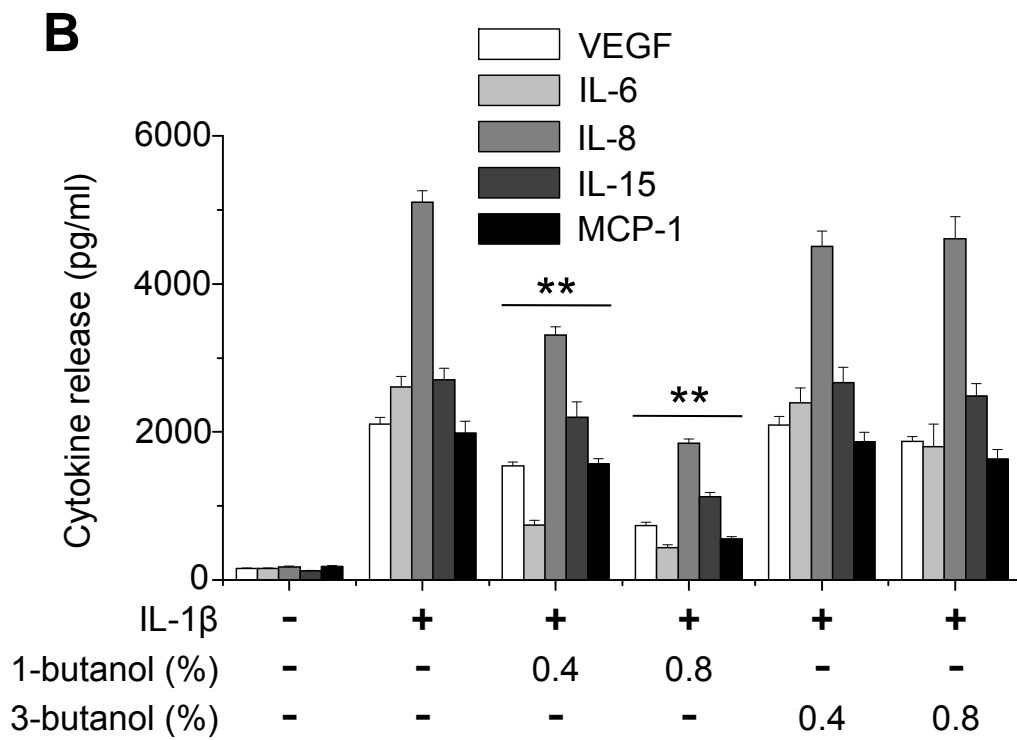
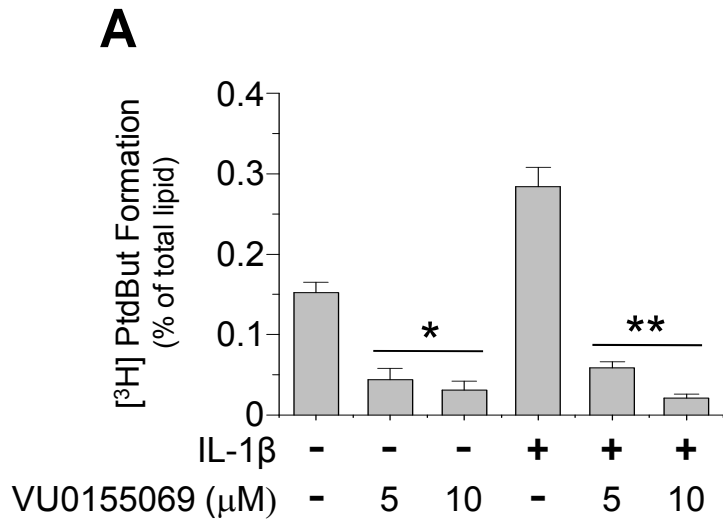


Fig. S4

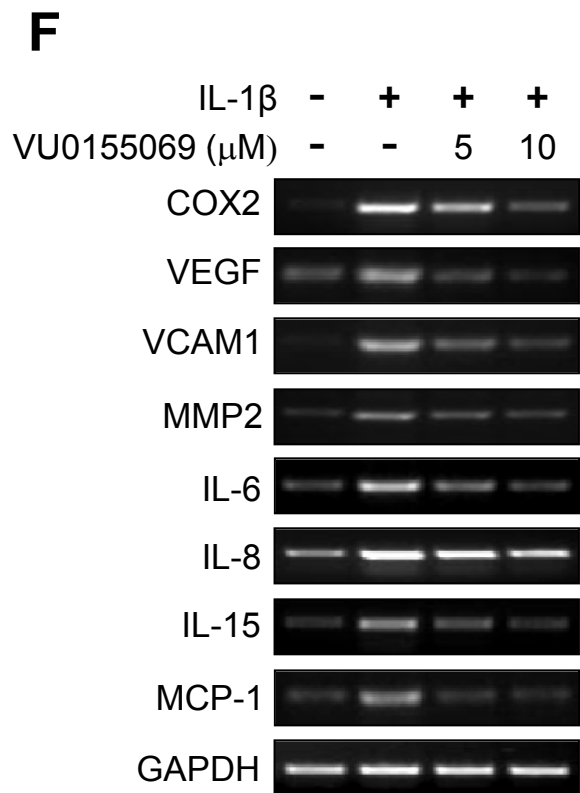
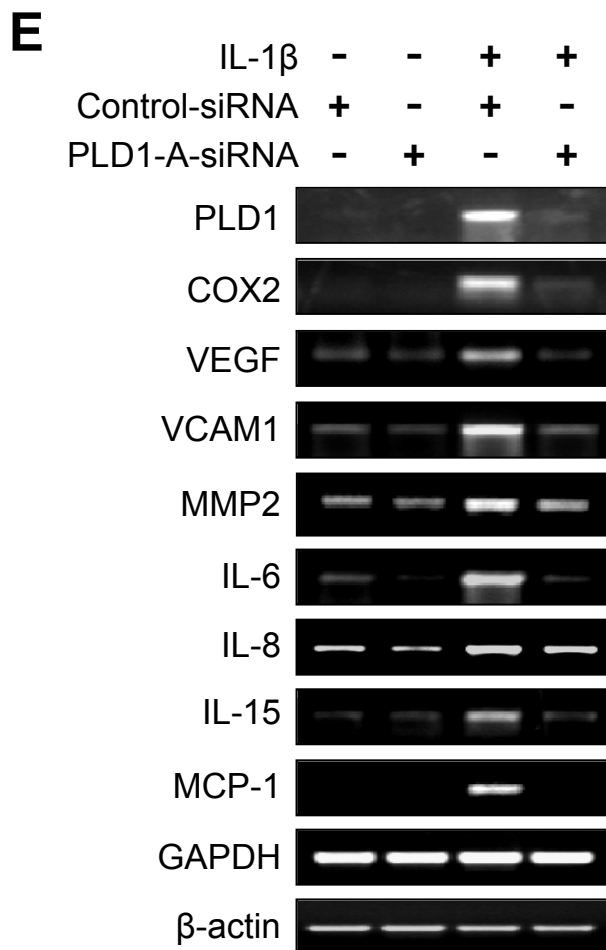
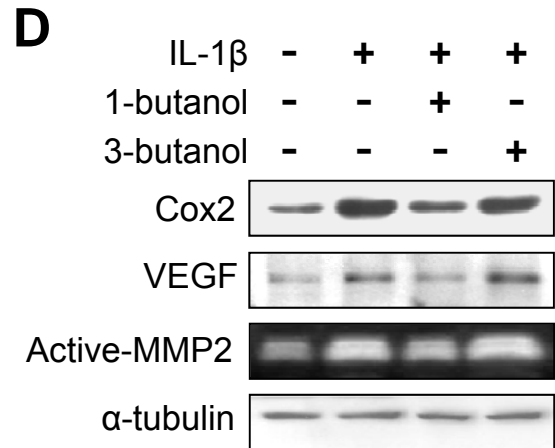
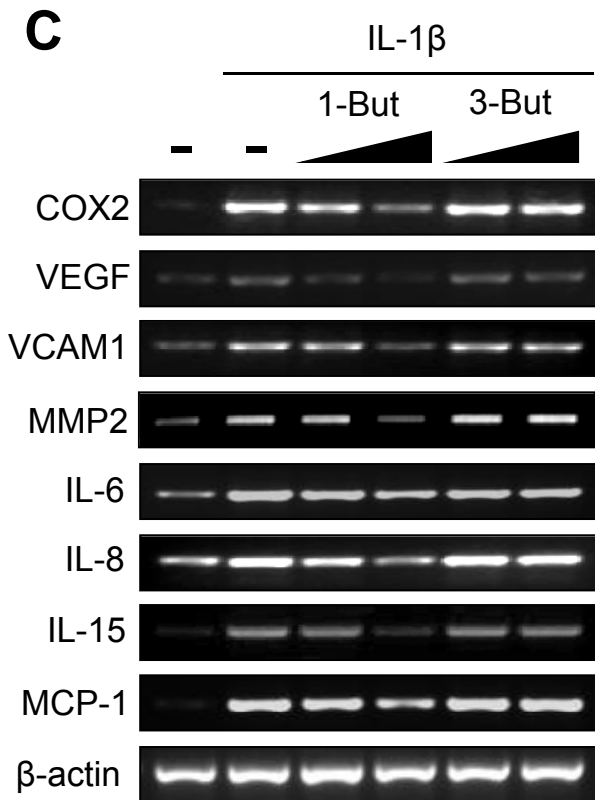


Fig. S4 PLD activity is required for IL-1 β -induced expression of proinflammatory mediators and angiogenic factors in RAFLS. (A) RAFLS were labeled with [3 H] myristate for 12 h, pretreated with VU0155069 for 30 min, and then stimulated with IL-1 β , after which PLD activity was measured. RAFLS were treated with 1 or 3-butanol and then stimulated with IL-1 β for 24 h, after which the secretion and expression of proinflammatory molecules were determined by ELISA (B) and RT-PCR (C). (D) RAFLS were pretreated with 1- or 3-butanol (0.4%) and then treated with IL-1 β for 36 h. The expression of COX-2 and VEGF was analyzed by Western blotting, and MMP-2 activity was analyzed by gelatin zymography of the conditioned media. RAFLS were transfected with siRNA specific to PLD1 (E) or pretreated with or without VU0155069 (F), treated with IL-1 β for 36 h, and then expression of various genes was analyzed by RT-PCR. * P < 0.01 *versus* vehicle; ** P < 0.005 *versus* IL-1 β . Data are presented as the mean \pm SD of 4 independent experiments.

Fig. S5

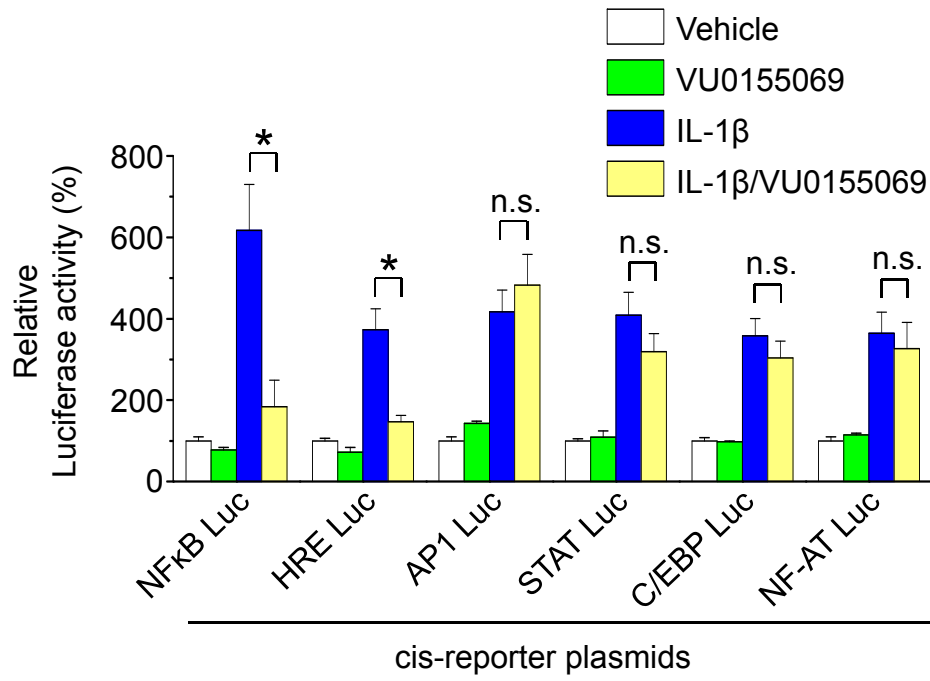


Fig. S5 PLD1 inhibitor regulates the transactivation of NF κ B, HIF and FoxO but not AP1, STAT, C/EBP, and NF-AT. After RAFLS were transfected with indicated reporter constructs, cells were pretreated with VU0155069, stimulated with IL-1 β for 36 h, and then luciferase activity was determined. * $P < 0.05$ versus IL-1 β . Data are presented as the mean \pm SD of 4 independent experiments.

Fig. S6

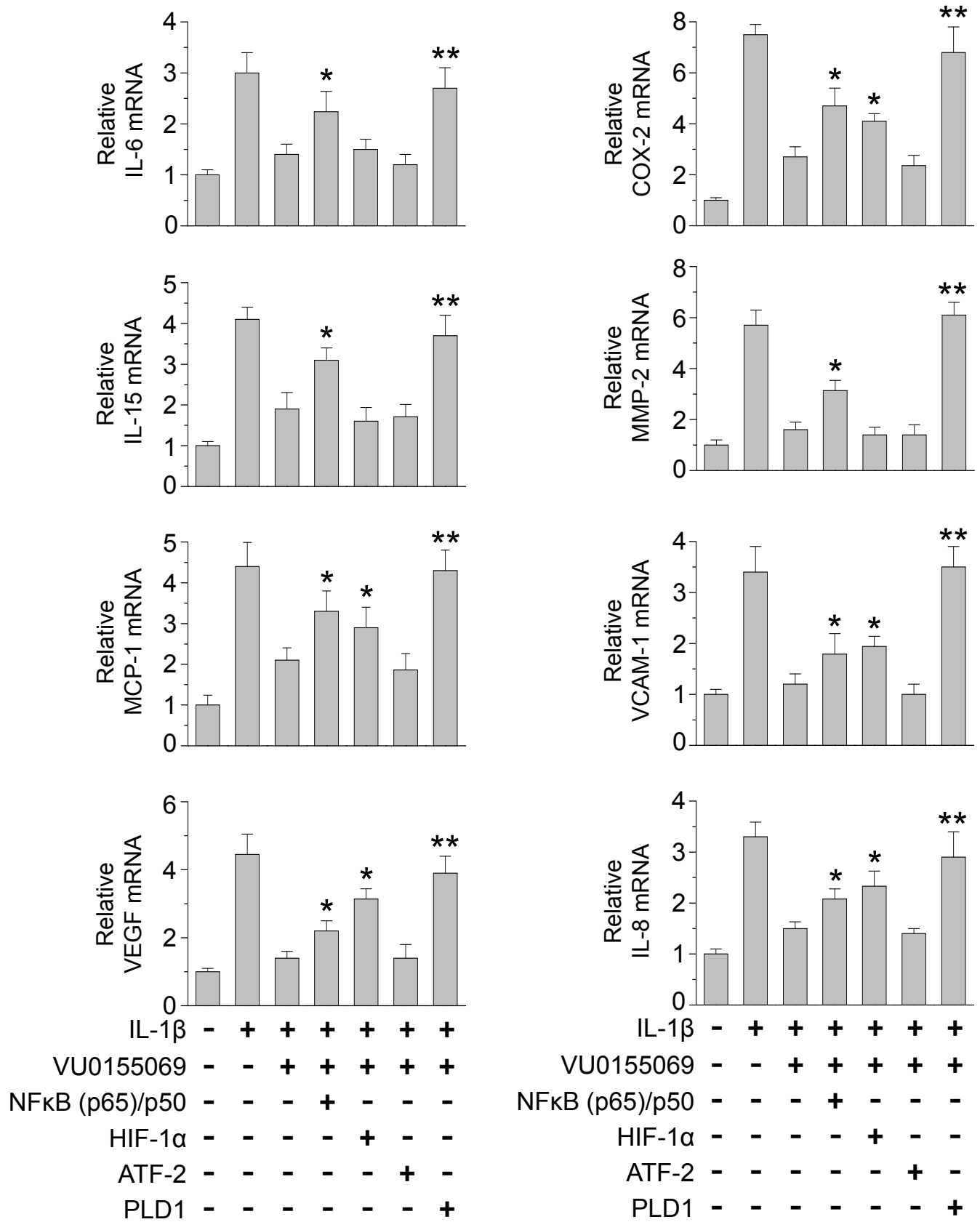


Fig. S6 PLD1 inhibitor regulates the expression of proinflammatory molecules via NF κ B, HIF-1 α , ATF-2 or PLD1. RAFLS were transfected with the indicated expression vectors, after which the cells were pretreated with VU0155069 and treated with IL-1 β for 36 h. Expression of the indicated molecules was analyzed by q-PCR. * $P < 0.05$ versus IL-1 β and VU0155069. Data are presented as the mean \pm SD of 4 independent experiments.

Fig. S7

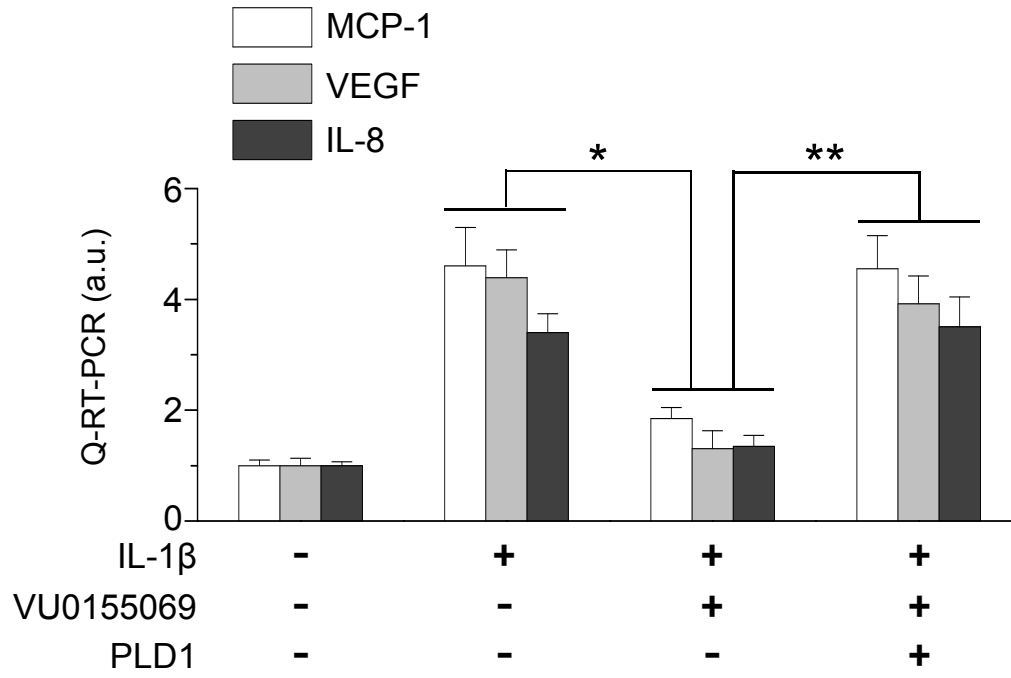


Fig. S7 Ectopic expression of PLD1 recovers the suppressive effect of PLD1 inhibitor on IL-1 β mediated gene expression via PLD1. RAFLS were transfected with or without PLD1, and then pretreated with or without VU0155069 (10 μ M) and treated with IL-1 β for 36 h. Expression levels of MCP-1, IL-8, and VEGF were analyzed by q-PCR. * P < 0.05 *versus* IL-1 β ; ** P < 0.05 *versus* IL-1 β and VU0155069. Data are presented as the mean \pm SD of 4 independent experiments.

Fig. S8

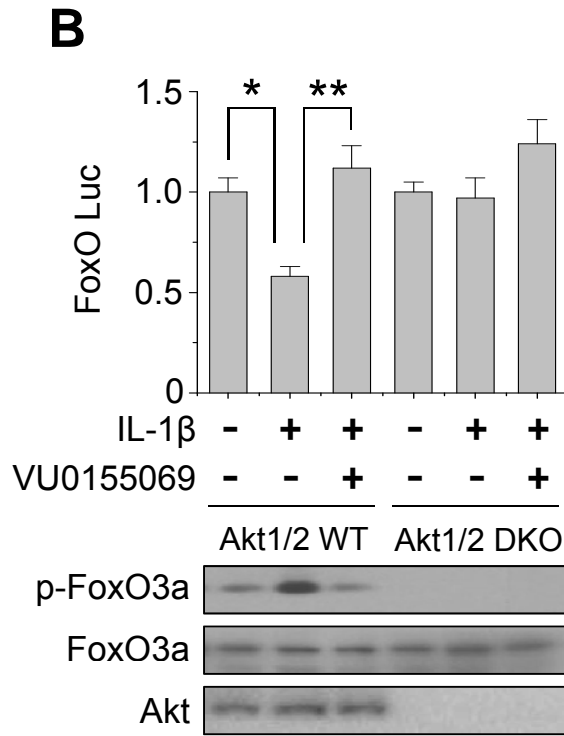
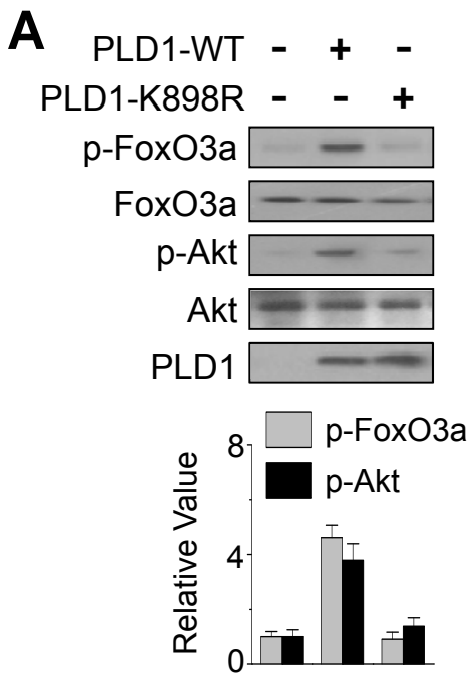


FIG S8 Inhibition of PLD1 suppresses IL-1 β -induced phosphorylation FoxO3a and enhances cell cycle arrest via transactivation of FoxO3a. (A) RAFLS were transfected with WT or K898R mutant of PLD1. Lysates were immunoblotted with the indicated antibodies. The relative levels of indicated proteins were quantitated by densitometer analysis. Data shown are representative of 4 independent experiments. (B) Akt1/2^{+/+} and Akt1/2^{-/-}MEFs were transfected with FoxO-Luc and treated with VU0155069 and/or IL-1 β . Luciferase activity assay and immunoblotting were performed. * P < 0.01; ** P < 0.05. Data are presented as the mean \pm SD of 4 independent experiments.

Supplementary Table

Table S1 Primer sets for ChIP assay on PLD1 promoter region

Promoter	Oligo	Direction	Sequence (5' to 3')
PLD1	NFκB-1	Forward	CCAGCGAGGTGCATTCTAAA
		Reverse	AGCCCTTATTATAACTCAATGAGTCT
	NFκB-2	Forward	CGAGACTCATTGAGTTATAATAAGGGCT
		Reverse	CAAGGTCTTAGGCTTCTTGAGAATG
	NFκB-3	Forward	GATGTCTTTCGGAATAGGTATATTAATCAA
		Reverse	GGAGATTGGTTTGGGAAAGCTTA
	NFκB-4	Forward	CACACAGAGCAGGCTGAATTG
		Reverse	GCTCAGATCATCCGTCTTTACC
	CRE	Forward	CTGCCCTGGGTACTGATGTG
		Reverse	GAGATTTTGGCCATGACTTTACGTG

Table S2 Primer sets for Q-RT-PCR

	Primer	Direction	Sequence (5' to 3')
Q-RT-PCR	PLD1	Forward	TGTCGTGATAACCACTTCTGCCA
		Reverse	AGCATTTTCGAGCTGCTGTTGAA
	PLD2	Forward	CATCCAGGCCATTCTGCAC
		Reverse	GTGCTTCCGCAGACTCAAGG
	COX-2	Forward	TTCAAATGAGATTGTGGAAAAAT
		Reverse	AGATCATCTCTGCCTGAGTATCTT
	VEGF	Forward	AATCCAAATGCGGCATCT
		Reverse	GAGTATGCCTGCCGTGTG
	VCAM-1	Forward	GGCTGTGAATCCCCATCTTT
		Reverse	TCCACCTGGATTCCCTTTTC
	MMP-2	Forward	TGATCTTGACCAGAATACCATCGA
		Reverse	GGCTTGCGAGGGAAGAAGTT
	IL-6	Forward	GGTACATCCTCGACGGCATCT
		Reverse	GTGCCTCTTTGCTGCTTTCAC
	IL-8	Forward	TCTCTTGGCAGCCTTCCTGATTC
		Reverse	TCCAGACAGAGCTCTCTTCCATCA
	IL-15	Forward	GTTTCAGTGCAGGGCTTCCTAAA
		Reverse	TACTTTGCAACTGGGGTGAACAT
	MCP-1	Forward	GATCTCAGTGCAGAGGCTCG
		Reverse	TGCTTGTCCAGGTGGTCCAT
	P27Kip1	Forward	GCAGGAGAGCCAGGATGTCAG
		Reverse	ATGCGTGTCCCTCAGAGTTAGCC
	P21Cip1	Forward	GCAGGGGACAGCAGAGGAAG
		Reverse	CGGCGTTTGGAGTGGTAGAAATC
	β -actin	Forward	GACTACCTCATGAAGATC
		Reverse	GATCCACATCTGCTGGAA

Table S3 Primer sets for RT-PCR

	Primer	Direction	Sequence (5' to 3')
RT-PCR	PLD1	Forward	AATCGTTGGAGGTTGGACTG
		Reverse	AGACGGTGGAT GACACATGA
	PLD2	Forward	CTCTCCCCACTGGGGACGAA
		Reverse	GACAGAATACAGAGTGCAGGTTCCCAC
	COX-2	Forward	GTTCCACCCGCAGTACAG
		Reverse	GGAGCGGGAAGAACTTGC
	VEGF	Forward	ATCGAGACCCTGGTGGACA
		Reverse	TGTGCTGGCCTTGGTGAG
	VCAM-1	Forward	ATGACATGCTTGAGCCAGG
		Reverse	GTGTCTCCTTCTTTGACACT
	MMP-2	Forward	GGCCCTGTCACTCCTGAGAT
		Reverse	GGCATCCAGGTTATCGGGGA
	IL-6	Forward	CAGATGAGTACAAAAGTCCTG
		Reverse	CTACATTTGCCGAAGAGCGC
	IL-8	Forward	CAGTTTTGCCAAGGAGTGCTAA
		Reverse	AACTTCTCCACAACCCTCTGC
	IL-15	Forward	GAGTTACAAGTTATTTCACTTGAG
		Reverse	CAAGAAGTGTTGATGAACATTTGG
	MCP-1	Forward	ATGGAGGTCCCTGTCATG
		Reverse	GCTTGAGGTGGTTGTGGA
	GAPDH	Forward	GTGGTCTCCTCTGACTTCAAC
		Reverse	TCTCTTCCTCTTGTGCTCTTG
	β -actin	Forward	GACTACCTCATGAAGATC
		Reverse	GATCCACATCTGCTGGAA

Table S4 Primer sets for Chip assay on NF κ B or HIF1 α target genes

Promoter	Oligo	Direction	Sequence (5' to 3')
IL-6	NF κ B	Forward	ACCCTCACCTCCAACAAAGATTTATC
		Reverse	GGGCTAAGGATTCCTGCACTTACTT
IL-15	NF κ B	Forward	CGGCAGGTAGAGGAGGAGACCGGT
		Reverse	TGAAAGAGAAAGAGCCGGGAGCATAGG
MMP-2	NF κ B	Forward	GCATCTCGCACTATAACGAGGCCAAGT
		Reverse	CAGAGACAGTGGAAGGTCCCAGGTTG
VCAM-1	NF κ B	Forward	CTTTTGCCAGGACAGAGAGAGGAGC
		Reverse	GTATTCAGCTCCTGAAGCCAGTGAGG
VEGF	NF κ B	Forward	GGGAGGAAGAGTAGCTCGCC
		Reverse	AAGTTCATGGTTTCGGAGGC
	HRE	Forward	CCTTTGGGTTTTGCCAGACTCCACAG
		Reverse	CACCAAGTTTGTGGAGCTGAGAACG
IL-8	NF κ B	Forward	GGCCATCAGTTGCAAATCGTG
		Reverse	TTCCTTCCGGTGGTTTCTTCTCTG
	HRE	Forward	GTGTGATGACTCAGGTTTGCCCT
		Reverse	CAGTGAGATGGTTCCTTCCGGTGGT
MCP-1	NF κ B	Forward	GTAAACACAGGGAAGGTGAAGGGTATG
		Reverse	GGAACTTCCAAAGCTGCCTCCTCAGAG
	HRE	Forward	CAGACGTGGTACCCACAGTCTTGC
		Reverse	GAAGCAGCTGGGGGAGTAACTGCGC
COX-2	NF κ B	Forward	GGGAGGGATCAGACAGGAGAGTGG
		Reverse	AAGCCCATGTGACGAAATGACTGTTTC
	HRE	Forward	CGACGTGACTTCTCGACCCTCTAAAG
		Reverse	CAGAAGGACACTTGGCTTCTCTCC