

Supporting Information

Jenkins et al. 10.1073/pnas.1302251110

Table S1. Number of species occurring in the single-taxon richness centers and percent of total species

Number of species	Birds (%)	Mammals (%)	Amphibians (%)	Total species (%)
5% of all species	4,692 (46.8)	1,984 (37.6)	2,294 (37.1)	8,970 (41.7)
5% of small-ranged species	8,012 (79.9)	4,366 (82.8)	5,975 (96.6)	18,353 (85.4)
5% of threatened species	7,219 (72.0)	2,806 (53.2)	5,332 (86.2)	15,357 (71.5)
All richness centers	9,040 (90.1)	4,566 (86.6)	6,102 (98.6)	19,708 (91.7)
Myers hotspots	8,268 (82.4)	3,851 (73.1)	4,583 (74.1)	16,702 (77.7)
Total in dataset	10,033 (100.0)	5,270 (100.0)	6,188 (100.0)	21,491 (100.0)

Table S2. Area of the single-taxon richness centers and their percentage of the global land area

Area in square kilometers	Birds (%)	Mammals (%)	Amphibians (%)
5% of all species	6,730,400 (5.0)	6,872,000 (5.1)	6,825,400 (5.1)
5% of small-ranged species	6,780,300 (5.0)	8,037,700 (6.0)	2,965,900 (2.2)
5% of threatened species	9,037,300 (6.7)	9,317,200 (6.9)	10,855,500 (8.1)
All richness centers	19,198,700 (14.3)	19,107,000 (14.2)	17,050,900 (12.7)
Myers hotspots	16,756,065 (12.5)	16,756,065 (12.5)	16,756,065 (12.5)
Total land area	134,468,064 (100.0)	134,468,064 (100.0)	134,468,064 (100.0)