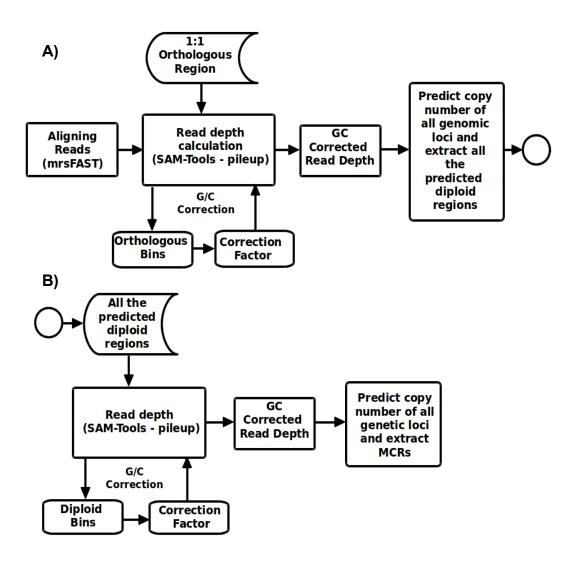
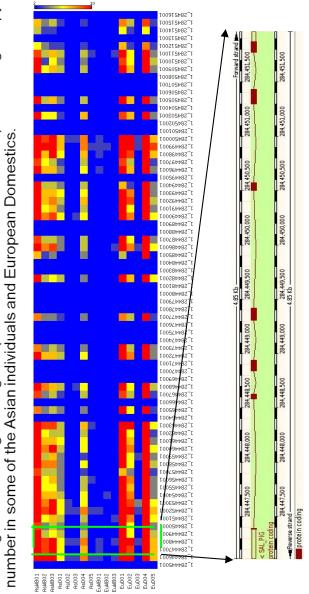
Supplementary Information

Supplementary Figure 1: Flow chart of the MCR detection process.

- A) First step: Detection of diploid region using 1:1 orthologous region.
- B) Refining step: Detection of MCRs using the predicted diploid region from the first step.

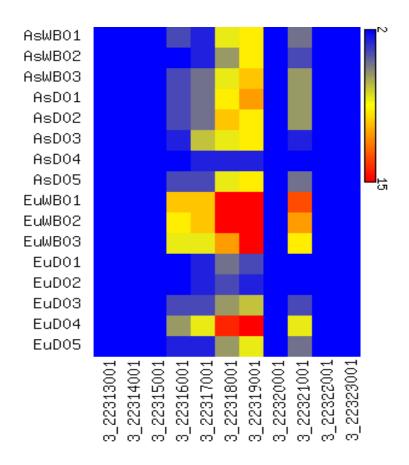


The region containing SAL1 gene (SSC1: 284447110-284451960) shows high copy Supplementary Fig 2: The region in chromosome 1 with SAL1 gene.



Supplementary Figure 3: A CNVR in chromosome 3 (SSC3: 22313001-22324000).

A non-genic CNVRs with variable CN between different individuals (higher copy number in European wild boar(CN 7-14) where as some European domestics have CN less than 4).



Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1A: List of individuals with MCRs

Supplementary Table 1B: List of individuals used to form groups

Supplementary Table 2**A**: List of the CNVRs in the porcine genome.

Supplementary Table 2B: CNVRs distribution in the porcine genome.

Supplementary Table 2C: G/C percentage of the chromosome and region affected by CNVRs.

Supplementary Table 3A: Total genes overlapped by CNVRs with their exonic depth.

Supplementary Table 3B: Final list of genes overlapped by CNVRs.

Supplementary Table 3**C**: Orthologous genes overlapped by CNVRs.

Supplementary Table 3D: List of olfactory receptor genes overlapped by CNVRs.

Supplementary Table 4A: Gene ontology using BinGO package.

Supplementary Table 4B: General statistics of genes

Supplementary Table 4C: The list of qPCR primers

A,B,C,D,E represents sheets in each excel file.