## Crystal structure of an aspartic proteinase domain of the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* cell surface antigen PE\_PGRS16

Deivanayaga V Barathy and Kaza Suguna

Supplementary information

Table S1. Aspartic proteinases present in various species of *Mycobacterium*.

Organism	Total no. of genes coding AP		Gene locus	
<i>M. tuberculosis</i> H37Rv	3	Rv0977	Rv1983*	Rv2519*
<i>M. tuberculosis</i> H37Ra	3	MRA_0984	MRA_1995	MRA_2546
M. tuberculosis F11	3	TBFG_10995.4	TBFG_12014.4	TBFG_12540.4
M.tuberculosis CDC 1551	2		MT2036	MT2595
<i>M. tuberculosis Haarlem</i> (draft)	2		TBHG_01939.1	TBHG_02455.1
M. tuberculosis C	1		TBCG_01932.1	
<i>M. bovis</i> AF2122/97	3	Mb1002	Mb2005	Mb2548
M. bovis BCG	2	BCG_1031		BCG_2540
M. africanum	3	MAF_09860	MAF_19940	MAF_25340
M. marinum	3	MMAR_2272 <sup>†</sup>	MMAR_2933 <sup>††</sup>	MMAR_1538 ***

\* 43 % identical to Rv0977, <sup>†</sup>45 % identical to Rv0977, <sup>††</sup> 69 % identical to Rv1983, <sup>†††</sup> 78 % identical to Rv2519

— Absent

All the proteins of mycobacterium species in the same column are 100 % identical to H37Rv proteins except the marinum species.

**Table S2.** Predicted subsites of Mtb-AP along with the known subsites of eukaryotic aspartic proteinases.

Subsite	Rhizopuspepsin (3APR)	Human pepsin (1PSO)	Mtb-AP
S <sub>4</sub>	-	Met12	-
	Thr222	Ser219	Ile193
	-	Gln287	-
<b>S</b> <sub>3</sub>	Ile15	Met12	-
	Glu16	-	Glu18
	-	Thr77	
	-	Phe111	Phe106
	Thr221	Gly217	Gly191
	Thr222	Ser219	Ile193
$S_2$	Gly78	Gly76	Ala65
	Asp79	Thr77	-
	Thr221	Thr218	Gly192
	Ile225	-	-
	-	Gln287	-
	-	Met289	-
$S_1$	Asp33	Val30	Leu34
	Asp35	Asp32	Asp36
	Tyr77	Tyr75	Tyr64
	-	Gly76	Ala65
	Asp79	Thr77	-
	Ser81	-	-
	Phe114	-	Phe106
	Leu122	Ile120	Val115
	Asp 218	Asp215	Asp189
	Gly220	Gly217	Gly191
$S_1'$	Gly37	-	Gly38
	Tyr77	-	-
	Gly78	-	Ala65
	Ile216	-	Met187
	Asp218	-	Asp189
	Trp294	-	-
	Ile298	-	Asn247
S <sub>2</sub> ′	Gly37	Gly34	Gly38
	Ser38	Ser35	Ser39
	Ile75	-	Ala62
	Ser76	-	Gly63
	Ile130	-	-
	Trp194	Tyr189	-

**Figure S1** The His-tag peptide residues (cyan) bound to the active site are stabilized by the interactions with the protein residues (green), water molecules (red sphere) and ethylene glycol (labeled as EDO). The dashed lines show the hydrogen bonding interactions. The  $Zn^{2+}$  ion interacts with the two catalytic aspartates and two histidine residues from the tag. Protein residues which form van der Waals interactions are shown with 50% transparency.





Figure S2 CD spectra of different constructs of Mtb-AP.

**Figure S3** Multiple sequence alignment of aspartic proteinases from Mycobacterium species. Rv denotes *M. tuberculosis* and MMAR denotes *M. marinum*. The DT/SG motif is shown in red. The N-terminal HHG motif and the sequence NTG which replaces the C-terminal HHG motif are shown in blue.

Rv0977 Rv1983 Rv2519 MMAR_2272 MMAR_2933 MMAR_1538	STTLTNATVPLQLVNTTEPVVFISLNGGQMVPVLLDTGSTGLVMDSQFLTQNFGP 5 DGRTVPLEIIHVTEPTVHANVNGGPTSTILVDTGSAGLVVSPEDVGGILGVLHMGL 5 DPVNVAVPLRVENN-FPLVNLLVNRGPTVPILLDTGSSSLVIPFWKIGWQNLGL 5 PVVTISVGGGPGIAVTVDTGASGLLVRPQDVNLQSLGT 3 TVPLEVVNVTEPVVNVNNGGHSTPVLIDTGSAGLVMQVKDVGGPLGLLRMGL 5 NASVPLYLDNN-FPAVNVSINGGPSVPVLLDTGSAGLVVPIWDIGLQNLGV 5 * * :. * .: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::	55 56 53 38 53 50
Rv0977	VIGTGTAGYAGGLTYNYNTYSTTVDFGNGLLTLPTSVNVVTSSSPGTLGN 1	L05
Rv1983	PIGLSISGYSGGLYYIFAIYIIIVDFGNGIVIAPIAVNVVLLSIPISPFAISIYFS 1	112
RV2519		109
MMAR_22/2		
MMAR_2955		105
ININAN_1000	* * * • ***** * * * *	100
Rv0977	FLSRSGAVGVLGIGPNNGFPGT-SSIVTAMPGLLNNGVLIDESA 1	L48
Rv1983	ALLADPTTTPFEAYFGAVGVDGVLGVGPNAVGPGP-SIPTMALPGDLNQGVLIDAPA 1	168
Rv2519	GGAFGPNGNGILGIGPNVGSYAVSGPGNVVTTDLPGQLNEGTLIDIPG 1	L57
MMAR_2272	VTTSIPLSSLPLYLGIGPNNDFPLP-DQVTAALPGDLNQGVLINTNL 1	L37
MMAR_2933	ALWSNPLTTPFDAYFQSAGVDGVLGVGPNAVGPGP-SIPTQALGGGLGQGLLIDMKG 1	L65
MMAR_1538	GNGFGPTGHGVLGIGPNIN-AATGGHGNVVTTALPGQLNEGELINIPQ 1	L53
	**:*** • • • * * * **:	
P1/0077		າດວ
Rv1983	GELVEGPNPL PAPNVEVVGSPTTTLVVKTDGGTPTPVP-STTDSGGVTGTTPSVVT 2	202
Rv2519	GYMOEGPNTG-TPTTSVTGAPTTVI NVOTGGYDPNGGYWSI P-STEDSGGNHGTI PAVTI 2	225
MMAR 2272	GYLOFGANPL - TPVASVTGSPVTDLOTOTNNGPLOPATGSETDSGGLYGTTPSSLT_1	192
MMAR 2933	GELVFGPNPL-TPEFSISGAPIATLWVSVNGGAPVAVP-SIIDSGGVMGTIPSSVI 2	219
MMAR 1538	GYMQFGPNTG-TPITSVSGVPITTLDVQFGGYDPLGTYYPVT-SIVDSGGNHGTIPGIIL 2	211
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D. 0077		
RV0977		260
RV1965 Rv2510		277
MMAR 2272		2/4
MMΔR 2933	GGSTI PANTNITI/VITIDOVQEISQIVIOSTNAPEVVFSNNPINTONTPIELOPITI 2	52 74
MMΔR 1538	GTGOTSGVVPPGTVTSTSTNDNOTI I VSYTTTGTDSP-VVTGNTPMNTGI I PEALGPVYT 2	)70
	* * * : . * * :*** ** *:*:	., 0
Rv0977	SYSPTAIGTTTFN 273	
Rv1983	DYSPSGIGTTVFDHPA- 293	
Rv2519	SNNPSGVGTVVFNYPPP 291	
MMAR_2272	SNSPTGGGQTIFDF 266	
MMAR_2933	DYSPAGIGITVFDMP 289	
MMAR_1538	SNSPSGVGTVVFNYPPP 28/	
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**Figure** S4 Structure-based sequence alignment of Mtb-AP with Bla g 2 (1YG9), bovine chymosin (4CMS) and porcine pepsin (3PEP) shows the insertion of alanine residue in Mtb-AP analogous to phenylalanine in Bla g 2 in the flap region.

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MTAP.pdb	46	FLTQNF-G-PVIGTGTAGYAGGLTYNYNTYSTTVDFGNGLLTLPTSVNVVTS	95
1YG9.pdb	55	CPNLQKY-EKLKPKYISDGNVQVKFFDTGSAVGRGIEDSLTISQ-LTTSQQDIVLADE	110
4CMS.pdb	54	NHQRFDPRKSSTFQ-NLGKPLSIHY-GTGSMQGILGYDTVTVSN-IVDIQQTVGLSTQ	108
3pep.pdb	52	DHNQFNPDDSSTFE-ATSQELSITY-GTGSMTGILGYDTVQVGG-ISDTNQIFGLSET	106

**Figure S5** Conformation of the flap residue tyrosine. (A) Tyrosine of Mtb-AP (green: Y64) is in a different conformation from that of other aspartic proteinases like porcine pepsin (brown; Y75) and rhizopuspepsin (grey; Y77). (B) The tyrosine of Mtb-AP has the same conformation as in the self-inhibited states of chymosin (pink; Y75) and saccharopepsin (cyan; Y75).

