

Supplemental Table 5. Risk of coronary hearth disease using HDL-C, apoA-I and IF1 as explanatory variables, after patients having presented an acute event in the last three months were excluded

Models with	Q1	Q2 OR (95% CI)	Q3 OR (95% CI)	Q4 OR (95% CI)	p for trend
HDL-C	1	0.33 (0.19-0.56)	0.13 (0.07-0.24)	0.12 (0.06-0.22)	0.001
ApoA-I	1	0.18 (0.10-0.33)	0.09 (0.05-0.16)	0.04 (0.02-0.09)	0.001
IF1	1	0.65 (0.40-1.07)	0.34 (0.20-0.56)	0.18 (0.11-0.31)	0.001
IF1#	1	0.78 (0.46-1.32)	0.46 (0.27-0.79)	0.27 (0.15-0.48)	0.001
IF1¥	1	0.84 (0.49-1.43)	0.61 (0.35-1.08)	0.36 (0.20-0.65)	0.001

Quartiles for HDL-C: 0.36, 0.43, 0.51 g/L

Quartiles for apoA-I: 1.19, 1.37, 1.55 g/L

Quartiles for IF1: 0.382, 0.466, 0.560 mg/L

All models adjusted on treatments for dyslipidaemia, hypertension and diabetes, smoking, physical activity, alcohol consumption, CRP, Lp(a) and triglycerides

OR (95%CI): Odd Ratio (95% confidence interval).

plus HDL-C

¥ plus apoA-I